- **Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails**
- **Low Noise . . . 19 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz**
- **Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ**
- **Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation**
- **Very Low Power . . . 35 μA Per Channel Typ**
- **Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail**
- **Low Input Offset Voltage 850 μV Max at T_A = 25°C (TLC225xA)**
- **Macromodel Included**
- **Performance Upgrades for the TS27L2/L4 and TLC27L2/L4**
- **Available in Q–Temp Automotive HighRel Automotive Applications Configuration Control / Print Support Qualification to Automotive Standards**

description

The TLC2252 and TLC2254 are dual and quadruple operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC225x family consumes only 35 μA of supply current per channel. This micropower operation makes them good choices for battery-powered applications. The noise performance has been dramatically improved over previous generations of CMOS amplifiers. Looking at Figure 1, the TLC225x has a noise level of 19 nV/√Hz at 1kHz; four times lower than competitive micropower solutions.

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

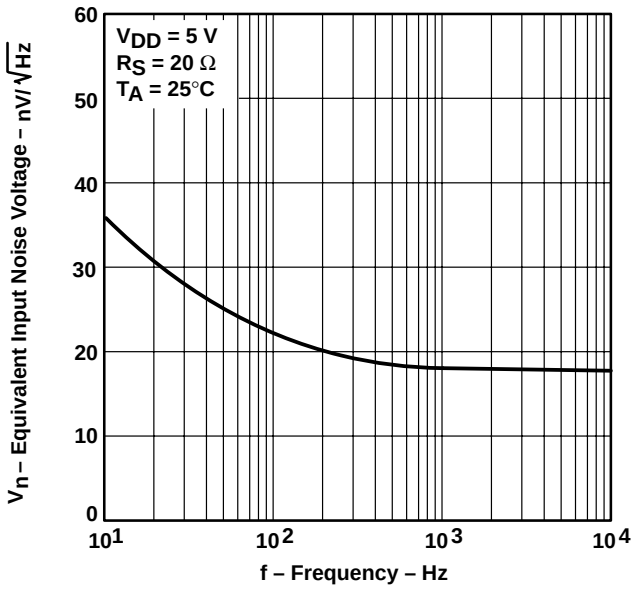


Figure 1

The TLC225x amplifiers, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC225xA family is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 850 μV. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and ±5 V.

The TLC2252/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC27L2/L4 or TS27L2/L4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage, and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage ranges, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442 devices. If the design requires single amplifiers, please see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

TLC2252 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T_A	V_{IO}max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (U)
0°C to 70°C	1500 µV	TLC2252CD	—	—	TLC2252CP	TLC2252CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV	TLC2252AID	—	—	TLC2252AIP	TLC2252AIPW	—
	1500 µV	TLC2252ID	—	—	TLC2252IP	—	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV	TLC2252AQD	—	—	—	—	—
	1500 µV	TLC2252QD	—	—	—	—	—
–55°C to 125°C	850 µV	—	TLC2252AMFK	TLC2252AMJG	—	—	TLC2252AMU
	1500 µV	—	TLC2252MFK	TLC2252MJG	—	—	TLC2252MU

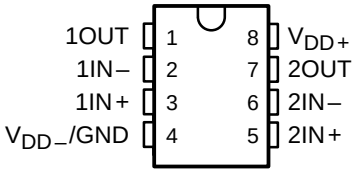
† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2262CDR).
‡ The PW package is available only left-ended taped and reeled.
§ Chip forms are tested at 25°C only.

TLC2254 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

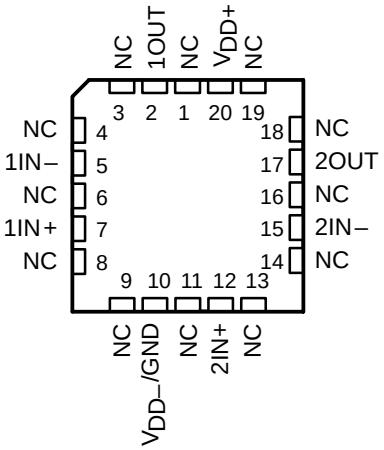
T_A	V_{IO}max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (W)
0°C to 70°C	1500 µV	TLC2254CD	—	—	TLC2254CN	TLC2254CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV	TLC2254AID	—	—	TLC2254AIN	TLC2254AIPW	—
	1500 µV	TLC2254ID	—	—	TLC2254IN	—	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV	TLC2254AQD	—	—	—	—	—
	1500 µV	TLC2254QD	—	—	—	—	—
–55°C to 125°C	850 µV	—	TLC2254AMFK	TLC2254AMJ	—	—	TLC2254AMW
	1500 µV	—	TLC2254MFK	TLC2254MJ	—	—	TLC2254MW

† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TLC2254CDR).
‡ The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.
§ Chip forms are tested at 25°C only.

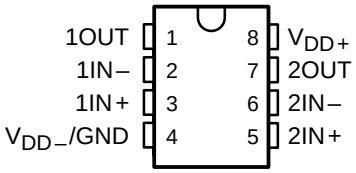
TLC2252C, TLC2252AC
TLC2252I, TLC2252AI
TLC2252Q, TLC2252AQ
D, P, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



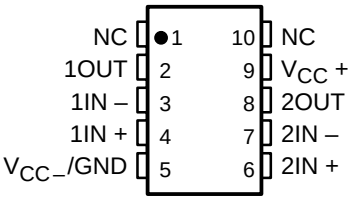
TLC2252M, TLC2252AM . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



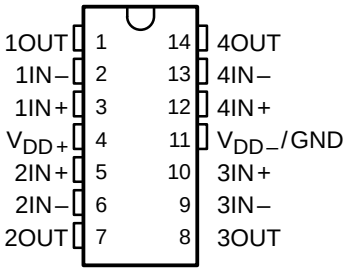
TLC2252M, TLC2252AM . . . JG PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



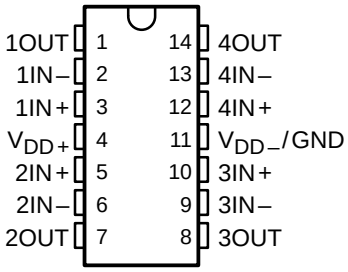
TLC2262M, TLC2252AM . . . U PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



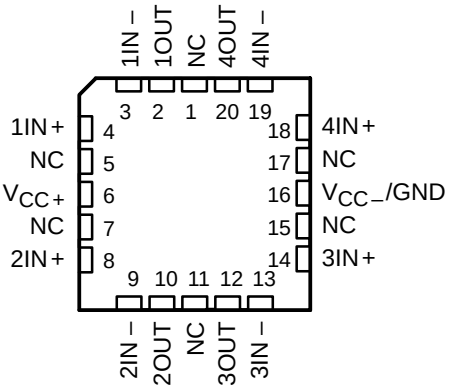
TLC2254C, TLC2254AC
TLC2254I, TLC2254AI
TLC2254Q, TLC2254AQ
D, N, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TLC2254M, TLC2254AM
J OR W PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

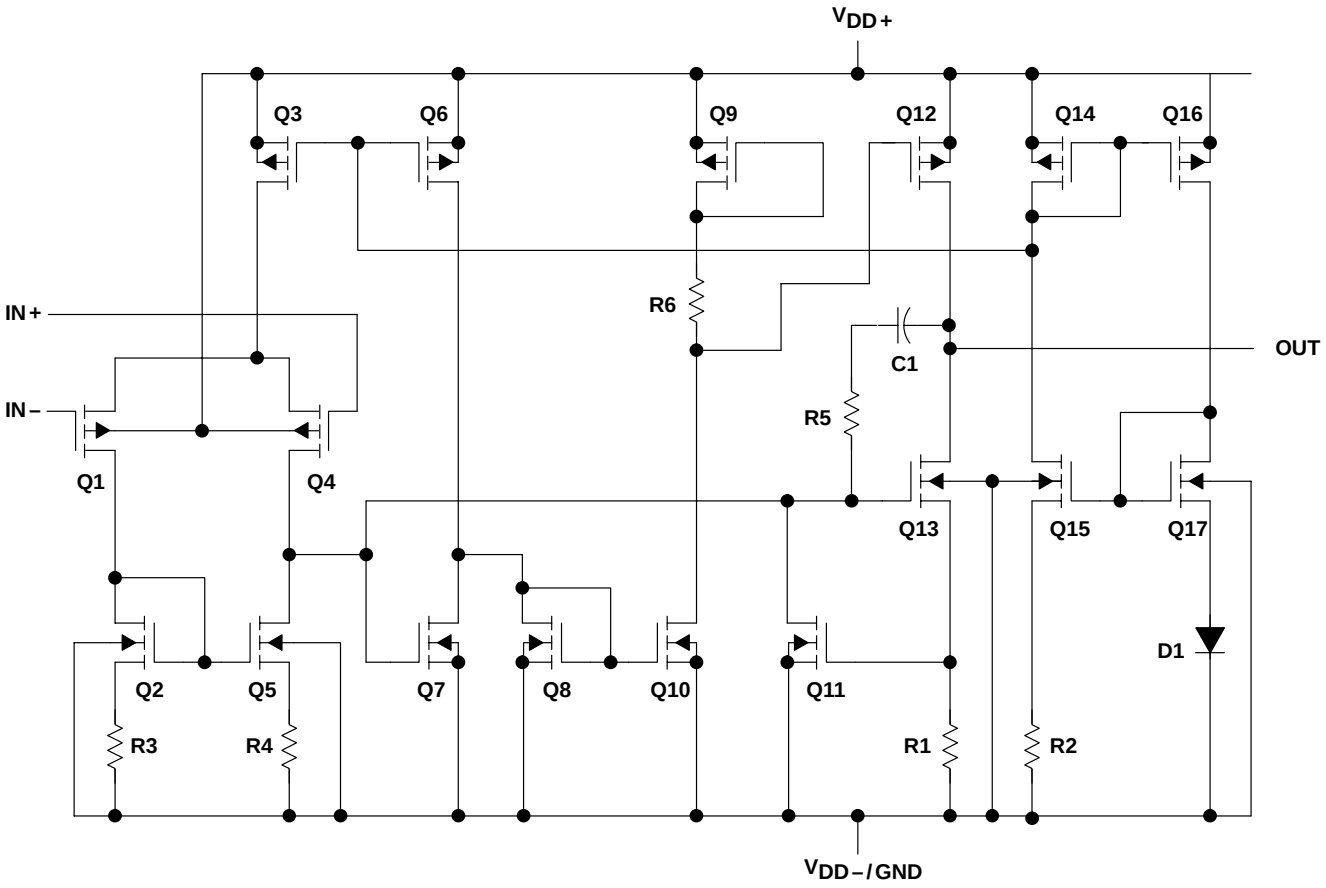


TLC2254M, TLC2254AM
FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT†		
COMPONENT	**TLC2252**	**TLC2254**
Transistors	38	76
Resistors	30	56
Diodes	9	18
Capacitors	3	6

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD+} (see Note 1) . . . . . 8 V
Supply voltage, V_{DD-} (see Note 1) . . . . . –8 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2) . . . . . ±16 V
Input voltage, V_I (any input, see Note 1) . . . . . ±8 V
Input current, I_I (each input) . . . . . ±5 mA
Output current, I_O . . . . . ±50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+} . . . . . ±50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-} . . . . . ±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3) . . . . . unlimited
Continuous total dissipation . . . . . See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A: C suffix . . . . . 0°C to 70°C
I suffix . . . . . –40°C to 125°C
Q suffix . . . . . –40°C to 125°C
M suffix . . . . . –55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} . . . . . –65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds . . . . . 260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-}.
2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN–. Excessive current flows when input is brought below V_{DD-} – 0.3 V.
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \le 25°C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25°C$	$T_A = 70°C$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85°C$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125°C$ POWER RATING
D–8	724 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	144 mW
D–14	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	450 mW	190 mW
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
JG	1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	275 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	736 mW	—
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	—
PW–8	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	273 mW	—
PW–14	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW	448 mW	—
U	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	246 mW	330 mW	150 mW
W	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	246 mW	330 mW	150 mW

recommended operating conditions

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		Q SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage range, V_I	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0	70	–40	125	–40	125	–55	125	°C

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0,	$V_{DD}\pm$ = ±2.5 V, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		200	1500	µV
				Full range			1750	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		0.5		µV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		µV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60	pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 µA		25°C		4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 µA		25°C	4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 µA		25°C	4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 µA	25°C		0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 µA	25°C		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 1 mA	25°C		0.2	0.3	
				Full range			0.3	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		dB
				Full range	70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		70	125	µA
				Full range			150	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, R_L = 100 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0,	25°C		200	1500	µV
				Full range			1750	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		0.5		µV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		µV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60	pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$\|V_{IO}\|$ ≤5 mV,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 µA		25°C		4.98		V
		I_O = −100 µA		25°C	4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			
		I_O = −200 µA		25°C	4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 µA	25°C		−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 µA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 1 mA	25°C	−4.7	−4.8		
				Full range	−4.7			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ	25°C	45	650		V/mV
				Full range	10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		dB
				Full range	75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = 2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = 0,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		80	125	µA
				Full range			150	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion pulse duration	V_O = ±2.3 V, f = 10 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0,	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		200	1500	μV
				Full range			1750	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60	pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 1 mA	25°C		0.2	0.3	
				Full range			0.3	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		dB
				Full range	70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		140	250	μA
				Full range			300	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.4 V to 2.6 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 100 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		200	1500	µV
				Full range			1750	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		0.5		µV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		µV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60	pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$\|V_{IO}\| \le 5$ mV, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 µA		25°C		4.98		V
		I_O = −100 µA		25°C	4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			
		I_O = −200 µA		25°C	4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 µA	25°C		−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 µA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 1 mA	25°C	−4.7	−4.8		
				Full range	−4.7			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150		V/mV
				Full range	10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		dB
				Full range	75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = 0,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		160	250	µA
				Full range			300	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ± 2.3 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_{IC} = 0,	V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 85°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700			1700		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200			200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		70	125		70	125	μA
				Full range			150			150	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, R_L = 100 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36			36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0,	25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 85°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	|V_{IO}| ≤5 mV	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			4.7			
		I_O = −200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	40	150		40	150		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000			3000		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190			190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		80	125		80	125	μA
				Full range			150			150	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38			38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 10 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21			0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14			14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700			1700		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200			200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, V_O = 2.5 V, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		140	250		140	250	μA
				Full range			300			300	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.4 V to 2.6 V, R_L = 100 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36			36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω, $\|V_{IO}\| \le$ 5 mV		25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			4.7			
		I_O = −200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150		40	150		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000			3000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190			190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		160	250		160	250	μA
				Full range			300			300	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38			38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21			0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14			14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700			1700		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	f = 10 kHz,	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200			200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		70	125		70	125	μA
				Full range			150			150	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 0.5 V to 3.5 V, R_L = 100 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36			36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				Full range			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	|V_{IO}| ≤5 mV	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			4.7			
		I_O = −200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150		40	150		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000			3000		
r_{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190			190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = 0,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		80	125		80	125	μA
				Full range			150			150	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±2 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38			38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 10 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21			0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14			14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				125°C			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				125°C			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94		
				Full range	4.8			4.8			
		I_{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350		100	350		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		1700			1700		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		200			200		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		140	250		140	250	μA
				Full range			300			300	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 0.5 V to 3.5 V, R_L = 100 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		36			36		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		200	1500		200	850	μV
				Full range			1750			1000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pA
				125°C			1000			1000	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pA
				125°C			1000			1000	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω, $\|V_{IO}\| \le$ 5 mV		25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.98			4.98		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			4.7			
		I_O = −200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150		40	150		V/mV
				Full range	10			10			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		3000			3000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		190			190		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		160	250		160	250	μA
				Full range			300			300	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±2 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38			38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			A_V = 10			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.21			0.21		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		14			14		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2252
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

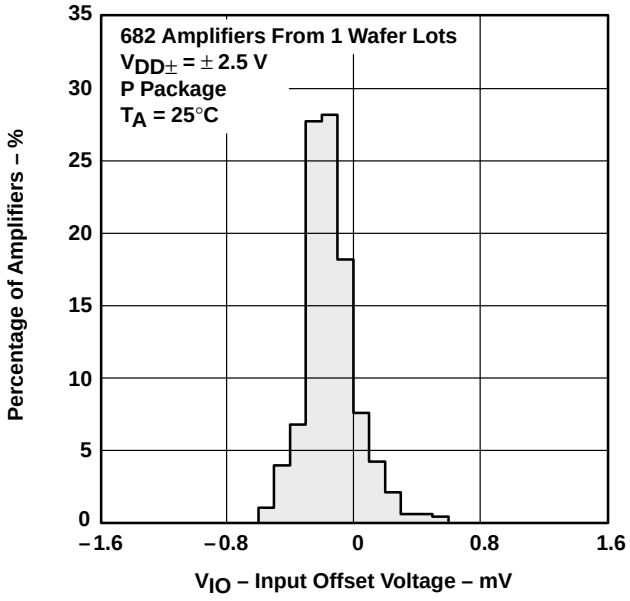


Figure 2

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2252
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

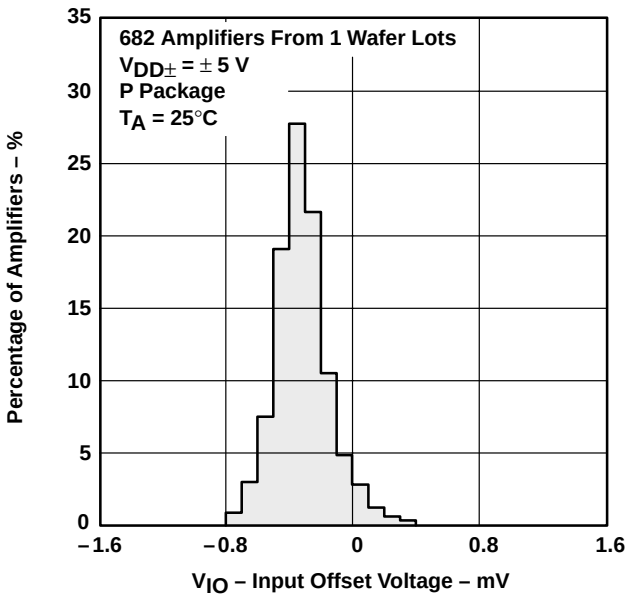


Figure 3

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

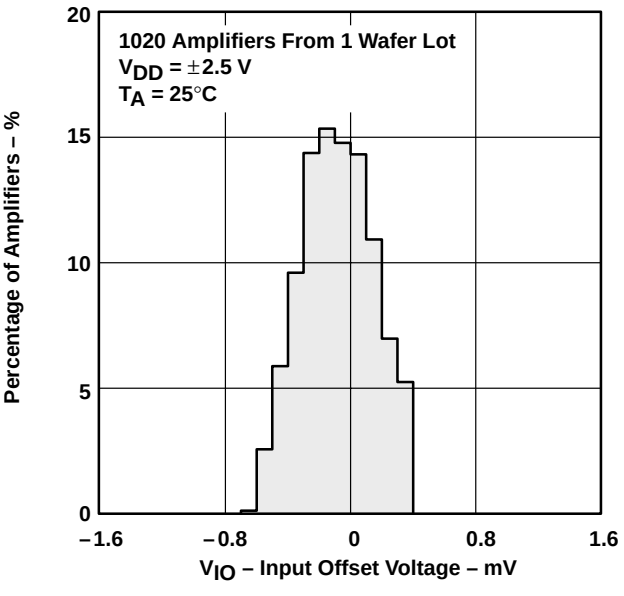


Figure 4

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

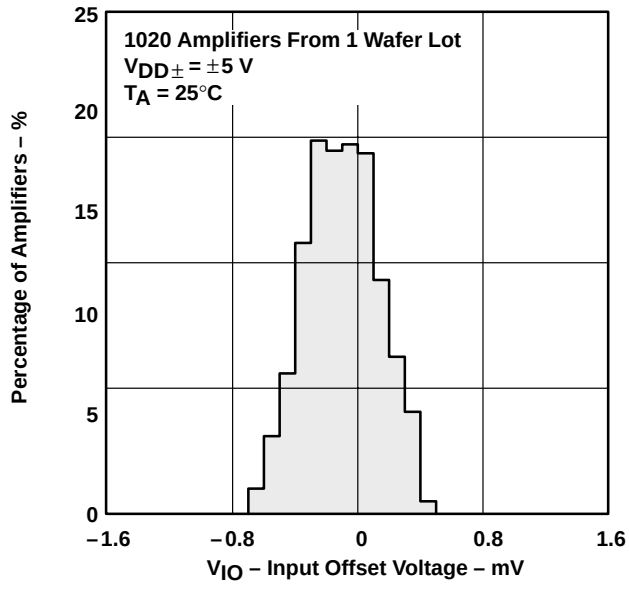


Figure 5

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE† vs COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

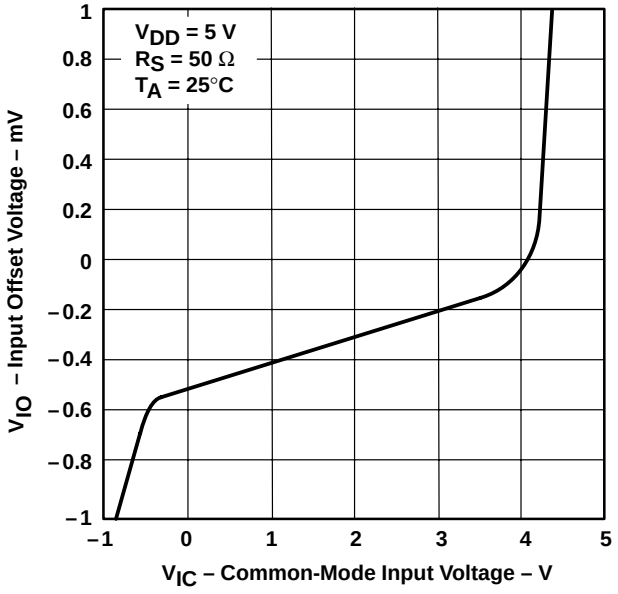


Figure 6

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

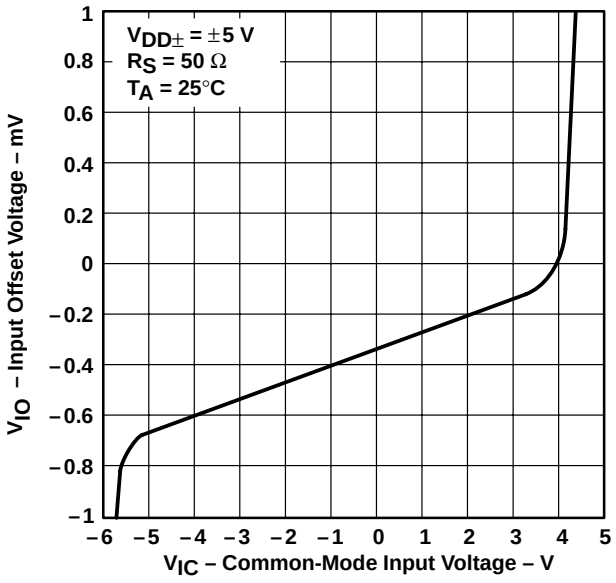


Figure 7

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2252 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

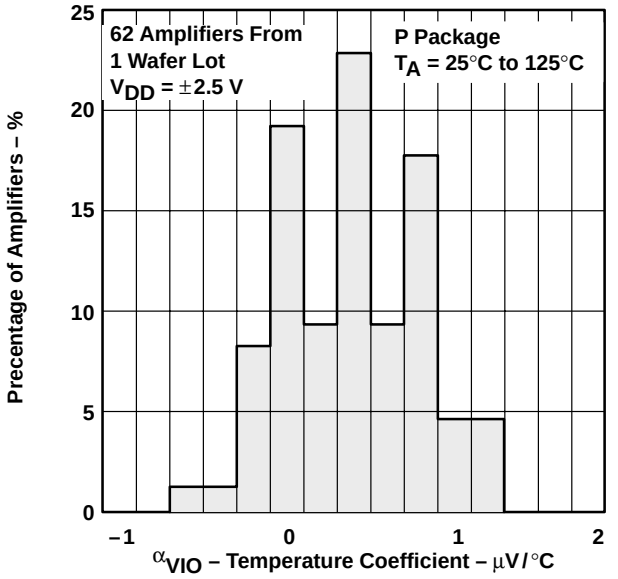


Figure 8

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2252 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

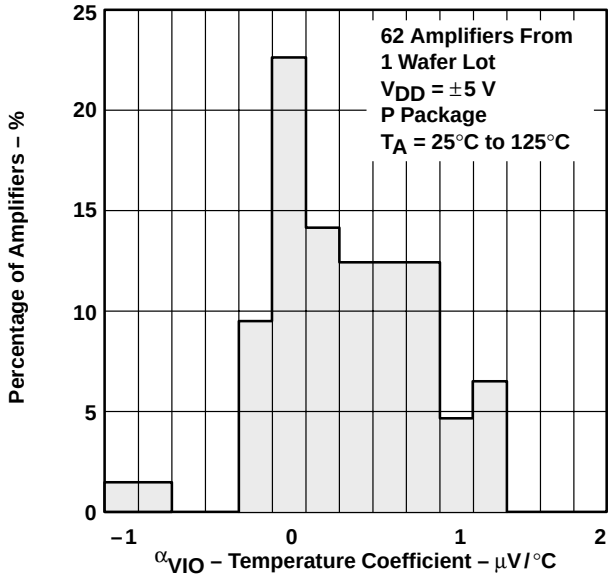


Figure 9

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

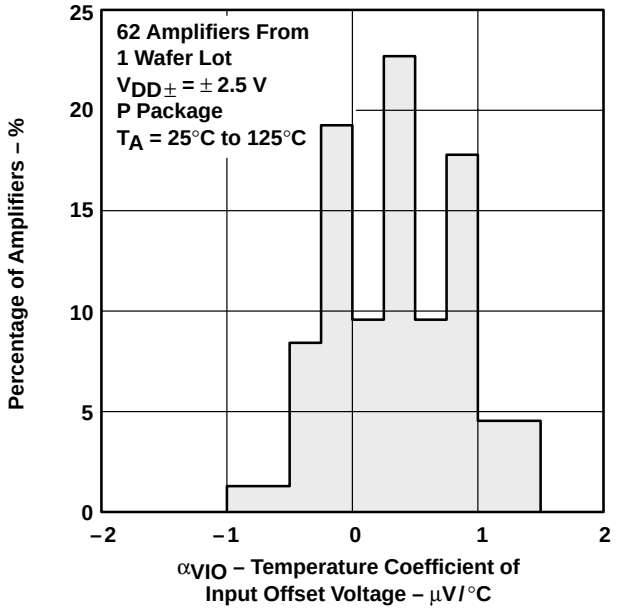


Figure 10

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

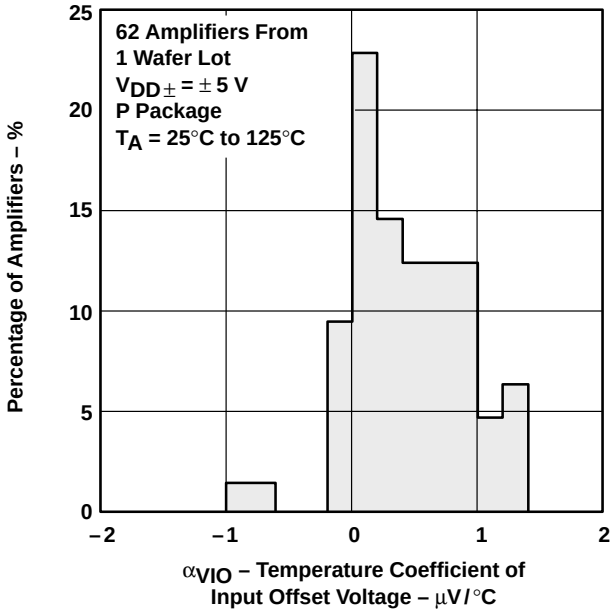


Figure 11

INPUT BIAS AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENTS† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

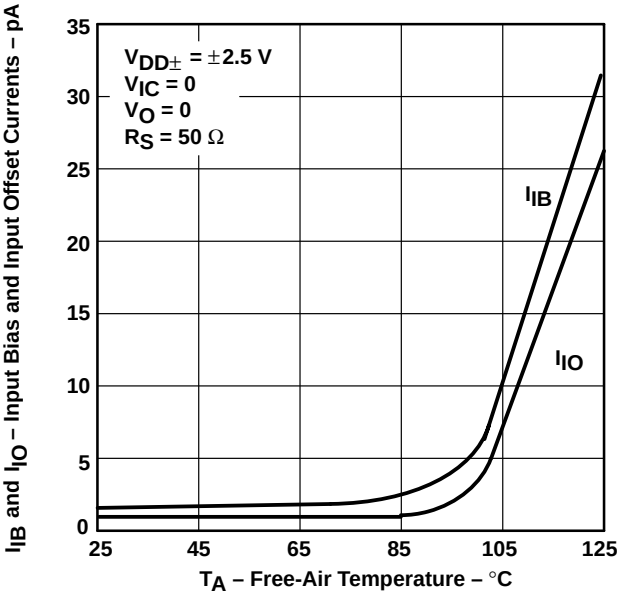


Figure 12

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

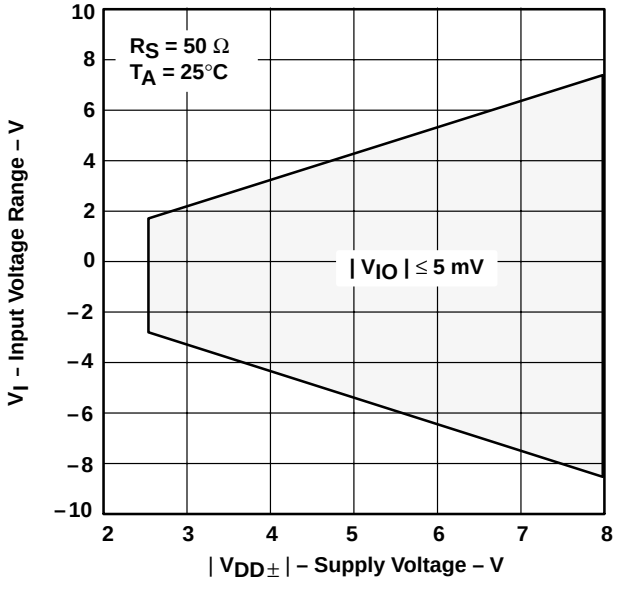


Figure 13

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

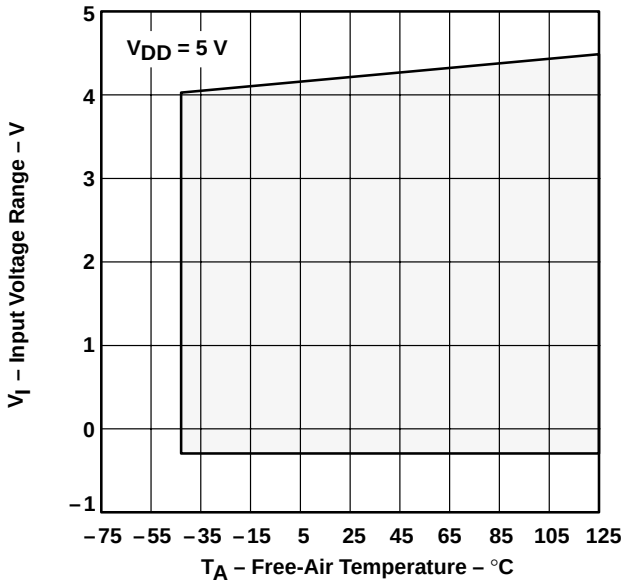


Figure 14

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†‡ vs HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

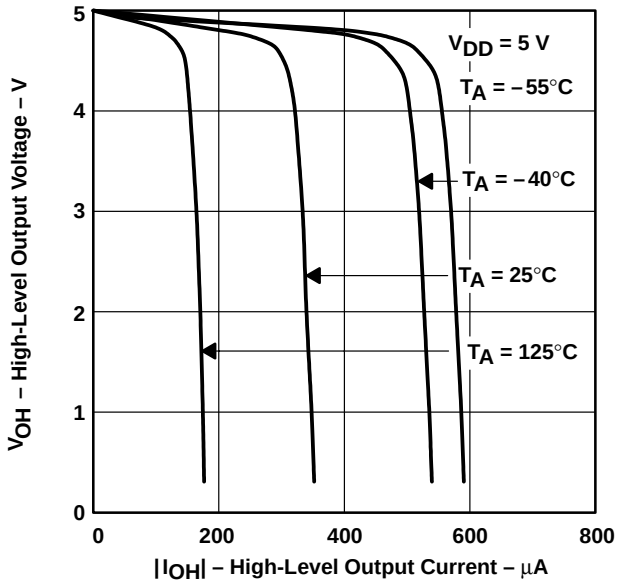


Figure 15

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡ vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

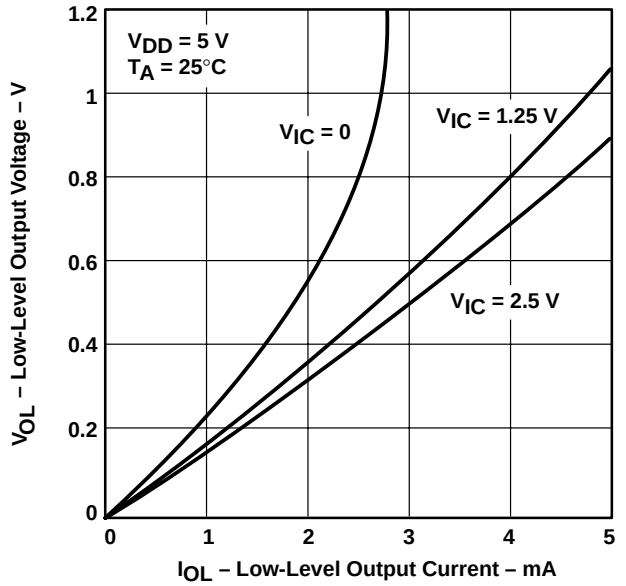


Figure 16

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†‡ vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

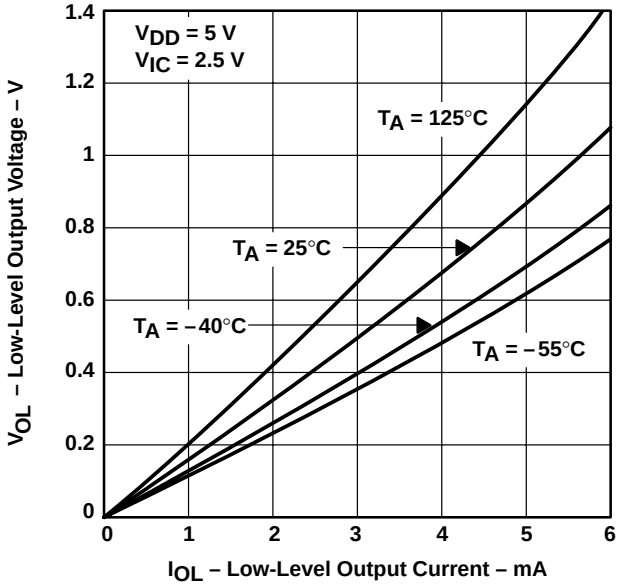


Figure 17

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MAXIMUM POSITIVE PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE† vs OUTPUT CURRENT

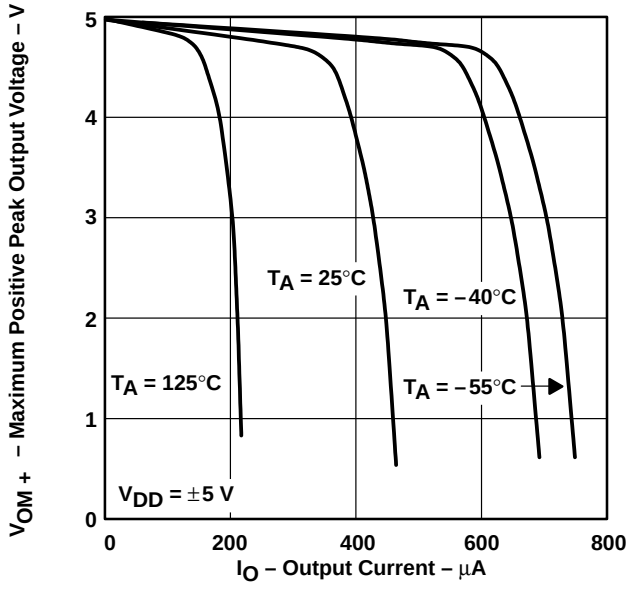


Figure 18

MAXIMUM NEGATIVE PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE† vs OUTPUT CURRENT

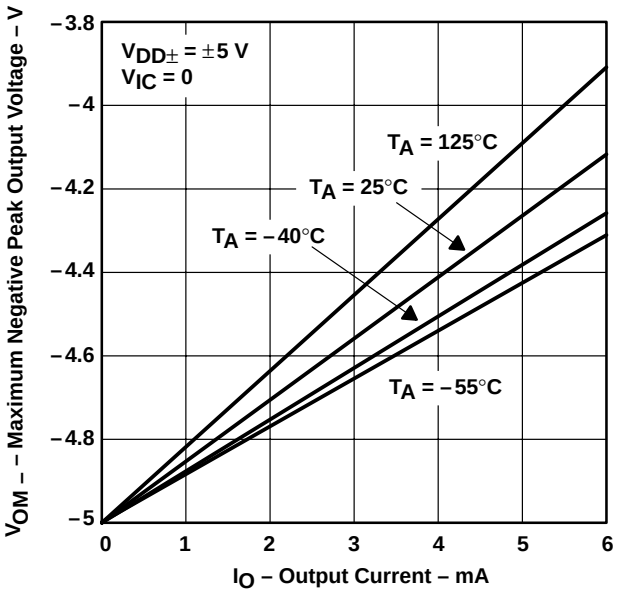


Figure 19

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡ vs FREQUENCY

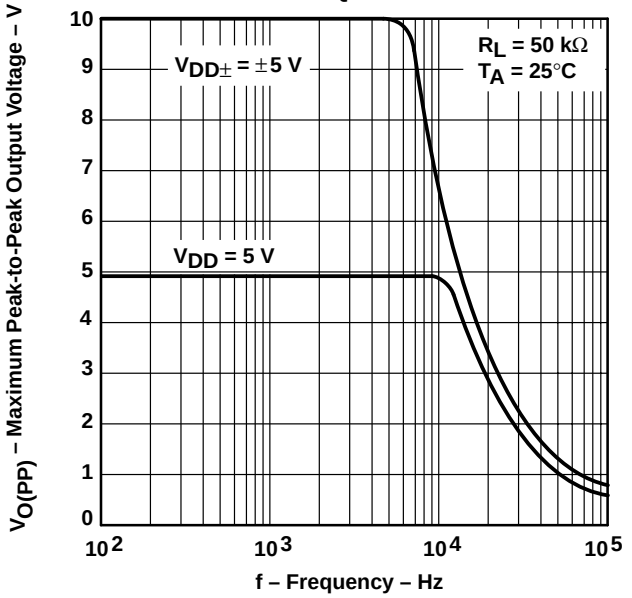


Figure 20

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

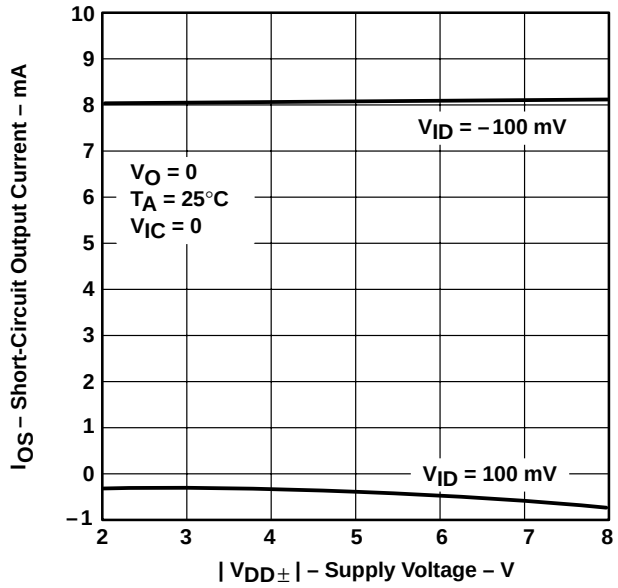


Figure 21

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

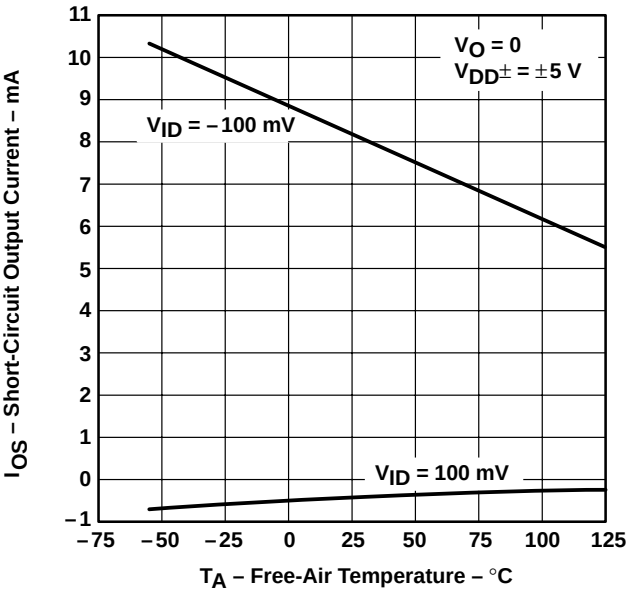


Figure 22

OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡ vs DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

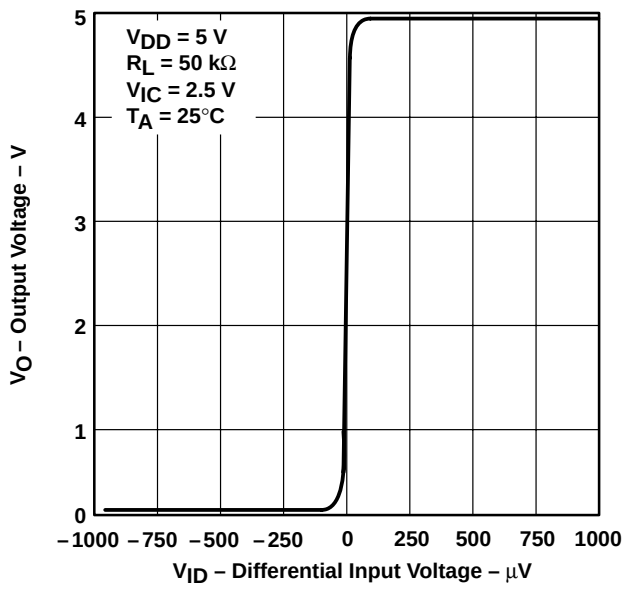


Figure 23

OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

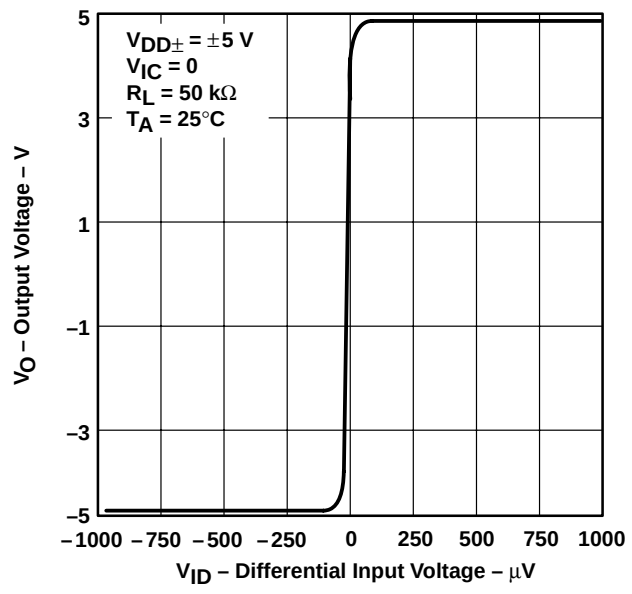


Figure 24

DIFFERENTIAL GAIN‡ vs LOAD RESISTANCE

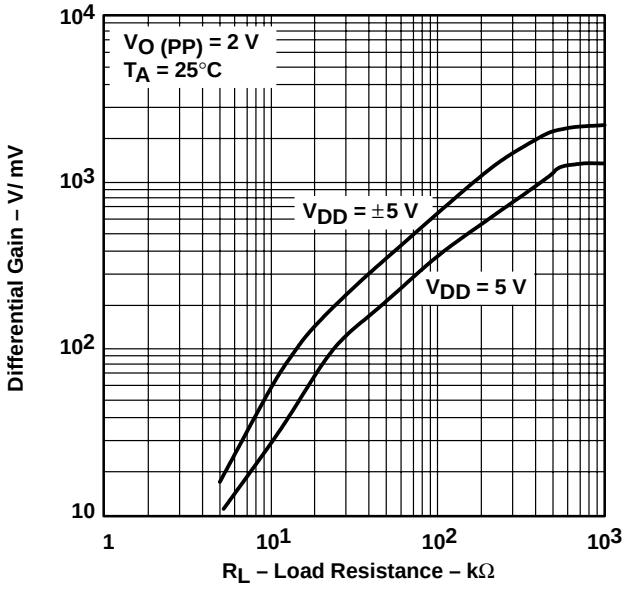


Figure 25

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN† vs FREQUENCY

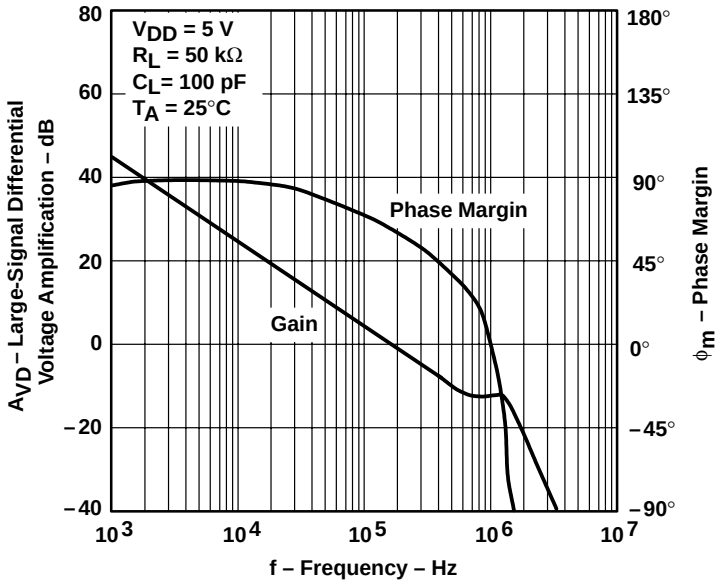


Figure 26

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN vs FREQUENCY

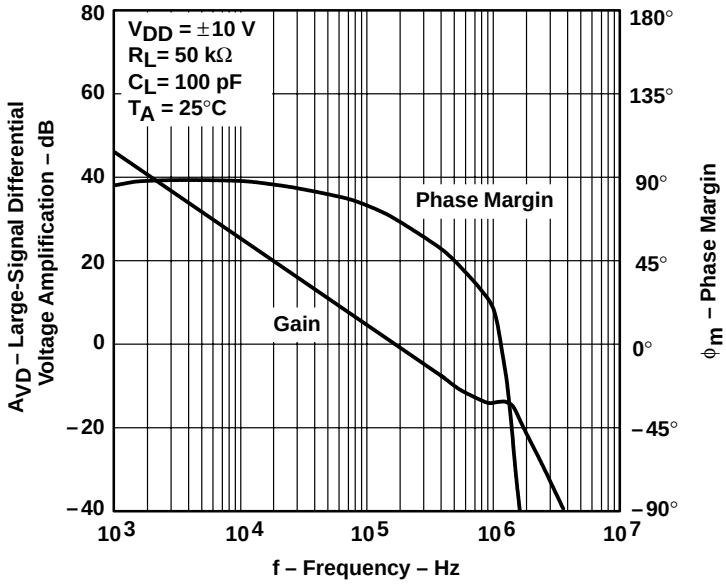


Figure 27

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

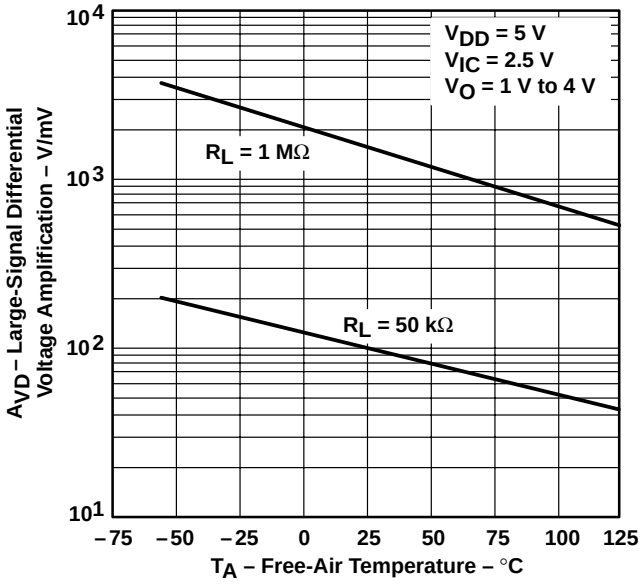


Figure 28

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

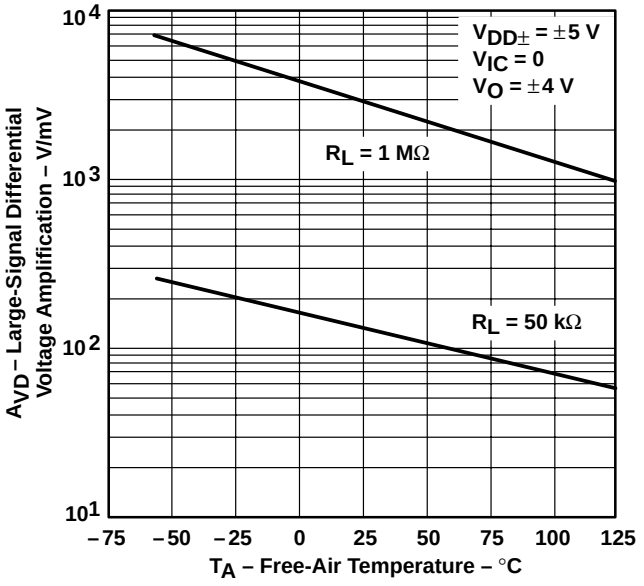


Figure 29

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE‡ vs FREQUENCY

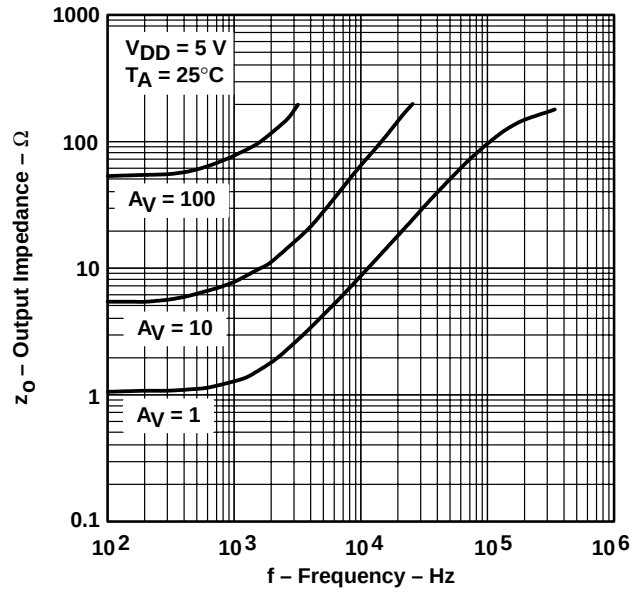


Figure 30

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs FREQUENCY

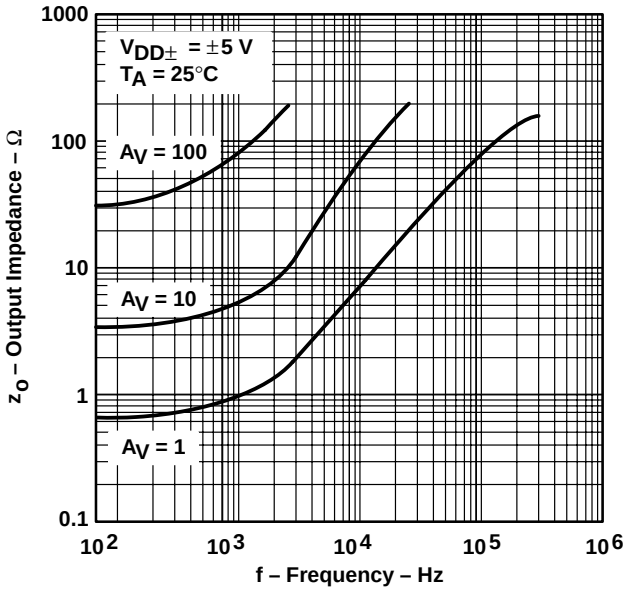


Figure 31

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO† vs FREQUENCY

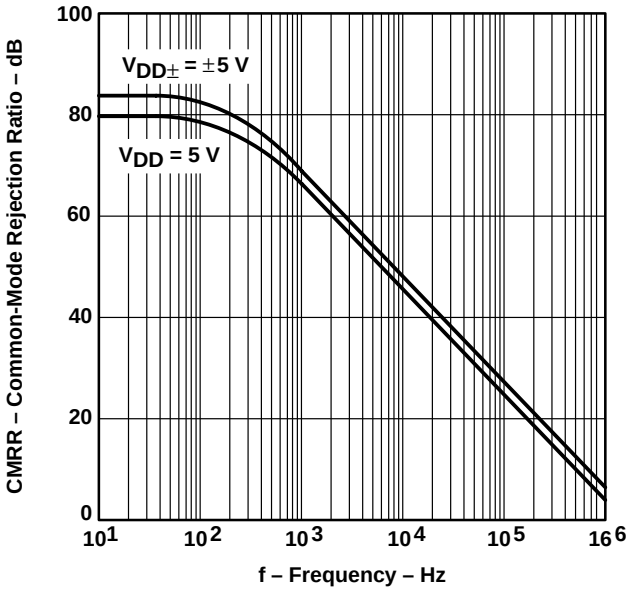


Figure 32

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

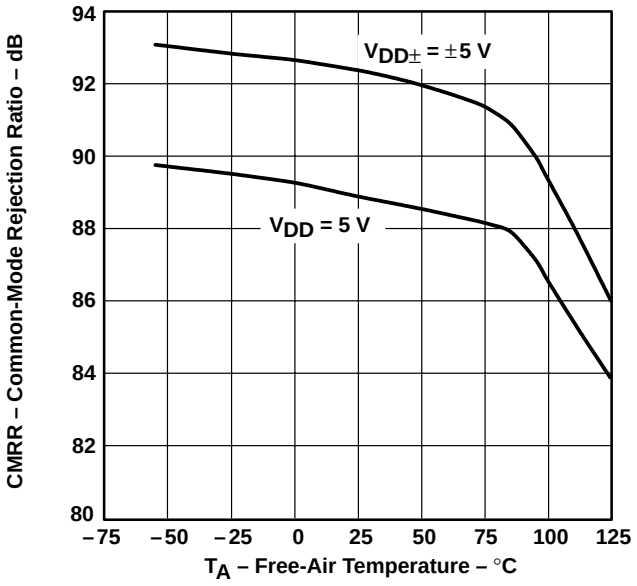


Figure 33

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO† vs FREQUENCY

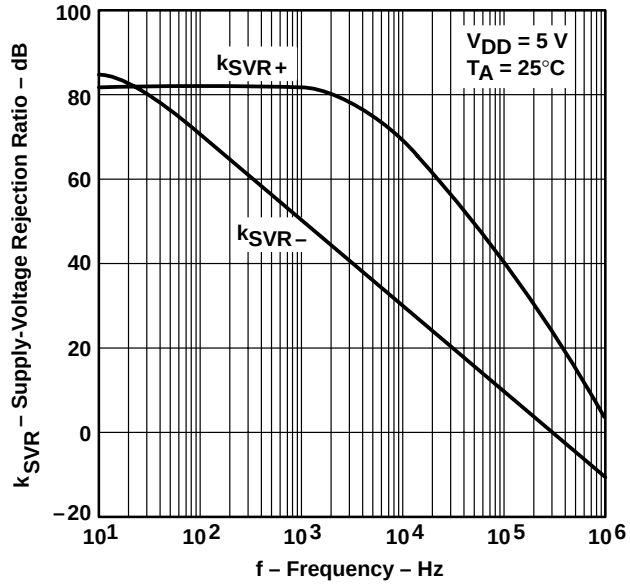


Figure 34

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY

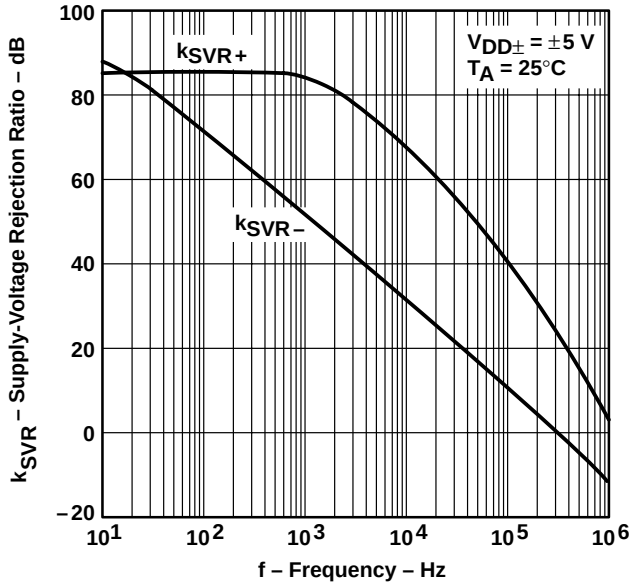


Figure 35

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.
‡ Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

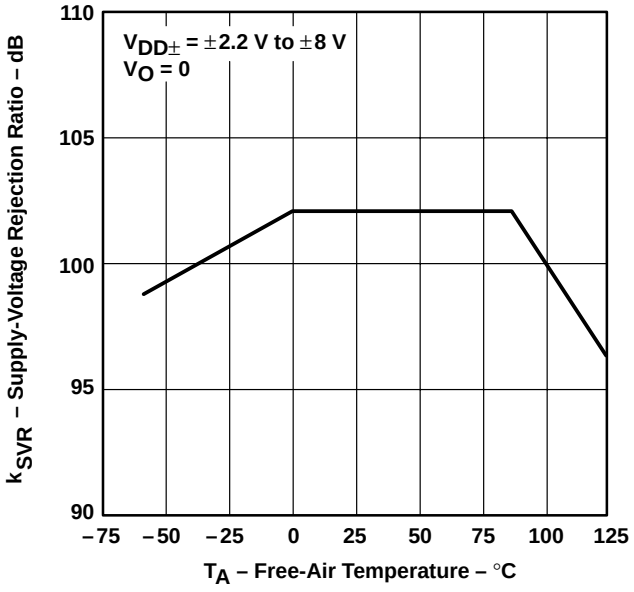


Figure 36

SUPPLY CURRENT† vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

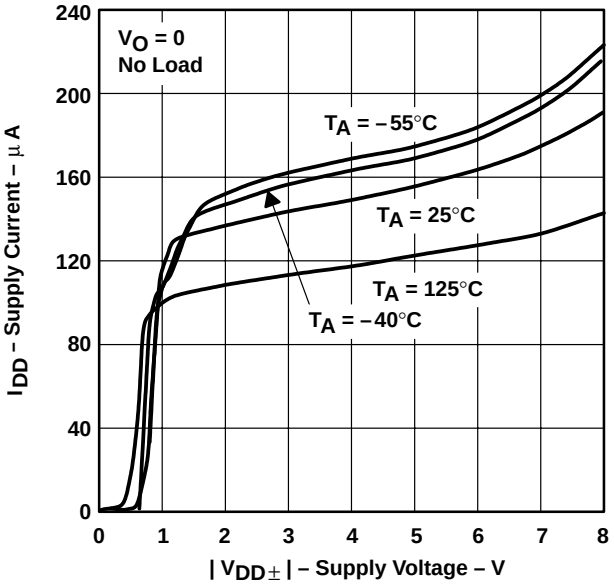


Figure 37

SUPPLY CURRENT†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

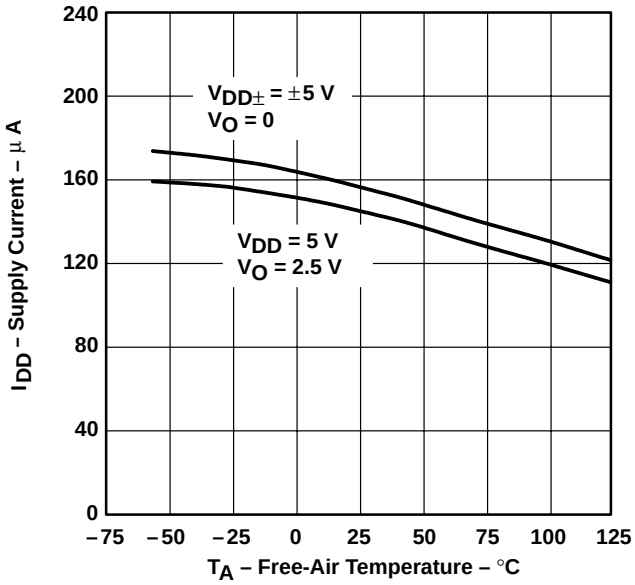


Figure 38

SLEW RATE‡ vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

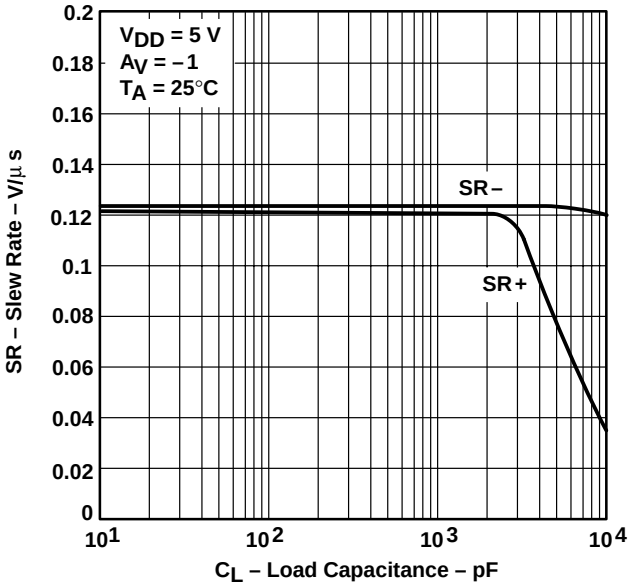


Figure 39

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SLEW RATE†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

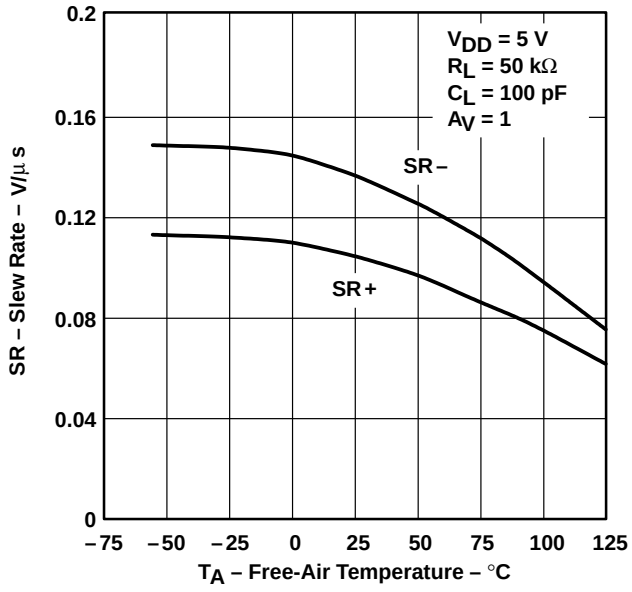


Figure 40

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE‡

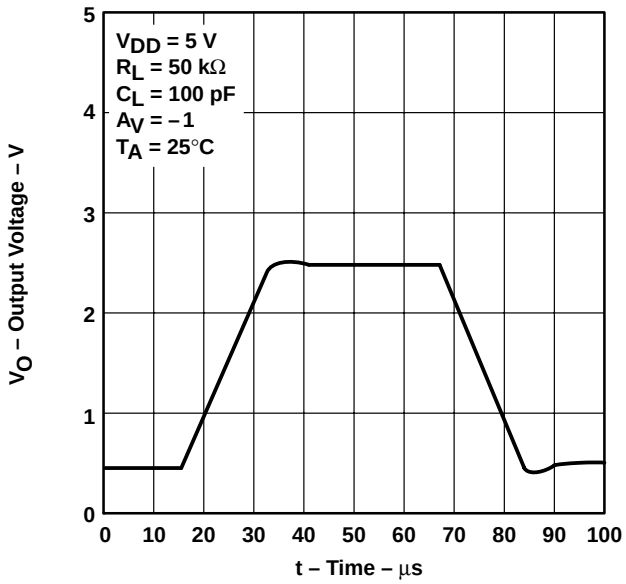


Figure 41

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

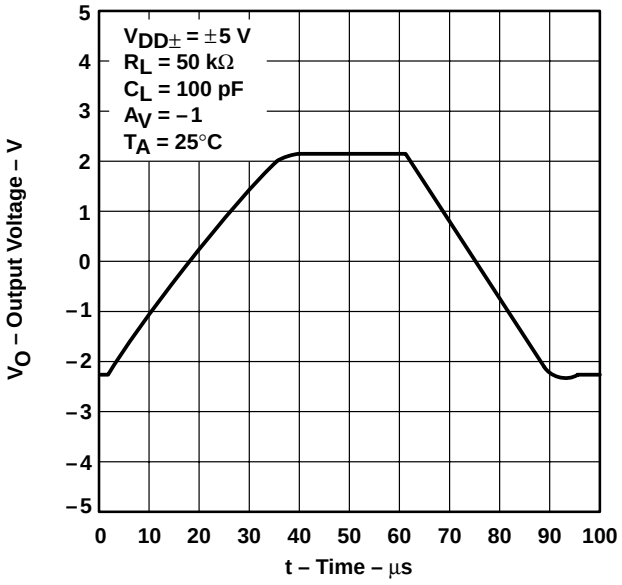


Figure 42

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE‡

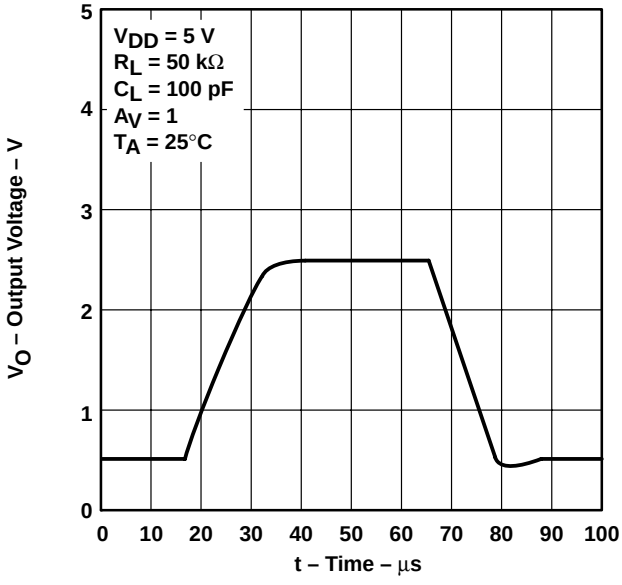


Figure 43

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

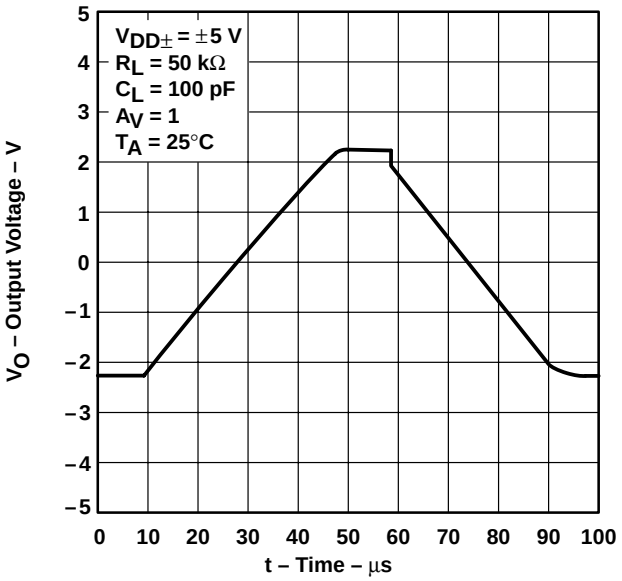


Figure 44

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†

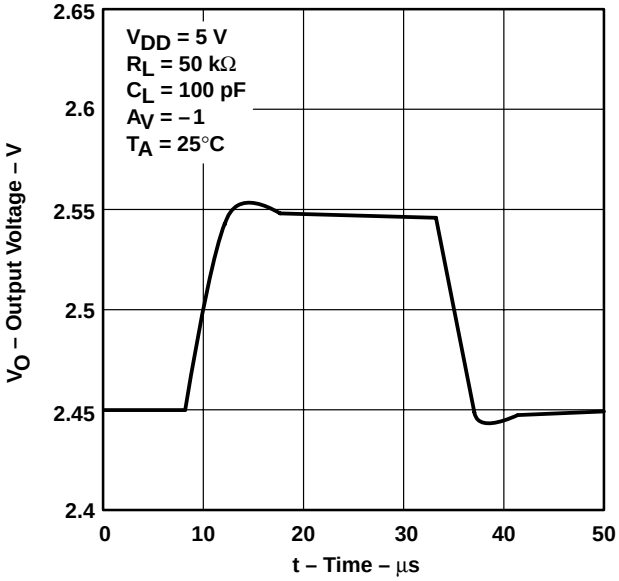


Figure 45

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

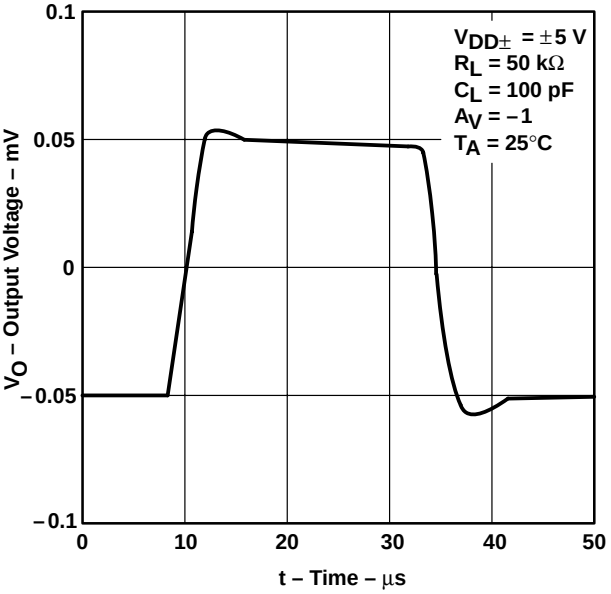


Figure 46

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†

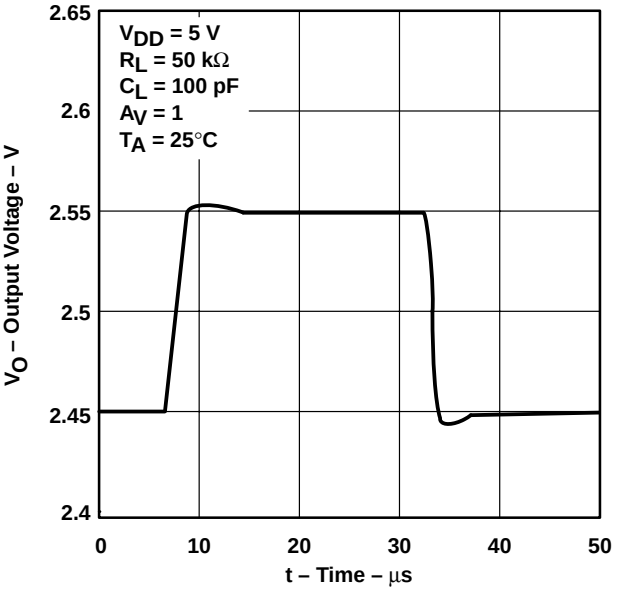


Figure 47

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

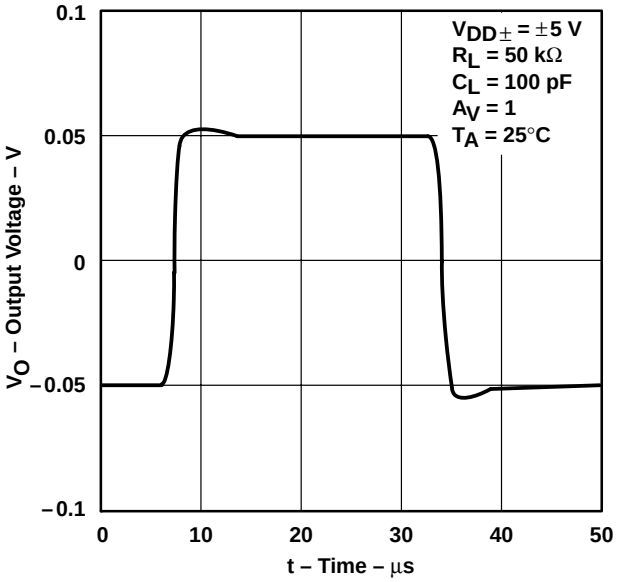


Figure 48

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE† vs FREQUENCY

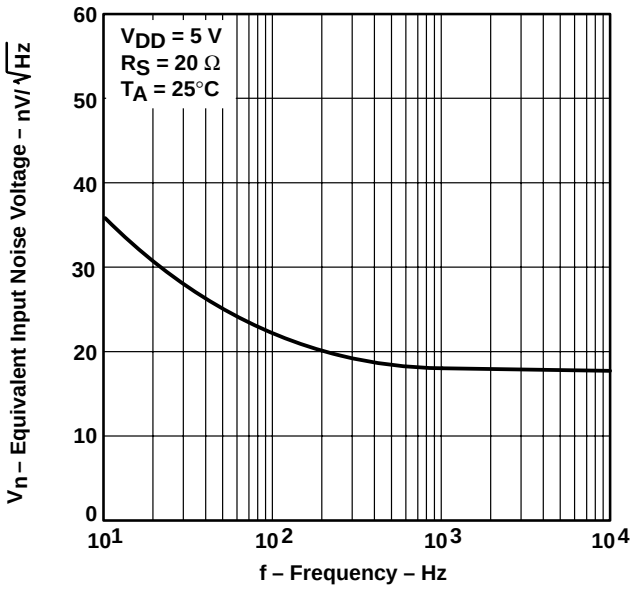


Figure 49

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

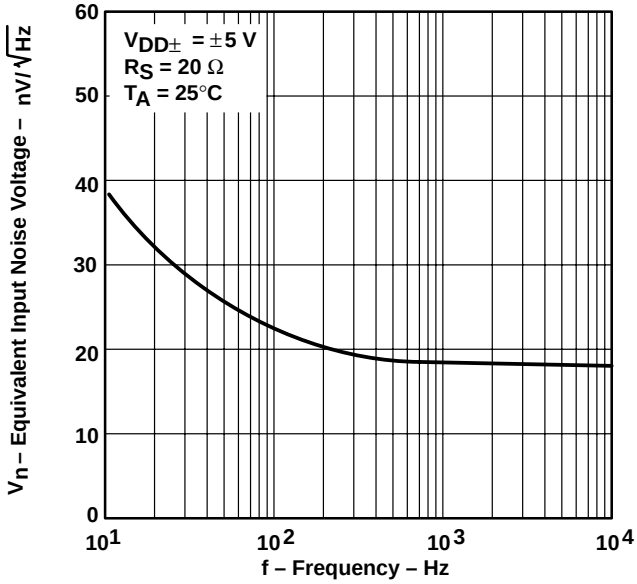


Figure 50

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE OVER A 10-SECOND PERIOD†

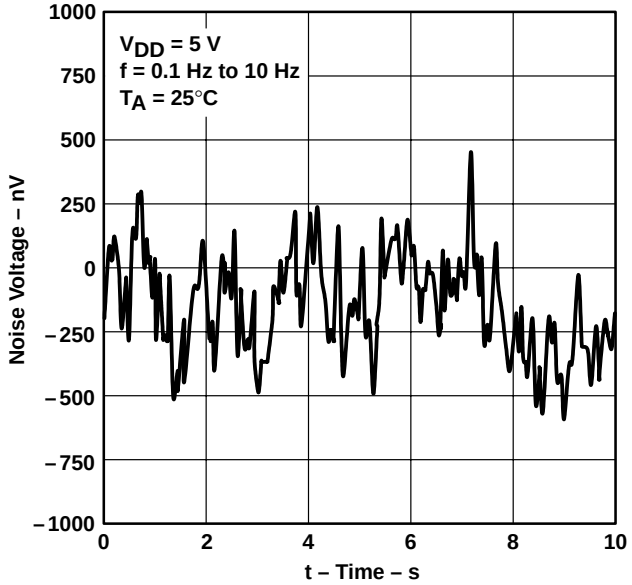


Figure 51

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INTEGRATED NOISE VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

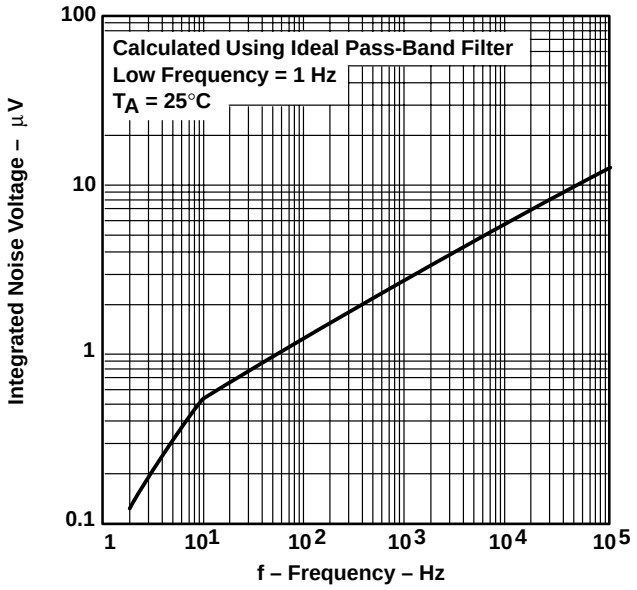


Figure 52

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE† vs FREQUENCY

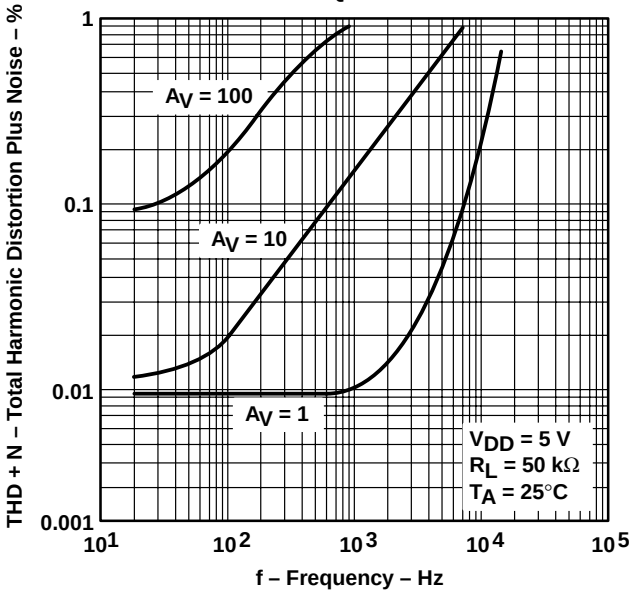


Figure 53

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

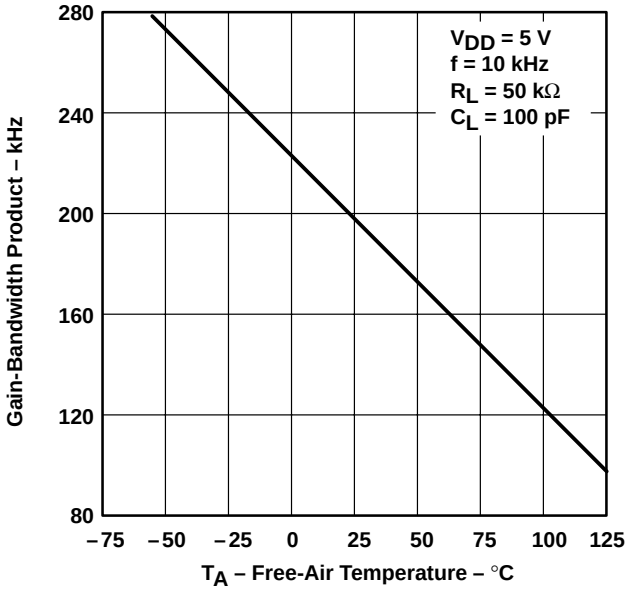


Figure 54

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

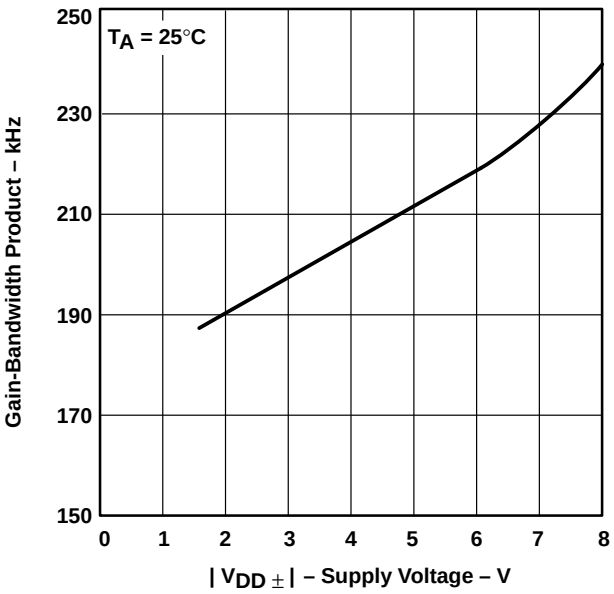


Figure 55

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.
‡ Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PHASE MARGIN vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

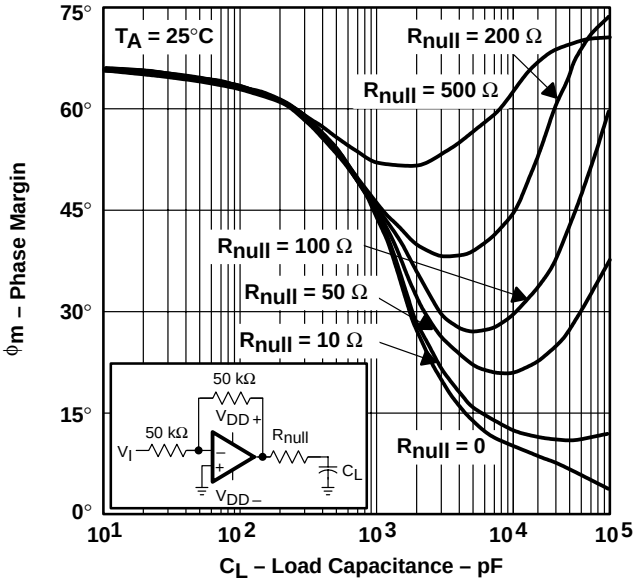


Figure 56

GAIN MARGIN vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

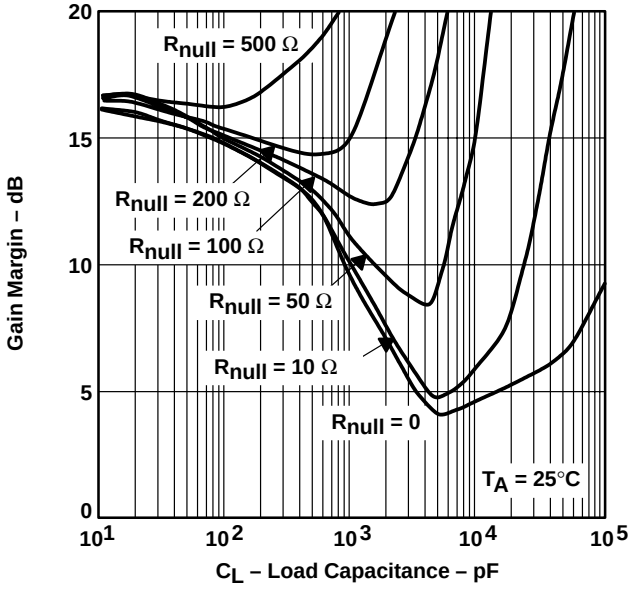


Figure 57

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH† vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

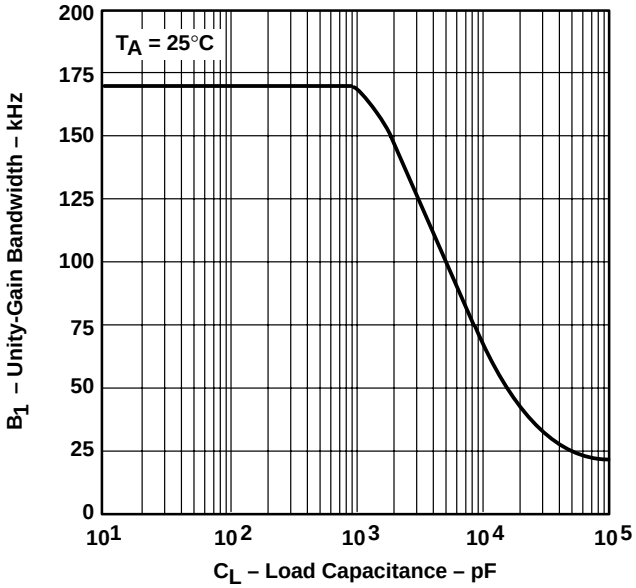


Figure 58

OVERESTIMATION OF PHASE MARGIN† vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

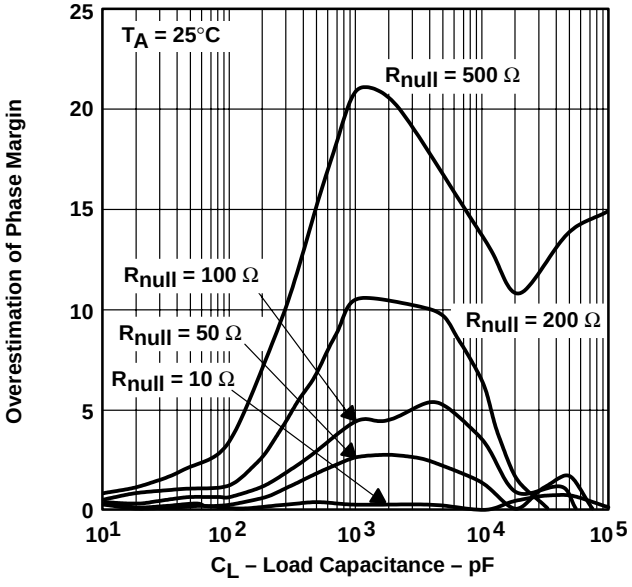


Figure 59

† See application information

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads

The TLC225x is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 56 and Figure 57 illustrate its ability to drive loads up to 1000 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins (R_{null} = 0).

A smaller series resistor (R_{null}) at the output of the device (see Figure 60) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 56 and Figure 57 show the effects of adding series resistances of 10 Ω, 50 Ω, 100 Ω, 200 Ω, and 500 Ω. The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta\phi_{m1} = \tan^{-1}\left(2 \times \pi \times \text{UGBW} \times R_{null} \times C_L\right) \quad (1)$$

Where :

$\Delta\phi_{m1}$ = Improvement in phase margin
UGBW = Unity-gain bandwidth frequency
R_{null} = Output series resistance
C_L = Load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 58). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 58.

Using equation 1 alone overestimates the improvement in phase margin, as illustrated in Figure 59. The overestimation is caused by the decrease in the frequency of the pole associated with the load, thus providing additional phase shift and reducing the overall improvement in phase margin.

Using Figure 60, with equation 1 enables the designer to choose the appropriate output series resistance to optimize the design of circuits driving large capacitance loads.

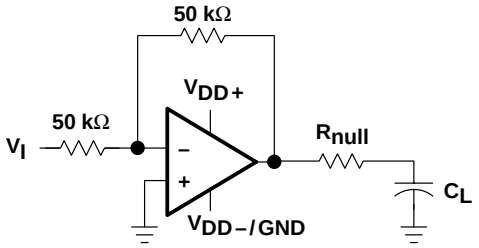


Figure 60. Series-Resistance Circuit

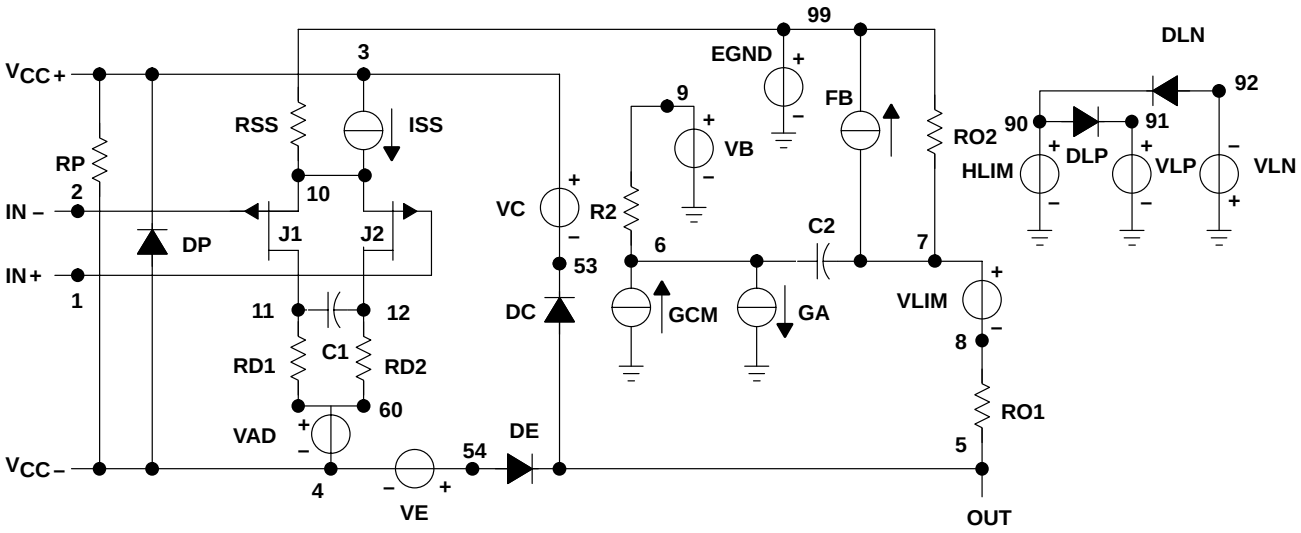
APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using MicroSim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with MicroSim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 61 are generated using the TLC225x typical electrical and operating characteristics at T_A = 25°C. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits,* SC-9, 353 (1974).




```
.SUBCKT TLC225x 1 2 3 4 5
C1      11      12      6.369E–12
C2      6       7       25.00E–12
DC      5       53      DX
DE      54      5       DX
DLP     90      91      DX
DLN     92      90      DX
DP      4       3       DX
EGND    99      0       POLY (2) (3,0) (4,0) 0 .5 .5
FB      7       99      POLY (5) VB VC VE VLP
+ VLN 0 57.62E6 –60E6 60E6 60E6 –60E6
GA      6       0       11      12 26.86E–6
GCM     0       6       10      99 2.686E–9
ISS     3       10      DC 3.1E–6
HLIM    90      0       VLIM 1K
J1      11      2       10 JX
J2      12      1       10 JX
R2      6       9       100.0E3
RD1     60      11      37.23E3
RD2     60      12      37.23E3
R01     8       5       84
R02     7       99      84
RP      3       4       71.43E3
RSS     10      99      64.52E6
VAD     60      4       –.5
VB      9       0       DC 0
VC      3       53      DC .605
VE      54      4       DC .605
VLIM    7       8       DC 0
VLP     91      0       DC –.235
VLN     0       92      DC 7.5
.MODEL DX D (IS=800.0E–18)
.MODEL JX PJF (IS=500.0E–15 BETA=139E–6
+ VTO=–.05)
.ENDS
```

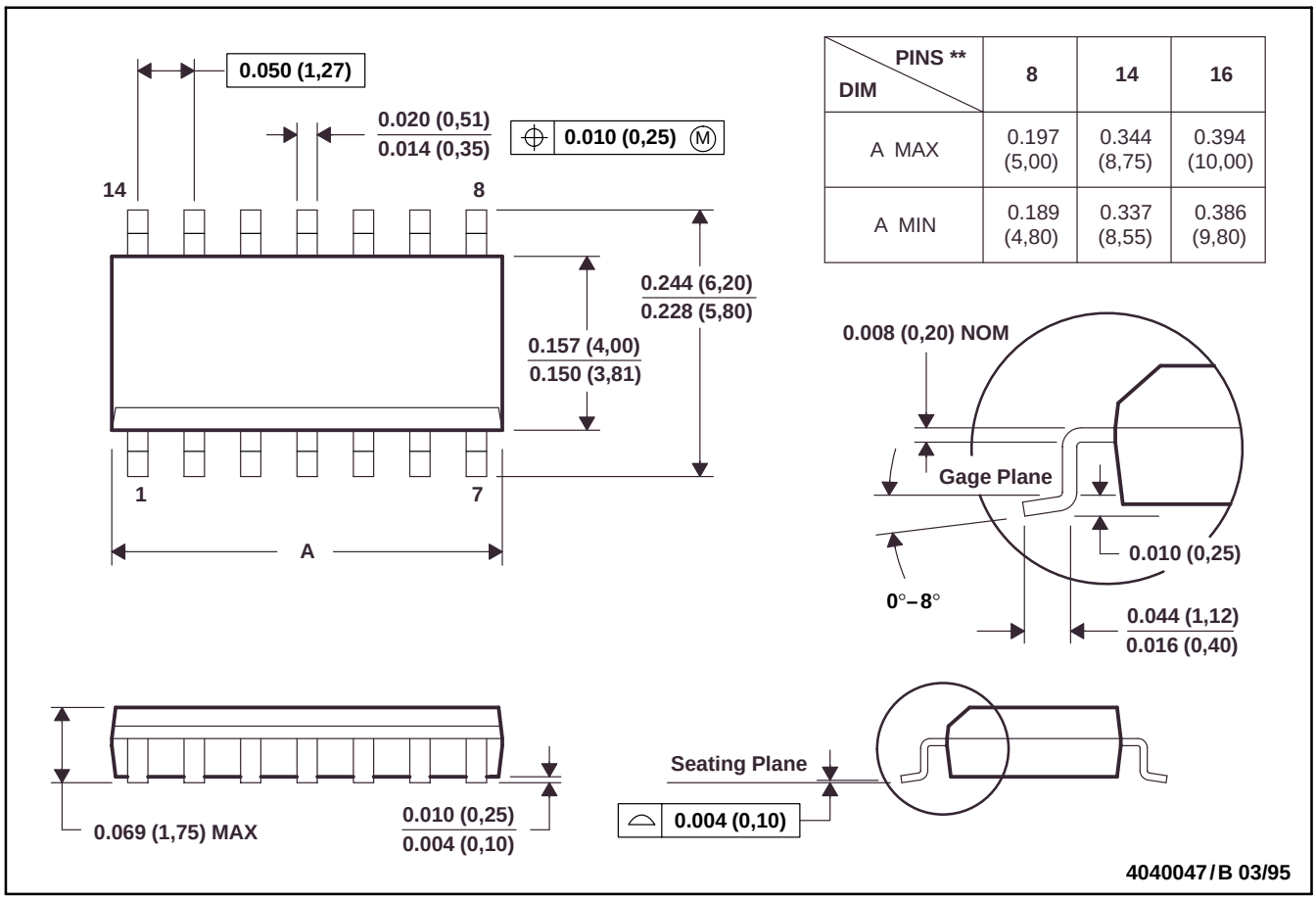
Figure 61. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

PSpice and *Parts* are trademarks of MicroSim Corporation.

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

D (R-PDSO-G)** **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**

14 PIN SHOWN



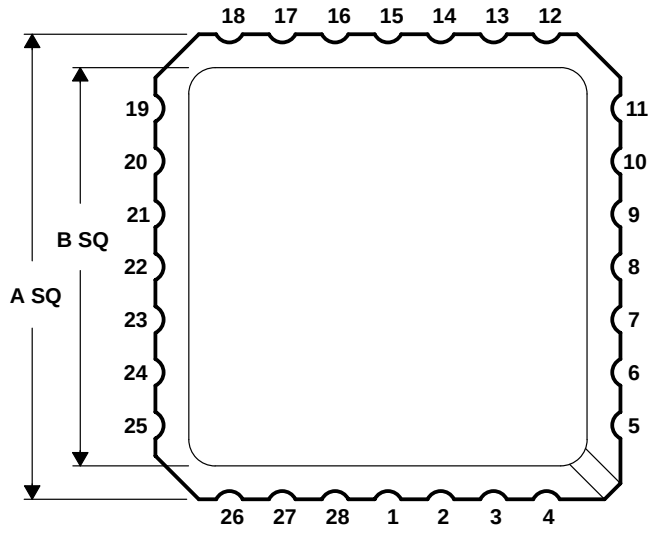
DIM \ PINS **	8	14	16
A MAX	0.197 (5,00)	0.344 (8,75)	0.394 (10,00)
A MIN	0.189 (4,80)	0.337 (8,55)	0.386 (9,80)

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
D. Four center pins are connected to die mount pad.
E. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

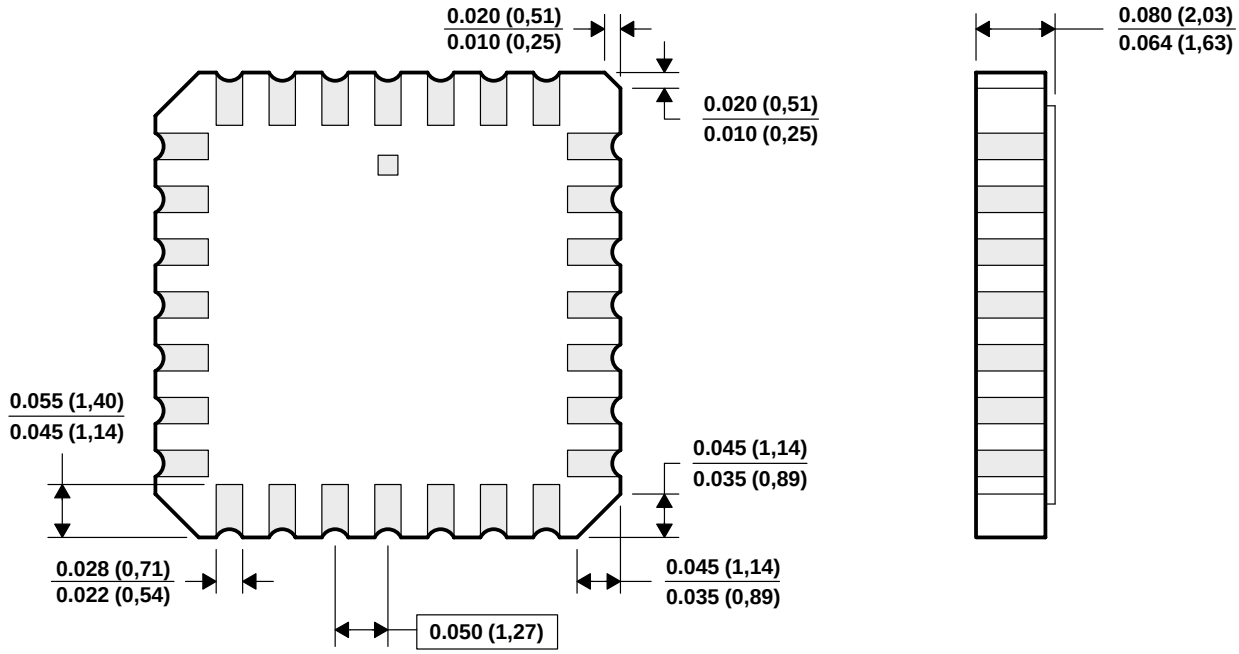
MECHANICAL INFORMATION

FK (S-CQCC-N)** **LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER**

28 TERMINAL SHOWN



NO. OF TERMINALS **	A		B	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
20	0.342 (8,69)	0.358 (9,09)	0.307 (7,80)	0.358 (9,09)
28	0.442 (11,23)	0.458 (11,63)	0.406 (10,31)	0.458 (11,63)
44	0.640 (16,26)	0.660 (16,76)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
52	0.740 (18,78)	0.761 (19,32)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
68	0.938 (23,83)	0.962 (24,43)	0.850 (21,6)	0.858 (21,8)
84	1.141 (28,99)	1.165 (29,59)	1.047 (26,6)	1.063 (27,0)



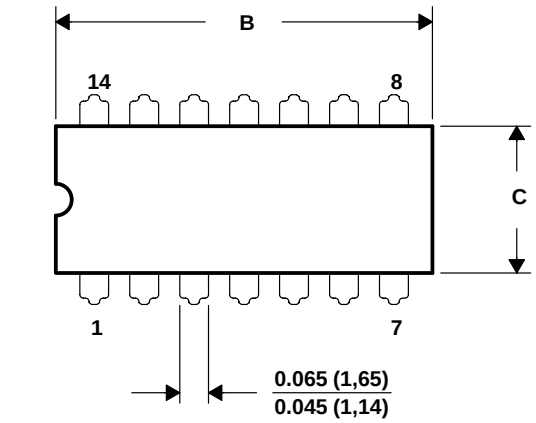
4040140/C 11/95

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
D. The terminals are gold plated.
E. Falls within JEDEC MS-004

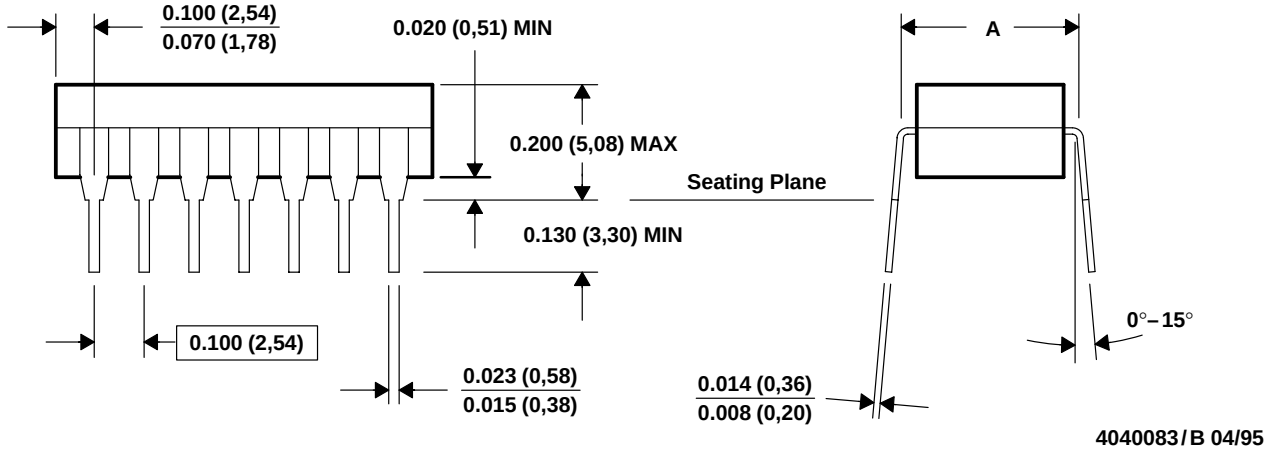
MECHANICAL INFORMATION

J (R-GDIP-T)** **CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**

14 PIN SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20	22
A MAX	0.310 (7,87)	0.310 (7,87)	0.310 (7,87)	0.310 (7,87)	0.410 (10,41)
A MIN	0.290 (7,37)	0.290 (7,37)	0.290 (7,37)	0.290 (7,37)	0.390 (9,91)
B MAX	0.785 (19,94)	0.785 (19,94)	0.910 (23,10)	0.975 (24,77)	1.100 (28,00)
B MIN	0.755 (19,18)	0.755 (19,18)	—	0.930 (23,62)	—
C MAX	0.280 (7,11)	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.388 (9,65)
C MIN	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	—

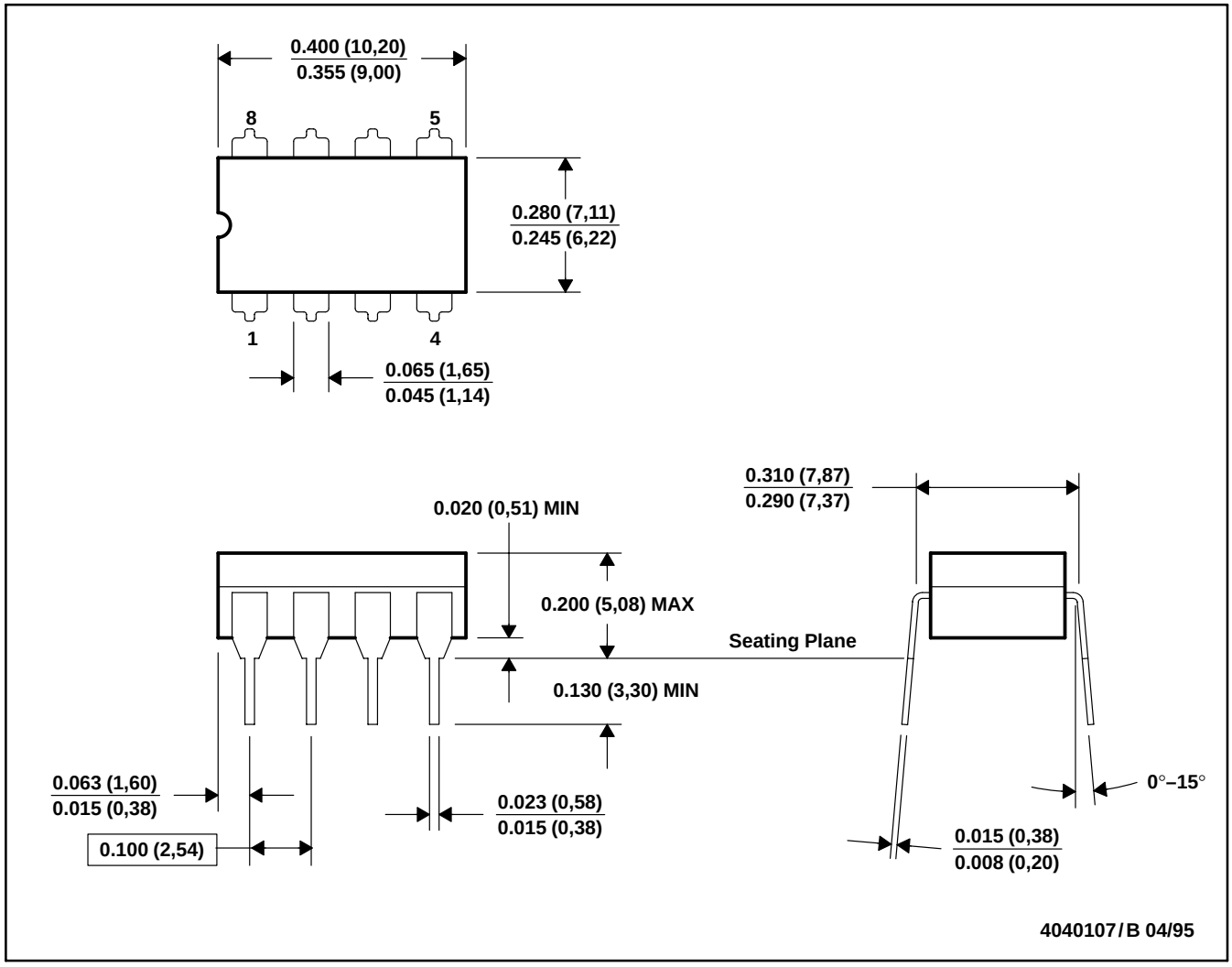


4040083/B 04/95

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18, GDIP1-T20, and GDIP1-T22

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

JG (R-GDIP-T8) **CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**



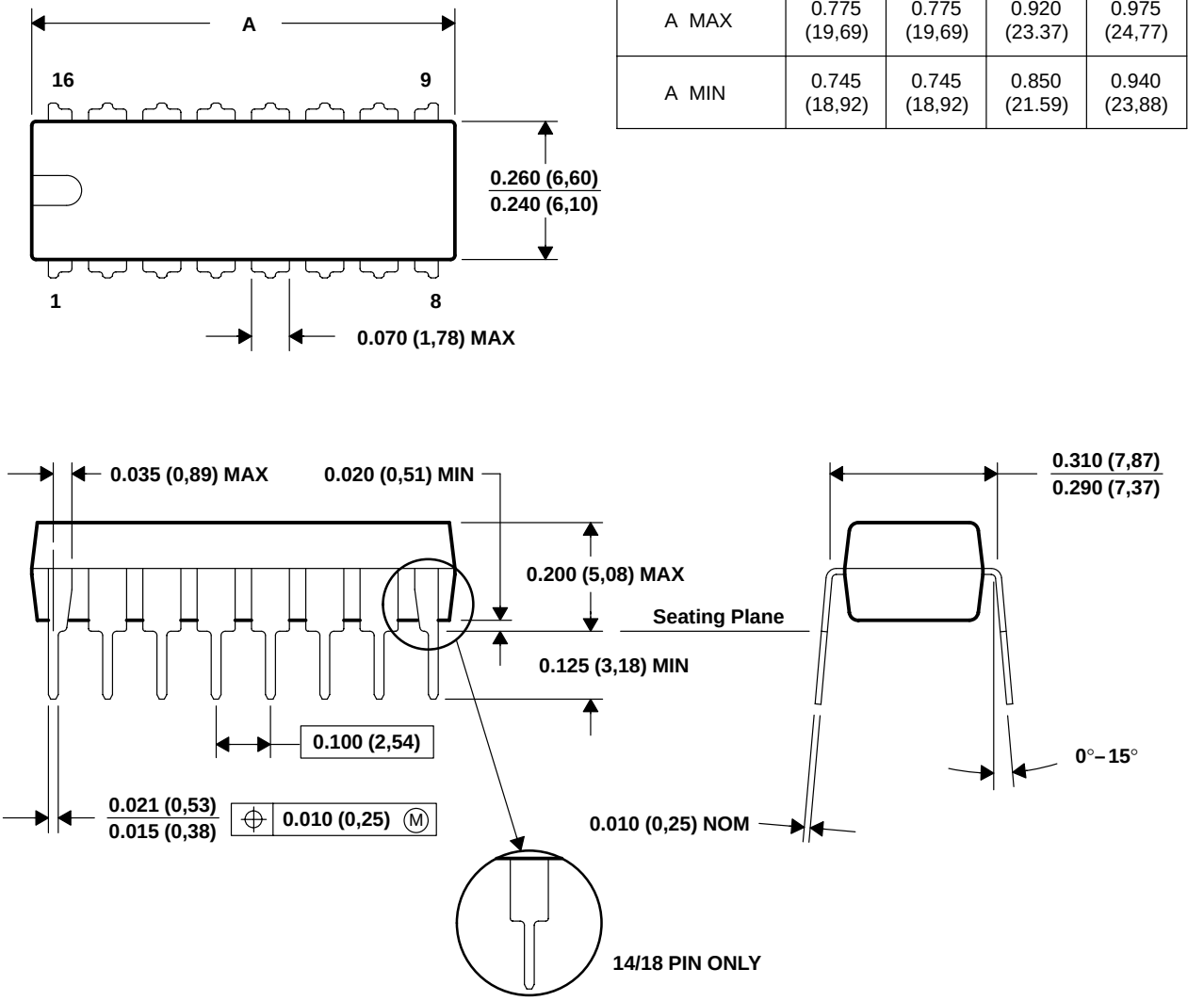
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification and/or on pressed ceramic glass frit seal.
E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T8

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

N (R-PDIP-T)** **PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**

16 PIN SHOWN

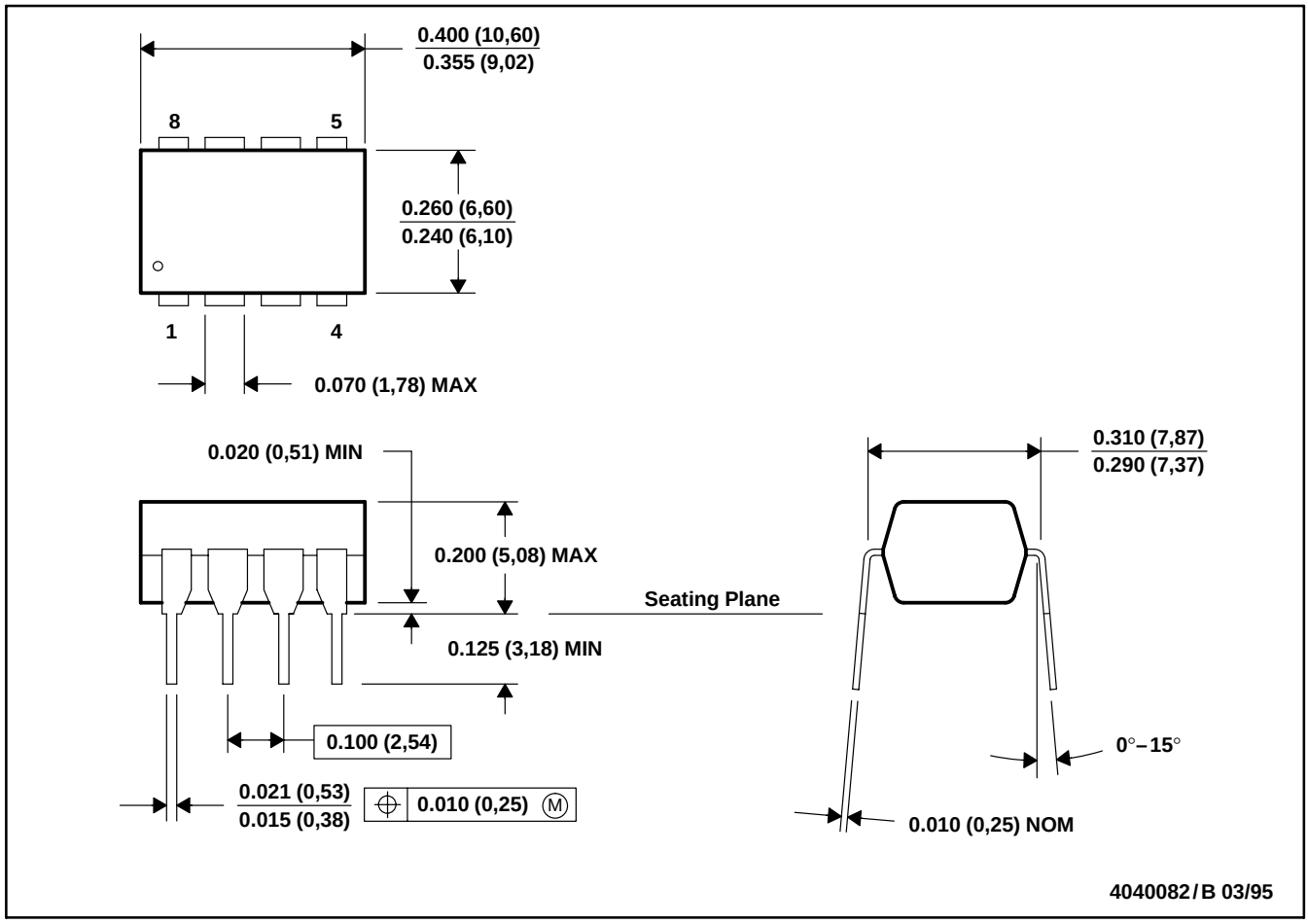
DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23.37)	0.975 (24,77)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21.59)	0.940 (23,88)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 (20 pin package is shorter then MS-001.)

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

P (R-PDIP-T8) **PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**

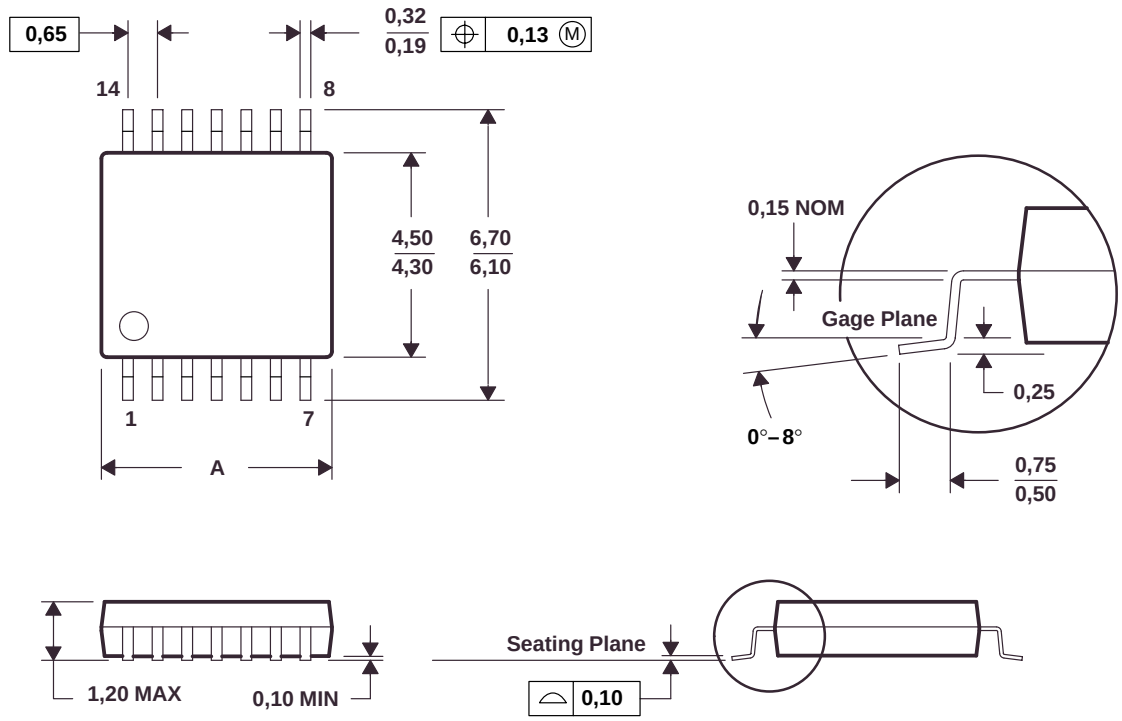


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

PW (R-PDSO-G)** **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**

14 PIN SHOWN



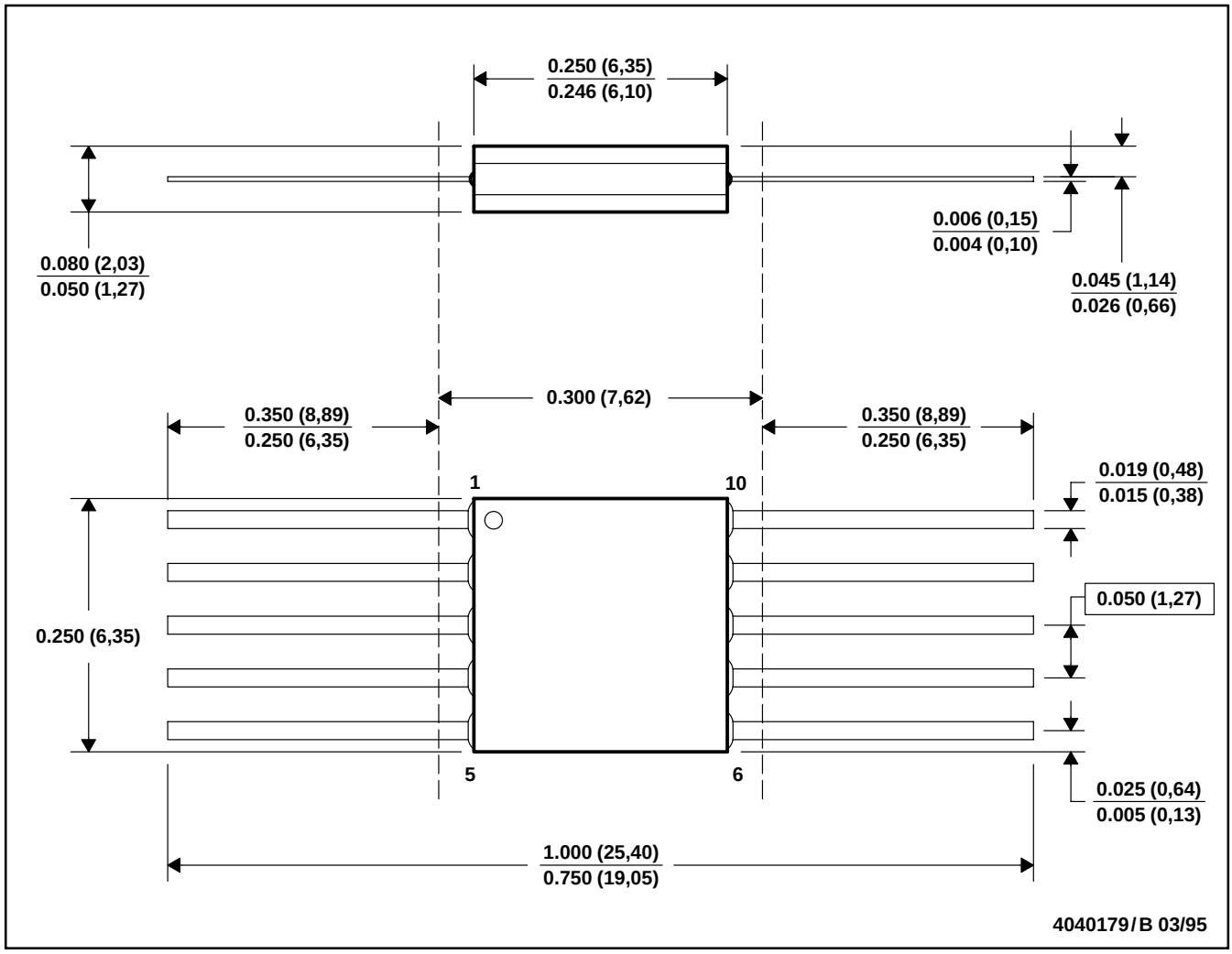
DIM \ PINS **	8	14	16	20	24	28
A MAX	3,10	5,10	5,10	6,60	7,90	9,80
A MIN	2,90	4,90	4,90	6,40	7,70	9,60

4040064/D 10/95

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

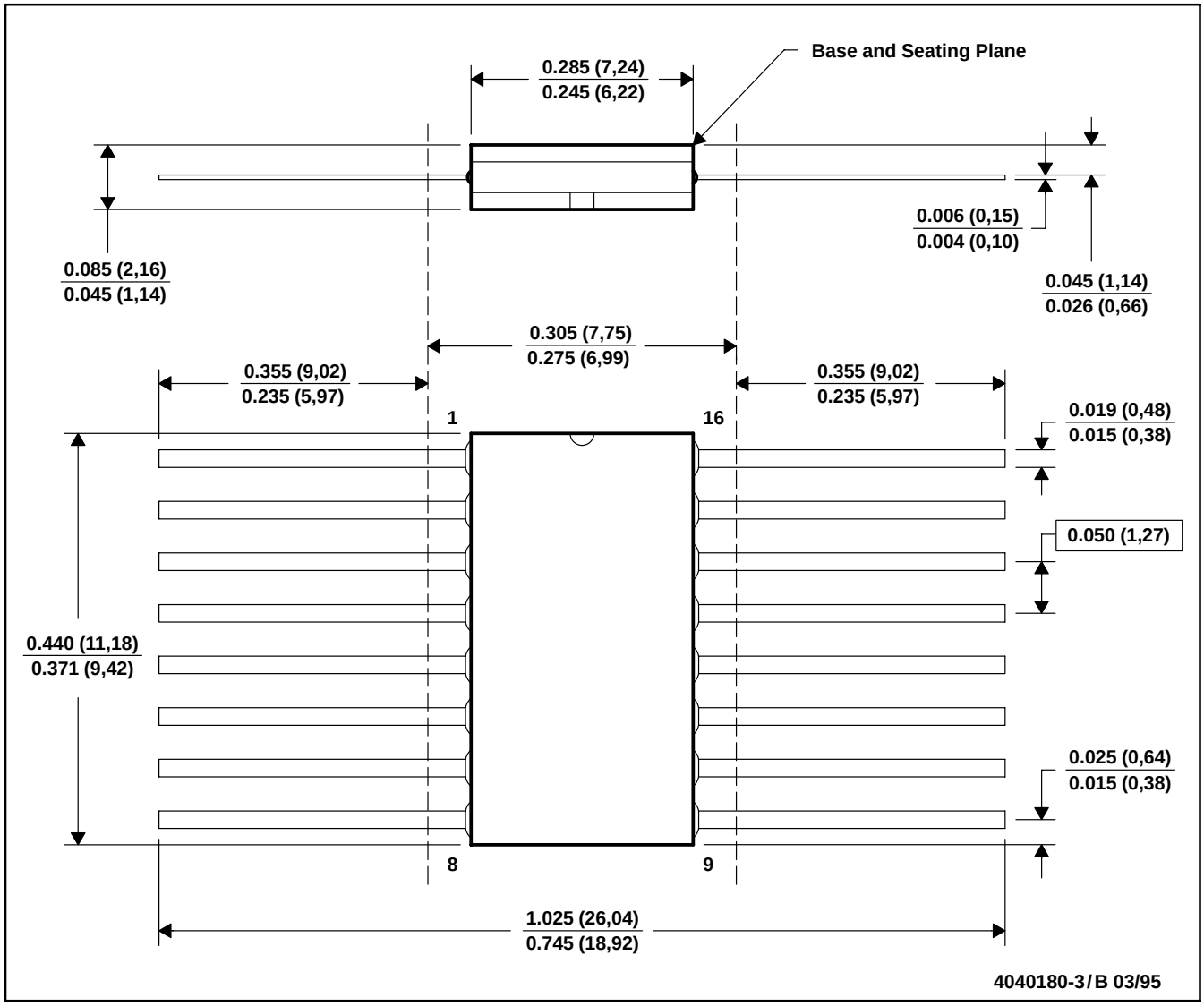
U (S-GDFP-F10) **CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP1-F10 and JEDEC MO-092AA

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

W (R-GDFP-F16) **CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDFP1-F16 and JEDEC MO-092AC

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
5962-9564001NXDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
5962-9564001Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564001QHA	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564001QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564002NYDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
5962-9564002Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564002QCA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564002QDA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564003NXDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
5962-9564003Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564003QHA	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564003QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564004NYDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
5962-9564004Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564004QCA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
5962-9564004QDA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	8		None	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2252AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252AMFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252AMJGB	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252AMUB	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/ Level-1-235C-UNLIM
TLC2252AQDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/ Level-1-235C-UNLIM
TLC2252CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252CP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252CPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	8		None	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2252CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252CPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
TLC2252IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252MJGB	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252MUB	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2252QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPD	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	14		None	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2254AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AMFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254AMJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254AMWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AQDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPD	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254CPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	14		None	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2254CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPD	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	None	POST-PLATE	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254MJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254MWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	None	A42 SNPB	Level-NC-NC-NC
TLC2254QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - May not be currently available - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
None: Not yet available Lead (Pb-Free).
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean "Pb-Free" and in addition, uses package materials that do not contain halogens, including bromine (Br) or antimony (Sb) above 0.1% of total product weight.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDECindustry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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