

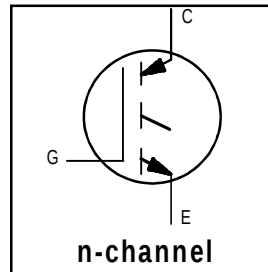
# IRG4PH20K

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

Short Circuit Rated  
UltraFast IGBT

## Features

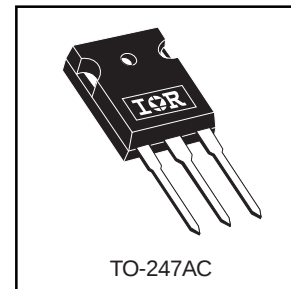
- High short circuit rating optimized for motor control,  $t_{sc} = 10\mu s$ ,  $V_{CC} = 720V$ ,  $T_J = 125^\circ C$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15V$
- Combines low conduction losses with high switching speed
- Latest generation design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations



|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| $V_{CES} = 1200V$                 |
| $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 3.17V$ |
| @ $V_{GE} = 15V$ , $I_C = 5.0A$   |

## Benefits

- As a Freewheeling Diode we recommend our HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultrasoft recovery diodes for minimum EMI / Noise and switching losses in the Diode and IGBT
- Latest generation 4 IGBT's offer highest power density motor controls possible



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

|                           | Parameter                          | Max.                              | Units      |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| $V_{CES}$                 | Collector-to-Emitter Voltage       | 1200                              | V          |
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Continuous Collector Current       | 11                                | A          |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current       | 5.0                               |            |
| $I_{CM}$                  | Pulsed Collector Current ①         | 22                                |            |
| $I_{LM}$                  | Clamped Inductive Load Current ②   | 22                                |            |
| $t_{sc}$                  | Short Circuit Withstand Time       | 10                                | $\mu s$    |
| $V_{GE}$                  | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage            | $\pm 20$                          | V          |
| $E_{ARV}$                 | Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ③ | 130                               | mJ         |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Maximum Power Dissipation          | 60                                | W          |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation          | 24                                |            |
| $T_J$                     | Operating Junction and             | -55 to +150                       | $^\circ C$ |
| $T_{STG}$                 | Storage Temperature Range          |                                   |            |
|                           | Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec. | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) |            |
|                           | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw. | 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)                |            |

## Thermal Resistance

|                 | Parameter                                 | Typ.     | Max. | Units        |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|------|--------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case                          | —        | 2.1  | $^\circ C/W$ |
| $R_{\theta CS}$ | Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface       | 0.24     | —    |              |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount | —        | 40   |              |
| Wt              | Weight                                    | 6 (0.21) | —    | g (oz)       |

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

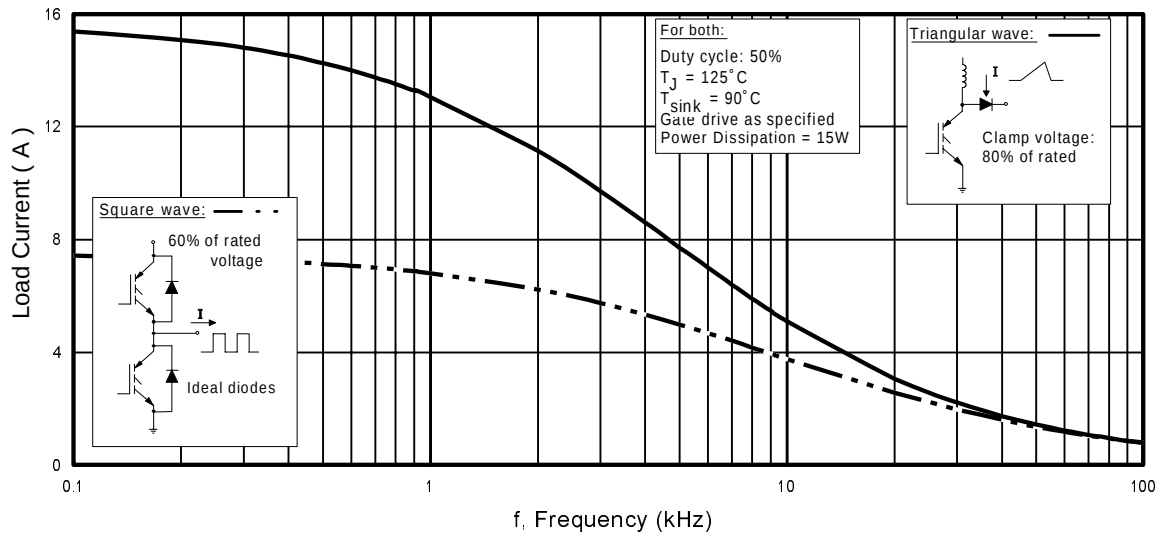
|                                 | Parameter                                | Min. | Typ. | Max.      | Units   | Conditions                                             |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------|------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$                   | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage   | 1200 | —    | —         | V       | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$                          |
| $V_{(BR)ECS}$                   | Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④ | 18   | —    | —         | V       | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$                              |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage  | —    | 1.13 | —         | V/°C    | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 2.5mA$                             |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$                    | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage  | —    | 3.17 | 4.3       | V       | $I_C = 5.0A, V_{GE} = 15V$                             |
|                                 |                                          | —    | 4.04 | —         |         | $I_C = 11A, V_{GE} = 15V$                              |
|                                 |                                          | —    | 2.84 | —         |         | $I_C = 5.0A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$<br>See Fig.2, 5  |
| $V_{GE(th)}$                    | Gate Threshold Voltage                   | 3.5  | —    | 6.5       |         | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$                      |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$  | Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage  | —    | -10  | —         | mV/°C   | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1mA$                           |
| $g_{fe}$                        | Forward Transconductance ⑤               | 2.3  | 3.5  | —         | S       | $V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 5.0A$                            |
| $I_{CES}$                       | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current      | —    | —    | 250       | $\mu A$ | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$                          |
|                                 |                                          | —    | —    | 2.0       |         | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$    |
|                                 |                                          | —    | —    | 1000      |         | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{GES}$                       | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current          | —    | —    | $\pm 100$ | nA      | $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$                                     |

**Switching Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

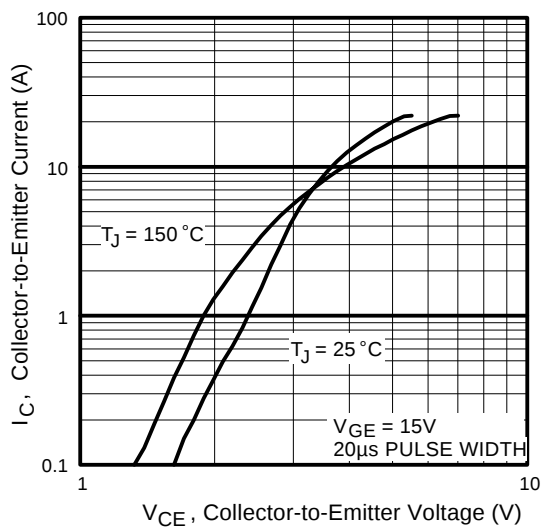
|              | Parameter                         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units   | Conditions                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $Q_g$        | Total Gate Charge (turn-on)       | —    | 28   | 43   | nC      | $I_C = 5.0A$                                                                                                                                     |
| $Q_{ge}$     | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)   | —    | 4.4  | 6.6  |         | $V_{CC} = 400V$ See Fig.8                                                                                                                        |
| $Q_{gc}$     | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | —    | 12   | 18   |         | $V_{GE} = 15V$                                                                                                                                   |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | 23   | —    | ns      | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_C = 5.0A, V_{CC} = 960V$<br>$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 50\Omega$<br>Energy losses include "tail"<br>See Fig. 9,10,14    |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | 26   | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | 93   | 140  |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | 270  | 400  |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $E_{on}$     | Turn-On Switching Loss            | —    | 0.45 | —    | mJ      | See Fig. 9,10,14                                                                                                                                 |
| $E_{off}$    | Turn-Off Switching Loss           | —    | 0.44 | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $E_{ts}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 0.89 | 1.2  |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $t_{sc}$     | Short Circuit Withstand Time      | 10   | —    | —    | $\mu s$ | $V_{CC} = 720V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 50\Omega$                                                                       |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | 23   | —    | ns      | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>$I_C = 5.0A, V_{CC} = 960$<br>$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 50\Omega$<br>Energy losses include "tail"<br>See Fig. 10,11,14 |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | 28   | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | 100  | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | 620  | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $E_{ts}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 1.7  | —    | mJ      |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $L_E$        | Internal Emitter Inductance       | —    | 13   | —    | nH      | Measured 5mm from package                                                                                                                        |
| $C_{ies}$    | Input Capacitance                 | —    | 435  | —    | pF      | $V_{GE} = 0V$<br>$V_{CC} = 30V$ See Fig. 7<br>$f = 1.0MHz$                                                                                       |
| $C_{oes}$    | Output Capacitance                | —    | 44   | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |
| $C_{res}$    | Reverse Transfer Capacitance      | —    | 8.3  | —    |         |                                                                                                                                                  |

**Notes:**

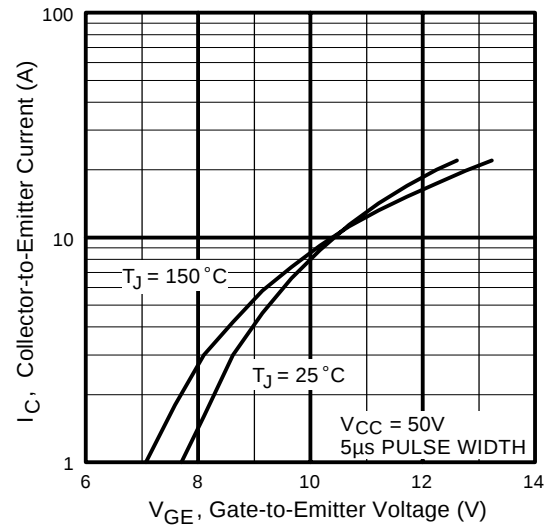
- |                                                                                                          |                                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE} = 20V$ , pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 13b ) | ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. |
| ② $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES})$ , $V_{GE} = 20V$ , $L = 10\mu H$ , $R_G = 50\Omega$ , (See fig. 13a)          | ④ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$ ; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$ .                 |
|                                                                                                          | ⑤ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$ , single shot.                                   |



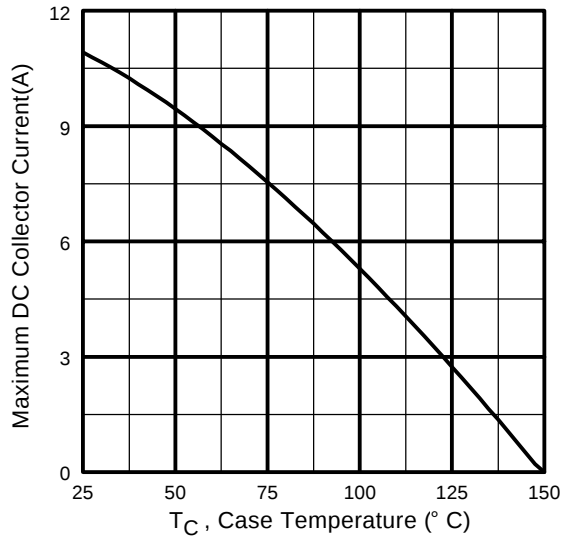
**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{\text{RMS}}$  of fundamental)



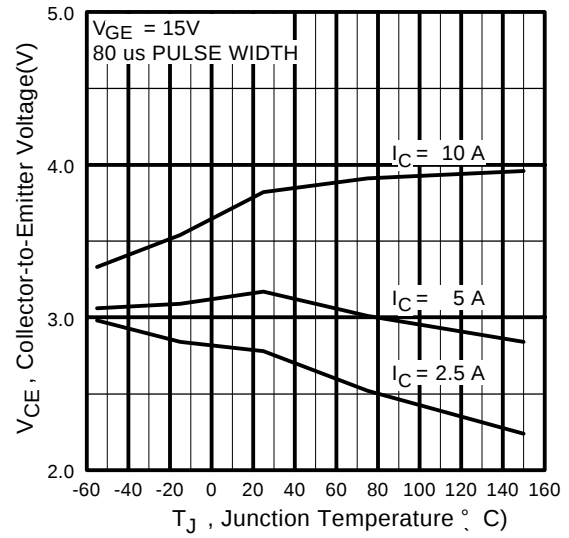
**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**  
www.irf.com



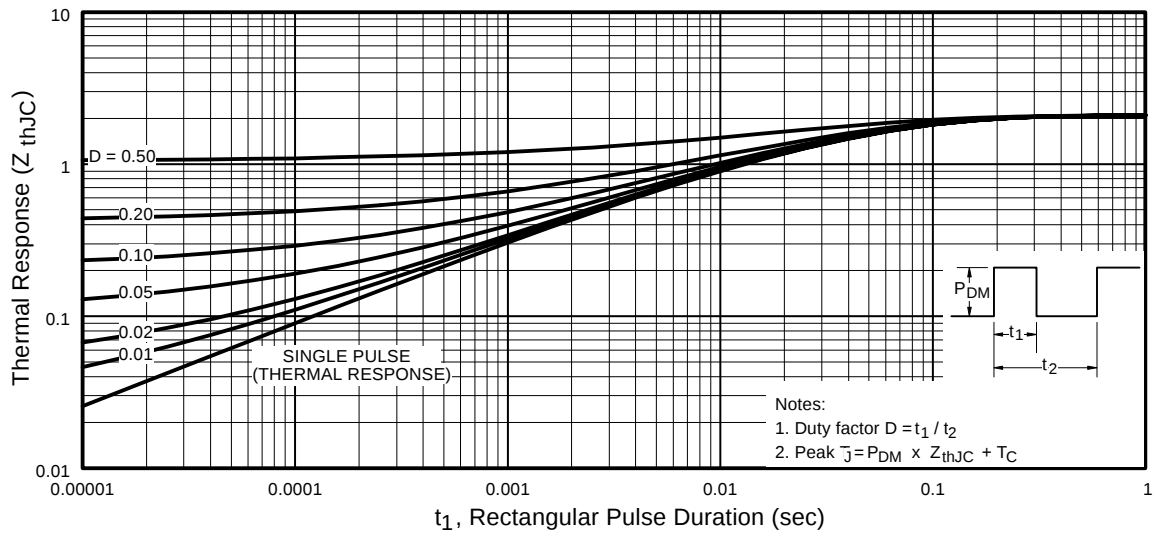
**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**



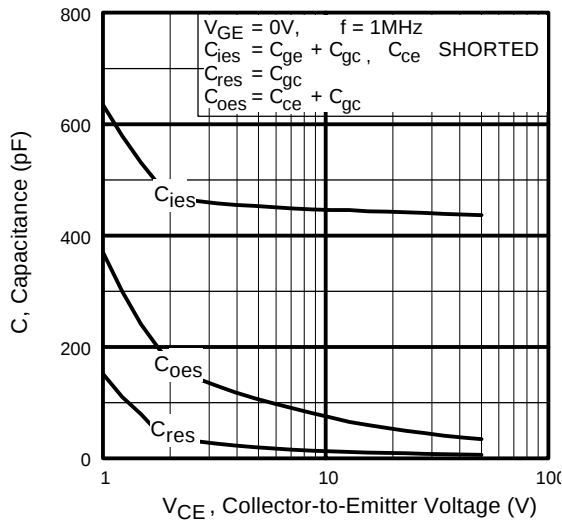
**Fig. 4** - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature



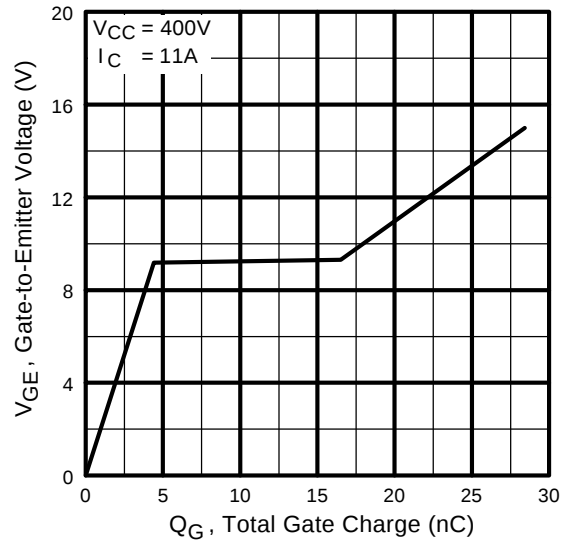
**Fig. 5** - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



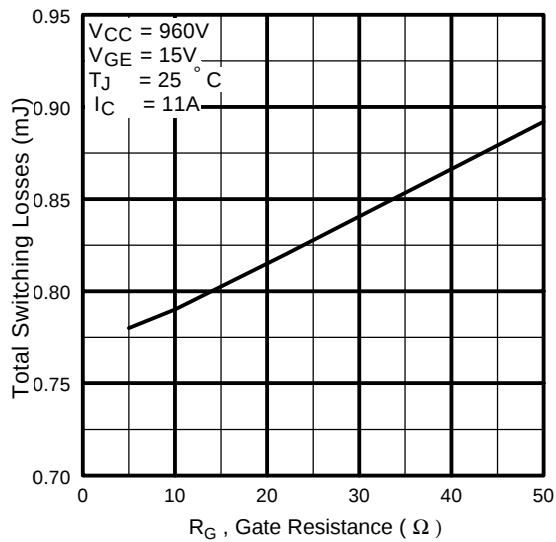
**Fig. 6** - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



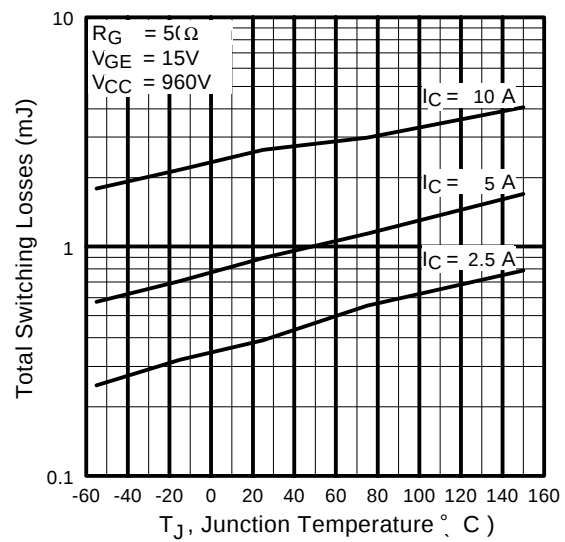
**Fig. 7** - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage



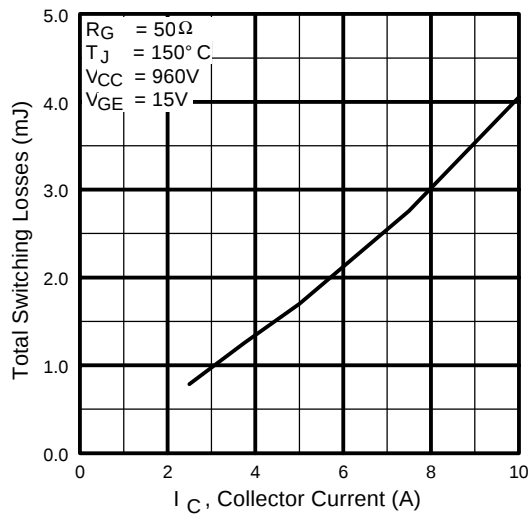
**Fig. 8** - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage



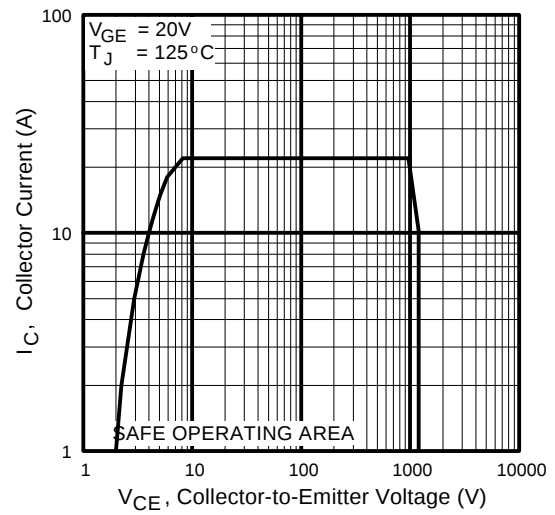
**Fig. 9** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance



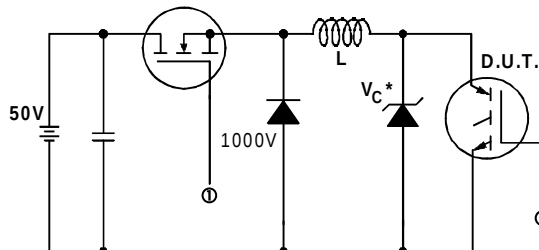
**Fig. 10** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature



**Fig. 11** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

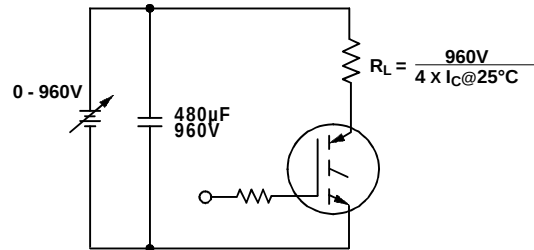


**Fig. 12** - Turn-Off SOA

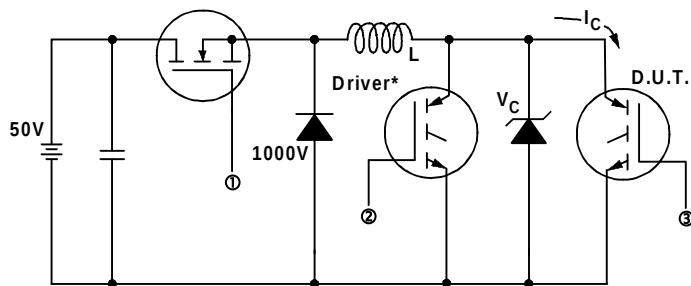


\* Driver same type as D.U.T.;  $V_c = 80\%$  of  $V_{ce(max)}$   
 \* Note: Due to the 50V power supply, pulse width and inductor will increase to obtain rated  $I_d$ .

**Fig. 13a** - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

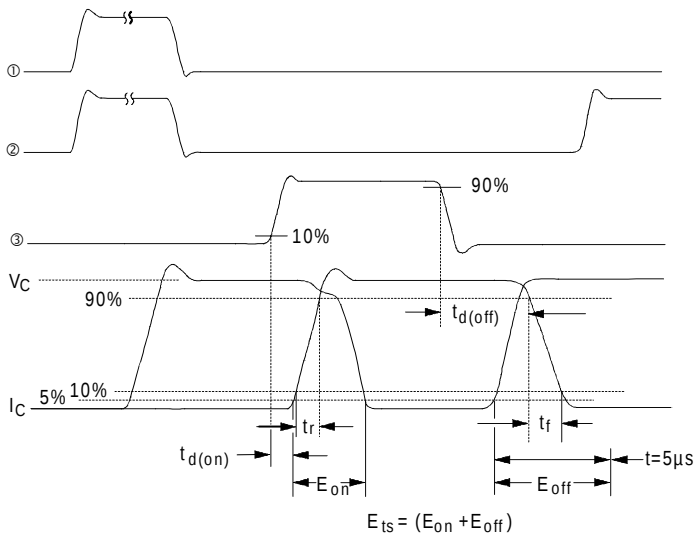


**Fig. 13b** - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit



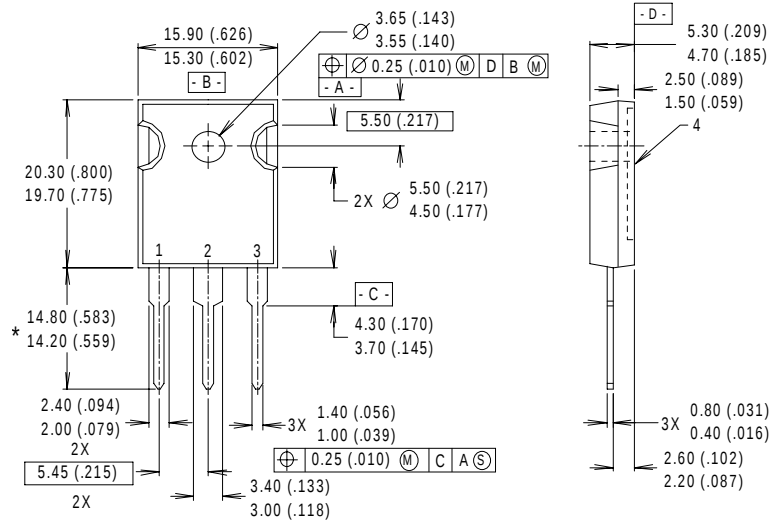
**Fig. 14a** - Switching Loss Test Circuit

\* Driver same type as D.U.T.,  $V_C = 960V$



**Fig. 14b** - Switching Loss Waveforms

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-247AC



NOTES:

- 1 DIMENSIONS & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH.
- 3 DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 4 CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC.

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 - GATE
- 2 - COLLECTOR
- 3 - EMITTER
- 4 - COLLECTOR

\* LONGER LEADED (20mm)  
VERSION AVAILABLE (TO-247AD)  
TO ORDER ADD "E" SUFFIX  
TO PART NUMBER

CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC (TO-3P)

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)