

MN3011

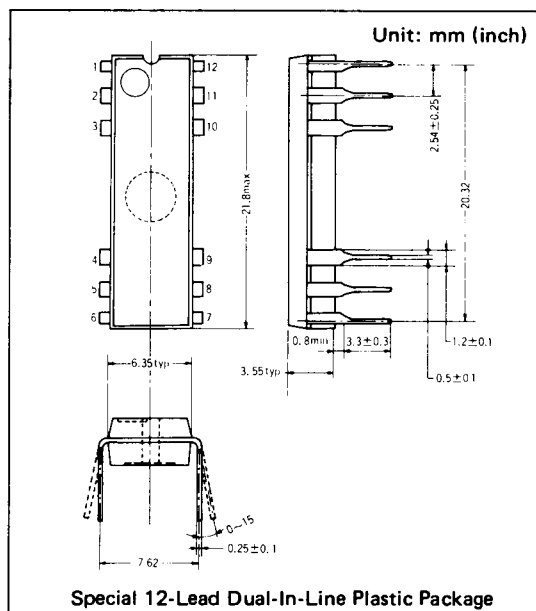
3328-STAGE BBD with 6 TAPS

General description

The MN3011 is a 3328-stage BBD with 6 tap outputs suitably used for reverberation effect in audio equipments such as electronic organs. Signal of different delay time is output from each of the 6 tap outputs. Natural reverberation effect can easily be realized by mixing these output signals properly. Delay time is freely varied by changing the clock frequency.

Features

- 3328-stage audio signal delay device with 6 output taps.
- The stage of each output tap has no relation to multiplex, each other, therefore natural reverberation effect can be obtained by mixing output signals.
- Clock component cancellation capability.
- Dynamic range: $S/N \geq 76\text{dB}$ typ.
- No insertion loss: $L_i = 0\text{dB}$ typ.
- Low distortion: $\text{THD} = 0.4\%$ typ.
- P channel silicon gate process.
- Special 12-Lead Dual-In-Line Plastic Package.



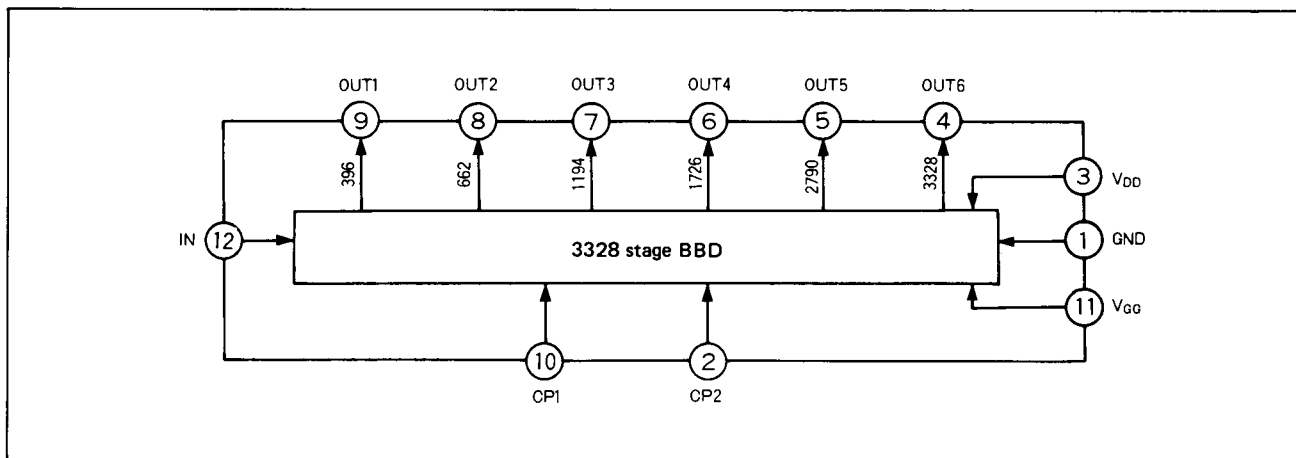
Applications

- Reverberation effect in audio equipment.
- Chorus effect in electronic musical instruments.

Maximum Delay Time by Tap Output

Terminal of the Tap Output	OUT 1	OUT 2	OUT 3	OUT 4	OUT 5	OUT 6	Remarks
Stages of BBD (Stage)	396	662	1194	1726	2790	3328	
Maximum Delay Time (mS)	19.8	33.1	59.7	86.3	139.5	166.4	Clock 10KHz

Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remarks
Terminal Voltage	V _{DD} , V _{GG}	-18~+0.3	V	GND = 0 V
Input Terminal Voltage	V _I , V _{CP}	-18~+0.3	V	„
Output Voltage	V _O	-18~+0.3	V	„
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{opr}	-20~+70	°C	„
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55~+125	°C	„

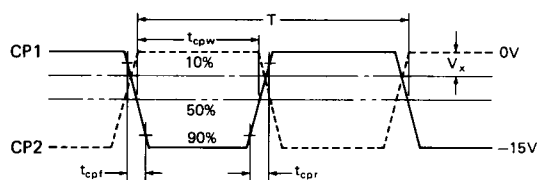
■ Operating Condition (Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		-14	-15	-16	V
Gate Supply Voltage	V _{GG}			V _{DD} + 1		V
Clock Voltage "H" Level	V _{CPH}		0		-1.3	V
Clock Voltage "L" Level	V _{CPL}			V _{DD}		V
Clock Input Capacitance	C _{CP}				2300	pF
Clock Frequency	f _{CP}		10		100	kHz
Clock Pulse Width *1	t _{cpw}				0.5T*2	
Clock Rise Time *1	t _{cpr}				500	ns
Clock Fall Time *1	t _{cpf}				500	ns
Clock Cross Point *1	V _X		0		-3	V
Input DC Bias	V _{Bias}		-5		-10	V

■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, V_{DD} = V_{CPL} = -15V, V_{CPH} = 0V, V_{GG} = -14V, R_L = 56kΩ)

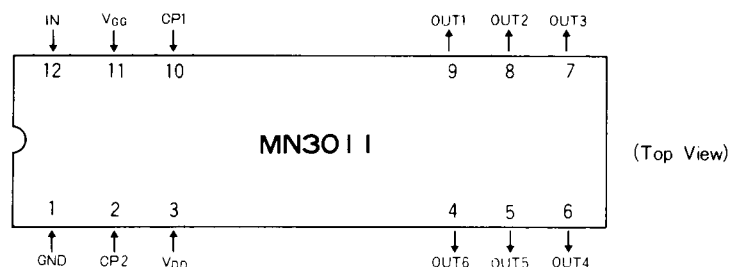
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Signal Delay Time						
OUT 1 Terminal	t _{D1}	f _{CP} = 10kHz ~ 100kHz	1.98		19.8	ms
OUT 2 Terminal	t _{D2}		3.31		33.1	ms
OUT 3 Terminal	t _{D3}		5.97		59.7	ms
OUT 4 Terminal	t _{D4}		8.63		86.3	ms
OUT 5 Terminal	t _{D5}		13.95		139.5	ms
OUT 6 Terminal	t _{D6}		16.64		166.4	ms
Input Signal Frequency	f _i	f _{CP} = 40kHz, -3dB	10			kHz
Input Signal Voltage	V _i	THD = 2.5%	1.0			V _{rms}
Insertion Loss	L _i	f _{CP} = 40kHz, f _i = 1 kHz	-4	0	4	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f _{CP} = 40kHz, f _i = 1 kHz V _i = 0.78V _{rms}		0.4	2.5	%
Noise Voltage						
OUT 1, OUT 2, OUT 3 OUT 4, OUT 5, OUT 6	V _{no1}	f _{CP} = 100kHz Weighted by "A" curve			0.4	mV _{rms}
Signal to Noise Ratio						
OUT 1, OUT 2, OUT 3 OUT 4, OUT 5, OUT 6	S/N ₁	f _{CP} = 100kHz, Weighted by "A" curve V _{no} vs. max. output signal		76		dB

*1 Clock Pulse Waveforms



*2 T = 1/f_{CP} (Clock period)

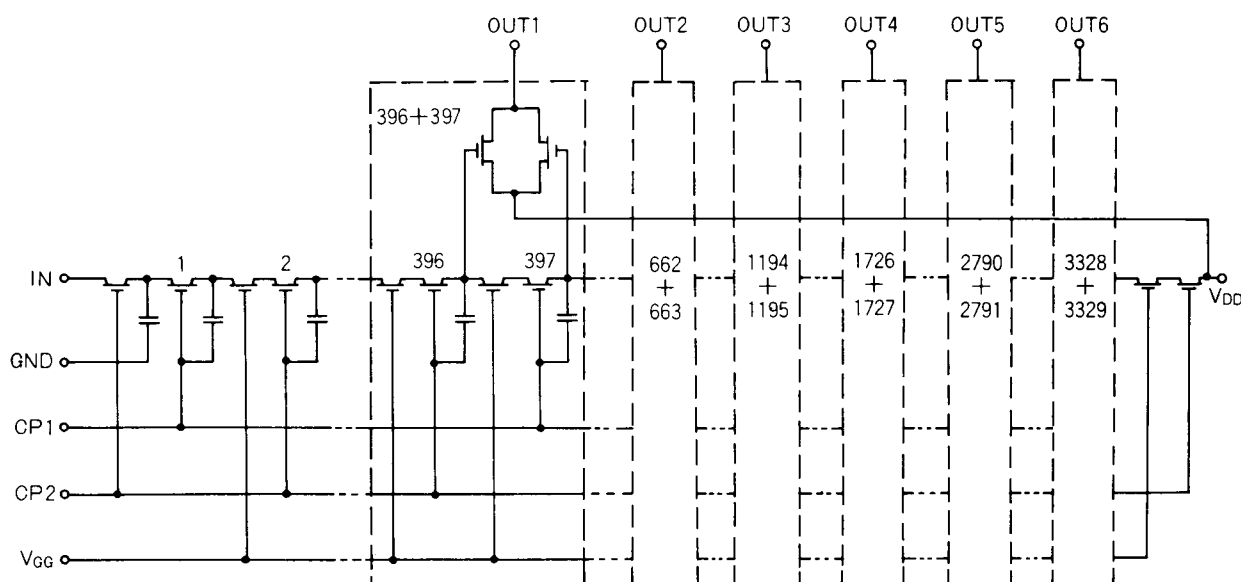
Terminal Assignments



Terminal Description

Terminal No.	Symbol	Terminal Name	Description
1	GND	Earth terminal	Connected to the earth terminal.
2	CP2	Clock input 2	Basic clock pulse is applied to transfer the electron of BBD.
3	V _{DD}	V _{DD} applying terminal	Supply voltage of $-15V$ is applied.
4	OUT 6	Output terminal 6	Output of 3328th and 3329th-stage are composed and output is obtained by cancelling the clock components.
5	OUT 5	Output terminal 5	Composed output of 2790th and 2791st-stage are obtained.
6	OUT 4	Output terminal 4	Composed output of 1726th and 1727th-stage are obtained.
7	OUT 3	Output terminal 3	Composed output of 1194th and 1195th-stage are obtained.
8	OUT 2	Output terminal 2	Composed output of 662nd and 663rd-stage are obtained.
9	OUT 1	Output terminal 1	Composed output of 396th and 397th-stage are obtained.
10	CP1	Clock input 1	Clock pulse of reverse phase to CP2 is applied.
11	V _{GG}	V _{GG} applying terminal	This terminal applies bias of $V_{GG} = V_{DD} + 1V$ to the MOS transistor gate that is inserted in series to transfer gate of BBD.
12	IN	Signal input terminal	Analog signal to be delayed is input. Most suitable DC bias should be applied to this terminal.

Circuit Diagram



The diagram illustrates a 6-bit digital-to-analog converter (DAC) circuit. At the core is the MN3011, a 6-bit digital-to-analog converter with pins for V_{SS} (GND), V_{CC}, and six data inputs (IN₁ to IN₆). The outputs are labeled OUT1 through OUT6. The circuit is powered by a +6V to +18V supply (V_{CC}) and ground (0V). A 22μF capacitor is connected to the V_{CC} pin. The input section features an 'INPUT' terminal connected to a 100kΩ resistor and a 3.3μF capacitor. This is followed by a network of resistors (100kΩ, 33kΩ, 47kΩ, 56kΩ, 33kΩ) and capacitors (2700pF, 220pF) leading to the first comparator, IC1 (AN655). The second comparator, IC2 (AN655), is also configured with similar resistor and capacitor networks. The outputs of the comparators are connected to the data inputs of the MN3011. The final output of the DAC is taken from the OUT6 pin, which is connected to a 100kΩ resistor and a 3.3μF capacitor. A 220kΩ resistor is also connected to the output line. The circuit includes various other components such as 100kΩ, 110kΩ, 120kΩ, 130kΩ, 150kΩ, 56kΩ, 160kΩ, 33kΩ, 47kΩ, 56kΩ, 33kΩ, 2700pF, 220pF, 68kΩ, 50kΩ, 3.3μF, and 22μF capacitors, and resistors of 100kΩ, 110kΩ, 120kΩ, 130kΩ, 150kΩ, 56kΩ, 160kΩ, 33kΩ, 47kΩ, 56kΩ, 33kΩ, 2700pF, 220pF, 68kΩ, 50kΩ, 3.3μF, and 22μF.

* Vcc should not exceeds +18V.

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Current	I_{CC}			11 (8)	15 (10)	mA
Power Dissipation	P_{tot}			165 (70)		mW
Signal Delay Time	t_D	OUT 6 : $f_{CP}=15\sim 20kHz$	83	98	111	ms
Cut-off Frequency	f_{CO}			3		kHz
Input Signal Swing	V_i	THD=2.5%			1.1 (0.5)	Vrms
Insertion Loss	L_i	OUT 3 : $f_i = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_i = 300mV$	0	2	4	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$f_i = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_i = V_{i(max.)} - 6\text{ dB}$		0.4 (0.5)		%
Noise Voltage	V_{no}	OUT 3 : $V_i = 0\text{ V}$		0.4 (0.4)		mVrms
Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	$V_S = V_{i(max.)}$		70 (60)		dB

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