



VN920DSP

HIGH SIDE DRIVER

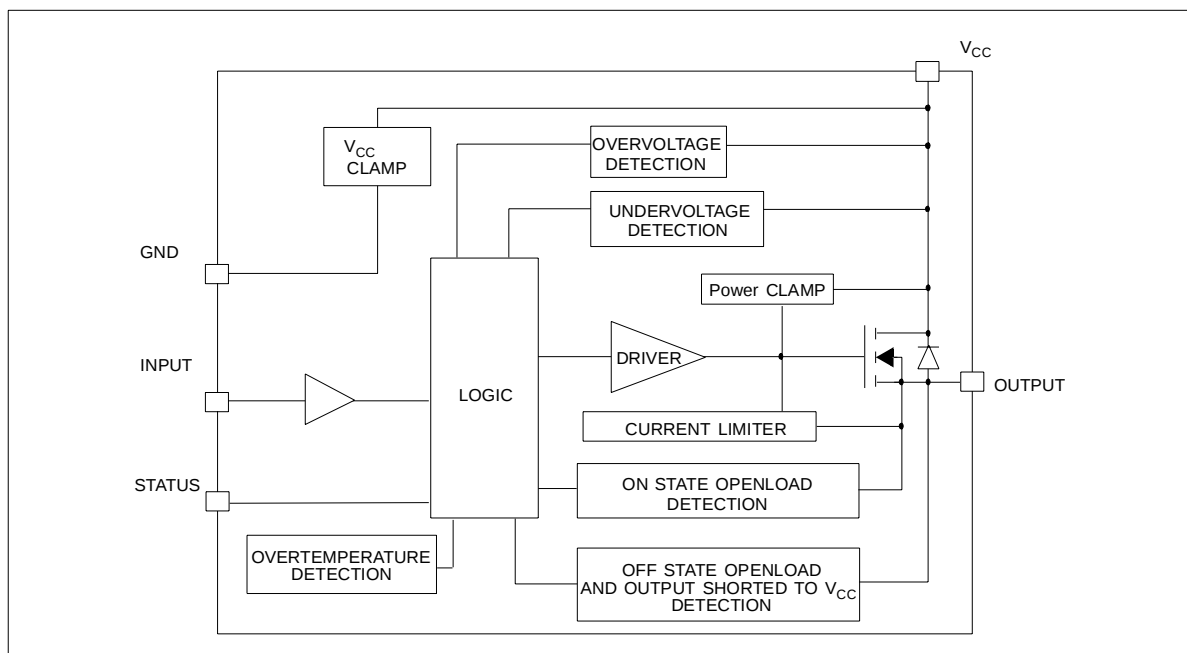
TYPE	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_{OUT}	V_{CC}
VN920DSP	16 mΩ	25 A	36 V

- CMOS COMPATIBLE INPUT
- ON STATE OPEN LOAD DETECTION
- OFF STATE OPEN LOAD DETECTION
- SHORTED LOAD PROTECTION
- UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE SHUTDOWN
- PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS OF GROUND
- VERY LOW STAND-BY CURRENT
- REVERSE BATTERY PROTECTION (*)

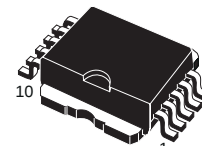
DESCRIPTION

The VN920DSP is a monolithic device made by using STMicroelectronics VIPower M0-3 Technology, intended for driving any kind of load with one side connected to ground. Active V_{CC} pin voltage clamp protects the device against low energy spikes (see ISO7637 transient compatibility table). Active current limitation

BLOCK DIAGRAM



(*) See application schematic at page 8



PowerSO-10™

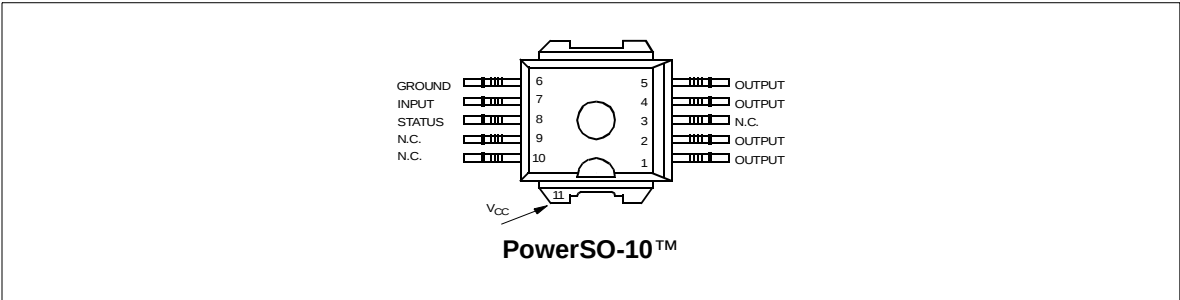
ORDER CODES		
PACKAGE	TUBE	T&R
PowerSO-10™	VN920DSP	VN920DSP13TR

VN920DSP

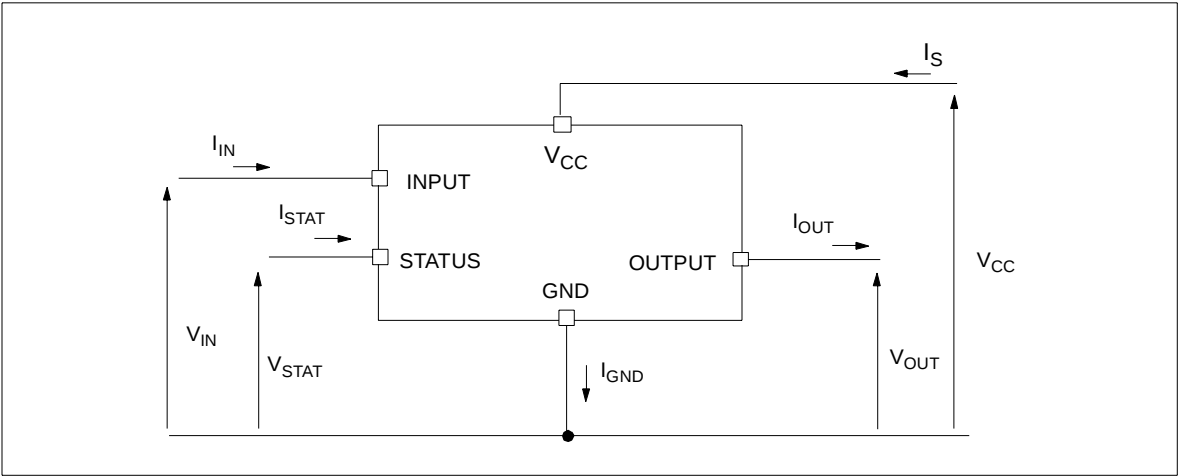
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage	41	V
$-V_{CC}$	Reverse DC Supply Voltage	- 0.3	V
$-I_{GND}$	DC Reverse Ground Pin Current	- 200	mA
I_{OUT}	DC Output Current	Internally Limited	A
$-I_{OUT}$	Reverse DC Output Current	- 25	A
I_{IN}	DC Input Current	+/- 10	mA
I_{STAT}	DC Status Current	+/- 10	mA
V_{ESD}	Electrostatic Discharge (Human Body Model: $R=1.5K\Omega$; $C=100pF$)		
	- INPUT	4000	V
	- CURRENT SENSE	4000	V
	- OUTPUT	5000	V
	- V_{CC}	5000	V
E_{MAX}	Maximum Switching Energy ($L=0.25mH$; $R_L=0\Omega$; $V_{bat}=13.5V$; $T_{jstart}=150^{\circ}C$; $I_L=45A$)	362	mJ
P_{tot}	Power Dissipation $T_C=25^{\circ}C$	96.1	W
T_j	Junction Operating Temperature	Internally Limited	$^{\circ}C$
T_C	Case Operating Temperature	- 40 to 150	$^{\circ}C$
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	- 55 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

CONNECTION DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)



CURRENT AND VOLTAGE CONVENTIONS



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case Max	1.3	°C/W
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient Max	51.3 (*)	°C/W

(*) When mounted on a standard single-sided FR-4 board with 0.5cm² of Cu (at least 35µm thick).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (8V < V_{CC} < 36V; -40°C < T_j < 150°C unless otherwise specified)**POWER**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Operating Supply Voltage		5.5	13	36	V
V _{USD}	Undervoltage Shut-down		3	4	5.5	V
V _{USDhyst}	Undervoltage Shut-down hysteresis			0.5		V
V _{OV}	Overvoltage Shut-down		36			V
R _{ON}	On State Resistance	I _{OUT} =10A; T _j =25°C			16	mΩ
		I _{OUT} =10A			30	mΩ
		I _{OUT} =3A; V _{CC} =6V			50	mΩ
I _S	Supply Current	Off State; V _{CC} =13V; V _{IN} =V _{OUT} =0V		10	25	µA
		Off State; V _{CC} =13V; V _{IN} =V _{OUT} =0V; T _j =25°C		10	20	µA
		On State; V _{CC} =13V; V _{IN} =5V; I _{OUT} =0A			5	mA
I _{L(off1)}	Off State Output Current	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} =0V	0		50	µA
I _{L(off2)}	Off State Output Current	V _{IN} =0V; V _{OUT} =3.5V	-75		0	µA
I _{L(off3)}	Off State Output Current	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} =0V; V _{CC} =13V; T _j =125°C			5	µA
I _{L(off4)}	Off State Output Current	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} =0V; V _{CC} =13V; T _j =25°C			3	µA

SWITCHING (V_{CC}=13V)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on Delay Time	R _L =1.3Ω		50		µs
t _{d(off)}	Turn-off Delay Time	R _L =1.3Ω		50		µs
dV _{OUT} /dt _(on)	Turn-on Voltage Slope	R _L =1.3Ω		See relative diagram		V/µs
dV _{OUT} /dt _(off)	Turn-off Voltage Slope	R _L =1.3Ω		See relative diagram		V/µs

INPUT PIN

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{IL}	Input Low Level				1.25	V
I _{IL}	Low Level Input Current	V _{IN} =1.25V	1			µA
V _{IH}	Input High Level		3.25			V
I _{IH}	High Level Input Current	V _{IN} =3.25V			10	µA
V _{I(hyst)}	Input Hysteresis Voltage		0.5			V
V _{ICL}	Input Clamp Voltage	I _{IN} =1mA	6	6.8	8	V
		I _{IN} =-1mA		-0.7		V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

STATUS PIN

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{STAT}	Status Low Output Voltage	$I_{STAT}=1.6mA$			0.5	V
I_{LSTAT}	Status Leakage Current	Normal Operation $V_{STAT}=5V$			10	μA
C_{STAT}	Status Pin Input Capacitance	Normal Operation $V_{STAT}=5V$			100	pF
V_{SCL}	Status Clamp Voltage	$I_{STAT}=1mA$	6	6.8	8	V
		$I_{STAT}=-1mA$		-0.7		V

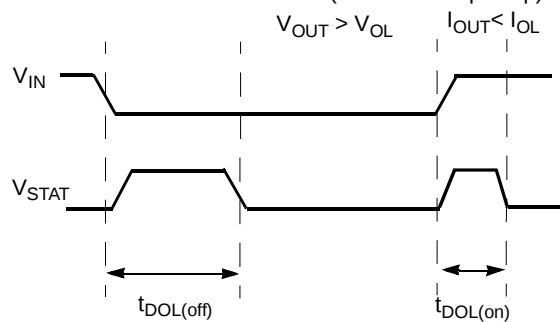
PROTECTIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{TSD}	Shut-down Temperature		150	175	200	$^{\circ}C$
T_R	Reset Temperature		135			$^{\circ}C$
T_{hyst}	Thermal Hysteresis		7	15		$^{\circ}C$
t_{SDL}	Status delay in overload condition	$T_j > T_{TSD}$			20	μs
I_{lim}	Current limitation	$5.5V < V_{CC} < 36V$	30	45	75	A
					75	A
V_{demag}	Turn-off Output Clamp Voltage	$I_{OUT}=2A$; $V_{IN}=0V$; $L=6mH$	$V_{CC}-41$	$V_{CC}-48$	$V_{CC}-55$	V

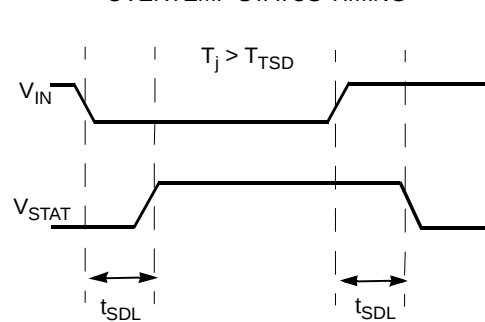
OPENLOAD DETECTION

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{OL}	Openload ON State Detection Threshold	$V_{IN}=5V$	300	500	700	mA
$t_{DOL(on)}$	Openload ON State Detection Delay	$I_{OUT}=0A$			200	μs
V_{OL}	Openload OFF State Voltage Detection Threshold	$V_{IN}=0V$	1.5	2.5	3.5	V
$t_{DOL(off)}$	Openload Detection Delay at Turn Off				1000	μs

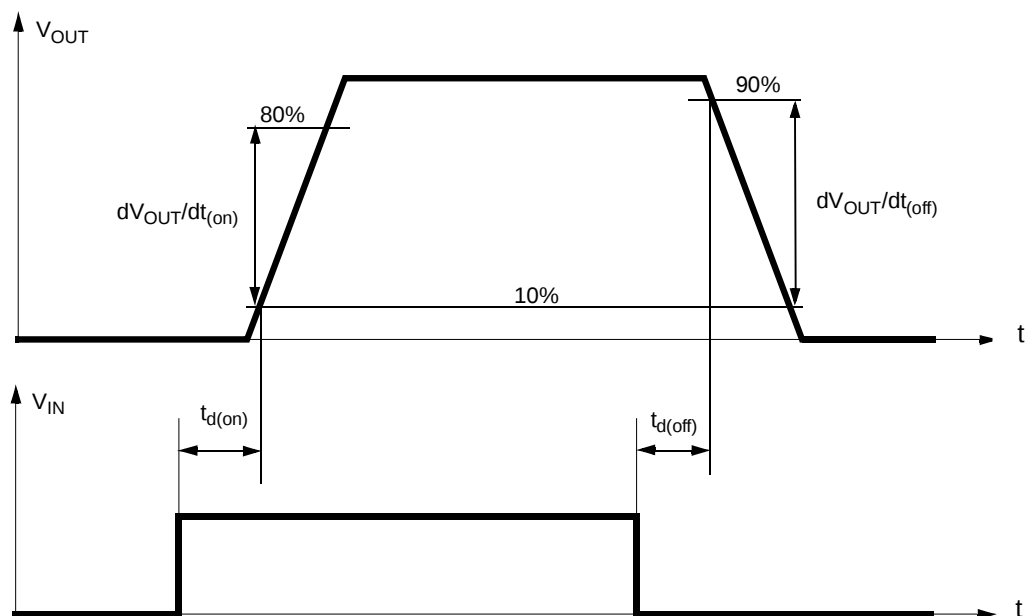
OPEN LOAD STATUS TIMING (with external pull-up)



OVERTEMP STATUS TIMING



Switching time Waveforms



TRUTH TABLE

CONDITIONS	INPUT	OUTPUT	STATUS
Normal Operation	L	L	H
	H	H	H
Current Limitation	L	L	H
	H	X	$(T_j < T_{TSD})$ H $(T_j > T_{TSD})$ L
Overtemperature	L	L	H
	H	L	L
Undervoltage	L	L	X
	H	L	X
Overvoltage	L	L	H
	H	L	H
Output Voltage $> V_{OL}$	L	H	L
	H	H	H
Output Current $< I_{OL}$	L	L	H
	H	H	L

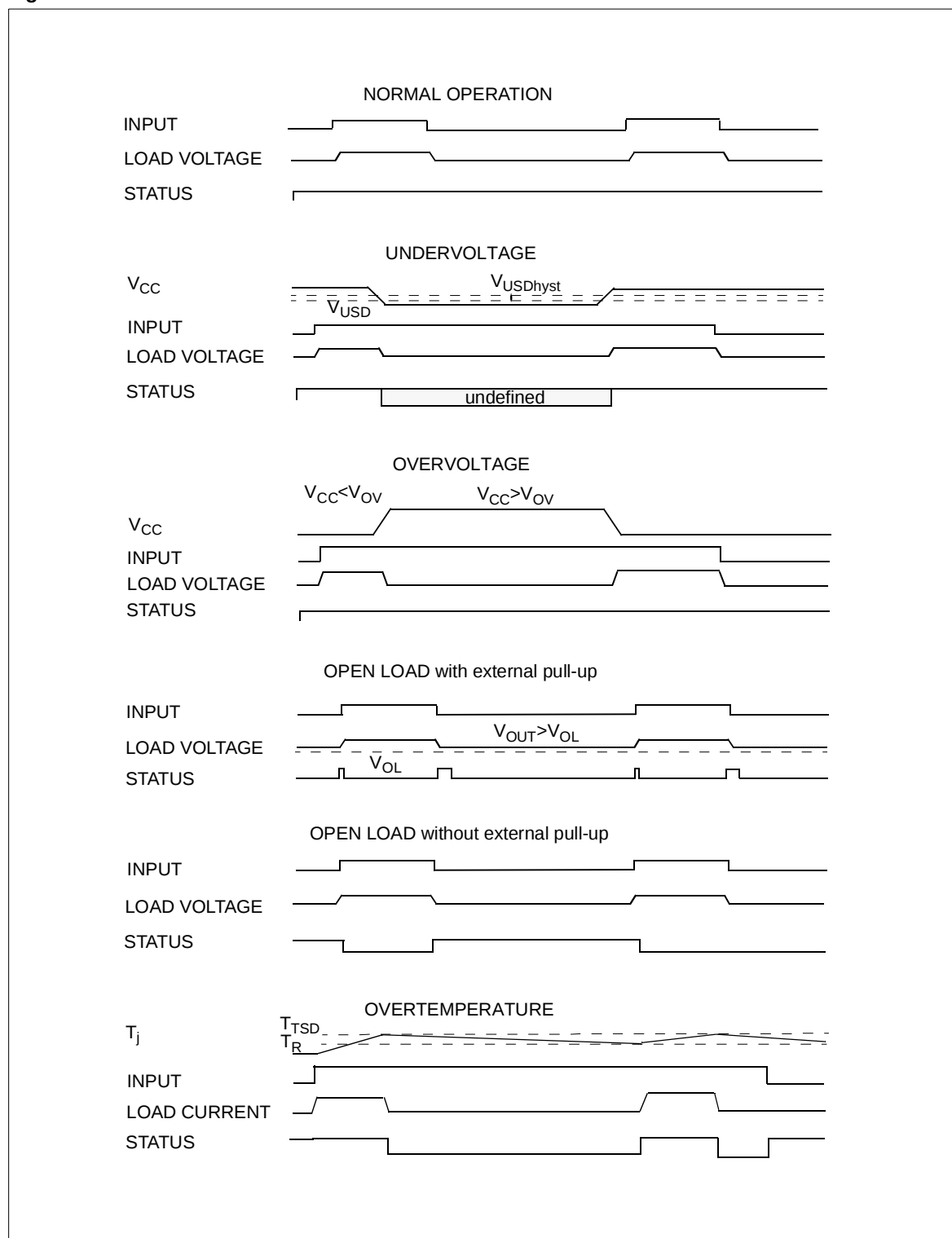
ELECTRICAL TRANSIENT REQUIREMENTS ON V_{CC} PIN

ISO T/R 7637/1 Test Pulse	TEST LEVELS				
	I	II	III	IV	Delays and Impedance
1	-25 V	-50 V	-75 V	-100 V	2 ms 10 Ω
2	+25 V	+50 V	+75 V	+100 V	0.2 ms 10 Ω
3a	-25 V	-50 V	-100 V	-150 V	0.1 μ s 50 Ω
3b	+25 V	+50 V	+75 V	+100 V	0.1 μ s 50 Ω
4	-4 V	-5 V	-6 V	-7 V	100 ms, 0.01 Ω
5	+26.5 V	+46.5 V	+66.5 V	+86.5 V	400 ms, 2 Ω

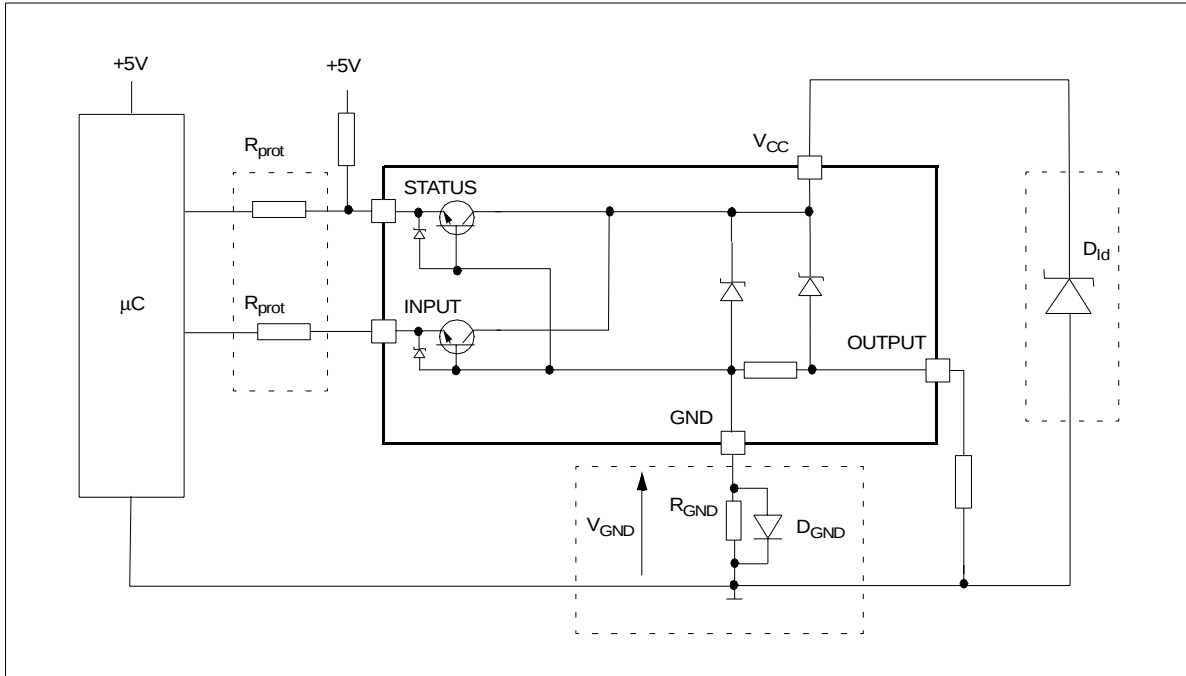
ISO T/R 7637/1 Test Pulse	TEST LEVELS RESULTS			
	I	II	III	IV
1	C	C	C	C
2	C	C	C	C
3a	C	C	C	C
3b	C	C	C	C
4	C	C	C	C
5	C	E	E	E

CLASS	CONTENTS
C	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.
E	One or more functions of the device is not performed as designed after exposure to disturbance and cannot be returned to proper operation without replacing the device.

Figure1: Waveforms



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



GND PROTECTION NETWORK AGAINST REVERSE BATTERY

Solution 1: Resistor in the ground line (R_{GND} only). This can be used with any type of load.

The following is an indication on how to dimension the R_{GND} resistor.

- 1) $R_{GND} \leq 600\text{mV} / (I_{S(on)max})$.
- 2) $R_{GND} \geq (-V_{CC}) / (-I_{GND})$

where $-I_{GND}$ is the DC reverse ground pin current and can be found in the absolute maximum rating section of the of the device's datasheet.

Power Dissipation in R_{GND} (when $V_{CC} < 0$: during reverse battery situations) is:

$$P_D = (-V_{CC})^2 / R_{GND}$$

This resistor can be shared amongst several different HSD. Please note that the value of this resistor should be calculated with formula (1) where $I_{S(on)max}$ becomes the sum of the maximum on-state currents of the different devices.

Please note that if the microprocessor ground is not common with the device ground then the R_{GND} will produce a shift ($I_{S(on)max} * R_{GND}$) in the input thresholds and the status output values. This shift will vary depending on many devices are ON in the case of several high side drivers sharing the same R_{GND} .

If the calculated power dissipation leads to a large resistor or several devices have to share the same resistor then the ST suggest to utilize Solution 2 (see below).

Solution 2: A diode (D_{GND}) in the ground line.

A resistor ($R_{GND}=1\text{k}\Omega$) should be inserted in parallel to D_{GND} if the device will be driving an inductive load.

This small signal diode can be safely shared amongst several different HSD. Also in this case, the presence of the ground network will produce a shift ($\approx 600\text{mV}$) in the input threshold and the status output values if the microprocessor ground is not common with the device ground. This shift will not vary if more than one HSD shares the same diode/resistor network.

LOAD DUMP PROTECTION

D_{Id} is necessary (Voltage Transient Suppressor) if the load dump peak voltage exceeds V_{CC} max DC rating. The same applies if the device will be subject to transients on the V_{CC} line that are greater than the ones shown in the ISO T/R 7637/1 table.

 μC I/Os PROTECTION:

If a ground protection network is used and negative transient are present on the V_{CC} line, the control pins will be pulled negative. ST suggests to insert a resistor (R_{prot}) in line to prevent the μC I/Os pins to latch-up.

The value of these resistors is a compromise between the leakage current of μC and the current required by the HSD I/Os (Input levels compatibility) with the latch-up limit of μC I/Os.

$$-V_{CCpeak} / I_{latchup} \leq R_{prot} \leq (V_{OH\mu C} - V_{IH} - V_{GND}) / I_{IHmax}$$

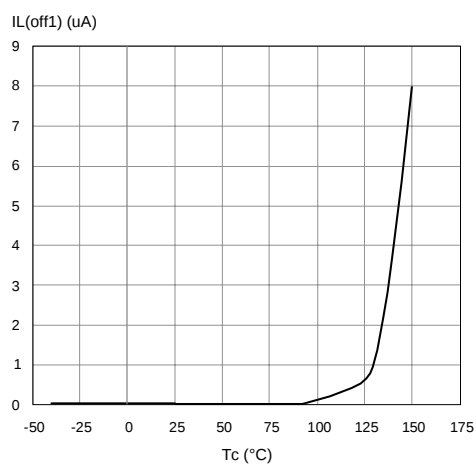
Calculation example:

$$\text{For } V_{CCpeak} = -100\text{V and } I_{latchup} \geq 20\text{mA; } V_{OH\mu C} \geq 4.5\text{V}$$

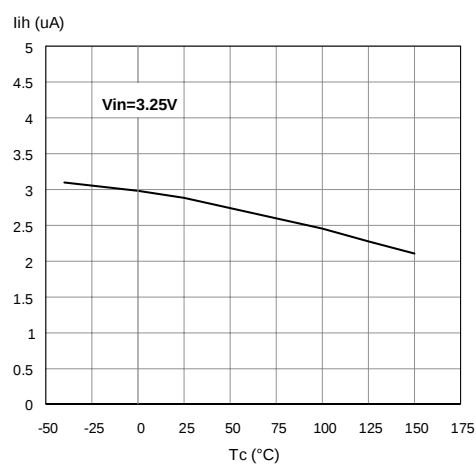
$$5\text{k}\Omega \leq R_{prot} \leq 65\text{k}\Omega.$$

Recommended R_{prot} value is $10\text{k}\Omega$.

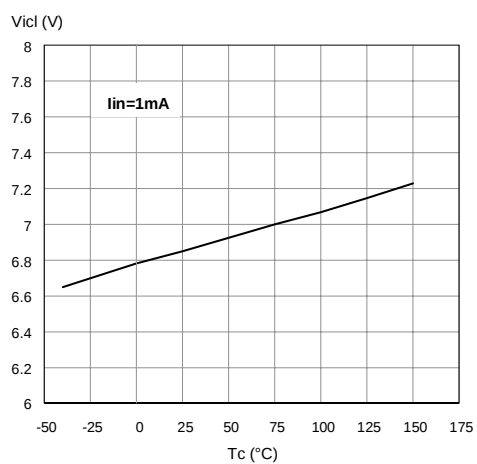
Off State Output Current



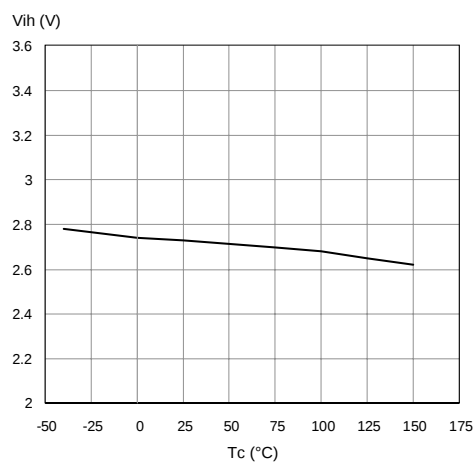
High Level Input Current



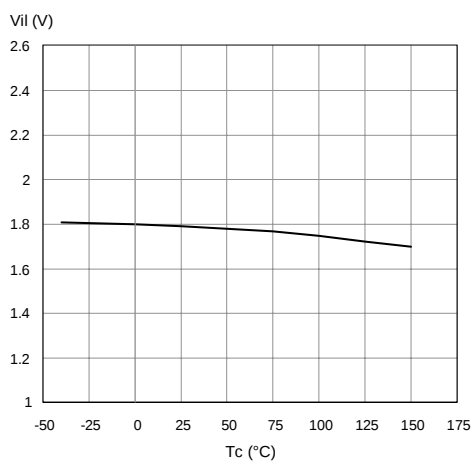
Input Clamp Voltage



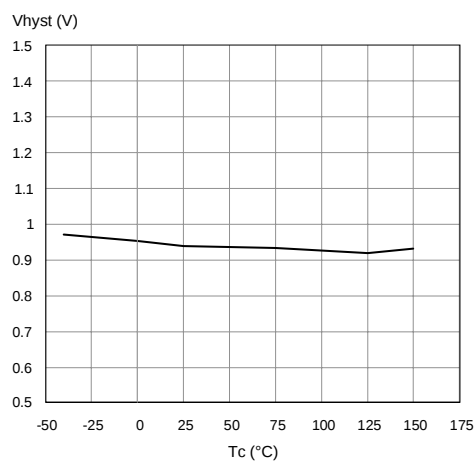
Input High Level



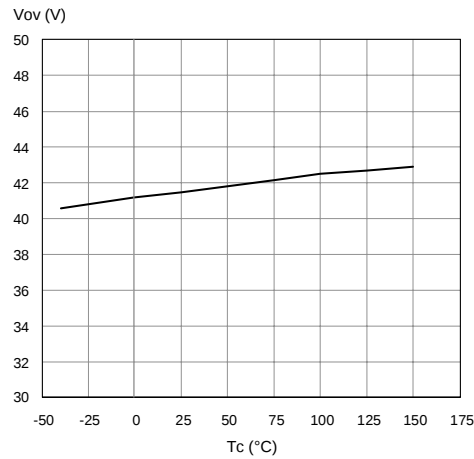
Input Low Level



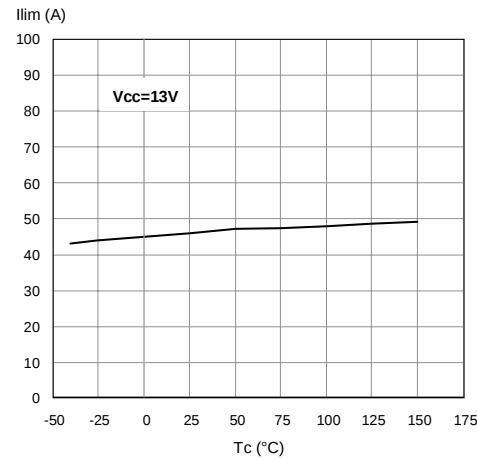
Input Hysteresis Voltage



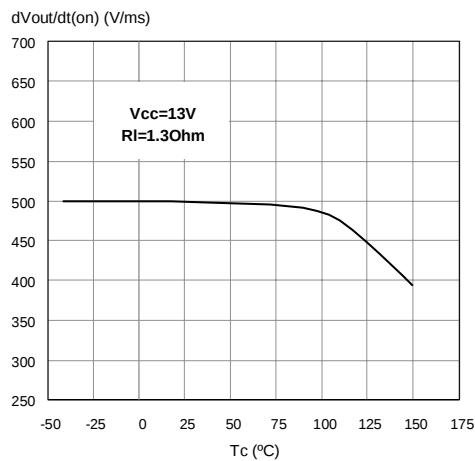
Overvoltage Shutdown



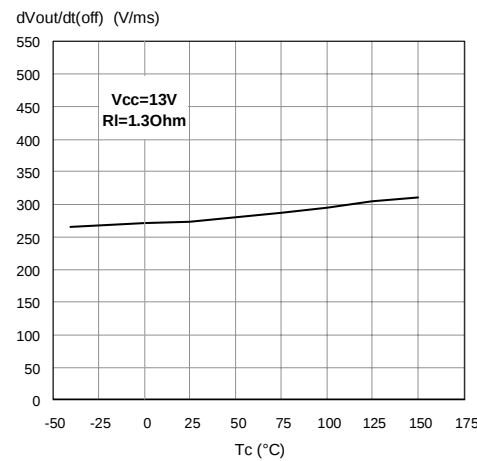
I_{LIM} Vs T_{case}



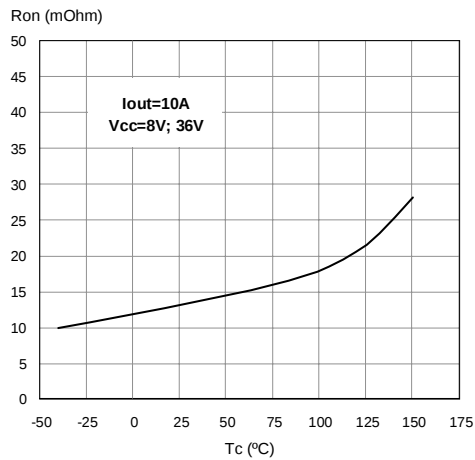
Turn-on Voltage Slope



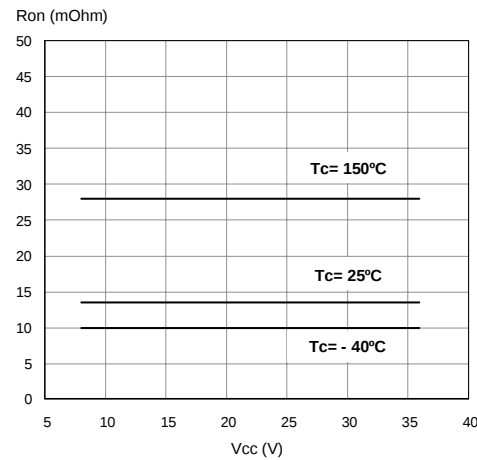
Turn-off Voltage Slope



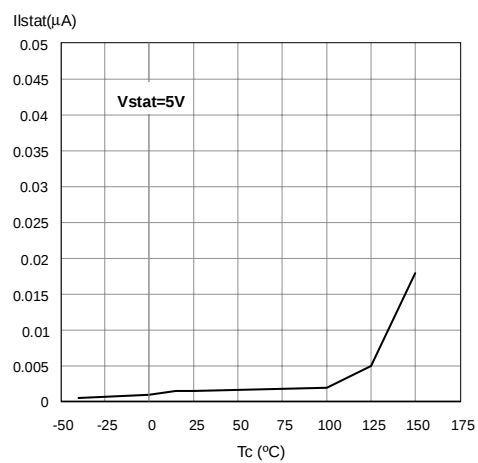
On State Resistance Vs T_{case}



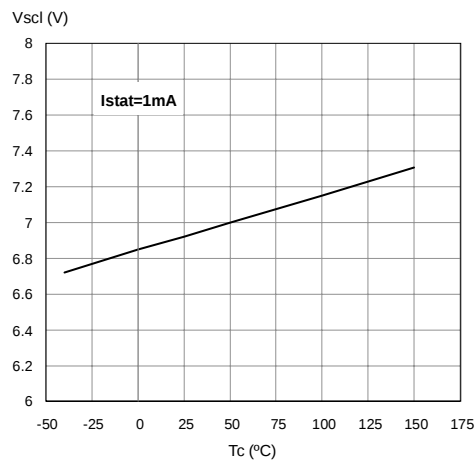
On State Resistance Vs V_{CC}



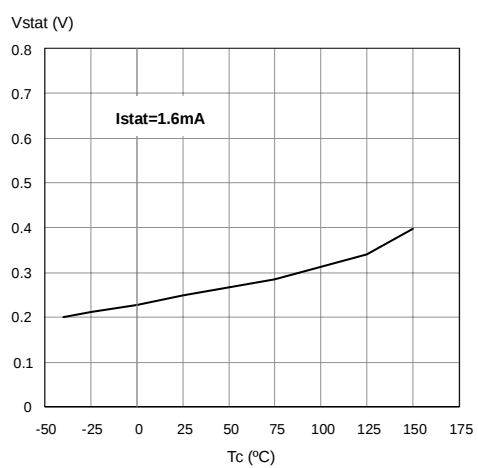
Status Leakage Current



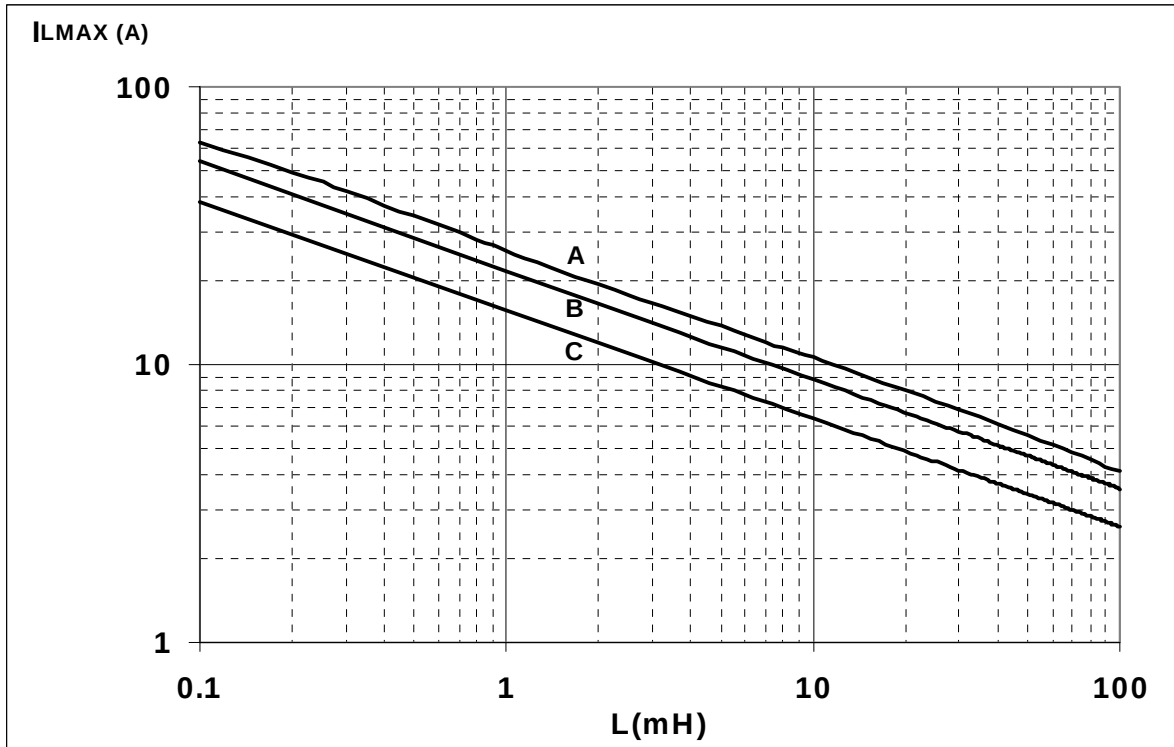
Status Clamp Voltage



Status Low Output Voltage



Maximum turn off current versus load inductance



A = Single Pulse at $T_{Jstart}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$

B = Repetitive pulse at $T_{Jstart}=100^{\circ}\text{C}$

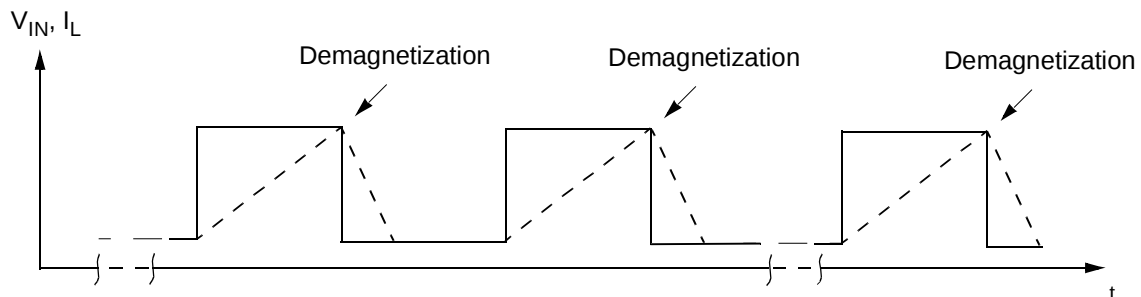
C = Repetitive Pulse at $T_{Jstart}=125^{\circ}\text{C}$

Conditions:

$V_{CC}=13.5\text{V}$

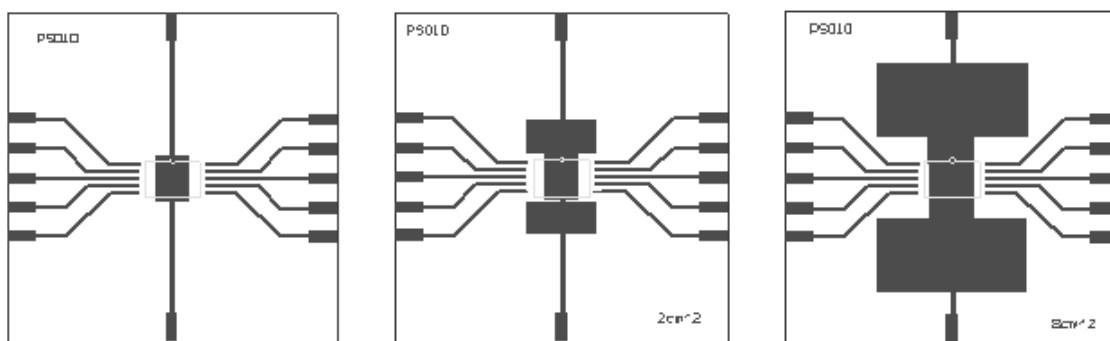
Values are generated with $R_L=0\Omega$

In case of repetitive pulses, T_{Jstart} (at beginning of each demagnetization) of every pulse must not exceed the temperature specified above for curves B and C.



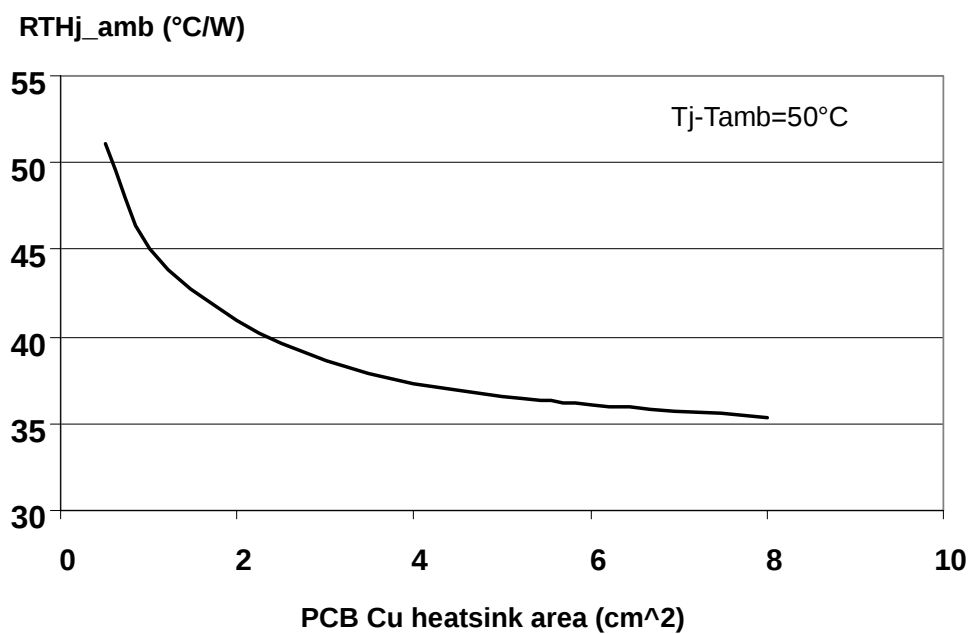
PowerSO-10™ THERMAL DATA

PowerSO-10™ PC Board

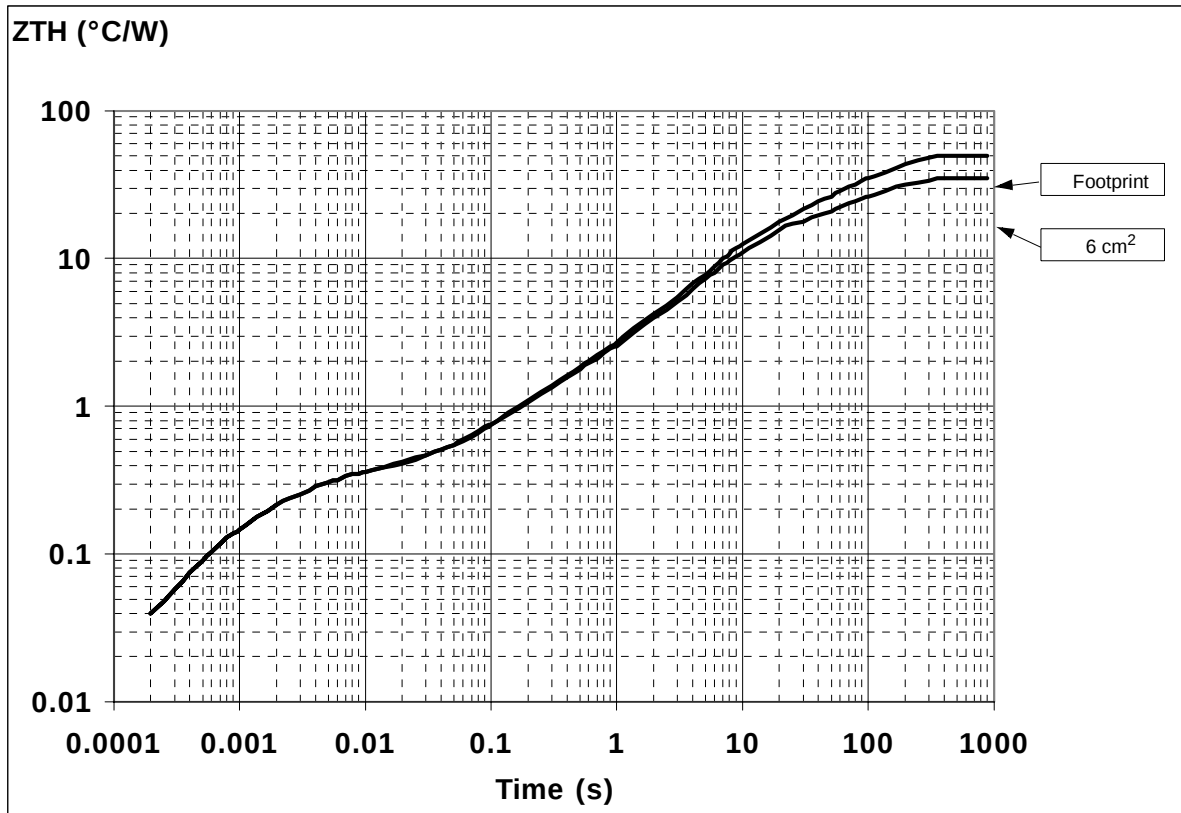


Layout condition of R_{th} and Z_{th} measurements (PCB FR4 area= 58mm x 58mm, PCB thickness=2mm, Cu thickness=35 μ m, Copper areas: from minimum pad lay-out to 8cm²).

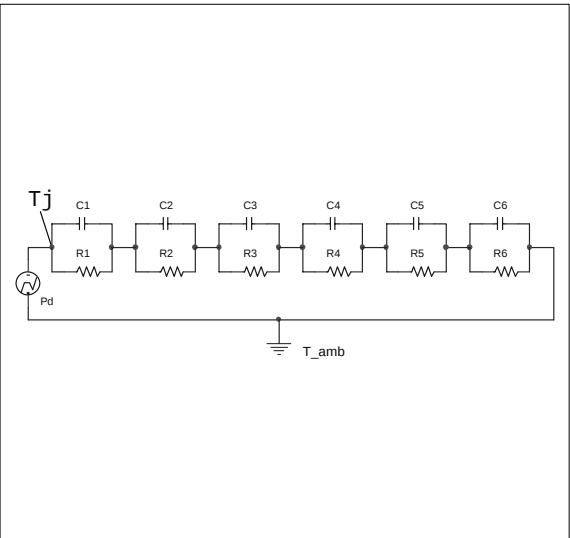
$R_{thj-amb}$ Vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition



PowerSO-10 Thermal Impedance Junction Ambient Single Pulse



Thermal fitting model of a single channel HSD in PowerSO-10



Pulse calculation formula

$$Z_{TH\delta} = R_{TH} \cdot \delta + Z_{THtp}(1 - \delta)$$

where $\delta = t_p / T$

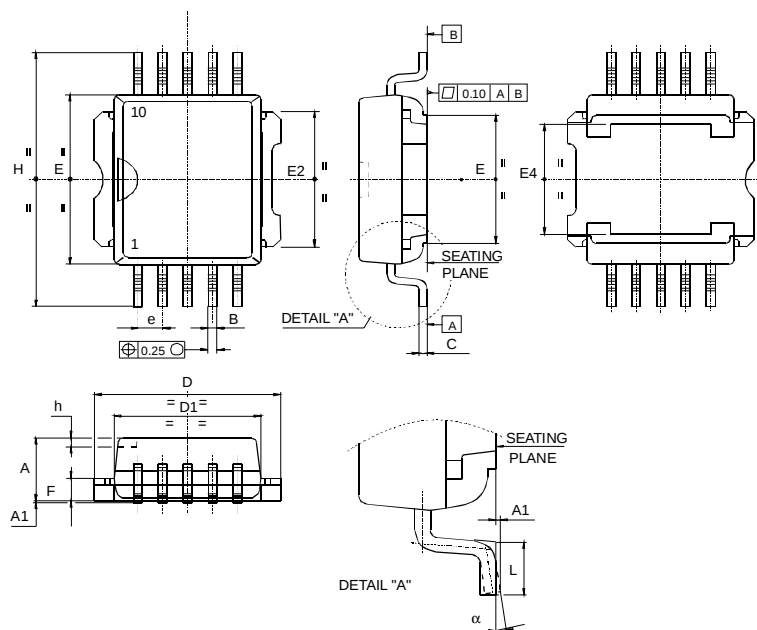
Thermal Parameter

Area/island (cm ²)	Footprint	6
R1 (°C/W)	0.02	
R2 (°C/W)	0.1	
R3 (°C/W)	0.2	
R4 (°C/W)	0.8	
R5 (°C/W)	12	
R6 (°C/W)	37	22
C1 (W.s/°C)	0.0015	
C2 (W.s/°C)	7.00E-03	
C3 (W.s/°C)	0.015	
C4 (W.s/°C)	0.3	
C5 (W.s/°C)	0.75	
C6 (W.s/°C)	3	5

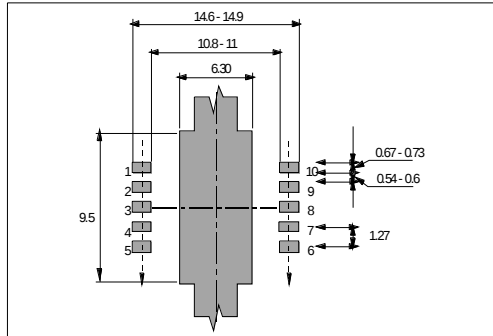
PowerSO-10™ MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	3.35		3.65	0.132		0.144
A (*)	3.4		3.6	0.134		0.142
A1	0.00		0.10	0.000		0.004
B	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
B (*)	0.37		0.53	0.014		0.021
C	0.35		0.55	0.013		0.022
C (*)	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.0126
D	9.40		9.60	0.370		0.378
D1	7.40		7.60	0.291		0.300
E	9.30		9.50	0.366		0.374
E2	7.20		7.60	0.283		300
E2 (*)	7.30		7.50	0.287		0.295
E4	5.90		6.10	0.232		0.240
E4 (*)	5.90		6.30	0.232		0.248
e		1.27			0.050	
F	1.25		1.35	0.049		0.053
F (*)	1.20		1.40	0.047		0.055
H	13.80		14.40	0.543		0.567
H (*)	13.85		14.35	0.545		0.565
h		0.50			0.002	
L	1.20		1.80	0.047		0.070
L (*)	0.80		1.10	0.031		0.043
α	0°		8°	0°		8°
α (*)	2°		8°	2°		8°

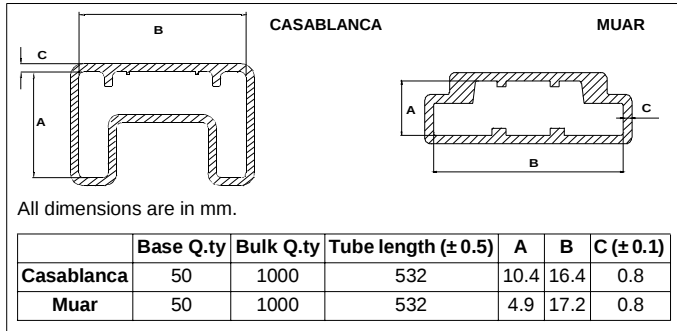
(*) Muar only POA P013P



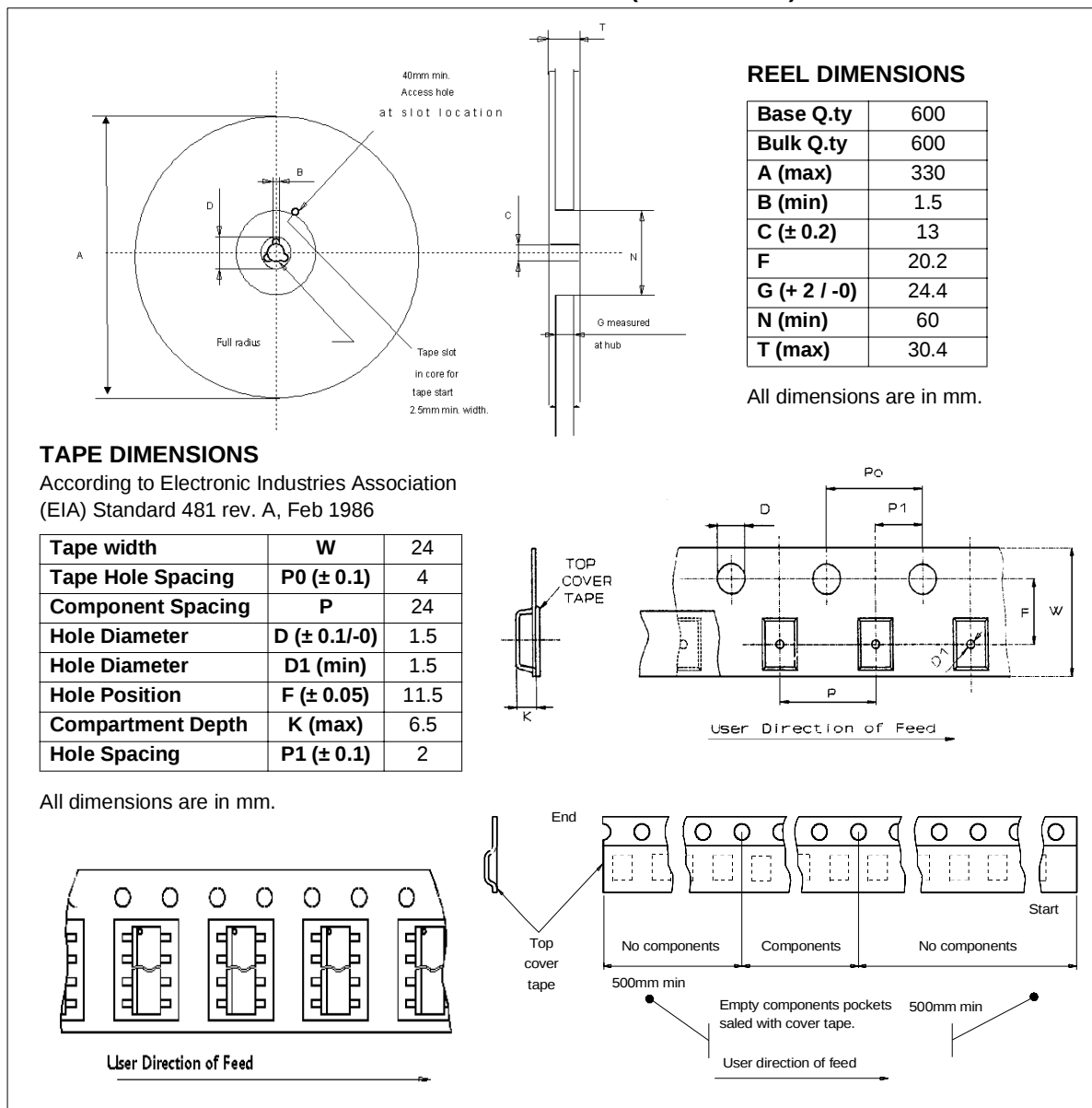
PowerSO-10™ SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT



TUBE SHIPMENT (no suffix)



TAPE AND REEL SHIPMENT (suffix "13TR")



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