

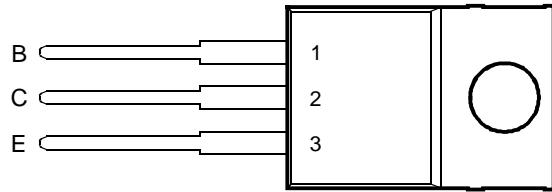
BDW94, BDW94A, BDW94B, BDW94C PNP SILICON POWER DARLINGTONS

Copyright © 1997, Power Innovations Limited, UK

SEPTEMBER 1993 - REVISED MARCH 1997

- Designed for Complementary Use with BDW93, BDW93A, BDW93B and BDW93C
- 80 W at 25°C Case Temperature
- 12 A Continuous Collector Current
- Minimum h_{FE} of 750 at 3 V, 5 A

TO-220 PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDTRACA

absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING		SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Collector-base voltage ($I_E = 0$)	BDW94	V_{CBO}	-45	V
	BDW94A		-60	
	BDW94B		-80	
	BDW94C		-100	
Collector-emitter voltage ($I_B = 0$)	BDW94	V_{CEO}	-45	V
	BDW94A		-60	
	BDW94B		-80	
	BDW94C		-100	
Emitter-base voltage		V_{EBO}	-5	V
Continuous collector current		I_C	-12	A
Continuous base current		I_B	-0.3	A
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature (see Note 1)		P_{tot}	80	W
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C free air temperature (see Note 2)		P_{tot}	2	W
Operating junction temperature range		T_j	-65 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-65 to +150	°C
Operating free-air temperature range		T_A	-65 to +150	°C

NOTES: 1. Derate linearly to 150°C case temperature at the rate of 0.64 W/°C.
2. Derate linearly to 150°C free air temperature at the rate of 16 mW/°C.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications in accordance with the terms of Power Innovations standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

BDW94, BDW94A, BDW94B, BDW94C PNP SILICON POWER DARLINGTONS

SEPTEMBER 1993 - REVISED MARCH 1997

electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$	(see Note 3)	BDW94 BDW94A BDW94B BDW94C	-45 -60 -80 -100		V
I_{CEO} Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -40 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -60 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -80 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -80 \text{ V}$	$I_B = 0$ $I_B = 0$ $I_B = 0$ $I_B = 0$		BDW94 BDW94A BDW94B BDW94C		-1 -1 -1 -1	mA
I_{CBO} Collector cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -45 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -60 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -80 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -100 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -45 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -60 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -80 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -100 \text{ V}$	$I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$ $I_E = 0$	$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	BDW94 BDW94A BDW94B BDW94C BDW94 BDW94A BDW94B BDW94C		-0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -5 -5 -5 -5	mA
I_{EBO} Emitter cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 0$				-2	mA
h_{FE} Forward current transfer ratio	$V_{CE} = -3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -3 \text{ V}$	$I_C = -3 \text{ A}$ $I_C = -10 \text{ A}$ $I_C = -5 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 3 and 4)		1000 100 750	20000	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_B = -20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -100 \text{ mA}$	$I_C = -5 \text{ A}$ $I_C = -10 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 3 and 4)			-2 -3	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_B = -20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -100 \text{ mA}$	$I_C = -5 \text{ A}$ $I_C = -10 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 3 and 4)			-2.5 -4	V
V_{EC} Parallel diode forward voltage	$I_E = -5 \text{ A}$ $I_E = -10 \text{ A}$	$I_B = 0$ $I_B = 0$				-2 -4	V

NOTES: 3. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques, $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

4. These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

thermal characteristics

PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$ Junction to case thermal resistance			1.56	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$ Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPICAL DC CURRENT GAIN
VS
COLLECTOR CURRENT

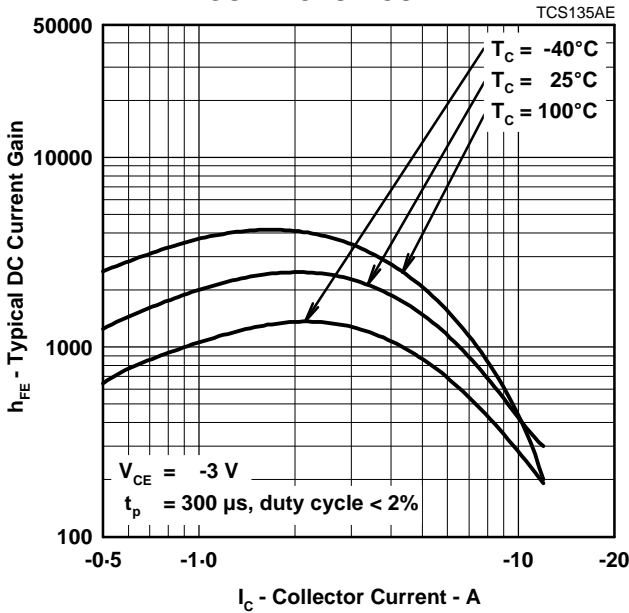


Figure 1.

COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE
VS
COLLECTOR CURRENT

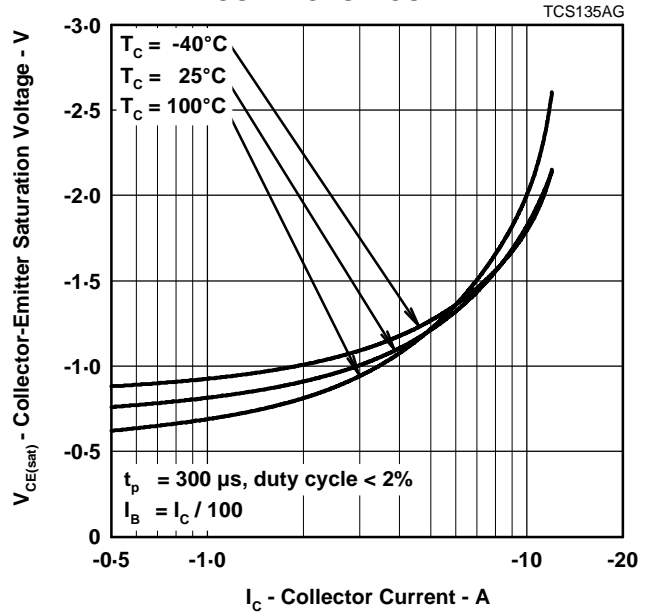


Figure 2.

BASE-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE
VS
COLLECTOR CURRENT

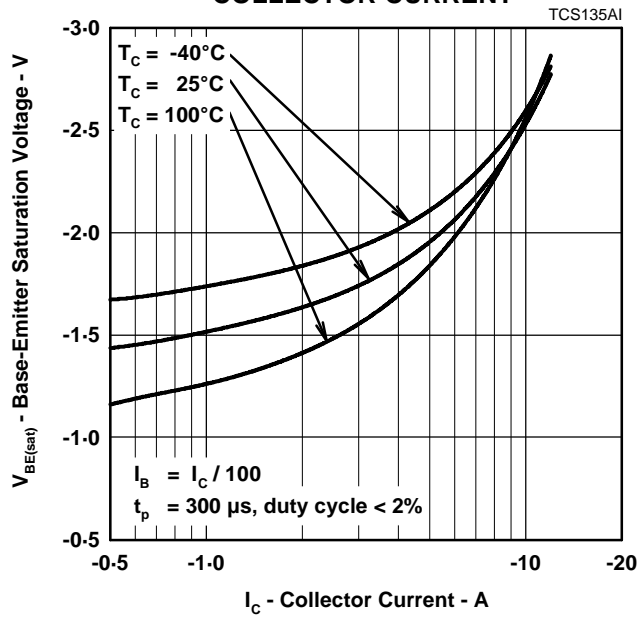


Figure 3.

BDW94, BDW94A, BDW94B, BDW94C PNP SILICON POWER DARLINGTONS

SEPTEMBER 1993 - REVISED MARCH 1997

THERMAL INFORMATION

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION VS CASE TEMPERATURE

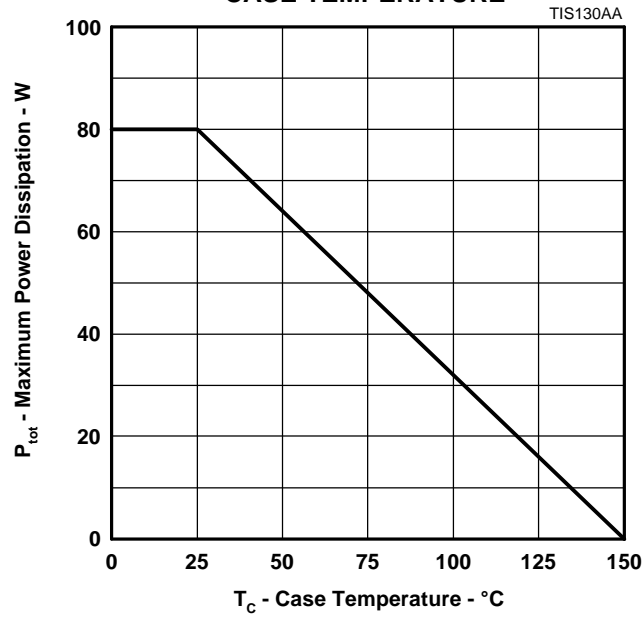


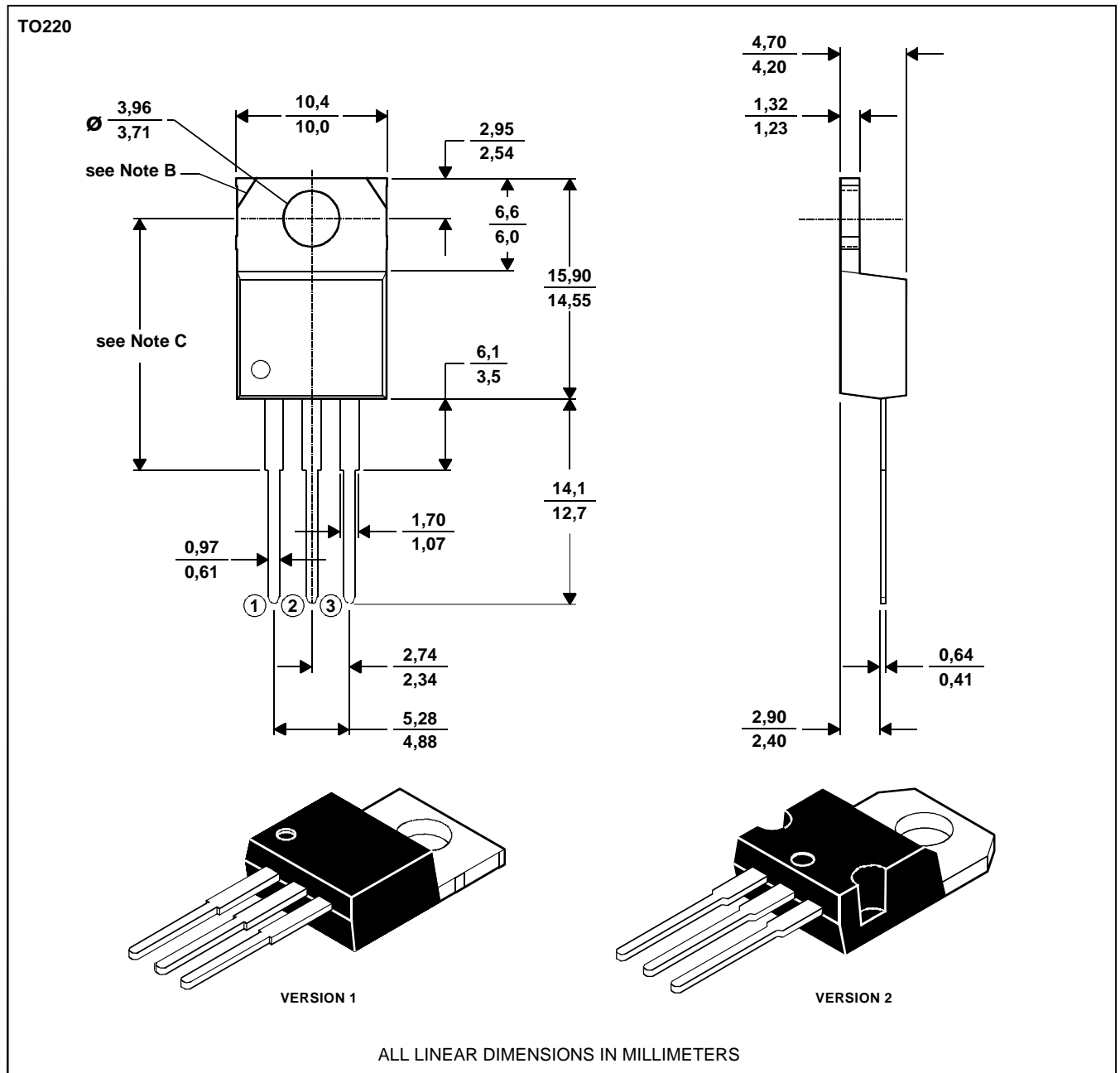
Figure 4.

MECHANICAL DATA

TO-220

3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



- NOTES: A. The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.
 B. Mounting tab corner profile according to package version.
 C. Typical fixing hole centre stand off height according to package version.
 Version 1, 18.0 mm. Version 2, 17.6 mm.

MDXXBE

BDW94, BDW94A, BDW94B, BDW94C PNP SILICON POWER DARLINGTONS

SEPTEMBER 1993 - REVISED MARCH 1997

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Power Innovations Limited (PI) reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue any semiconductor product or service without notice, and advises its customers to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

PI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with PI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent PI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except as mandated by government requirements.

PI accepts no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein. Nor is any license, either express or implied, granted under any patent right, copyright, design right, or other intellectual property right of PI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used.

PI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, INTENDED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT APPLICATIONS, DEVICES OR SYSTEMS.

Copyright © 1997, Power Innovations Limited