

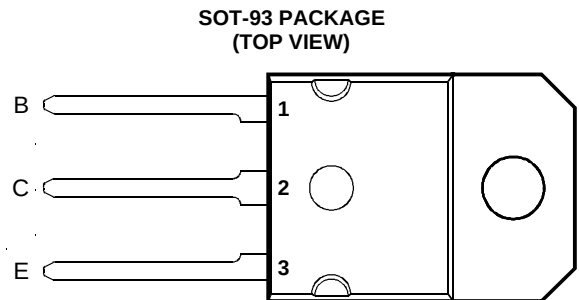
# TIPL761, TIPL761A

## NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

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AUGUST 1978 - REVISED MARCH 1997

- Rugged Triple-Diffused Planar Construction
- 4 A Continuous Collector Current
- Operating Characteristics Fully Guaranteed at 100°C
- 1000 Volt Blocking Capability
- 100 W at 25°C Case Temperature



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDTRAA

### absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| RATING                                                            |          | SYMBOL    | VALUE       | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|------|
| Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )                              | TIPL761  | $V_{CBO}$ | 850         | V    |
|                                                                   | TIPL761A |           | 1000        |      |
| Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )                        | TIPL761  | $V_{CES}$ | 850         | V    |
|                                                                   | TIPL761A |           | 1000        |      |
| Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )                           | TIPL761  | $V_{CEO}$ | 400         | V    |
|                                                                   | TIPL761A |           | 450         |      |
| Emitter-base voltage                                              |          | $V_{EBO}$ | 10          | V    |
| Continuous collector current                                      |          | $I_C$     | 4           | A    |
| Peak collector current (see Note 1)                               |          | $I_{CM}$  | 8           | A    |
| Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature |          | $P_{tot}$ | 100         | W    |
| Operating junction temperature range                              |          | $T_j$     | -65 to +150 | °C   |
| Storage temperature range                                         |          | $T_{stg}$ | -65 to +150 | °C   |

NOTE 1: This value applies for  $t_p \leq 10$  ms, duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications in accordance with the terms of Power Innovations standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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### electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                          | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | MIN        | TYP | MAX                    | UNIT          |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----|------------------------|---------------|
| $V_{CE(sus)}$ Collector-emitter sustaining voltage | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $L = 25\text{ mH}$ (see Note 2)<br>TIPL761<br>TIPL761A                                                                                                                                                                          | 400<br>450 |     |                        | V             |
| $I_{CES}$ Collector-emitter cut-off current        | $V_{CE} = 850\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$ TIPL761<br>$V_{CE} = 1000\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$ TIPL761A<br>$V_{CE} = 850\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ TIPL761<br>$V_{CE} = 1000\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ TIPL761A |            |     | 50<br>50<br>200<br>200 | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{CEO}$ Collector cut-off current                | $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $I_B = 0$ TIPL761<br>$V_{CE} = 450\text{ V}$ $I_B = 0$ TIPL761A                                                                                                                                                              |            |     | 50<br>50               | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{EBO}$ Emitter cut-off current                  | $V_{EB} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |            |     | 1                      | mA            |
| $h_{FE}$ Forward current transfer ratio            | $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0.5\text{ A}$ (see Notes 3 and 4)                                                                                                                                                                                       | 20         |     | 60                     |               |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $I_B = 0.5\text{ A}$ $I_C = 2.5\text{ A}$<br>$I_B = 0.8\text{ A}$ $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ (see Notes 3 and 4)<br>$I_B = 0.8\text{ A}$ $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$                                                                        |            |     | 1.0<br>2.5<br>5.0      | V             |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage      | $I_B = 0.5\text{ A}$ $I_C = 2.5\text{ A}$<br>$I_B = 0.8\text{ A}$ $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ (see Notes 3 and 4)<br>$I_B = 0.8\text{ A}$ $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$                                                                        |            |     | 1.2<br>1.4<br>1.3      | V             |
| $f_t$ Current gain bandwidth product               | $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0.5\text{ A}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$                                                                                                                                                                                       |            | 12  |                        | MHz           |
| $C_{ob}$ Output capacitance                        | $V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$ $f = 0.1\text{ MHz}$                                                                                                                                                                                                |            | 110 |                        | pF            |

NOTES: 2. Inductive loop switching measurement.

3. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques,  $t_p = 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

4. These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

### thermal characteristics

| PARAMETER                                           | MIN | TYP | MAX  | UNIT               |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ Junction to case thermal resistance |     |     | 1.25 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

### inductive-load-switching characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                     | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>                                                                                                 | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT          |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| $t_{SV}$ Voltage storage time | $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ $I_{B(on)} = 0.8\text{ A}$ (see Figures 1 and 2)<br>$V_{BE(off)} = -5\text{ V}$                           |     |     | 2.5 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{RV}$ Voltage rise time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 300 | ns            |
| $t_{fi}$ Current fall time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 250 | ns            |
| $t_{ti}$ Current tail time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 150 | ns            |
| $t_{xo}$ Cross over time      |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 400 | ns            |
| $t_{SV}$ Voltage storage time | $I_C = 4\text{ A}$ $I_{B(on)} = 0.8\text{ A}$ (see Figures 1 and 2)<br>$V_{BE(off)} = -5\text{ V}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ |     |     | 3   | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{RV}$ Voltage rise time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 500 | ns            |
| $t_{fi}$ Current fall time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 250 | ns            |
| $t_{ti}$ Current tail time    |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 150 | ns            |
| $t_{xo}$ Cross over time      |                                                                                                                              |     |     | 750 | ns            |

<sup>†</sup> Voltage and current values shown are nominal; exact values vary slightly with transistor parameters.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

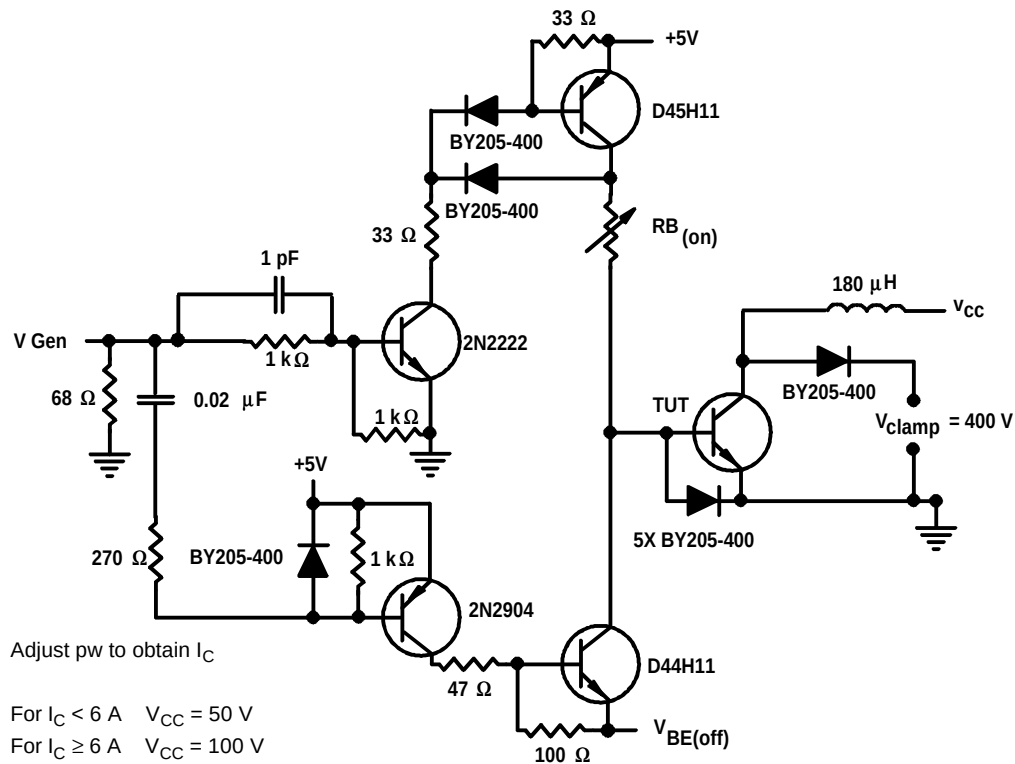
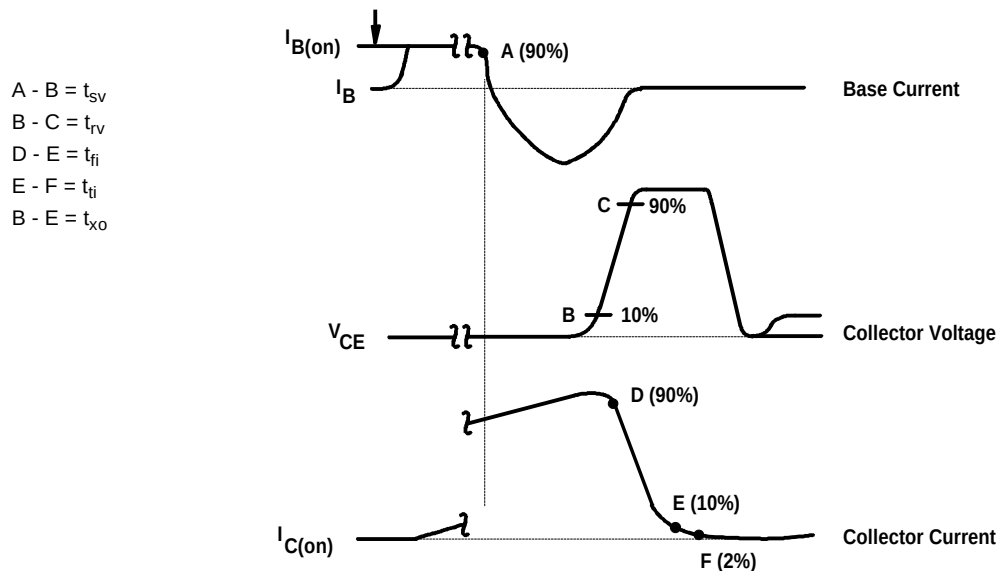


Figure 1. Inductive-Load Switching Test Circuit



NOTES: A. Waveforms are monitored on an oscilloscope with the following characteristics:  $t_r < 15 \text{ ns}$ ,  $R_{in} > 10 \Omega$ ,  $C_{in} < 11.5 \text{ pF}$ .  
B. Resistors must be noninductive types.

Figure 2. Inductive-Load Switching Waveforms

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

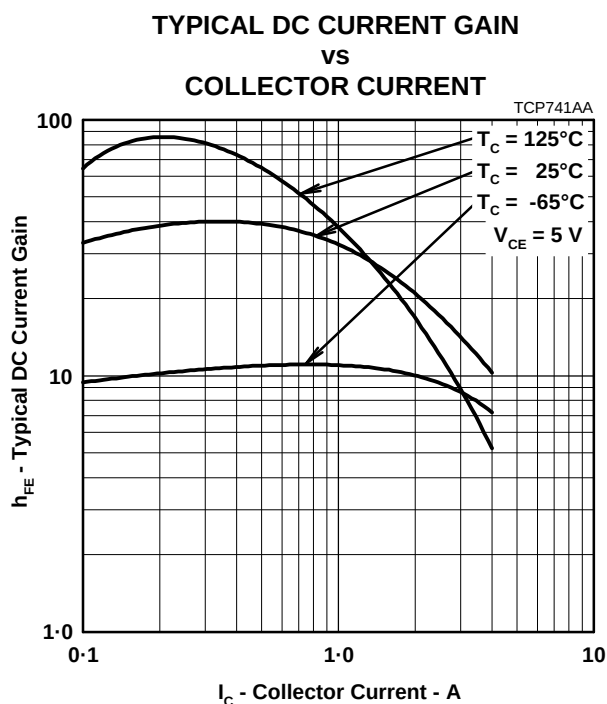


Figure 3.

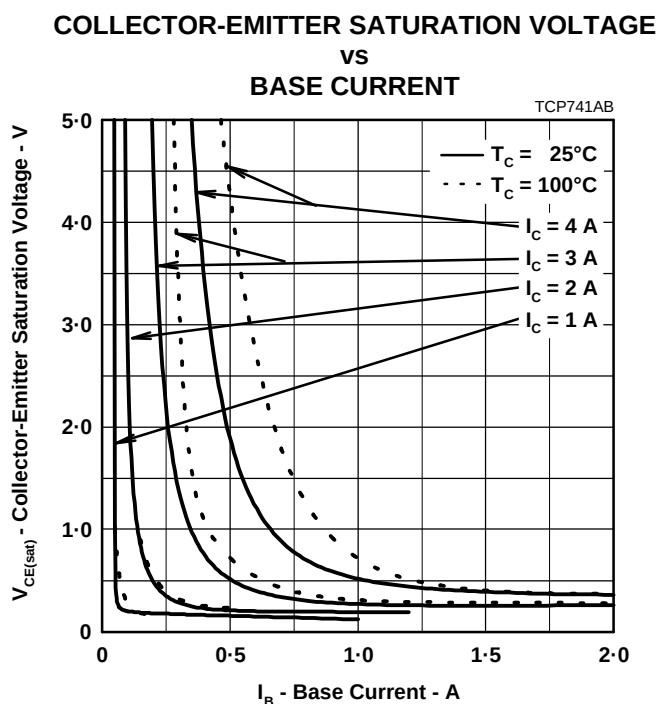


Figure 4.

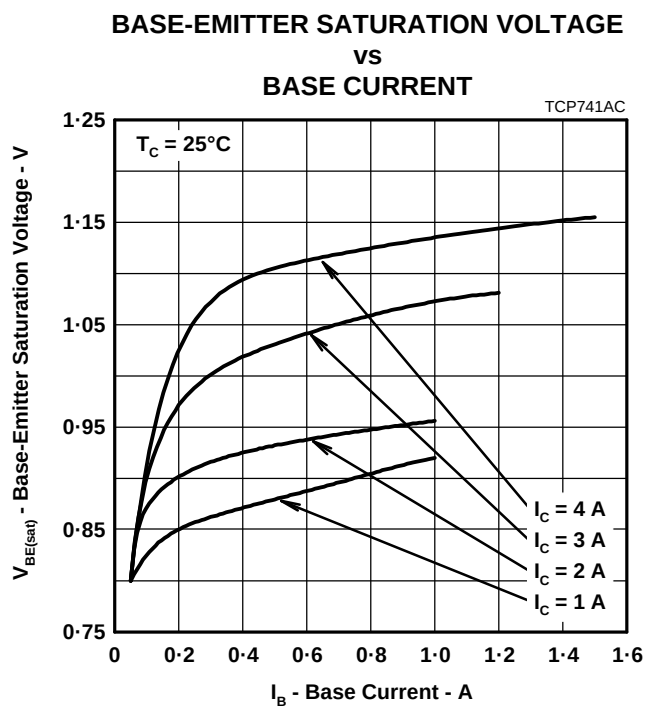


Figure 5.

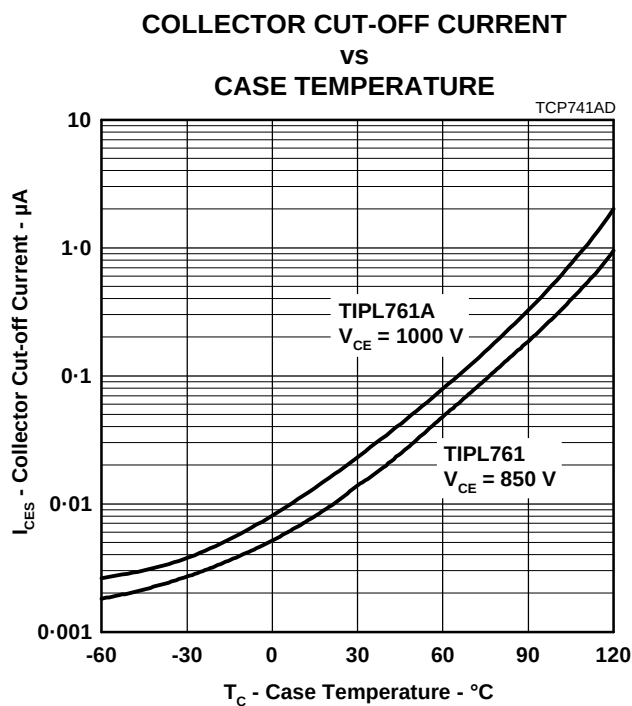
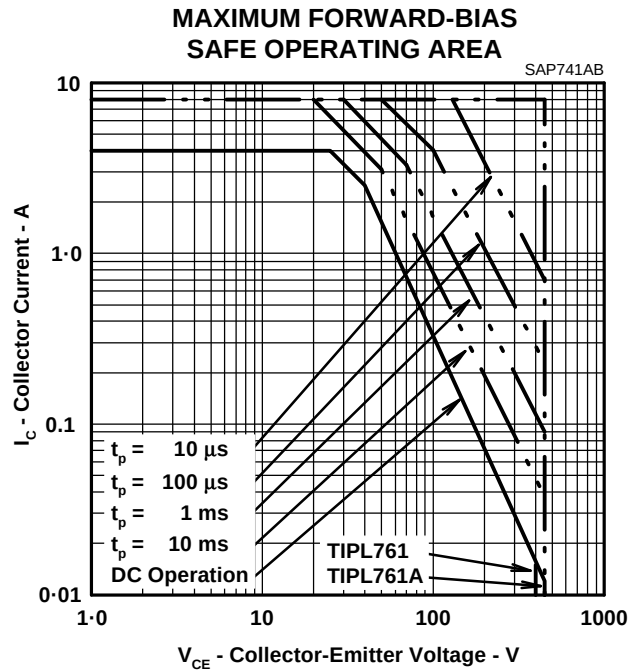


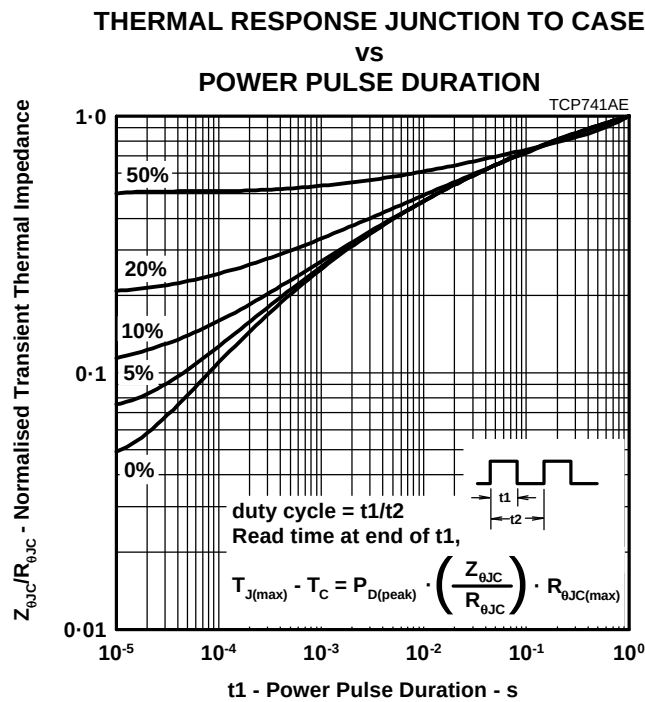
Figure 6.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

## MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING REGIONS



## THERMAL INFORMATION



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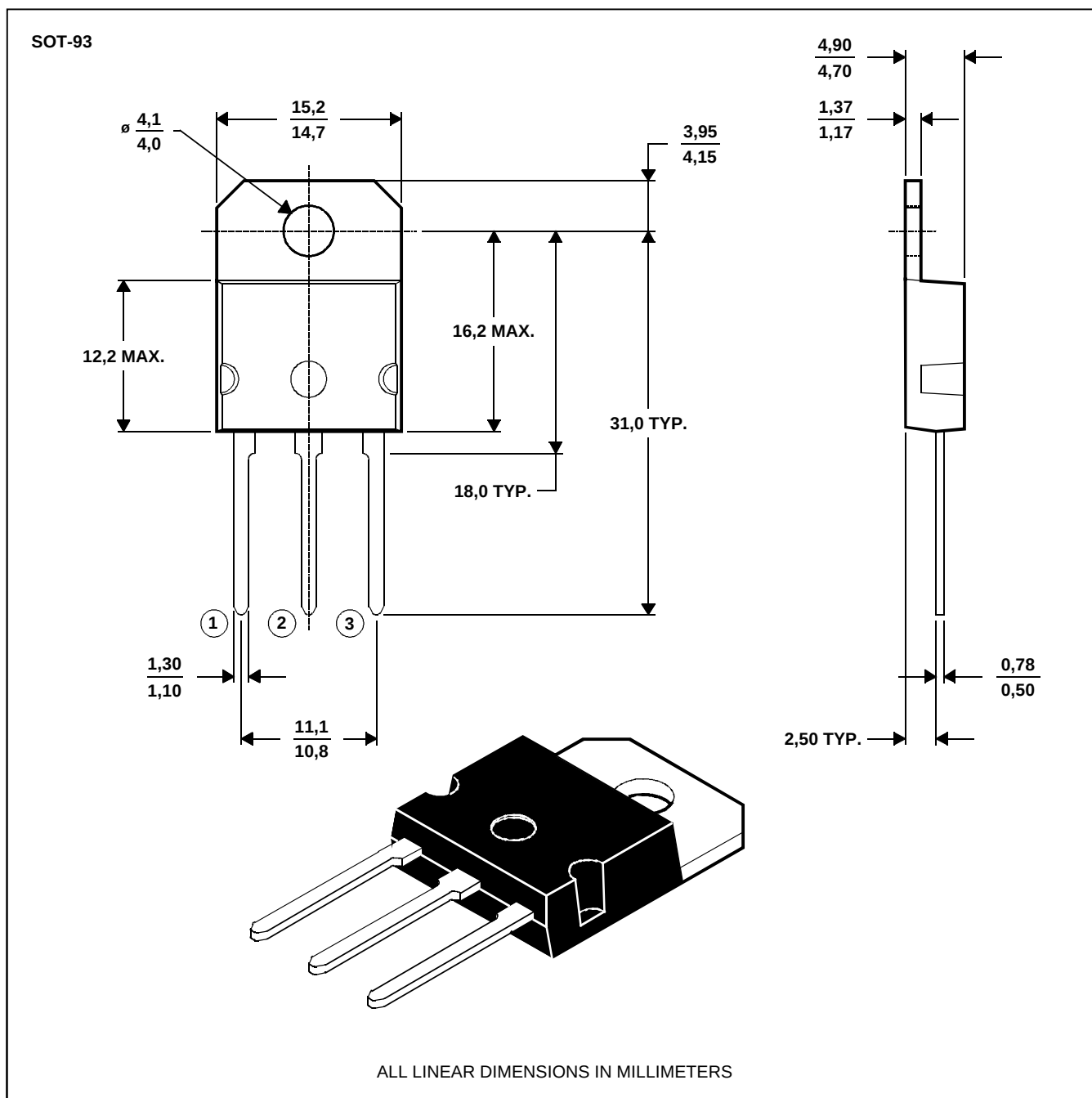
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### MECHANICAL DATA

#### SOT-93

#### 3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



NOTE A: The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.

MDXXAW

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

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