



5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

General Description

The MAX823/MAX824/MAX825* microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits combine reset output, watchdog, and manual reset input functions in 5-pin SOT23 and SC70 packages. They significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components. The MAX823/MAX824/MAX825 are specifically designed to ignore fast transients on VCC.

Seven preprogrammed reset threshold voltages are available (see *Reset Threshold Table*). All three devices have an active-low reset output, which is guaranteed to be in the correct state for VCC down to 1V. The MAX823 also offers a watchdog input and manual reset input. The MAX824 offers a watchdog input and a complementary active-high reset. The MAX825 offers a manual reset input and a complementary active-high reset. The *Selector Guide* explains the functions offered in this series of parts.

*Patents Pending

Applications

Computers and Controllers
Embedded Controllers
Intelligent Instruments
Automotive Systems
Critical μ P Monitoring
Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

Reset Threshold Table

SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)
L	4.63
M	4.38
T	3.08
S	2.93
R	2.63
Z (SC70 only)	2.32
Y (SC70 only)	2.19

Features

- ◆ Precision Monitoring of +2.5V, +3V, +3.3V, and +5V Power Supplies
- ◆ Operating Current: 6 μ A (MAX823L/M) (SC70)
2 μ A (MAX825T/S/R/Z/Y) (SC70)
- ◆ Fully Specified Over Temperature
- ◆ 140ms min Power-On Reset
- ◆ Guaranteed RESET Valid to VCC = 1V
- ◆ Power-Supply Transient Immunity
- ◆ Watchdog Timer with 1.6s Timeout (MAX823/MAX824)
- ◆ Manual Reset Input (MAX823/MAX825)
- ◆ No External Components

Ordering Information

PART†	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX823_EXK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX823_EUK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX824_EXK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5

†Insert the desired suffix letter (from the Reset Threshold table) into the blank to complete the part number. All devices are available in tape-and-reel only. There is a 2500 piece minimum order increment.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

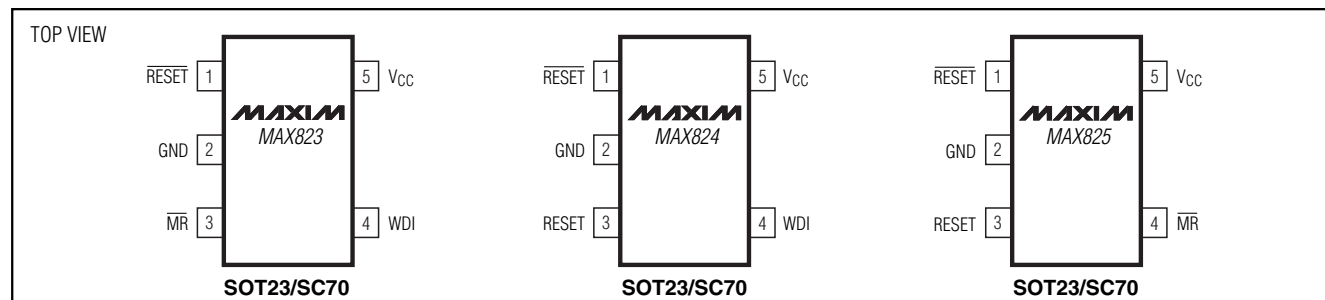
Selector Guide

FUNCTION	MAX823	MAX824	MAX825
Active-Low Reset	✓	✓	✓
Active-High Reset	—	✓	✓
Watchdog Input	✓	✓	—
Manual Reset Input	✓	—	✓

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Marking Information appears at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations



5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CC}.....-0.3V to +6.0V
 All Other Pins.....-0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
 Input Current, All Pins Except RESET and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$20mA
 Output Current, RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$20mA
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
 5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C).....247mW

5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C).....571mW
 Operating Temperature Range
 MAX82_EXK.....-40°C to +85°C
 MAX82_EUK.....-40°C to +125°C
 Storage Temperature Range.....-65°C to +150°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s).....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +4.75V to +5.5V for MAX82_L, V_{CC} = +4.5V to +5.5V for MAX82_M, V_{CC} = +3.15V to +3.6V for MAX82_T, V_{CC} = +3V to +3.6V for MAX82_S, V_{CC} = +2.7V to +3.6V for MAX82_R, V_{CC} = +2.38V to +2.75V for MAX82_Z, V_{CC} = +2.25V to +2.75V for MAX82_Y, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, T_A = -40°C to +85°C (SC70), T_A = -40°C to +125°C (SOT23), unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC}	T _A = 0°C to +70°C		1.0		5.5	V
		T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}		1.2			
Supply Current (SOT23 Only)	I _{SUPPLY}	WDI and $\overline{\text{MR}}$ unconnected	MAX823L/M MAX824L/M		10	24	μA
			MAX823T/S/R/Z/Y MAX824T/S/R/Z/Y		5	12	
		$\overline{\text{MR}}$ unconnected	MAX825L/M		4.5	12	
			MAX825T/S/R/Z/Y		3	8	
Supply Current (SC70 Only)	I _{SUPPLY}	WDI and $\overline{\text{MR}}$ unconnected	MAX823L/M MAX824L/M		6	17	μA
			MAX823T/S/R/Z/Y MAX824T/S/R/Z/Y		4	12	
		$\overline{\text{MR}}$ unconnected	MAX825L/M		3	8	
			MAX825T/S/R/Z/Y		2	6	
Reset Threshold	V _{RST}	MAX82_L	T _A = +25°C	4.56	4.63	4.70	V
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	4.50		4.75	
		MAX82_M	T _A = +25°C	4.31	4.38	4.45	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	4.25		4.50	
		MAX82_T	T _A = +25°C	3.04	3.08	3.11	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	3.00		3.15	
		MAX82_S	T _A = +25°C	2.89	2.93	2.96	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	2.85		3.00	
		MAX82_R	T _A = +25°C	2.59	2.63	2.66	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	2.55		2.70	
		MAX82_Z (SC70 only)	T _A = +25°C	2.28	2.32	2.35	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	2.25		2.38	
		MAX82_Y (SC70 only)	T _A = +25°C	2.16	2.19	2.22	
			T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	2.13		2.25	

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = +4.75V$ to $+5.5V$ for MAX82_L, $V_{CC} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$ for MAX82_M, $V_{CC} = +3.15V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_T, $V_{CC} = +3V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_S, $V_{CC} = +2.7V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_R, $V_{CC} = +2.38V$ to $+2.75V$ for MAX82_Z, $V_{CC} = +2.25V$ to $+2.75V$ for MAX82_Y, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ (SC70), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ (SOT23), unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Reset Threshold Hysteresis		MAX82_L/M	10			mV
		MAX82_T/S/R/Z/Y	5			
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient			40			ppm/°C
Reset Timeout Period	t _{RP}		140	200	280	ms
V _{CC} to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Delay		V _{RST} - V _{CC} = 100mV	20			μs
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Voltage	V _{OH}	MAX82_L/M, V _{CC} = V _{RST} max, I _{SOURCE} = 120μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			V
		MAX82_T/S/R/Z/Y, V _{CC} = V _{RST} max, I _{SOURCE} = 30μA	0.8 × V _{CC}			
	V _{OL}	MAX82_L/M, V _{CC} = V _{RST} min, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	0.4			
		MAX82_T/S/R/Z/Y V _{CC} = V _{RST} min, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.3			
		T _A = 0°C to +70°C, V _{CC} = 1V, V _{CC} falling, I _{SINK} = 50μA	0.3			
		T _A = T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} , V _{CC} = 1.2V, V _{CC} falling, V _{BATT} = 0V, I _{SINK} = 100μA				
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 2)	I _{SOURCE}	MAX82_L/M, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ = 0V, V _{CC} = 5.5V	800			μA
		MAX82_T/S/R/Z/Y, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ = 0V, V _{CC} = 3.6V	400			
RESET Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{CC} > 1.8V, I _{SOURCE} = 150μA	0.8 × V _{CC}			V
	V _{OL}	MAX824L/M, MAX825L/M, V _{CC} = V _{RST} max, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	0.4			
		MAX824T/S/R/Z/Y, MAX825T/S/R/Z/Y, V _{CC} = V _{RST} max, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.3			
WATCHDOG INPUT (MAX823/MAX824)						
Watchdog Timeout Period	t _{WD}		1.12	1.60	2.40	s
WDI Pulse Width	t _{WDI}	V _{IL} = 0.4V, V _{IH} = 0.8 × V _{CC}	50			ns
WDI Input Voltage (Note 3)	V _{IL}		0.3 × V _{CC}			V
	V _{IH}		0.7 × V _{CC}			
WDI Input Current (Note 4)		WDI = V _{CC} , time average	120			μA
		WDI = 0, time average	-20			
			-15			

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = +4.75V$ to $+5.5V$ for MAX82_L, $V_{CC} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$ for MAX82_M, $V_{CC} = +3.15V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_T, $V_{CC} = +3V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_S, $V_{CC} = +2.7V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX82_R, $V_{CC} = +2.38V$ to $+2.75V$ for MAX82_Z, $V_{CC} = +2.25V$ to $+2.75V$ for MAX82_Y, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ (SC70), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ (SOT23), unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
MANUAL RESET INPUT (MAX823/MAX825)						
$\overline{MR}$ Input Voltage	V_{IL}		$0.3 \times V_{CC}$			V
	V_{IH}		$0.7 \times V_{CC}$			
$\overline{MR}$ Pulse Width			1.0			μs
$\overline{MR}$ Noise Immunity (pulse width with no reset)			100			ns
$\overline{MR}$ to Reset Delay			500			ns
$\overline{MR}$ Pullup Resistance (internal)			35	52	75	$k\Omega$

Note 1: Over-temperature limits are guaranteed by design and not production tested.

Note 2: The $\overline{RESET}$ short-circuit current is the maximum pullup current when $\overline{RESET}$ is driven low by a μP bidirectional reset pin.

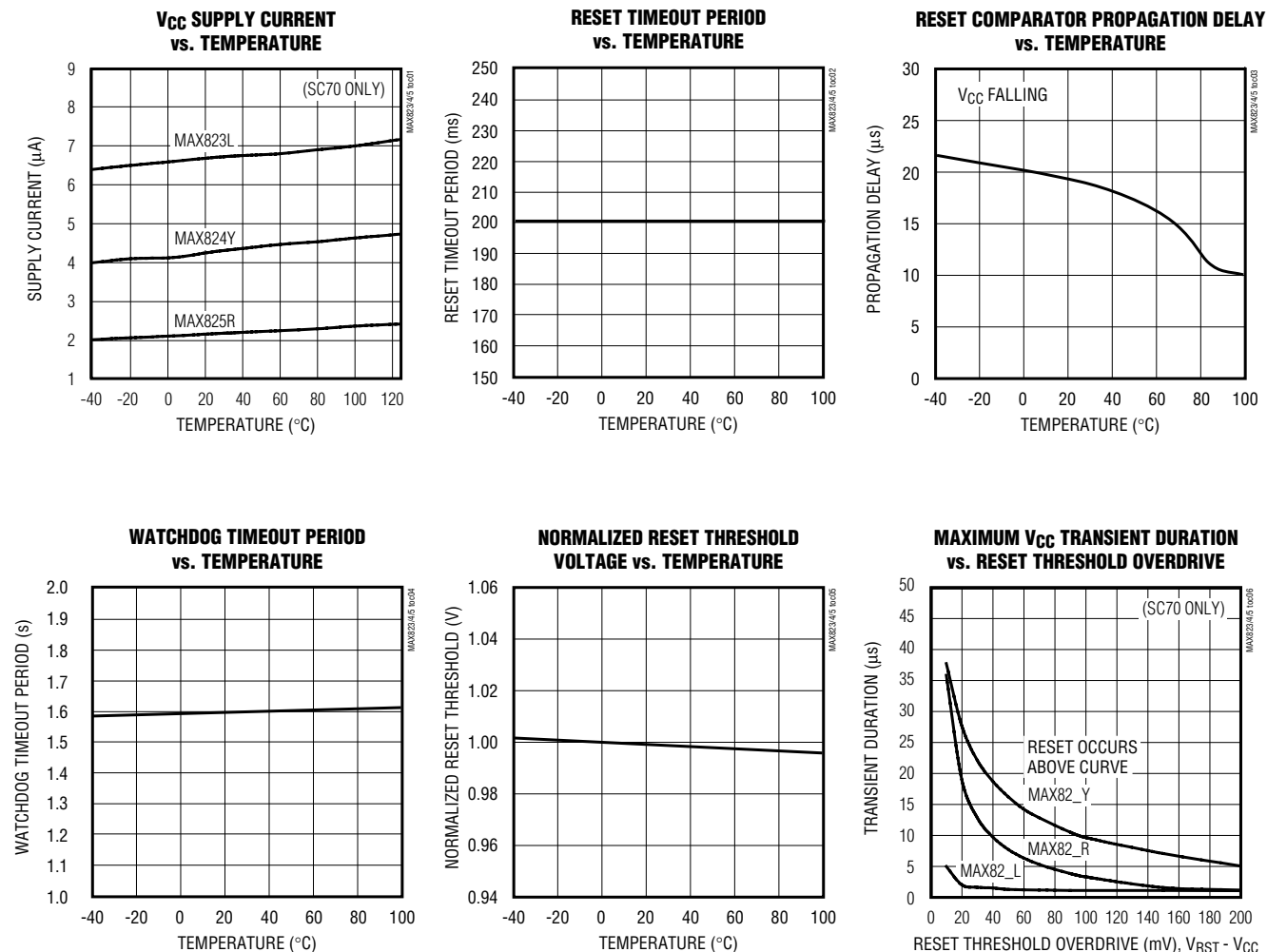
Note 3: WDI is internally serviced within the watchdog period if WDI is left unconnected.

Note 4: The WDI input current is specified as the average input current when the WDI input is driven high or low. The WDI input is designed to drive a three-stated output device with a $10\mu A$ maximum leakage current and a maximum capacitive load of $200pF$. This output device must be able to source and sink at least $200\mu A$ when active.

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Typical Operating Characteristics

MAX823_, $V_{CC} = +5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Pin Description

PIN			NAME	FUNCTION
MAX823	MAX824	MAX825		
1	1	1	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active-Low Reset Output. Pulses low for 200ms when triggered, and remains low whenever V_{CC} is below the reset threshold or when $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is a logic low. It remains low for 200ms after one of the following occurs: V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold, the watchdog triggers a reset, or $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes low to high.
2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	—	4	$\overline{\text{MR}}$	Manual Reset Input. A logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts reset. Reset remains asserted as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is held low and for 200ms after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ returns high. The active-low input has an internal 52k Ω pullup resistor. It can be driven from a CMOS logic line or shorted to ground with a switch. Leave open or connect to V_{CC} if unused.
—	3	3	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. Inverse of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.
4	4	—	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains either high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period, the internal watchdog timer runs out and a reset is triggered. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, or whenever WDI sees a rising or falling edge. If WDI is left unconnected or is connected to a three-stated buffer output, the watchdog feature is disabled.
5	5	5	VCC	Supply Voltage

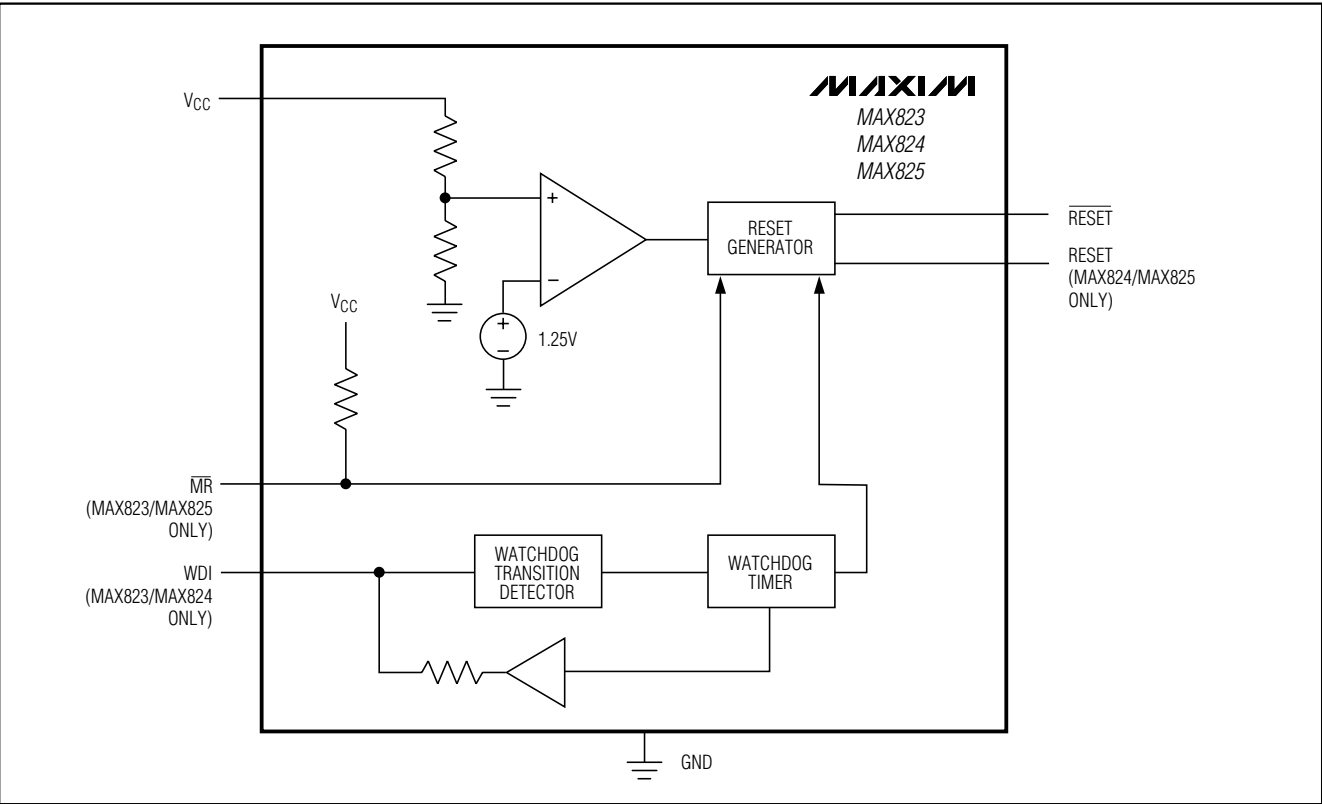


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Detailed Description

RESET Output

A microprocessor's (μP 's) reset input starts the μP in a known state. The MAX823/MAX824/MAX825 μP supervisory circuits assert a reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is guaranteed to be a logic low for V_{CC} down to 1V. Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low for the specified reset timeout period (t_{RP}); after this interval, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ returns high (Figure 2).

If a brownout condition occurs (V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold), $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes low. Each time $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted it stays low for the reset timeout period. Any time V_{CC} goes below the reset threshold the internal timer restarts. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ both sources and sinks current. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ on the MAX824/MAX825 is the inverse of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

Manual Reset Input (MAX823/MAX825)

Many μP -based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. On the MAX823/MAX825, a logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low, and for t_{RP} (200ms nominal) after it returns high. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ has an internal 52k Ω pullup resistor, so it can be left open if not used. This input can be driven with CMOS logic levels or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND to create a manual-reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is driven from long cables or the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a 0.1 μF capacitor from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND to provide additional noise immunity.

Watchdog Input (MAX823/MAX824)

In the MAX823/MAX824, the watchdog circuit monitors the μP 's activity. If the μP does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within t_{WD} (1.6s), reset asserts. The internal 1.6s timer is cleared by either a reset pulse or by toggling WDI, which detects pulses as short as 50ns. While reset is asserted, the timer remains cleared and does not count. As soon as reset is released, the timer starts counting (Figure 3).

Disable the watchdog function by leaving WDI unconnected or by three-stating the driver connected to WDI. The watchdog input is internally driven low during the first 7/8 of the watchdog timeout period and high for the last 1/8 of the watchdog timeout period. When WDI is left unconnected, this internal driver clears the 1.6s timer every 1.4s. When WDI is three-stated or unconnected, the maximum allowable leakage current is 10 μA and the maximum allowable load capacitance is 200pF.

Applications Information

Watchdog Input Current

The MAX823/MAX824 WDI inputs are internally driven through a buffer and series resistor from the watchdog counter (Figure 1). When WDI is left unconnected, the watchdog timer is serviced within the watchdog timeout period by a low-high-low pulse from the counter chain. For minimum watchdog input current (minimum overall power consumption), leave WDI low for the majority of the watchdog timeout period, pulsing it low-high-low once within the first 7/8 of the watchdog timeout period to reset the watchdog timer. If WDI is externally driven high for the majority of the timeout period, up to 160 μA can flow into WDI.

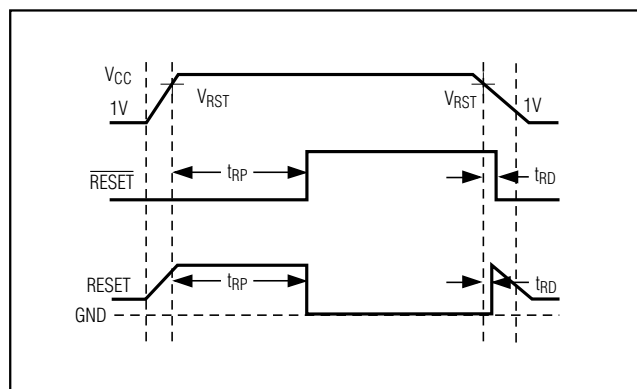


Figure 2. Reset Timing Diagram

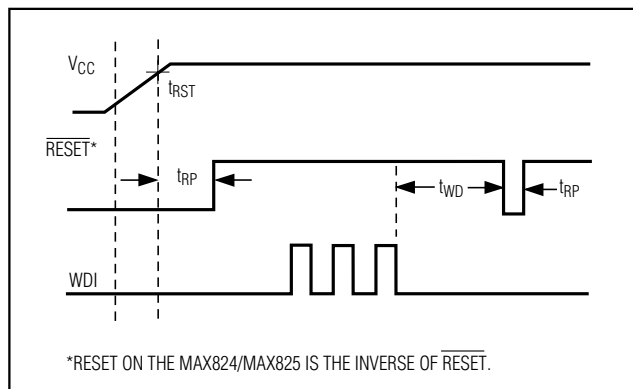


Figure 3. MAX823/MAX824 Watchdog Timing Relationship

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Interfacing to μ Ps with Bidirectional Reset Pins

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output maximum pullup current is 800 μ A for L/M versions (400 μ A for T/S/R/Z/Y versions). This allows μ Ps with bidirectional resets, such as the 68HC11, to force $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low when the MAX823/MAX824/MAX825 are pulling $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ high (Figure 4).

Negative-Going Vcc Transients

These supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going Vcc transients (glitches), which usually do not require the entire system to shut down. Resets are issued to the μ P during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.

The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show a graph of the MAX823's Maximum Vcc Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive, for which reset pulses are **not** generated. The graph was produced using negative-going Vcc pulses, starting at 5V and ending below the reset threshold by the magnitude indicated (reset threshold overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative-going Vcc transient can typically have without triggering a reset pulse. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases.

An optional 0.1 μ F bypass capacitor mounted close to Vcc provides additional transient immunity.

Watchdog Software Considerations (MAX823/MAX824)

One way to help the watchdog timer monitor software execution more closely is to set and reset the watchdog input at different points in the program, rather than pulsing the watchdog input high-low-high or low-high-low. This technique avoids a stuck loop, in which the watchdog timer would continue to be reset inside the loop, keeping the watchdog from timing out.

Figure 5 shows an example of a flow diagram where the I/O driving the watchdog input is set high at the beginning of the program, set low at the beginning of every subroutine or loop, then set high again when the program returns to the beginning. If the program should hang in any subroutine, the problem would quickly be corrected, since the I/O is continually set low and the watchdog timer is allowed to time out, causing a reset or interrupt to be issued. As described in the *Watchdog Input Current* section, this scheme results in higher time average WDI input current than does leaving WDI low for the majority of the timeout period and periodically pulsing it low-high-low.

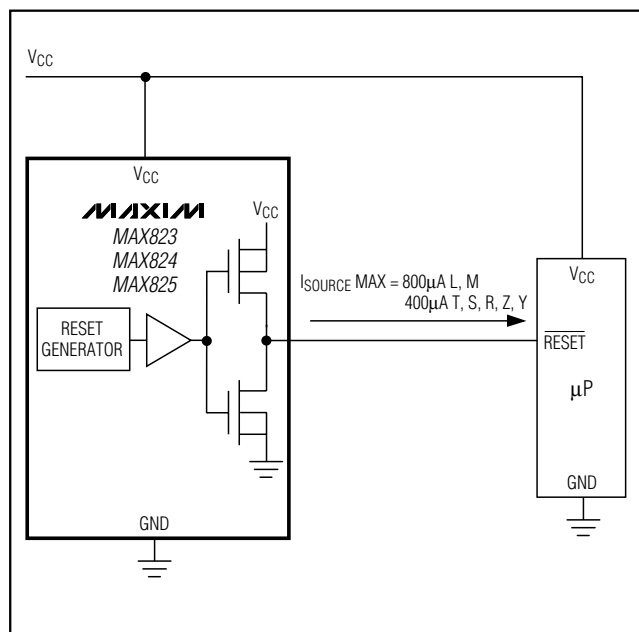


Figure 4. Interfacing to μ Ps with Bidirectional Resets

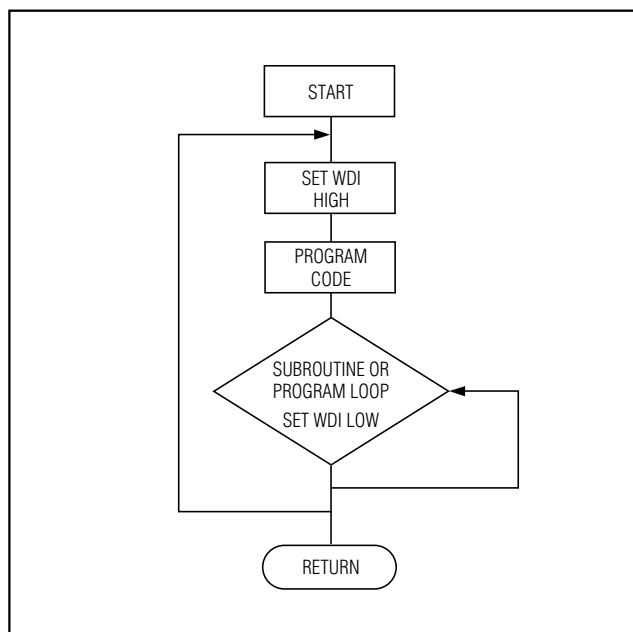
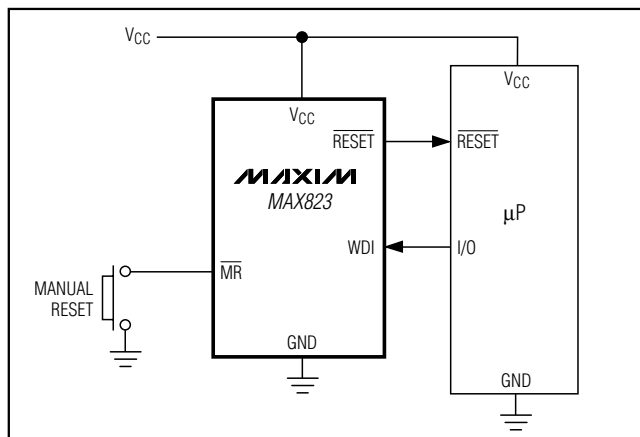


Figure 5. Watchdog Flow Diagram

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Typical Operating Circuit



Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 607
PROCESS TECHNOLOGY: BiCMOS

Ordering Information (continued)

PART [†]	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX824_EUK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX825_EXK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX825_EUK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5

[†]Insert the desired suffix letter (from the Reset Threshold table) into the blank to complete the part number. All devices are available in tape-and-reel only. There is a 2,500 piece minimum order increment.

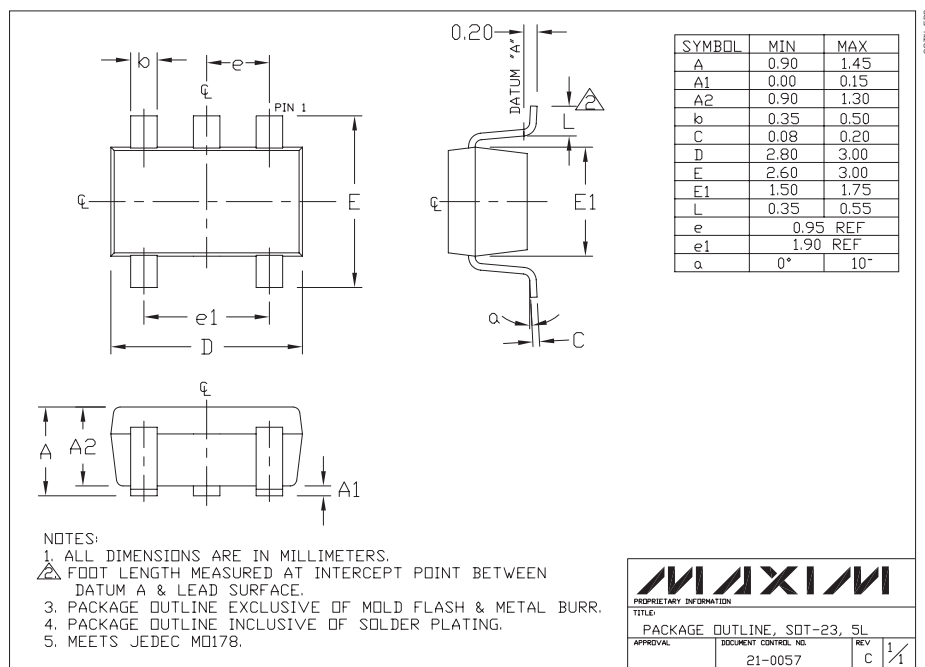
Marking Information

MARKING INFORMATION (TOP)	
XXXX _i	(SOT ONLY)
AAAI	MAX823L
AAAJ	MAX823M
AAAK	MAX823T
AAAL	MAX823S
AAAM	MAX823R
AAAN	MAX824L
AAAO	MAX824M
AAAP	MAX824T
AAAQ	MAX824S
AAAR	MAX824R
AAAS	MAX825L
AAAT	MAX825M
AAAU	MAX825T
AAAV	MAX825S
AAAW	MAX825R

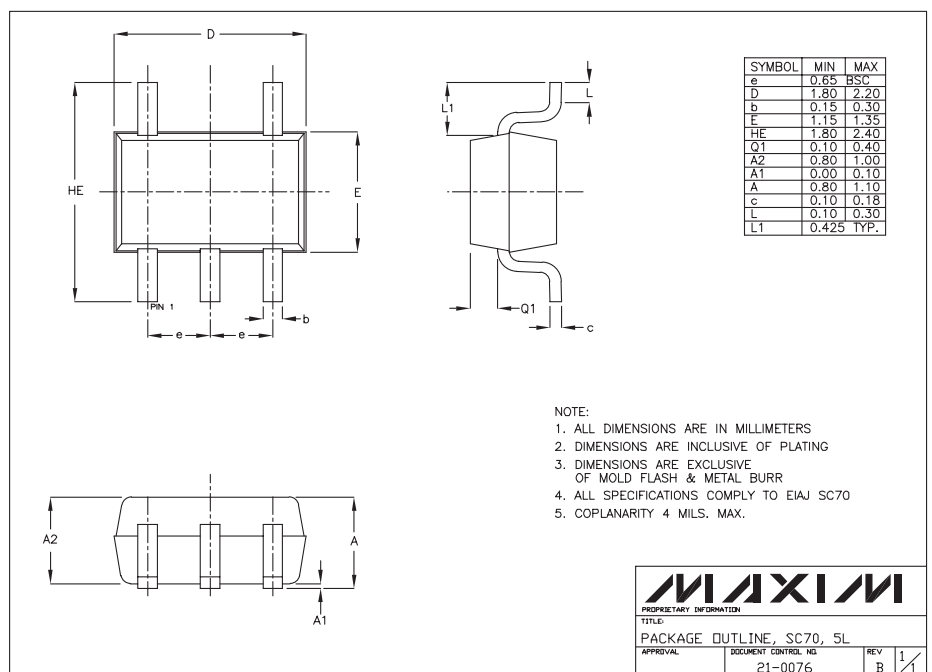
MARKING INFORMATION (TOP)	
XXXX _i	(SC70 ONLY)
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AAM	MAX823M
AAP	MAX823R
AAO	MAX823S
AAN	MAX823T
AAR	MAX823Y
AAQ	MAX823Z
AAS	MAX824L
AAT	MAX824M
AAW	MAX824R
AAV	MAX824S
AAU	MAX824T
AAY	MAX824Y
AAZ	MAX824Z
ABA	MAX825M
ABD	MAX825R
ABC	MAX825S
ABB	MAX825T
ABF	MAX825Y
ABE	MAX825Z

5-Pin Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits With Watchdog Timer and Manual Reset

Package Information



SOT23, 5L



SC70, 5L

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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