

**2N3719**

## APPLICATIONS:

- High-Speed Switching
- Medium-Current Switching
- High-Frequency Amplifiers

## FEATURES:

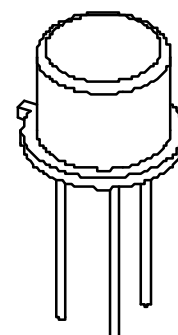
- Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage:  
 $V_{CE(SUS)} = 40 \text{ Vdc (Min) - 2N3719}$
- DC Current Gain:  
 $h_{FE} = 25-180 @ I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$
- Low Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage:  
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.75 \text{ Vdc @ } I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$
- High Current-Gain - Bandwidth Product:  
 $f_T = 90 \text{ MHz (Typ)}$

**Silicon PNP  
 Power Transistors**

## DESCRIPTION:

These power transistors are produced by PPC's DOUBLE DIFFUSED PLANAR process. This technology produces high voltage devices with excellent switching speeds, frequency response, gain linearity, saturation voltages, high current gain, and safe operating areas. They are intended for use in Commercial, Industrial, and Military power switching, amplifier, and regulator applications.

Ultrasonically bonded leads and controlled die mount techniques are utilized to further increase the SOA capability and inherent reliability of these devices. The temperature range to 200°C permits reliable operation in high ambients, and the hermetically sealed package insures maximum reliability and long life.



**TO-5**

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS:

| SYMBOL        | CHARACTERISTIC                                       | VALUE      | UNITS |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------|
| $V_{CE}^*$    | Collector-Emitter Voltage                            | 40         | Vdc   |
| $V_{CB}^*$    | Collector-Base Voltage                               | 40         | Vdc   |
| $V_{EB}^*$    | Emitter-Base Voltage                                 | 4.0        | Vdc   |
| $I_C^*$       | Peak Collector Current                               | 10         | Adc   |
| $I_C^*$       | Continuous Collector Current                         | 3.0        | Adc   |
| $I_B^*$       | Base Current                                         | 0.5        | Adc   |
| $T_{STG}^*$   | Storage Temperature                                  | -65 to 200 | °C    |
| $T_J^*$       | Operating Junction Temperature                       | -65 to 200 | °C    |
| $P_D^*$       | Total Device Dissipation<br>$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 6.0        | Watts |
|               | Derate above 25°C                                    | 34.3       | mW/°C |
| $P_D^*$       | Total Device Dissipation<br>$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.0        | Watts |
|               | Derate above 25°C                                    | 5.71       | mW/°C |
| $\theta_{JC}$ | Thermal Resistance<br>Junction to Case               | 29         | °C/W  |
|               | Junction to Ambient                                  | 175        | °C/W  |

\* Indicates JEDEC registered Data.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

(25°C Case Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

| SYMBOL          | CHARACTERISTIC                                | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                        | VALUE |           | Units                   |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------------------|
|                 |                                               |                                                                                                                                                        | Min.  | Max.      |                         |
| $V_{CE(sus)}^*$ | Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage          | $I_C = 20 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ (Note 1)                                                                                                           | 40    | ----      | Vdc                     |
| $I_{CEX}^*$     | Collector Cutoff Current                      | $V_{CE} = 40 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE(off)} = 2.0 \text{ Vdc}$<br>$V_{CE} = 40 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE(off)} = 2.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | ----  | 10<br>1.0 | $\mu\text{Adc}$<br>mAdc |
| $I_{CBO}^*$     | Collector Cutoff Current                      | $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$                                                                                                                  | ----  | 10        | $\mu\text{Adc}$         |
| $I_{EBO}^*$     | Emitter Cutoff Current                        | $V_{BE} = 4.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$                                                                                                                 | ----  | 1.0       | mAdc                    |
| $h_{FE}^*$      | DC Current Gain (Note 1)                      | $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc}$                                                                                                  | 20    | ----      | ----                    |
|                 |                                               | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc}$                                                                                                   | 25    | 180       | ----                    |
|                 |                                               | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$                                                                       | 15    | ----      | ----                    |
| $V_{CE(sat)}^*$ | Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 1) | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$                                                 | ----  | 0.75      | Vdc                     |
|                 |                                               | $I_C = 3.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 300 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$                                                 | ----  | 1.5       | Vdc                     |
| $V_{BE(sat)}^*$ | Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 1)      | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$                                                 | ----  | 1.5       | Vdc                     |
|                 |                                               | $I_C = 3.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 300 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$                                                 | ----  | 2.3       | Vdc                     |
| $f_T^*$         | Current-Gain Bandwidth Product (Note 2)       | $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f_{test} = 30 \text{ MHz}$                                                                     | 60    | ----      | MHz                     |
| $C_{ob}^*$      | Output Capacitance                            | $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 0.1 \text{ MHz}$                                                                                          | ----  | 120       | pF                      |
| $C_{ib}^*$      | Input Capacitance                             | $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ , $f = 0.1 \text{ MHz}$                                                                                         | ----  | 1000      | pF                      |
| $t_{on}^*$      | Turn-on Time                                  | $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE(off)} = 0$ , $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_{B1} = 0.1 \text{ Adc}$                                                   | ----  | 100       | ns                      |
| $t_{off}^*$     | Turn-off Time                                 | $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 100 \text{ mAdc}$                                                             | ----  | 400       | ns                      |

Note 1: Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle = 2.0%.

Note 2:  $f_T = |h_{fe}| * f_{test}$

\* Indicates JEDEC registered data

**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA:**

