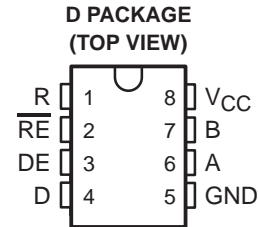


# SN65LBC176-Q1 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

SGLS211 – OCTOBER 2003

- Qualification in Accordance With AEC-Q100†
- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- Customer-Specific Configuration Control Can Be Supported Along With Major-Change Approval
- Bidirectional Transceiver
- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987(E)
- High-Speed Low-Power LinBiCMOS™ Circuitry
- Designed for High-Speed Operation in Both Serial and Parallel Applications
- Low Skew
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- Very Low Disabled Supply-Current Requirements . . . 200  $\mu$ A Maximum
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Driver Output Capacity . . .  $\pm 60$  mA
- Thermal-Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive-and Negative-Current Limiting
- Open-Circuit Fail-Safe Receiver Design
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . .  $\pm 200$  mV Max

- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 50 mV Typ
- Operate From a Single 5-V Supply
- Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down Protection



## Function Tables

### DRIVER

| INPUT<br>D | ENABLE<br>DE | OUTPUTS |   |
|------------|--------------|---------|---|
|            |              | A       | B |
| H          | H            | H       | L |
| L          | H            | L       | H |
| X          | L            | Z       | Z |

### RECEIVER

| DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS<br>A-B  | ENABLE<br>RE | OUTPUT<br>R |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| $V_{ID} \geq 0.2$ V         | L            | H           |
| $-0.2$ V $< V_{ID} < 0.2$ V | L            | ?           |
| $V_{ID} \leq -0.2$ V        | L            | L           |
| X                           | H            | Z           |
| Open                        | L            | H           |

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate,  
X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

† Contact factory for details. Q100 qualification data available on request.

## description/ordering information

The SN65LBC176 differential bus transceiver is a monolithic, integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. It is designed for balanced transmission lines and meets ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987(E).

### ORDERING INFORMATION

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE‡ |               | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                | SOIC – D | Tape and reel |                       |                  |
| –40°C to 125°C | SOIC – D | Tape and reel | SN65LBC176QDRQ1       | L176Q1           |

‡ Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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# SN65LBC176-Q1 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

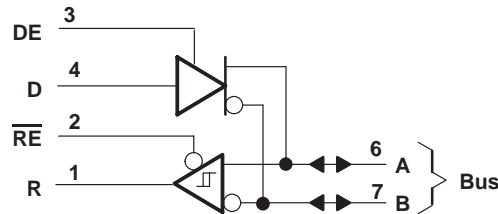
SGLS211 – OCTOBER 2003

## description (continued)

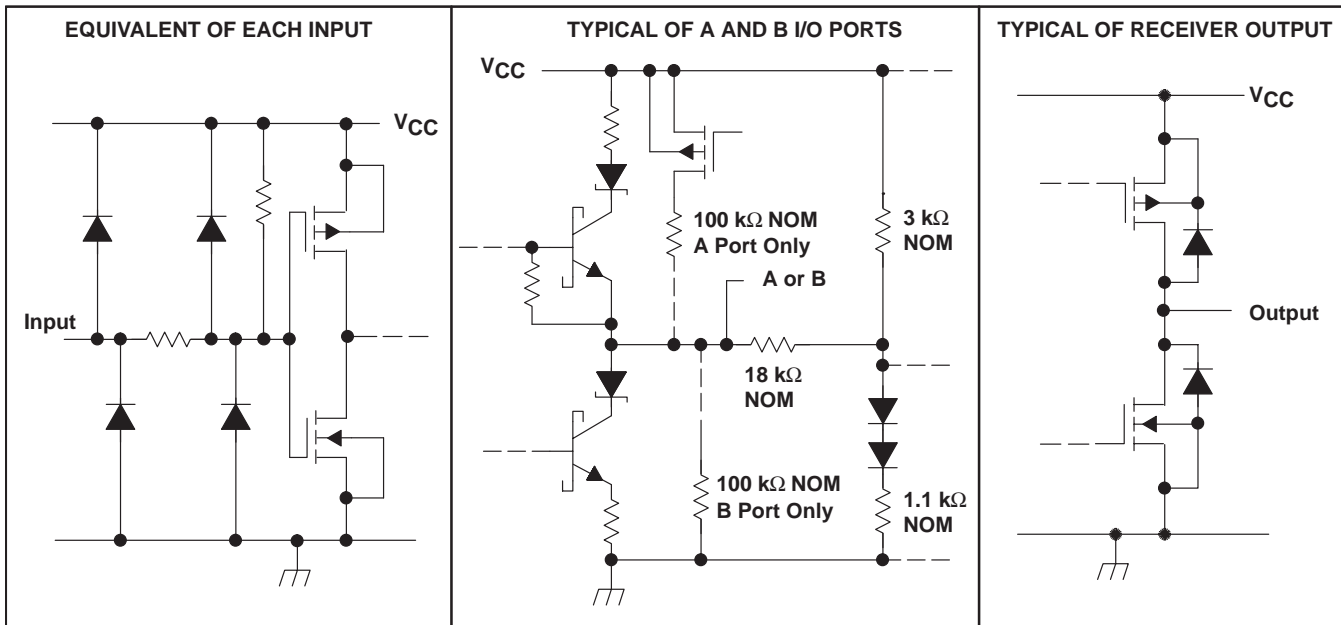
The SN65LBC176 combines a 3-state, differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can externally connect together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input/output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or  $V_{CC} = 0$ . This port features wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications. Very low device supply current can be achieved by disabling the driver and the receiver. Both the driver and receiver are available as cells in the Texas Instruments LinASIC™ Library.

This transceiver is suitable for ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987 (E) applications to the extent that they are specified in the operating conditions and characteristics section of this data sheet. Certain limits contained in the ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987 (E) are not met or cannot be tested over the entire extended temperature range.

## logic diagram (positive logic)



## schematics of inputs and outputs



**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

|  |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1) .....                        | 7 V                          |
| Voltage range at any bus terminal .....                            | –10 V to 15 V                |
| Input voltage, $V_I$ (D, DE, R, or $\overline{RE}$ ) .....         | –0.3 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V   |
| Continuous total power dissipation .....                           | See Dissipation Rating Table |
| Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ SN65LBC176Q .....      | –40°C to 125°C               |
| Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....                         | –65°C to 150°C               |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds ..... | 260°C                        |

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

| PACKAGE | $T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR<br>ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING |
|---------|---|---|--|--|---|
| D       | 725 mW                                      | 5.8 mW/°C   | 464 mW                                   | 377 mW                                   | 145 mW                                    |

**recommended operating conditions**

|  |                            | MIN  | NOM | MAX  | UNIT |
|--|----------------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$   |                            | 4.75 | 5   | 5.25 | V    |
| Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode), $V_I$ or $V_{IC}$ |                            | 12   |     |      | V    |
|  |                            | –7   |     |      |      |
| High-level input voltage, $V_{IH}$   | D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$ | 2    |     |      | V    |
| Low-level input voltage, $V_{IL}$  | D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$ | 0.8  |     |      | V    |
| Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2)                          |                            | ±12  |     |      | V    |
| High-level output current, $I_{OH}$  | Driver                     | –60  |     |      | mA   |
|  | Receiver                   | –400 |     |      | µA   |
| Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$   | Driver                     | 60   |     |      | mA   |
|  | Receiver                   | 8    |     |      |      |
| Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$                                      |                            | –40  |     | 125  | °C   |

NOTE 2: Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.

# SN65LBC176-Q1

## DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

SGLS211 – OCTOBER 2003

### DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER          |   | TEST CONDITIONS                                 |                                      | MIN  | MAX  | UNIT |
|--------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>IK</sub>    | Input clamp voltage   | I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA                         |                                      |      | -1.5 | V    |
| V <sub>O</sub>     | Output voltage  | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                              |                                      | 0    | 6    | V    |
| V <sub>OD1</sub>   | Differential output voltage                                     | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                              |                                      | 1.5  | 6    | V    |
| V <sub>OD3</sub>   | Differential output voltage                                     | V <sub>test</sub> = -7 V to 12 V,               | See Figure 2, See Note 3             | 1.1  |      | V    |
| V <sub>OD2</sub>   | Differential output voltage                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,                          | See Figure 1, See Note 3             | 1.1  |      | V    |
| Δ V <sub>OD</sub>  | Change in magnitude of differential output voltage <sup>†</sup> | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω or 100 Ω, See Figure 1    |                                      | ±0.2 |      | V    |
| V <sub>OCC</sub>   | Common-mode output voltage                                      |   |                                      | 3    |      | V    |
| Δ V <sub>OCC</sub> | Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage <sup>†</sup>  |   |                                      | -1   |      | V    |
| I <sub>O</sub>     | Output current  | Output disabled, See Note 4                     | V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V                | 1    |      | mA   |
|                    |   |   | V <sub>O</sub> = -7 V                | -0.8 |      |      |
| I <sub>IH</sub>    | High-level input current  | V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4 V                          |                                      | -100 |      | μA   |
| I <sub>IL</sub>    | Low-level input current   | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V                          |                                      | -100 |      | μA   |
| I <sub>OS</sub>    | Short-circuit output current                                    | V <sub>O</sub> = -7 V                           |                                      | -250 |      | mA   |
|                    |   | V <sub>O</sub> = 0                              |                                      | -150 |      |      |
|                    |   | V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>                |                                      | 250  |      |      |
|                    |   | V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V                           |                                      |      |      |      |
| I <sub>CC</sub>    | Supply current  | V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , No load | Receiver disabled and driver enabled | 1.75 |      | mA   |
|                    |   |   | Receiver and driver disabled         | 0.25 |      |      |

<sup>†</sup> Δ|V<sub>OD</sub>| and Δ|V<sub>OCC</sub>| are the changes in magnitude of V<sub>OD</sub> and V<sub>OCC</sub>, respectively, that occur when the input changes from a high level to a low level.

NOTES: 3. This device meets the ANSI Standard RS-485 V<sub>OD</sub> requirements above 0°C only.

4. This applies for both power on and off; refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

| PARAMETER          |   | TEST CONDITIONS                        |                         | MIN | TYP <sup>†</sup> | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------|
| t <sub>d(OD)</sub> | Differential output delay time                            | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,<br>See Figure 3 | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, | 8   |                  | 31  | ns   |
| t <sub>t(OD)</sub> | Differential output transition time                       |  |                         | 12  |                  | ns  |      |
| t <sub>sk(p)</sub> | Pulse skew ( t <sub>d(ODH)</sub> - t <sub>d(ODL)</sub>  ) |  |                         | 6   |                  | ns  |      |
| t <sub>pZH</sub>   | Output enable time to high level                          | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω,                | See Figure 4            |     |                  | 65  | ns   |
| t <sub>pZL</sub>   | Output enable time to low level                           | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω,                | See Figure 5            |     |                  | 65  | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>   | Output disable time from high level                       | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω,                | See Figure 4            |     |                  | 105 | ns   |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub>   | Output disable time from low level                        | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω,                | See Figure 5            |     |                  | 105 | ns   |

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.



**SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS**

| DATA SHEET PARAMETER | RS-485                                 |
|----------------------|--|
| $V_O$                | $V_{Oa}, V_{Ob}$                       |
| $ V_{OD1} $          | $V_O$                                  |
| $ V_{OD2} $          | $V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$                |
| $ V_{OD3} $          | $V_t$ (test termination measurement 2) |
| $\Delta  V_{OD} $    | $  V_t  -  \bar{V}_t  $                |
| $V_{OC}$             | $ V_{Os} $                             |
| $\Delta  V_{OC} $    | $ V_{Os} - \bar{V}_{Os} $              |
| $I_{OS}$             | None                                   |
| $I_O$                | $I_{ia}, I_{ib}$                       |

**RECEIVER SECTION**

**electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

| PARAMETER |   | TEST CONDITIONS                   |                                      | MIN   | TYP† | MAX      | UNIT       |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------|----------|------------|
| $V_{IT+}$ | Positive-going input threshold voltage                    | $V_O = 2.7 V,$                    | $I_O = -0.4 mA$                      |       |      | 0.2      | V          |
| $V_{IT-}$ | Negative-going input threshold voltage                    | $V_O = 0.5 V,$                    | $I_O = 8 mA$                         | -0.2‡ |      |          | V          |
| $V_{hys}$ | Hysteresis voltage ( $V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$ ) (see Figure 4) |                                   |                                      |       | 50   |          | mV         |
| $V_{IK}$  | Enable-input clamp voltage                                | $I_I = -18 mA$                    |                                      |       |      | -1.5     | V          |
| $V_{OH}$  | High-level output voltage                                 | $V_{ID} = 200 mV,$                | $I_{OH} = -400 \mu A,$               | 2.7   |      |          | V          |
| $V_{OL}$  | Low-level output voltage                                  | $V_{ID} = 200 mV,$                | $I_{OL} = 8 mA,$                     |       |      | 0.45     | V          |
| $I_{OZ}$  | High-impedance-state output current                       | $V_O = 0.4 V$ to $2.4 V$          |                                      |       |      | $\pm 20$ | $\mu A$    |
| $I_I$     | Line input current  | Other input = 0 V,<br>See Note 5  | $V_I = 12 V$                         |       |      | 1        | mA         |
|           |   |                                   | $V_I = -7 V$                         |       |      | -0.8     |            |
| $I_{IH}$  | High-level enable-input current                           | $V_{IH} = 2.7 V$                  |                                      |       |      | -100     | $\mu A$    |
| $I_{IL}$  | Low-level enable-input current                            | $V_{IL} = 0.4 V$                  |                                      |       |      | -100     | $\mu A$    |
| $r_I$     | Input resistance  |                                   |                                      | 12    |      |          | k $\Omega$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply current  | $V_I = 0$ or $V_{CC},$<br>No load | Receiver enabled and driver disabled |       |      | 3.9      | mA         |
|           |   |                                   | Receiver and driver disabled         |       |      | 0.25     |            |

† All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25^\circ C.$

‡ The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

NOTE 5: This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

# SN65LBC176-Q1 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

SGLS211 – OCTOBER 2003

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$

| PARAMETER  | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|--|---|-----|-----|------|
| $t_{PLH}$ Propagation delay time, low- to high-level single-ended output | $V_{ID} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,<br>See Figure 7 | 11  | 37  | ns   |
| $t_{PHL}$ Propagation delay time, high- to low-level single-ended output |   | 11  | 37  | ns   |
| $t_{sk(p)}$ Pulse skew ( $ t_d(ODH) - t_d(ODL) $ )                       |   |     | 10  | ns   |
| $t_{PZH}$ Output enable time to high level                               | See Figure 8  |     | 35  | ns   |
| $t_{PZL}$ Output enable time to low level                                |   |     | 35  | ns   |
| $t_{PHZ}$ Output disable time from high level                            | See Figure 8  |     | 35  | ns   |
| $t_{PLZ}$ Output disable time from low level                             |   |     | 35  | ns   |

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

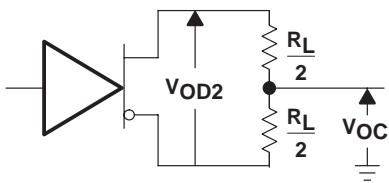


Figure 1. Driver  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$

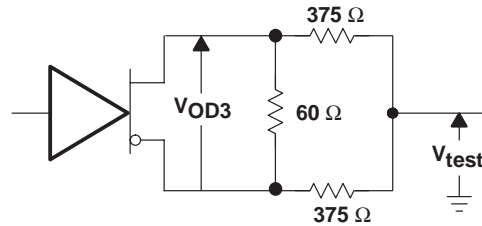
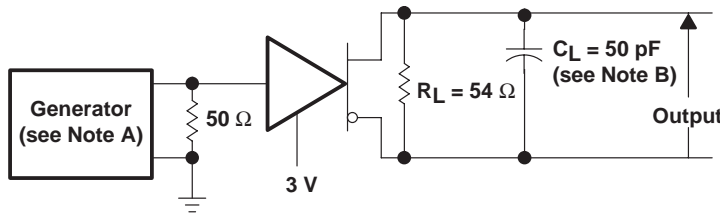
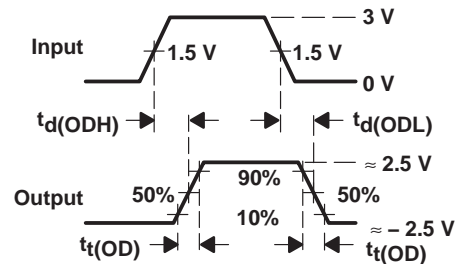


Figure 2. Driver  $V_{OD3}$

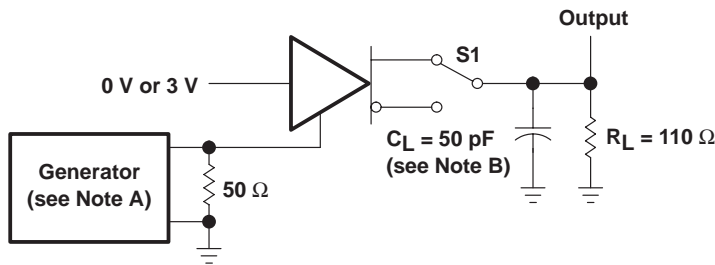


TEST CIRCUIT

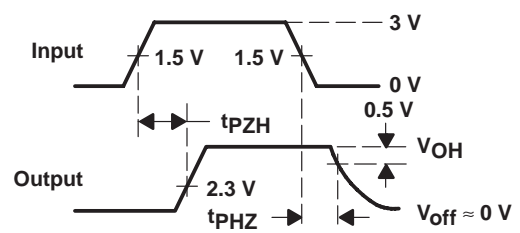


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

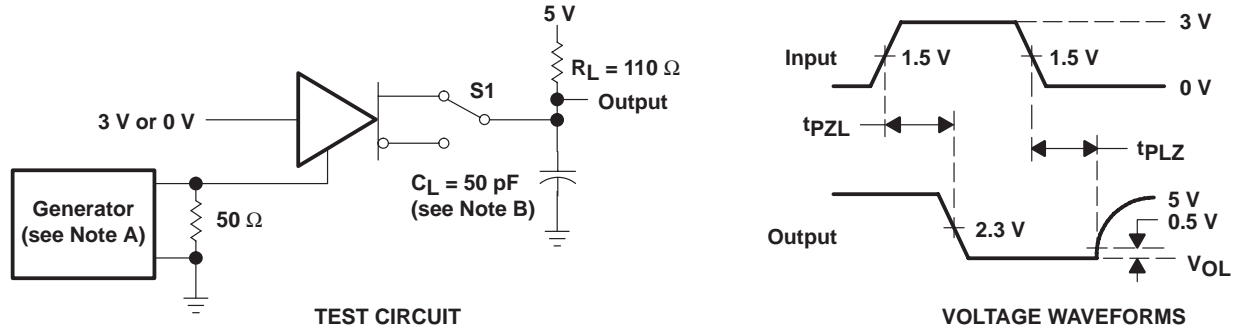


Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

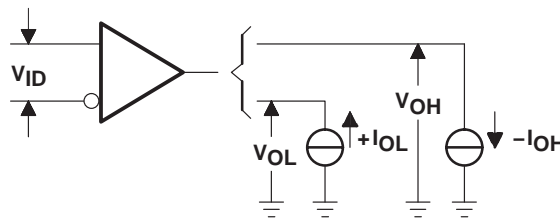
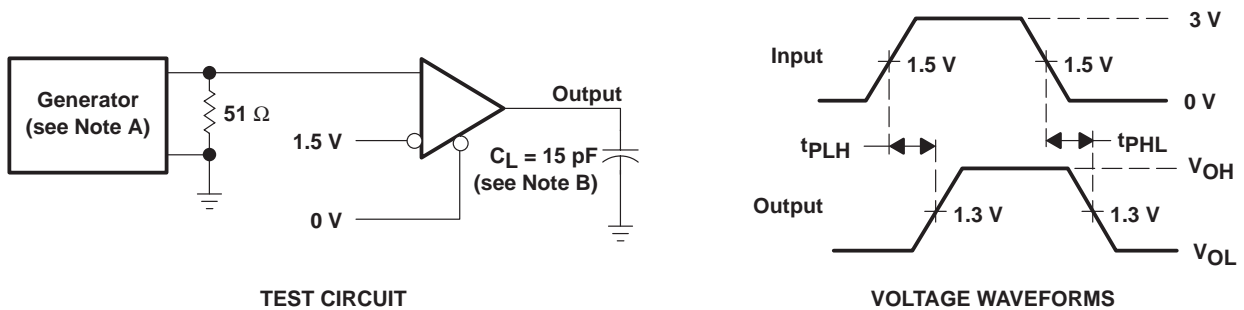


Figure 6. Receiver  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

# SN65LBC176-Q1 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

SGLS211 – OCTOBER 2003

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

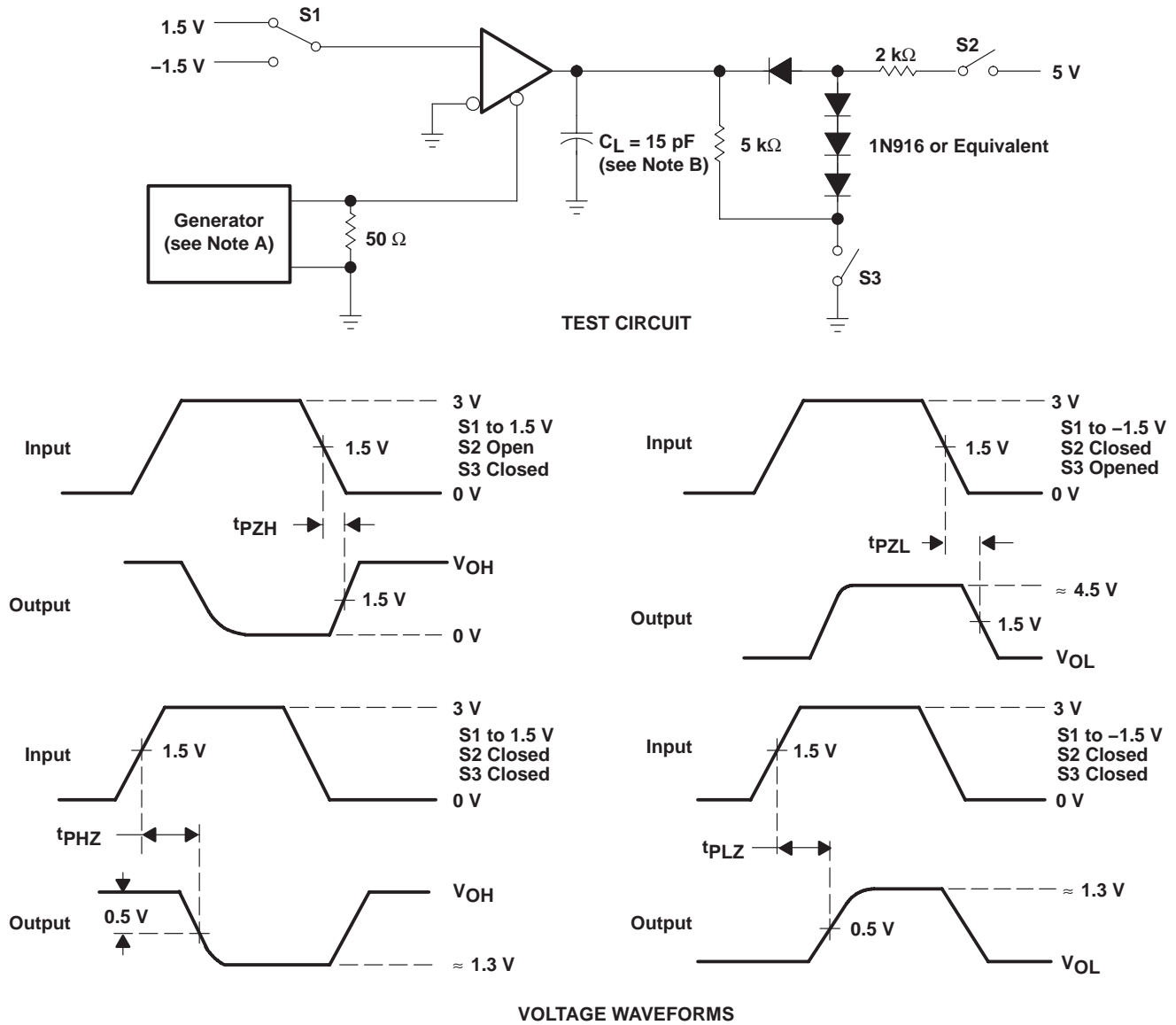


Figure 8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

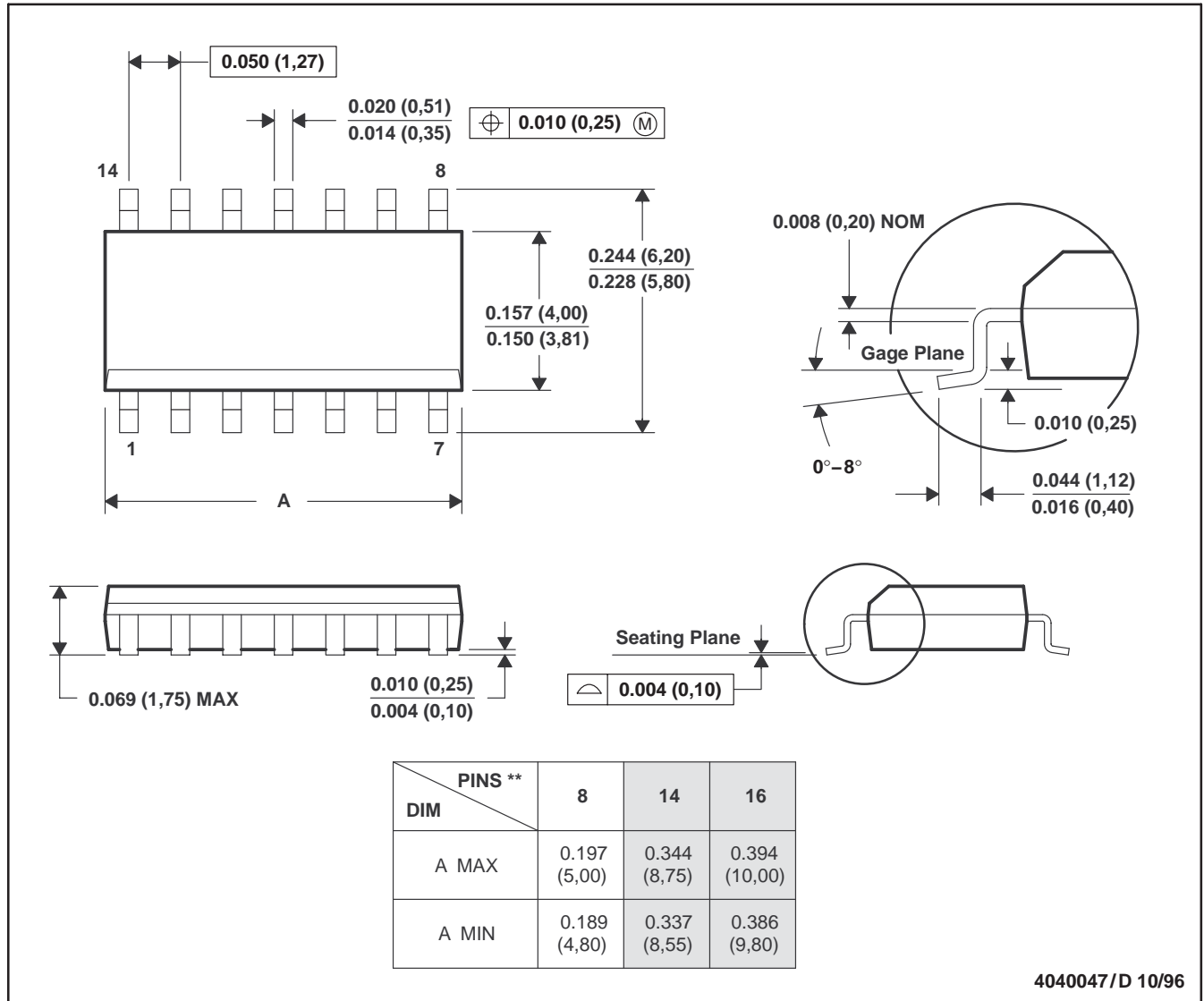


MECHANICAL INFORMATION

D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>               |
|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| SN65LBC176QDRQ1  | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500        | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - May not be currently available - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**None:** Not yet available Lead (Pb-Free).

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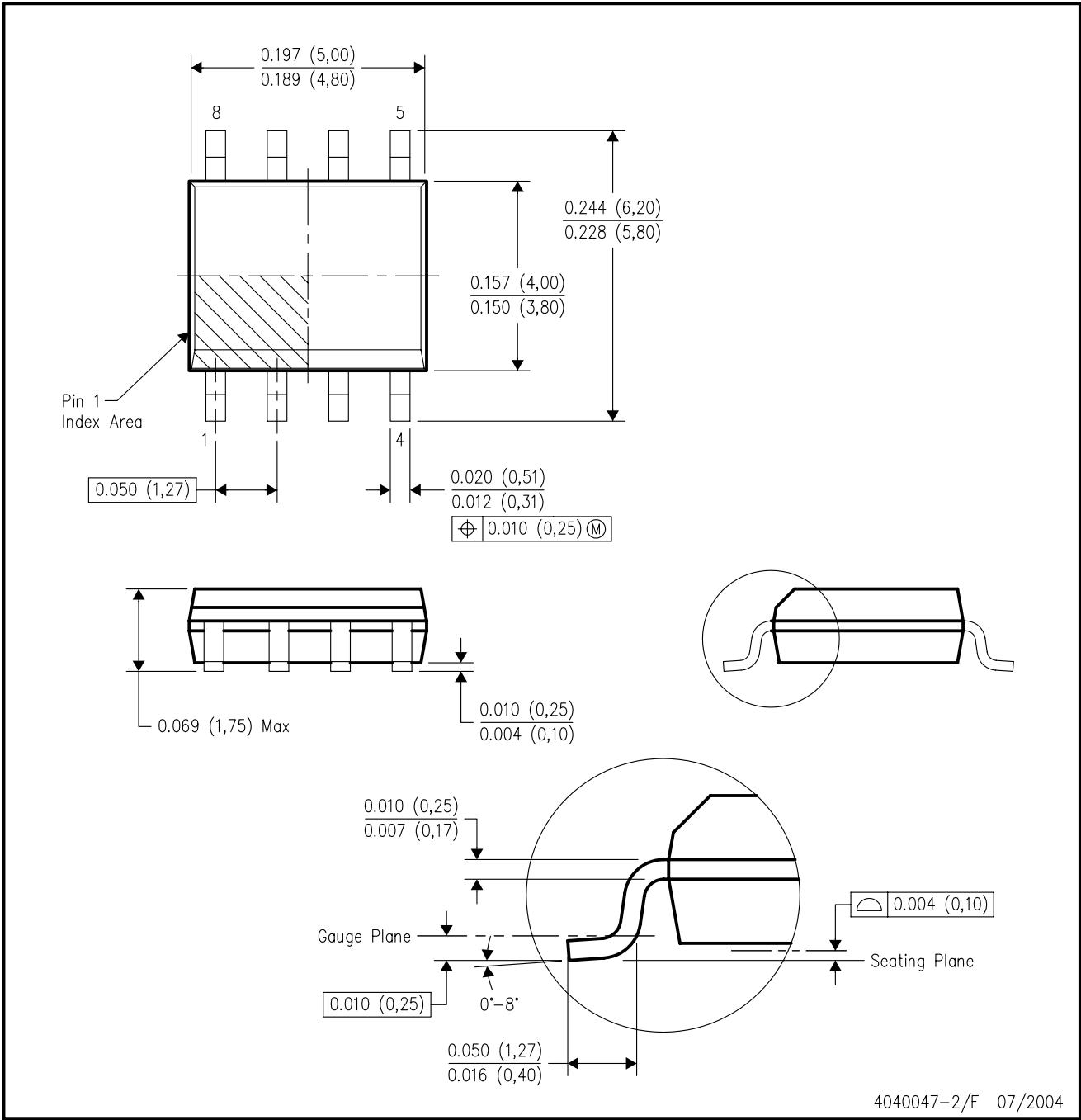
<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



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