

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Low Noise . . . 9 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- High-Gain Bandwidth . . . 2.2 MHz Typ
- High Slew Rate . . . 3.6 V/μs Typ
- Low Input Offset Voltage
950 μV Max at T_A = 25°C
- Macromodel Included
- Performance Upgrades for the TS272, TS274, TLC272, and TLC274
- Available in Q-Temp Automotive HighRel Automotive Applications Configuration Control / Print Support Qualification to Automotive Standards

description

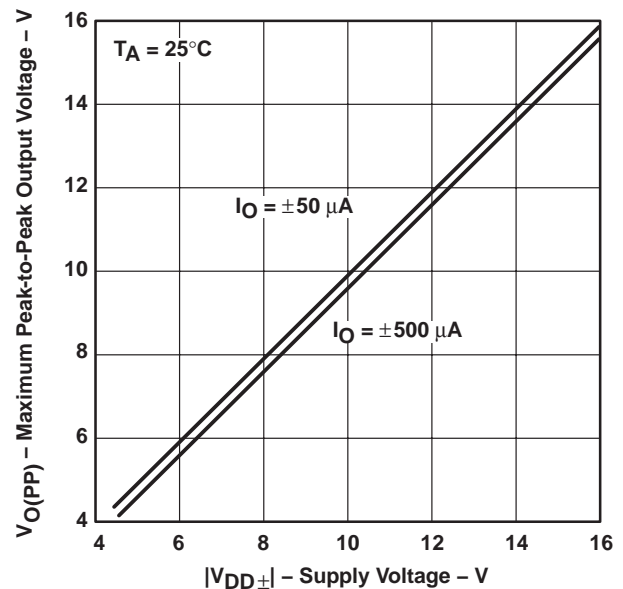
The TLC2272 and TLC2274 are dual and quadruple operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC227x family offers 2 MHz of bandwidth and 3 V/μs of slew rate for higher speed applications. These devices offer comparable ac performance while having better noise, input offset voltage, and power dissipation than existing CMOS operational amplifiers. The TLC227x has a noise voltage of 9 nV/√Hz, two times lower than competitive solutions.

The TLC227x, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, is excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micro-power dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature, with single- or split-supplies, makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC227xA family is available with a maximum input offset voltage of 950 μV. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and ±5 V.

The TLC2272/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC272/4 or TS272/4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage, and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage range, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442 devices.

If the design requires single amplifiers, see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE
VS
SUPPLY VOLTAGE



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Advanced LinCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

 **TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

Copyright © 2004, Texas Instruments Incorporated
On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, all parameters are tested unless otherwise noted. On all other products, production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

TLC227x, TLC227xA

Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T _A	V _{IOMAX} At 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CERAMIC LCC (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLAT PACK (U)
0°C to 70°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2272ACD TLC2272CD	— —	— —	TLC2272ACP TLC2272CP	TLC2272ACPW TLC2272CPW	— —
-40°C to 125°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2272AID TLC2272ID	— —	— —	TLC2272AIP TLC2272IP	— TLC2272IPW	— —
	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2272AQD TLC2272QD	— —	— —	—	TLC2272AQPW TLC2272QPW	— —
-55°C to 125°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2272AMD TLC2272MD	TLC2272AMFK TLC2272MFK	TLC2272AMJG TLC2272MJG	TLC2272AMP TLC2272MP	—	TLC2272AMU TLC2272MU

† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TLC2272CDR).

‡ The PW package is available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TLC2272PWR).

§ Chips are tested at 25°C.

TLC2274 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T _A	V _{IOMAX} AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CERAMIC LCC (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLAT PACK (W)
0°C to 70°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2274ACD TLC2274CD	—	—	TLC2274ACN TLC2274CN	TLC2274ACPW TLC2274CPW	—
-40°C to 125°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2274AID TLC2274ID	—	—	TLC2274AIN TLC2274IN	TLC2274AIPW TLC2274IPW	—
	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2274AQD TLC2274QD	—	—	—	—	—
-55°C to 125°C	950 μV 2.5 mV	TLC2274AMD TLC2274MD	TLC2274AMFK TLC2274MFK	TLC2274AMJ TLC2274MJ	TLC2274AMN TLC2274MN	—	TLC2274AMW TLC2274MW

† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2274CDR).

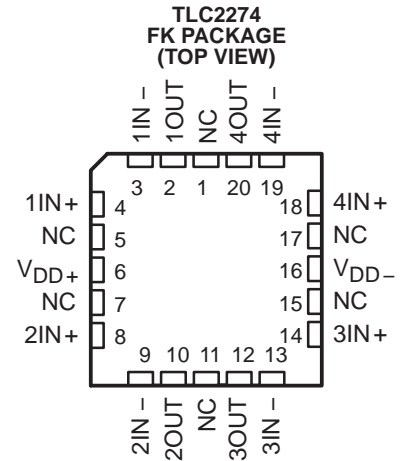
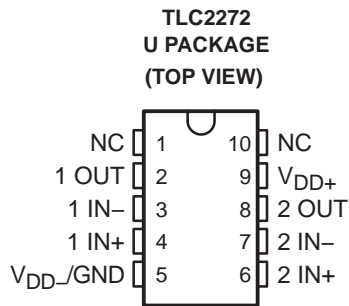
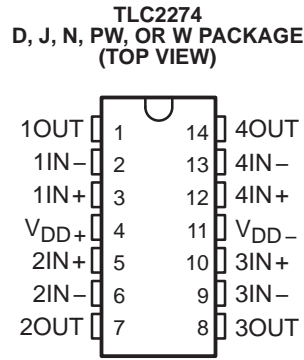
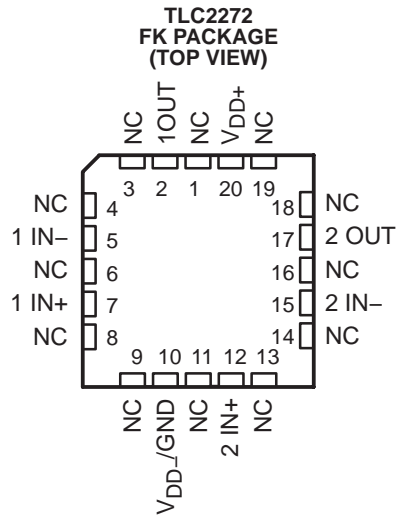
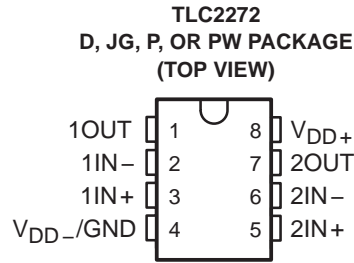
‡ The PW package is available taped and reeled.

§ Chips are tested at 25°C.



TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

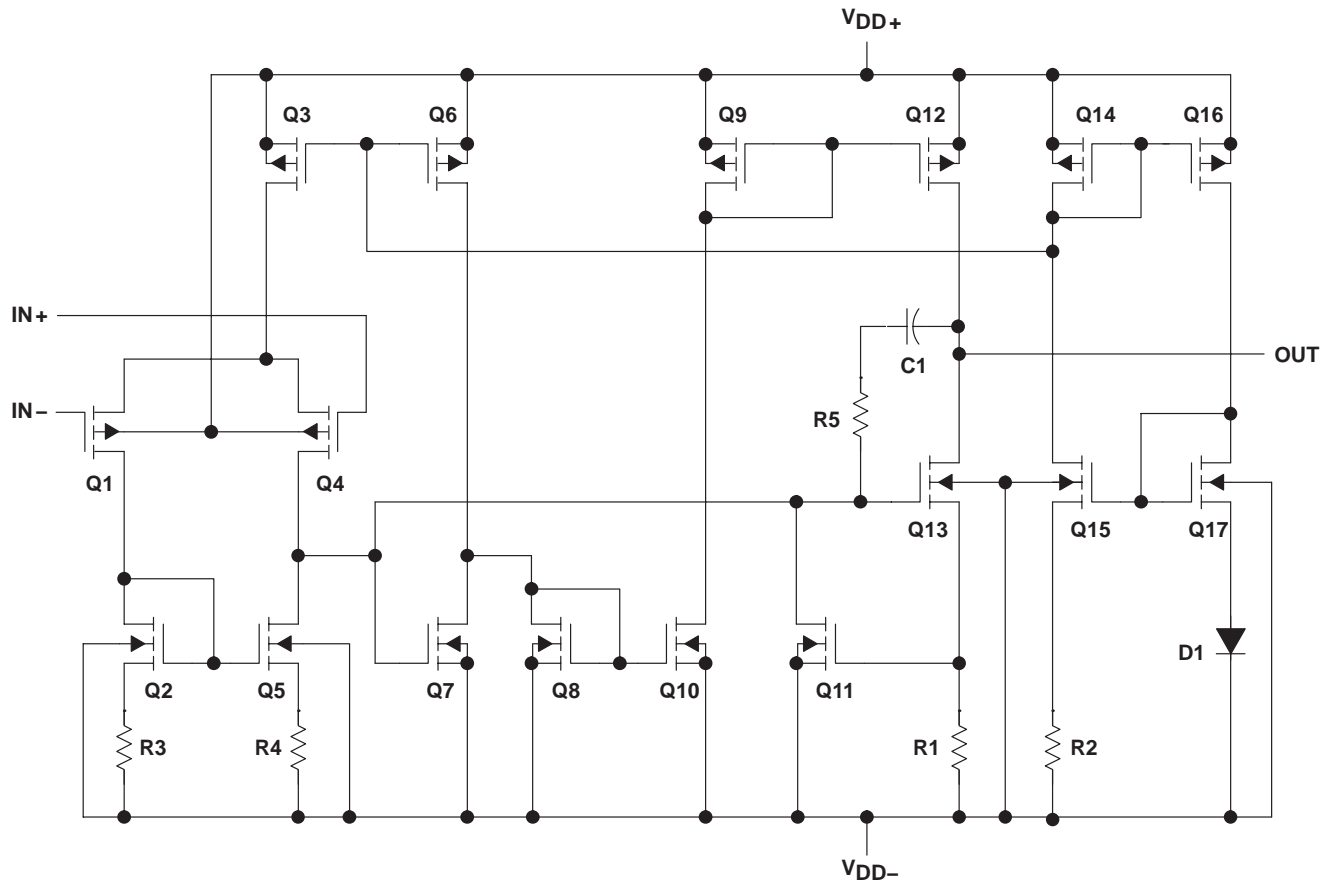


NC – No internal connection

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT†		
COMPONENT	TLC2272	TLC2274
Transistors	38	76
Resistors	26	52
Diodes	9	18
Capacitors	3	6

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD+} (see Note 1)	8 V
Supply voltage, V_{DD-} (see Note 1)	–8 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	±16 V
Input voltage range, V_I (any input, see Note 1)	$V_{DD-} - 0.3\text{ V}$ to V_{DD+}
Input current, I_I (any input)	±5 mA
Output current, I_O	±50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+}	±50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-}	±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Notes 4 and 5): D package (8 pin)	97.1°C/W
D package (14 pin)	86.2°C/W
N package	79.7°C/W
P package	84.6°C/W
PW package (8 pin)	149°C/W
PW package (14 pin)	113°C/W
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JC} (see Notes 4 and 5): FK package	5.6°C/W
J package	15.1°C/W
U package	14.7°C/W
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I, Q suffix	–40°C to 125°C
M suffix	–55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D, N, P or PW package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: J or U package	300°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-} .
 2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$. Excessive current will flow if input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3\text{ V}$.
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.
 4. Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(\text{max})$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(\text{max}) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
 5. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7 (plastic) or MIL-STD-883 Method 1012 (ceramic).

recommended operating conditions

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		Q SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage, V_I	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0	70	–40	125	–40	125	–55	125	°C

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272C			TLC2272AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$	
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			100		100		
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1	60		1	60	pA		
	Full range			100		100			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99	V	
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01			0.01	V	
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range			0.15		0.15		
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01			0.01	V	
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range			0.15		0.15		
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.01			0.01	V	
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range			0.15		0.15		
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	15	35		15	35	V/mV
			Full range	15			15		
			25°C		175			175	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		175			175	V/mV
			Full range			175			
			25°C		175			175	
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω	
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω	
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, P package	25°C		8			8	pF	
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	25°C		140			140	Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75	dB	
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	2.2	3		2.2	3	mA	
		Full range			3		3		

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

NOTE 6: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272C			TLC2272AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		25°C		9			9		
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1			1		μV
		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	25°C		$A_V = 1$		0.0013%		0.0013%	
				$A_V = 10$		0.004%		0.004%	
				$A_V = 100$		0.03%		0.03%	
	Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		2.18			2.18		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $A_V = 1$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		1			1		MHz
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		To 0.1%		1.5		1.5	μs
				To 0.01%		2.6		2.6	
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		50°			50°		
		25°C		10			10		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272C			TLC2272AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_O = 0\text{ V},$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			100		100		
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1			1			pA	
	Full range			100		100			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.99			4.99			V
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
	Full range	4.85			4.85				
	$I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
Full range		4.25			4.25				
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.99			-4.99			V
		25°C	-4.85	-4.91		-4.85	-4.91		
	Full range	-4.85			-4.85				
	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1		-3.5	-4.1		
Full range		-3.5			-3.5				
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	25	50		25	50	V/mV
			Full range	25			25		
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega$	25°C	300			300		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	1012			1012			Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	1012			1012			Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ P package}$	25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	130			130			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80		75	80	dB	
		Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm} = 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	2.4			2.4			mA
		Full range			3		3		

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272C			TLC2272AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		f = 1 kHz		9			9		
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion pulse duration $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$A_V = 1$	25°C	0.0011%		0.0011%			
		$A_V = 10$		0.004%		0.004%			
		$A_V = 100$		0.03%		0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		2.25			2.25	MHz	
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		0.54			0.54	MHz	
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5		1.5		μs	
		To 0.01%		3.2		3.2			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°			52°		
		25°C		10			10	dB	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			100		100		
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
		Full range			100		100		
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.99		4.99		V		
		25°C	4.85	4.93	4.85	4.93			
		Full range	4.85		4.85				
		25°C	4.25	4.65	4.25	4.65			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15			
		Full range	0.15		0.15				
		25°C	0.9	1.5	0.9	1.5			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15			
		Full range	0.15		0.15				
		25°C	0.9	1.5	0.9	1.5			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15			
		Full range	0.15		0.15				
		25°C	0.9	1.5	0.9	1.5			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15			
		Full range	0.15		0.15				
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	25°C	15	35	15	35	V/mV	
			Full range	15		15			
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega$ ‡	25°C	175		175			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω		
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω		
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package	25°C	8			8	pF		
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	25°C	140			140	Ω		
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75	70	75	dB		
		Full range	70		70				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
		Full range	80		80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	4.4	6	4.4	6	mA		
		Full range	6		6				

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6	V/ μs	
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		50			50	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		25°C		9			9		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1			1	μV	
		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	25°C		$A_V = 1$		0.0013%		0.0013%	
				$A_V = 10$		0.004%		0.004%	
				$A_V = 100$		0.03%		0.03%	
	Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C			$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	2.18		2.18	MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C			$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	1		1	MHz
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		To 0.1%		1.5		1.5	μs
				To 0.01%		2.6		2.6	
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C				50°		50°	
		25°C				10		10	
	Gain margin	25°C				10		10	dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			100		100		
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1	60		1	60	pA		
	Full range			100		100			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.99		4.99		V		
		25°C	4.85	4.93	4.85	4.93			
		Full range	4.85		4.85				
		25°C	4.25	4.65	4.25	4.65			
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	-4.99		-4.99		V		
		25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85	-4.91			
		Full range	-4.85		-4.85				
		25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1			
V_{IC-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85	-4.91	V		
		Full range	-4.85		-4.85				
		25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1			
		Full range	-3.5		-3.5				
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	25°C	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25	50	25	50	V/mV	
			Full range	25		25			
		25°C	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	300		300			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C	8		8		pF		
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	130		130		Ω		
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80	75	80	dB		
		Full range	75		75				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
		Full range	80		80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	4.8	6	4.8	6	mA		
		Full range	6		6				

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		f = 1 Hz	25°C		9		9		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz	25°C		1		1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	25°C		1.4		1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6		0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.0011%		0.0011%		
		$A_V = 10$			0.004%		0.004%		
		$A_V = 100$			0.03%		0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		2.25		2.25	MHz	
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		0.54		0.54	MHz	
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	To 0.1%	25°C		1.5		1.5	μs
			To 0.01%			3.2		3.2	
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°		52°		
	Gain margin		25°C		10		10	dB	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272I			TLC2272AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage		25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$ $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
	-40°C to 85°C	150			150				
	Full range	800			800				
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
		-40°C to 85°C	150			150			
		Full range	800			800			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,$ $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.99			4.99			V
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01			0.01			V
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range	0.15			0.15			
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	15	35		15	35	V/mV
			Full range	15			15		
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	175			175		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
C_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ P package	25°C	8			8			pF
Z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	140			140			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V},$ $V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75	dB	
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V},$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	2.2	3		2.2	3	mA	
		Full range	3			3			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272I			TLC2272AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50		nV $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		f = 1 kHz		9			9		
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	$A_V = 1$		0.0013%			0.0013%		
		$A_V = 10$	25°C		0.004%		0.004%		
		$A_V = 100$			0.03%		0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		2.18		2.18		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		1		1		MHz
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	To 0.1%		1.5		1.5		μs
			To 0.01%	25°C		2.6		2.6	
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		50°		50°		
	Gain margin		25°C		10		10		

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLC2272I			TLC2272AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$	25°C	300 2500		300 950		μV		
		Full range	3000		1500				
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C	2		2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002		0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$		
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60	0.5	60	pA		
		-40°C to 85°C	150		150				
	Full range	800		800					
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1	60	1	60	pA			
	-40°C to 85°C	150		150					
	Full range	800		800					
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,$ $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V		
		Full range	-5 to 3.5		-5 to 3.5				
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.99		4.99		V		
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93	4.85	4.93			
		Full range	4.85		4.85				
	$I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.25	4.65	4.25	4.65			
Full range		4.25		4.25					
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.99		-4.99		V		
	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85	-4.91			
		Full range	-4.85		-4.85				
	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1			
Full range		-3.5		-3.5					
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	25	50	25	50	V/mV	
			Full range	25		25			
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega$	25°C	300		300			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ P package	25°C	8		8		pF		
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	130		130		Ω		
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80	75	80	dB		
		Full range	75		75				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to } 16\text{ V},$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load	25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
		Full range	80		80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	2.4	3	2.4	3	mA		
		Full range	3		3				

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272I			TLC2272AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		50			50	$\text{nV}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		25°C		9			9		
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1			1	μV	
		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	$\text{fA}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$	25°C	$A_V = 1$	0.0011%		0.0011%			
			$A_V = 10$	0.004%		0.004%			
			$A_V = 100$	0.03%		0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		2.25			2.25	MHz	
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		0.54			0.54	MHz	
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = $-2.3\text{ V to }2.3\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	To 0.1%	1.5		1.5		μs	
			To 0.01%	3.2		3.2			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°			52°		
		25°C		10			10		
	Gain margin	25°C		10			10	dB	

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C .

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500		300	950		μV
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60		pA
		-40°C to 85°C	150			150			
		Full range	800			800			
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60		pA
	-40°C to 85°C	150			150				
	Full range	800			800				
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.99		4.99			V	
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85		4.85				
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01		0.01			V	
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range	0.15		0.15				
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	25°C	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡		15 35		15 35		V/mV
			Full range		15		15		
		25°C	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ ‡		175		175		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
C_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package	25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	25°C	140			140			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75		dB
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	4.4	6		4.4	6		mA
		Full range	6			6			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6	V/ μs	
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		f = 1 kHz		9			9		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		1			1	μV	
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$		0.0013%			0.0013%		
		$A_V = 10$	25°C		0.004%		0.004%		
		$A_V = 100$			0.03%		0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product f = 10 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		2.18			2.18	MHz	
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $A_V = 1$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		1			1	MHz	
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	To 0.1%		1.5			1.5	μs	
		To 0.01%	25°C		2.6		2.6		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		50°			50°		
	Gain margin	25°C		10			10	dB	

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 0 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C	2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$	
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		-40°C to 85°C			150		150		
		Full range			800		800		
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
		-40°C to 85°C			150		150		
		Full range			800		800		
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.99			4.99	V		
		Full range	4.85	4.93		4.85		4.93	
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25		4.65	
		Full range	4.25			4.25			
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.99			-4.99	V		
		Full range	-4.85	-4.91		-4.85		-4.91	
	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1		-3.5		-4.1	
		Full range	-3.5			-3.5			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\ \text{k}\Omega$	25°C	25	50		25	50	V/mV
			Full range	25			25		
		$R_L = 1\ \text{M}\Omega$	25°C	300			300		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω		
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}	Ω		
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\ \text{kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C	8			8	pF		
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\ \text{MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	130			130	Ω		
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80		75	80	dB	
		Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	4.8	6		4.8	6	mA	
		Full range			6		6		

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		f = 1 kHz		9			9		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, f = 20 kHz	$A_V = 1$	25°C	0.0011%		0.0011%			
		$A_V = 10$		0.004%		0.004%			
		$A_V = 100$		0.03%		0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		2.25			2.25	MHz	
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		0.54			0.54	MHz	
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5		1.5		μs	
		To 0.01%		3.2		3.2			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°			52°		
	Gain margin	25°C		10			10	dB	

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272Q and TLC2272M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272Q, TLC2272M			TLC2272AQ, TLC2272AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage		25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range		3000		1500			
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$ $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range		800		800			
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
		Full range		800		800			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,$ $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.99			4.99			V
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01			0.01			V
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range	0.15			0.15			
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	25°C	10	35		10	35	V/mV
			Full range	10			10		
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega$ ‡	25°C	175			175		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
C_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ P package	25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	140			140			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V},$ $V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75	dB	
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V},$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	2.2	3		2.2	3	mA	
		Full range	3			3			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272Q and TLC2272M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272Q, TLC2272M			TLC2272AQ, TLC2272AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 1.25\text{ V to }2.75\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		f = 1 kHz		9			9		
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6	fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡	$A_V = 1$		0.0013%			0.0013%		
		$A_V = 10$	25°C		0.004%		0.004%		
		$A_V = 100$			0.03%		0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		2.18		2.18		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		1		1		MHz
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	To 0.1%		1.5		1.5		μs
		To 0.01%	25°C		2.6		2.6		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ ‡	25°C		50°		50°		
	Gain margin		25°C		10		10	dB	

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2272Q and TLC2272M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272Q, TLC2272M			TLC2272AQ, TLC2272AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$	25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			800		800		
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1	60		1	60	pA		
	Full range			800		800			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,$ $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.99			4.99		V	
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ $I_O = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	-4.99			-4.99		V	
		25°C	-4.85	-4.91		-4.85	-4.91		
		Full range	-4.85			-4.85			
		25°C	-3.5	-4.1		-3.5	-4.1		
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega$	25°C	20	50		20	50	V/mV	
		Full range	20			20			
		25°C	300			300			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}			Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ P package	25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	130			130			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80		75	80	dB	
		Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V},$ $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	2.4	3		2.4	3	mA	
		Full range	3			3			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

**TLC2272Q and TLC2272M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,
 $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2272Q, TLC2272M			TLC2272AQ, TLC2272AM			UNIT		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX			
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = \pm 1\text{ V},$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6	V/ μs		
			Full range	1.7			1.7				
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	50			50			nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
			25°C	9			9				
V_{NPP}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C	1			1			μV	
			25°C	1.4			1.4				
I_n	Equivalent input noise current		25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $f = 20\text{ kHz}$	25°C	$A_V = 1$	0.0011%			0.0011%			
				$A_V = 10$	0.004%			0.004%			
				$A_V = 100$	0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$	25°C	2.25			2.25			MHz	
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $A_V = 1,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	0.54			0.54			MHz	
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1,$ Step = $-2.3\text{ V to }2.3\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	To 0.1%	1.5			1.5			μs
				To 0.01%	3.2			3.2			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	52°			52°				
	Gain margin		25°C	10			10			dB	

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274Q and TLC2274M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274Q, TLC2274M			TLC2274AQ, TLC2274AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage		25°C	300	2500		300	950	μV	
		Full range			3000		1500		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0.002			0.002			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
		Full range			800		800		
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1		60	1		60	pA
		Full range			800			800	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.99			4.99		V	
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.01			0.01		V	
		25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range	0.15			0.15			
		25°C	0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5		
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	25°C	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ‡			10		V/mV	
			Full range			10			
		25°C	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ ‡			175			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω	
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω	
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package	25°C	8			8		pF	
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	25°C	140			140		Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75	dB	
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	4.4	6		4.4	6	mA	
		Full range	6			6			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274Q and TLC2274M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274Q, TLC2274M			TLC2274AQ, TLC2274AM			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, C_L = 100\text{ pF}‡$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μ s	
		Full range	1.7			1.7				
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	50			50			nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		25°C	9			9				
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C	1			1			μ V	
		25°C	1.4			1.4				
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, f = 20\text{ kHz}, R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡$	25°C	$A_V = 1$			0.0013%				
			$A_V = 10$			0.004%				
			$A_V = 100$			0.03%				
	Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10\text{ kHz}, C_L = 100\text{ pF}‡$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡$, 25°C	2.18			2.18			MHz	
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}, R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡$	$A_V = 1,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}‡$	25°C	1			1			MHz
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1,$ Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}‡$	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μ s
		To 0.01%		2.6			2.6			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega‡,$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}‡$	25°C	50°			50°			
	Gain margin		25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TLC2274Q and TLC2274M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274Q, TLC2274M			TLC2274AQ, TLC2274AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	300	2500	300	950	μV		
		Full range	3000		1500				
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2		2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.002		0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$		
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60	0.5	60	pA		
		Full range	800		800				
I_{IB} Input bias current	25°C	1	60	1	60	pA			
	Full range	800		800					
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V		
		Full range	-5 to 3.5		-5 to 3.5				
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93	4.85	4.93	V		
		Full range	4.85		4.85				
		25°C	4.25	4.65	4.25	4.65			
		Full range	4.25		4.25				
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85	-4.91	V		
		Full range	-4.85		-4.85				
		25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1			
		Full range	-3.5		-3.5				
$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85	-4.91	V			
	Full range	-4.85		-4.85					
	25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1				
$V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, I_O = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1	V			
	Full range	-3.5		-3.5					
	25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5	-4.1				
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	20	50	20	50	V/mV	
			Full range	20		20			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	25°C	300		300			
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		10^{12}		Ω		
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C	8		8		pF		
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	130		130		Ω		
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80	75	80	dB		
		Full range	75		75				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
		Full range	80		80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	4.8	6	4.8	6	mA		
		Full range	6		6				

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

**TLC2274Q and TLC2274M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,
 $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274Q, TLC2274M			TLC2274AQ, TLC2274AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		25°C		9			9		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1			1		μV
		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $f = 20\text{ kHz}$	25°C		$A_V = 1$	0.0011%		0.0011%		
				$A_V = 10$	0.004%		0.004%		
				$A_V = 100$	0.03%		0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10\text{ kHz},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		2.25			2.25		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $A_V = 1,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		0.54			0.54		MHz
t_s	Settling time $A_V = -1,$ Step = $-2.3\text{ V to }2.3\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		To 0.1%	1.5		1.5		μs
				To 0.01%	3.2		3.2		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unit gain $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°			52°		
		25°C		10			10		dB
	Gain margin	25°C		10			10		dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part, -55°C to 125°C for M level part.

TLC227x, TLC227xA
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	Distribution vs Common-mode voltage	1 – 4 5, 6
αV_{IO}	Input offset voltage temperature coefficient	Distribution	7 – 10
I_{IB}/I_{IO}	Input bias and input offset current	vs Free-air temperature	11
V_I	Input voltage	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	12 13
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	14
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	15, 16
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	vs Output current	17
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	vs Output current	18
$V_{O(PP)}$	Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	19
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	20 21
V_O	Output voltage	vs Differential input voltage	22, 23
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Load resistance	24
	Large-signal differential voltage amplification and phase margin	vs Frequency	25, 26
	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature	27, 28
z_o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	29, 30
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	31
		vs Free-air temperature	32
kSVR	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Frequency	33, 34
		vs Free-air temperature	35
I_{DD}	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	36, 37
		vs Free-air temperature	38, 39
SR	Slew rate	vs Load capacitance	40
		vs Free-air temperature	41
V_O	Inverting large-signal pulse response		42, 43
	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response		44, 45
	Inverting small-signal pulse response		46, 47
	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response		48, 49
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	50, 51
	Noise voltage over a 10-second period		52
	Integrated noise voltage	vs Frequency	53
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	54
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Supply voltage	55
		vs Free-air temperature	56
ϕ_m	Phase margin	vs Load capacitance	57
	Gain margin	vs Load capacitance	58

NOTE: For all graphs where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2272
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

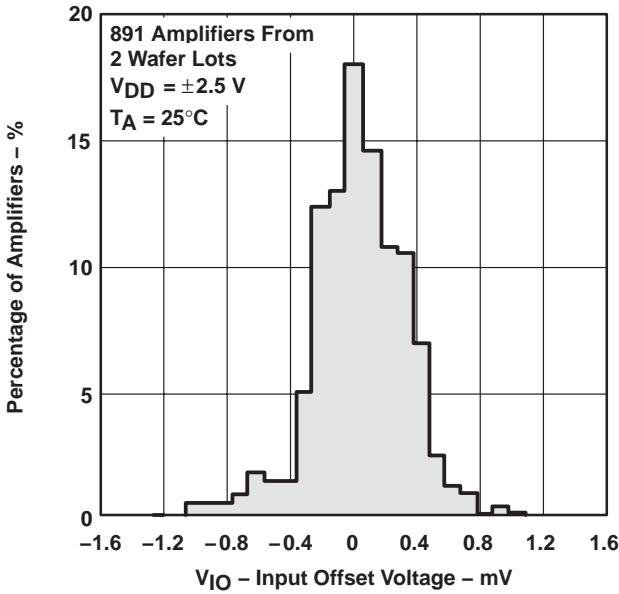


Figure 1

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2272
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

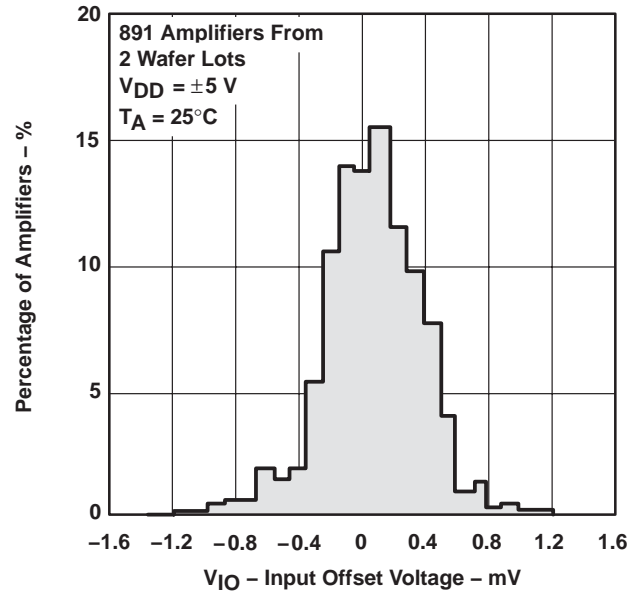


Figure 2

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2274
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE



Figure 3

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2274
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

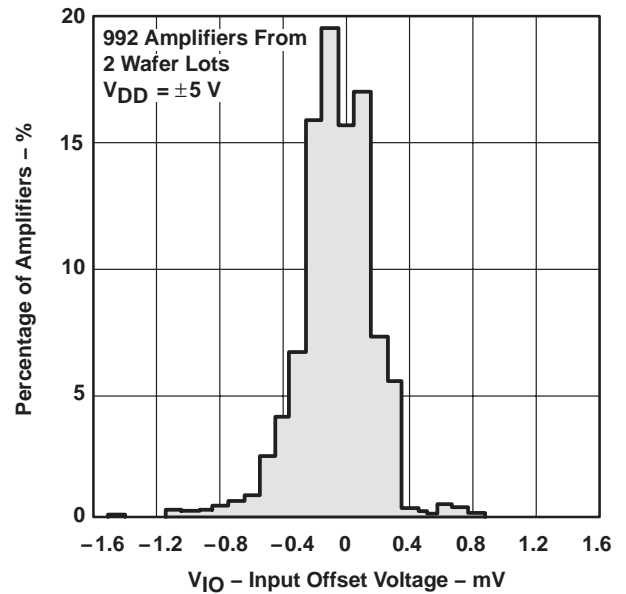


Figure 4

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

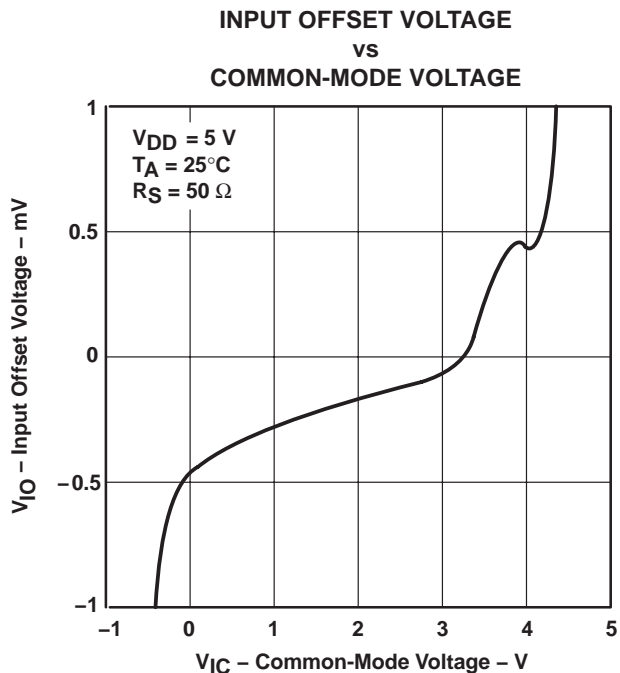


Figure 5

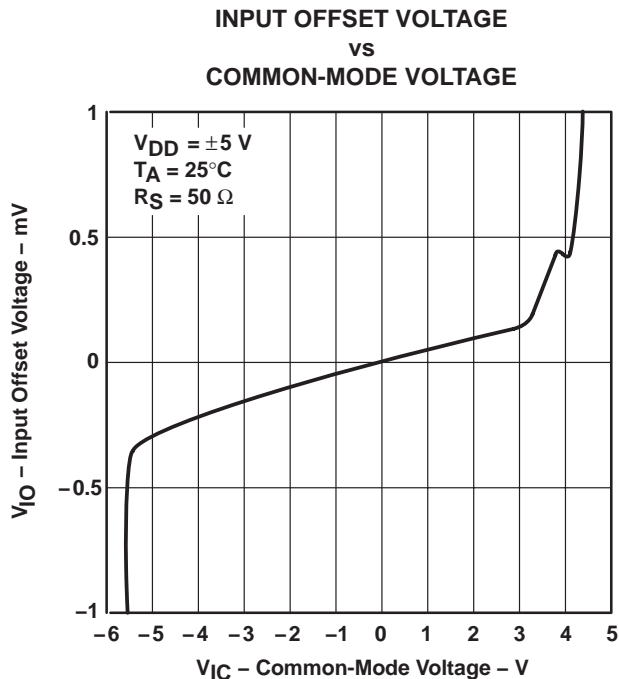


Figure 6

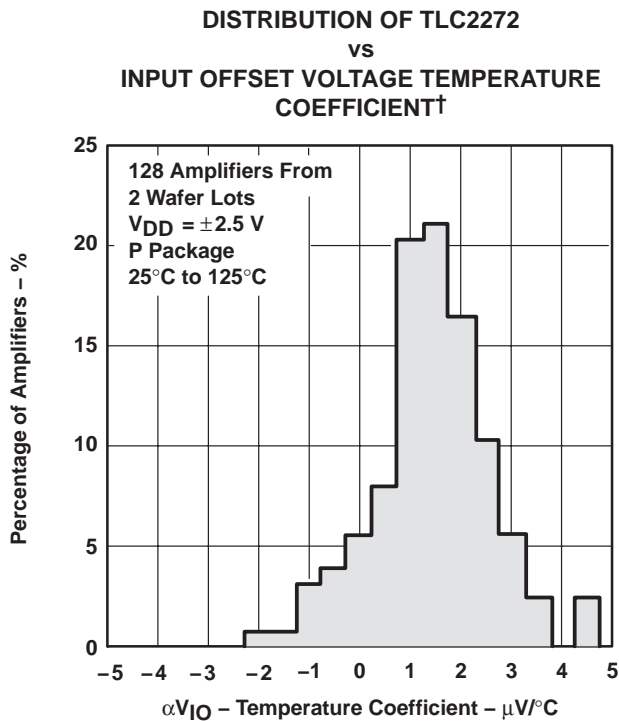


Figure 7

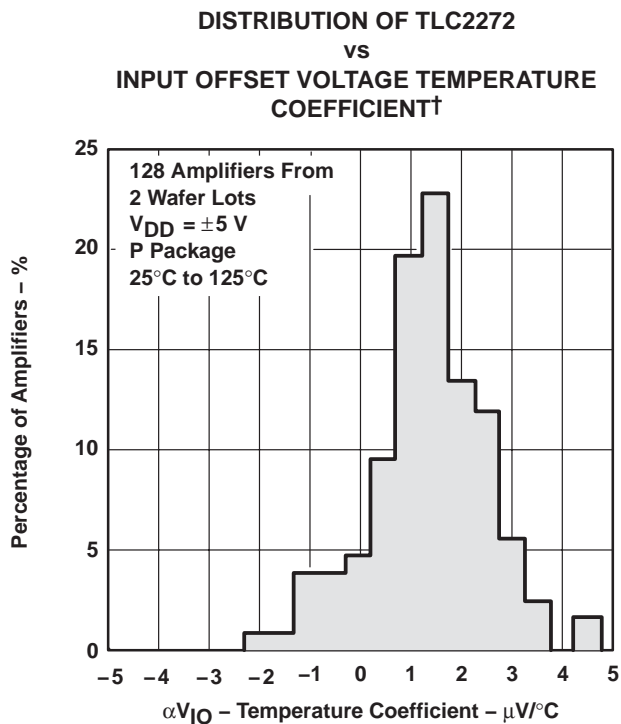


Figure 8

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

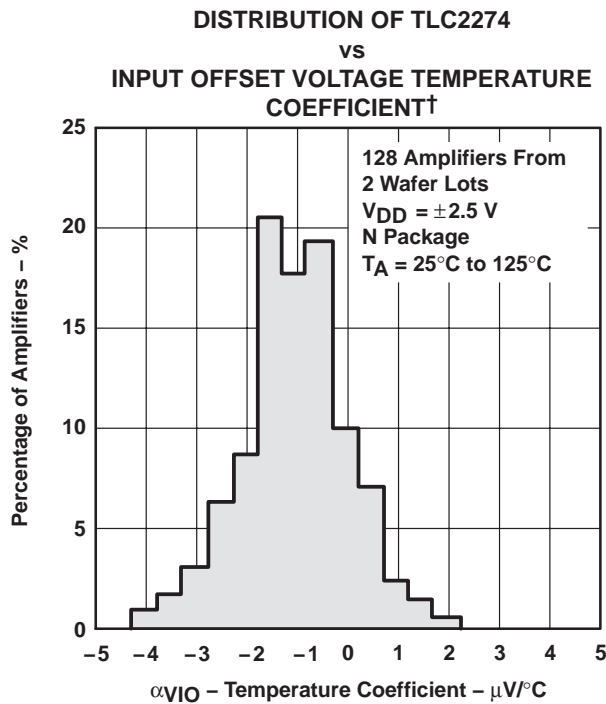


Figure 9

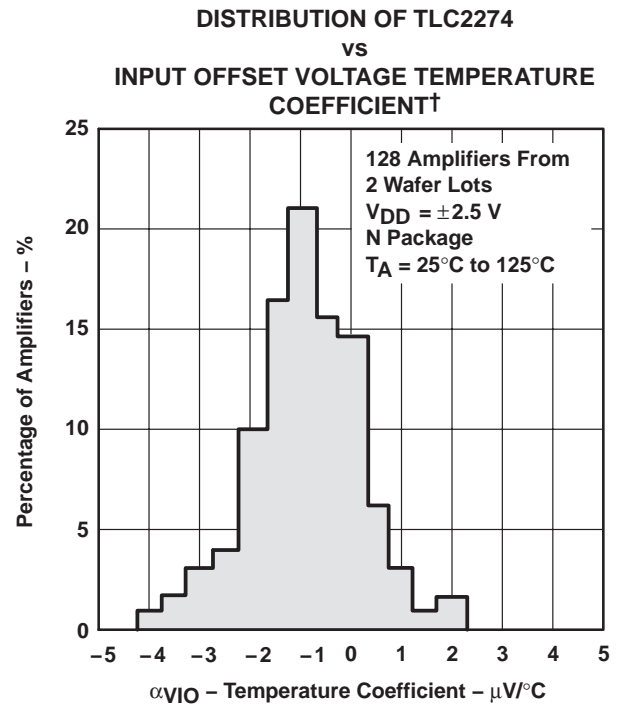


Figure 10

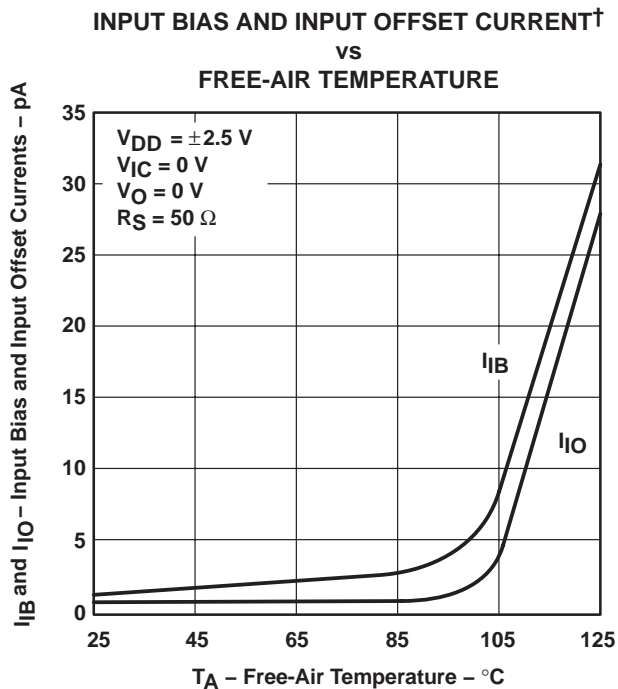


Figure 11

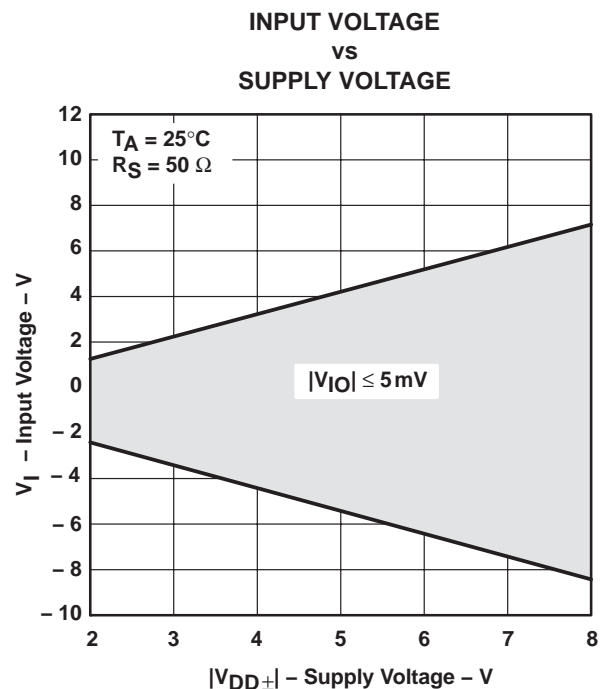
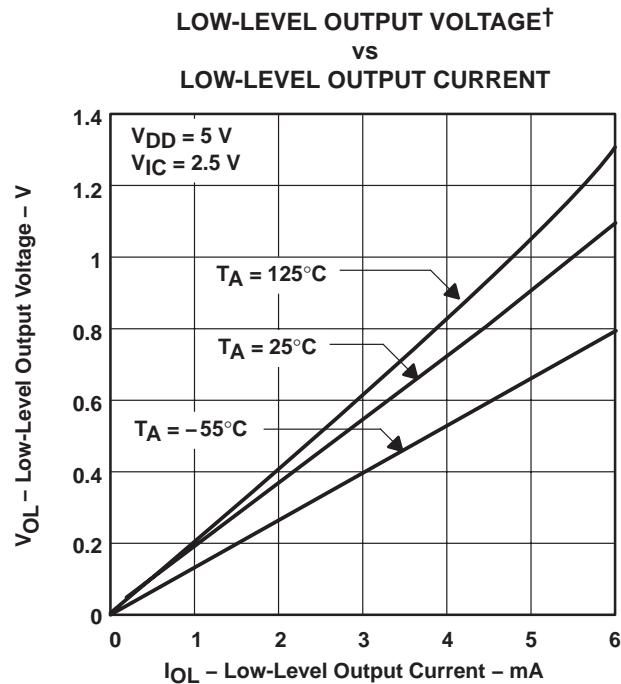
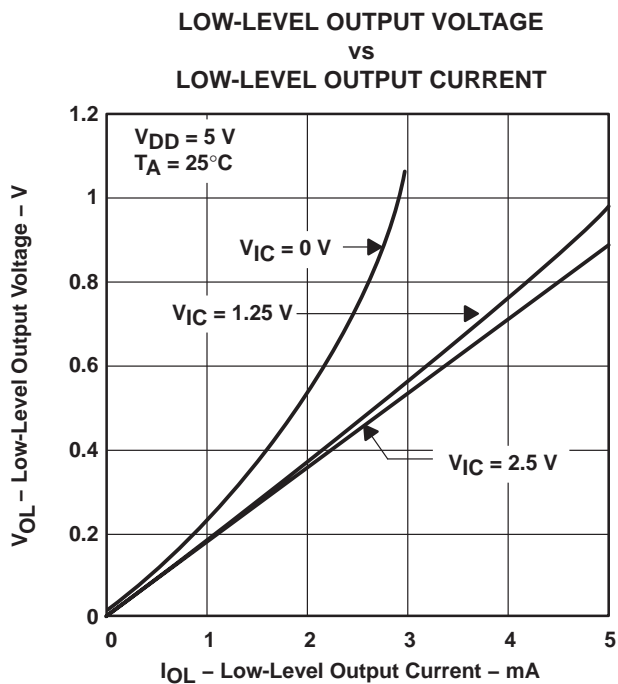
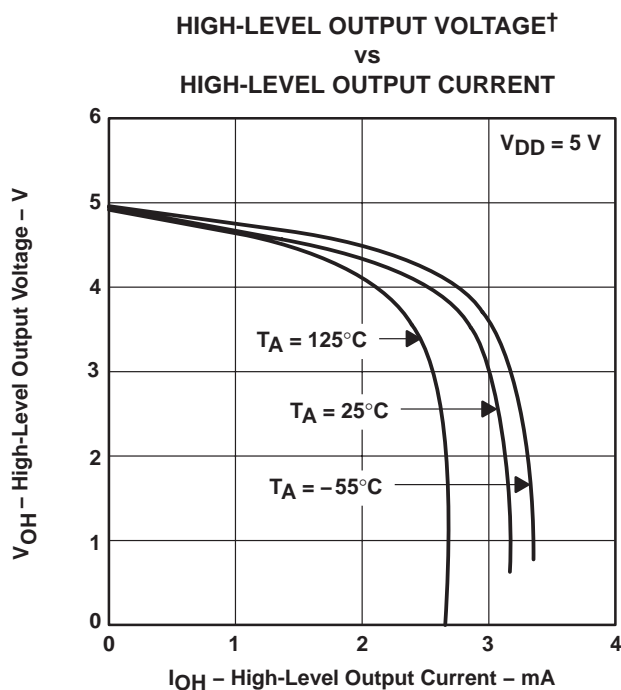


Figure 12

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

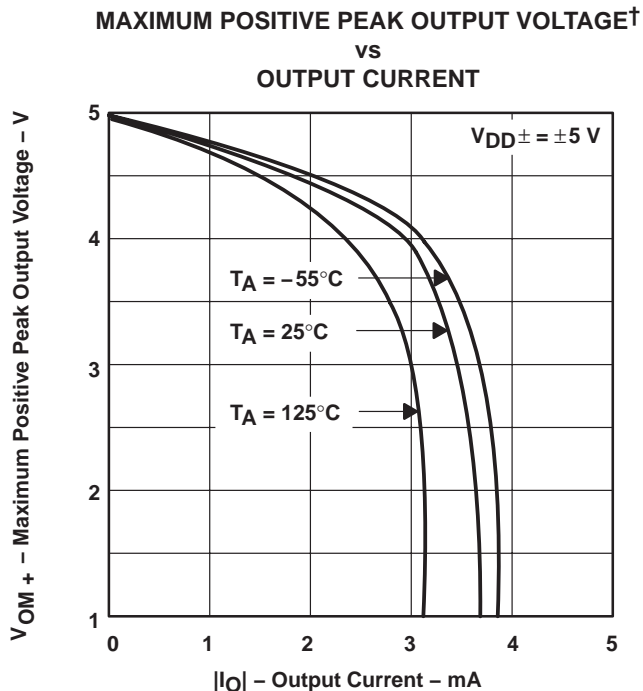


Figure 17

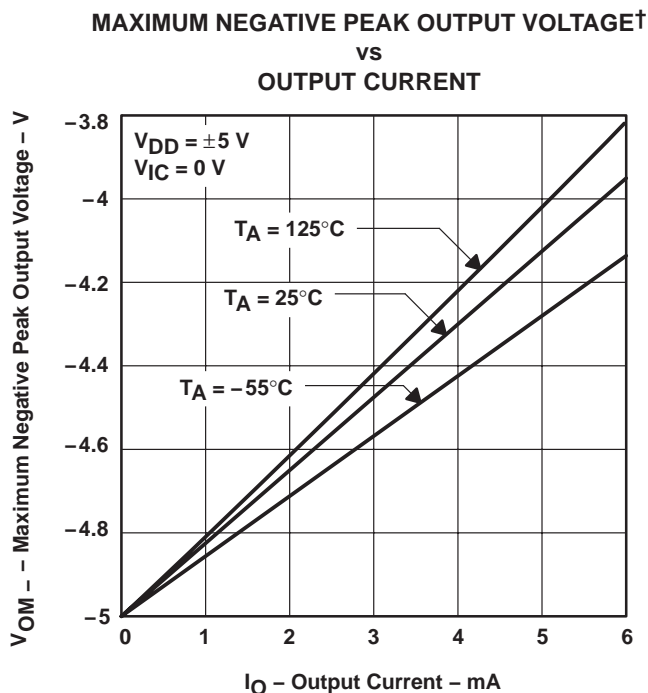


Figure 18

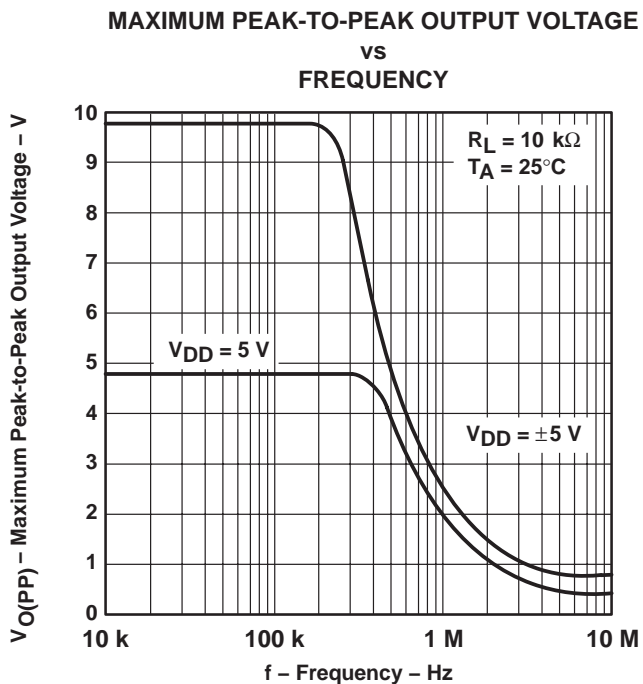


Figure 19

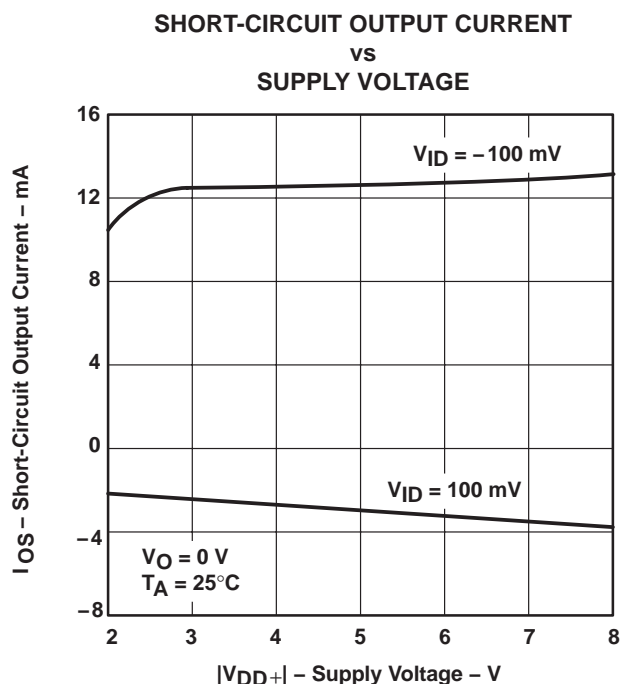


Figure 20

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

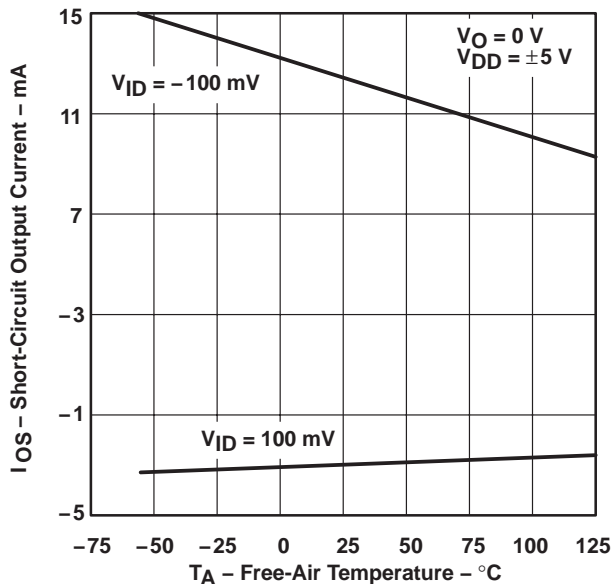


Figure 21

OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

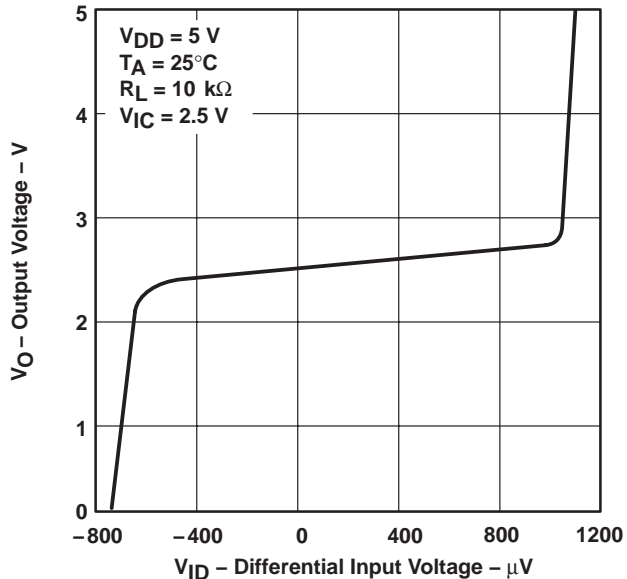


Figure 22

OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

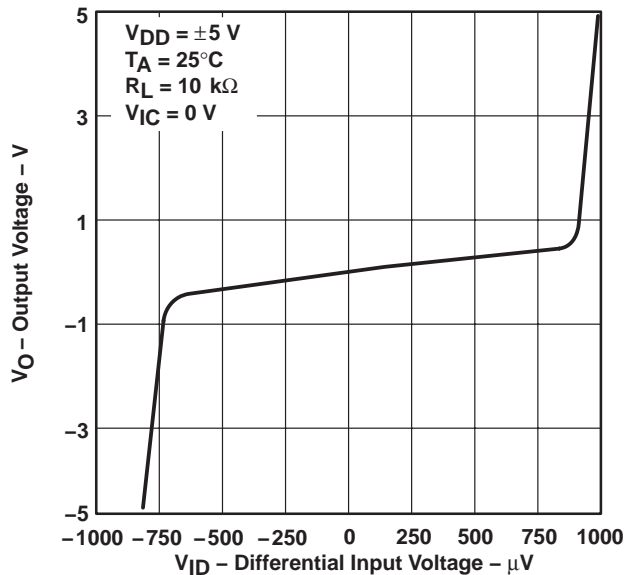


Figure 23

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
vs
LOAD RESISTANCE



Figure 24

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE
 AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN
 vs
 FREQUENCY

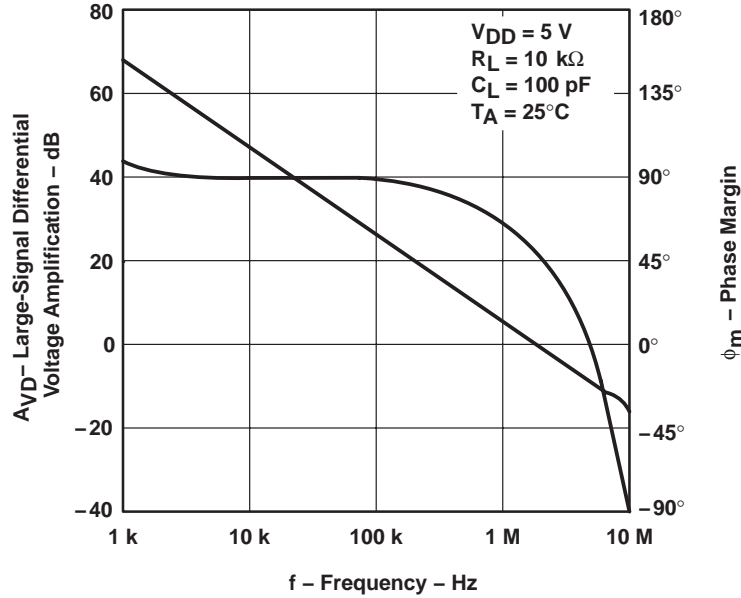


Figure 25

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE
 AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN
 vs
 FREQUENCY

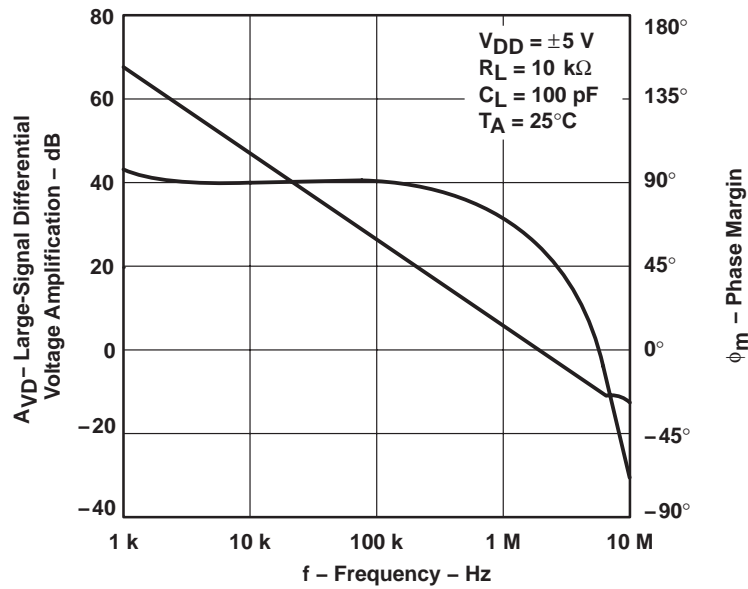


Figure 26

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

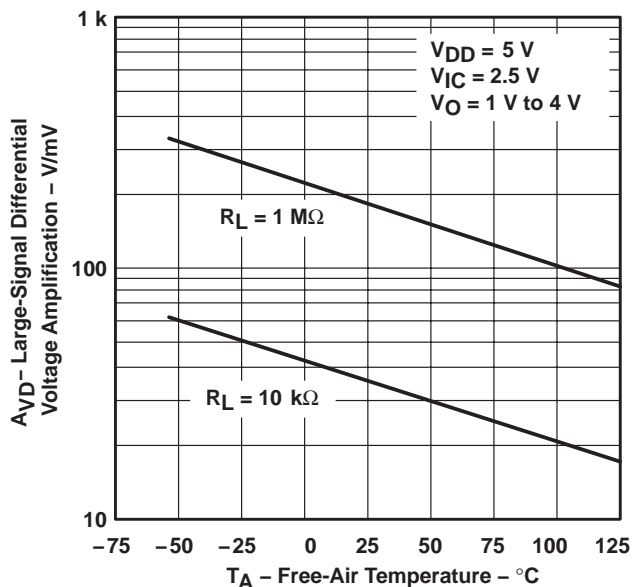


Figure 27

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

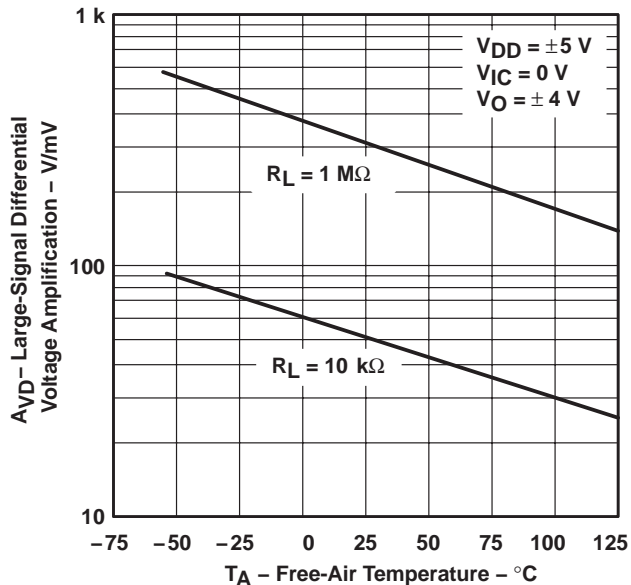


Figure 28

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

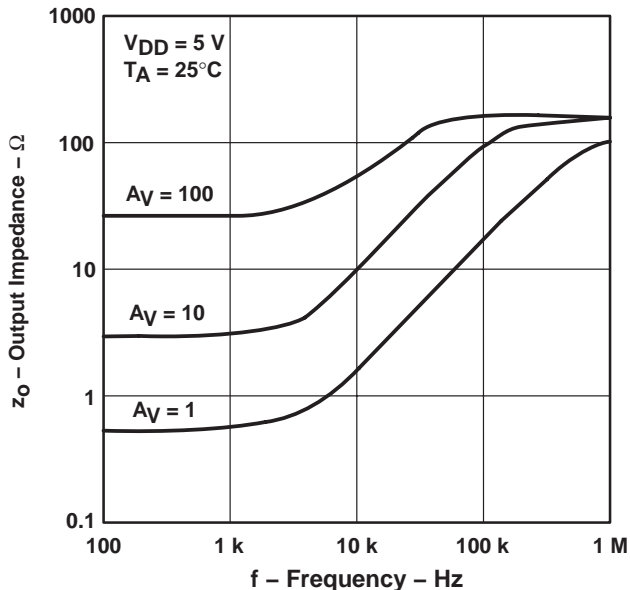


Figure 29

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

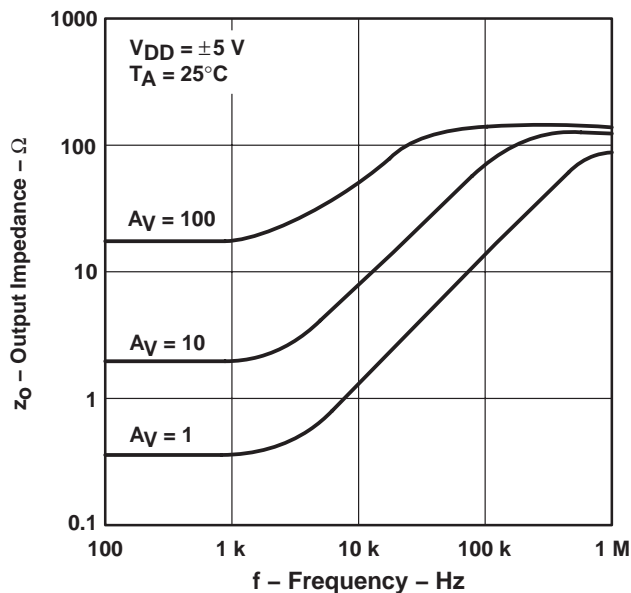


Figure 30

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

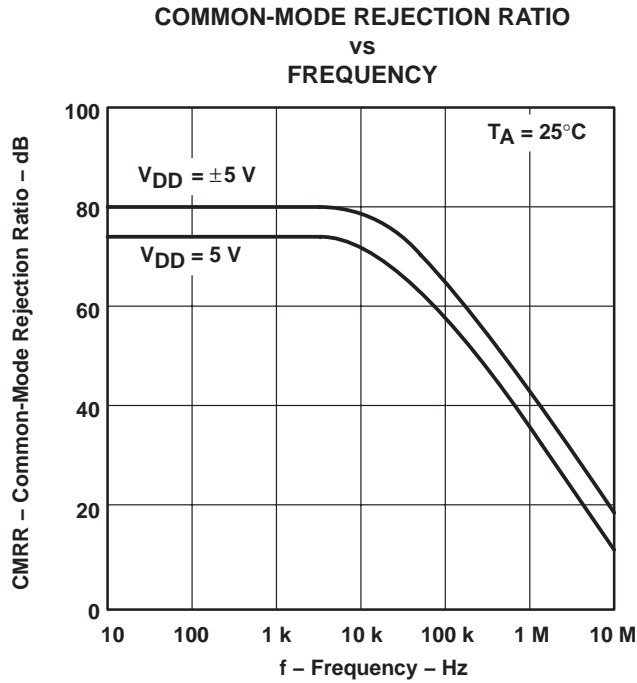


Figure 31

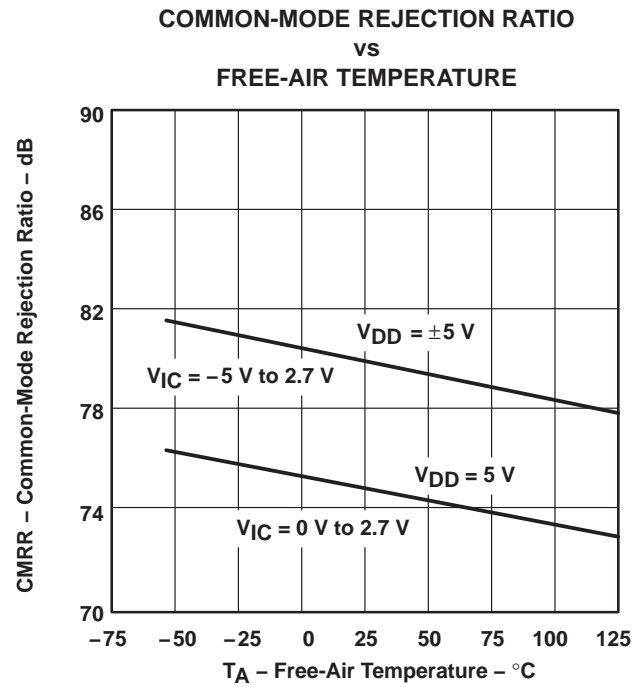


Figure 32

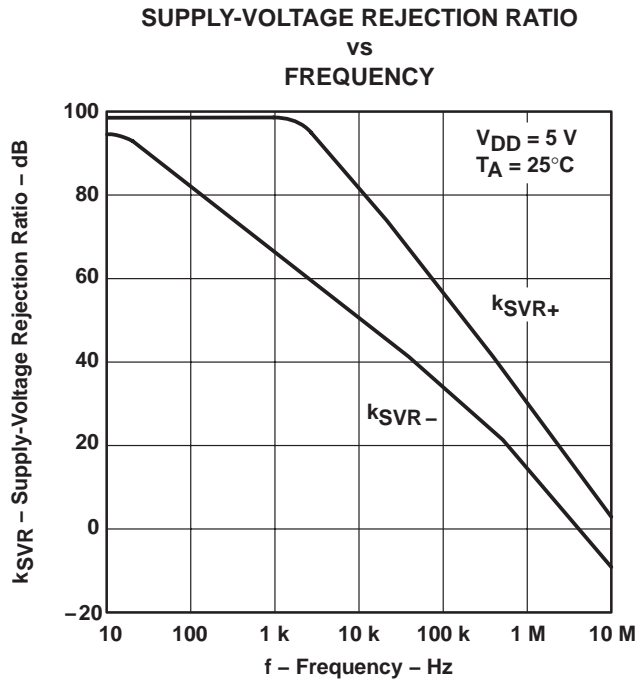


Figure 33

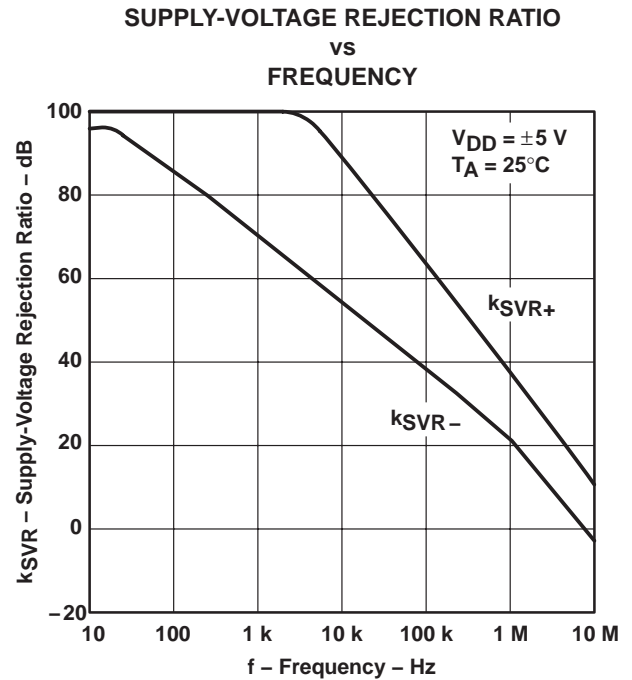
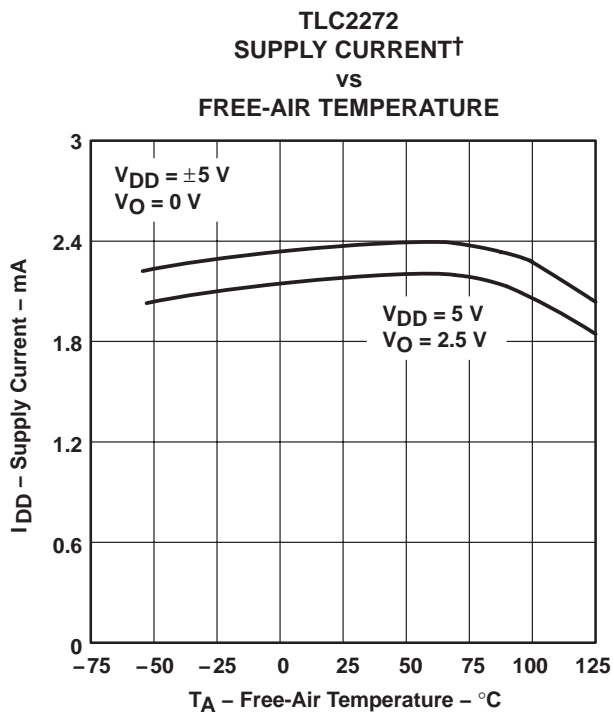
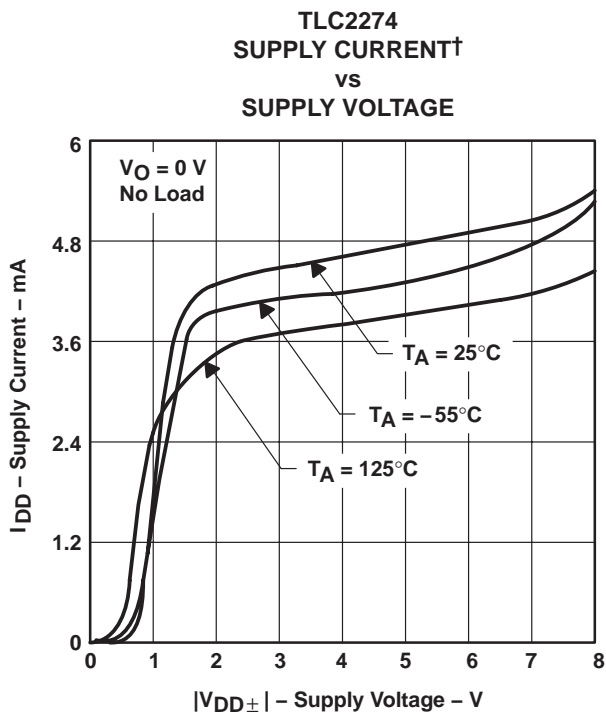
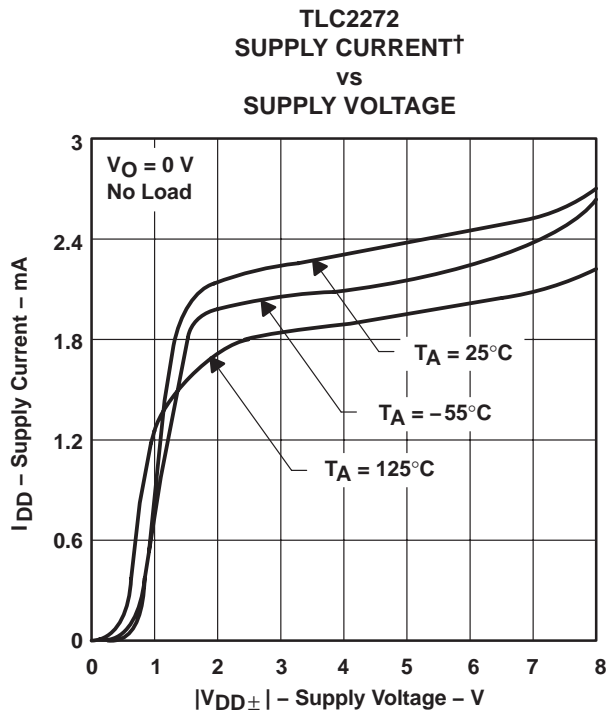
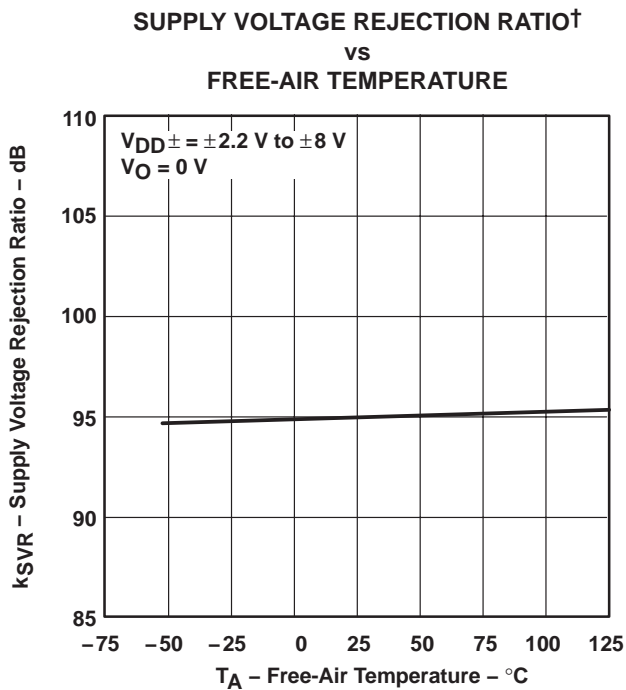


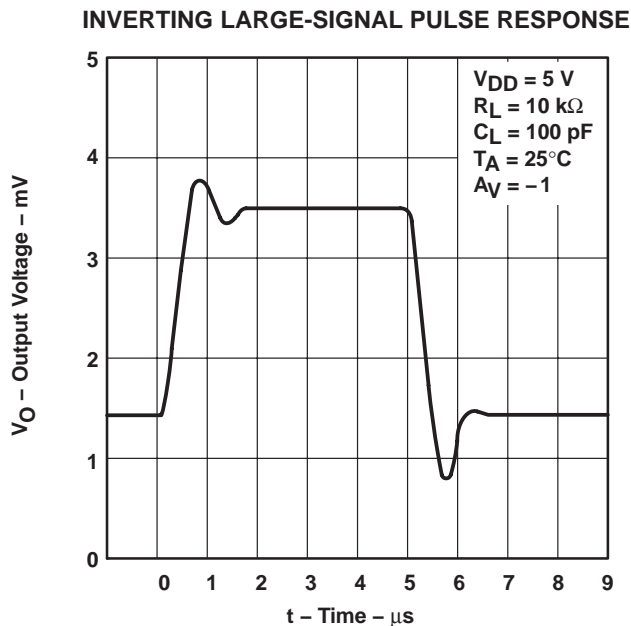
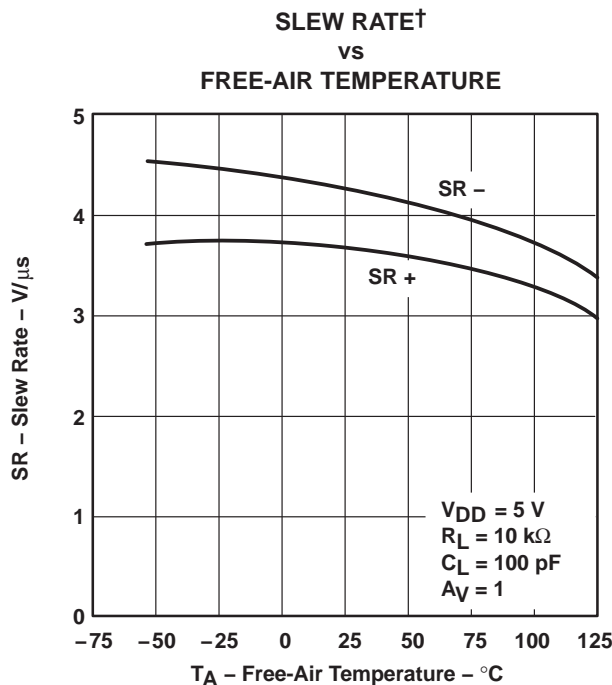
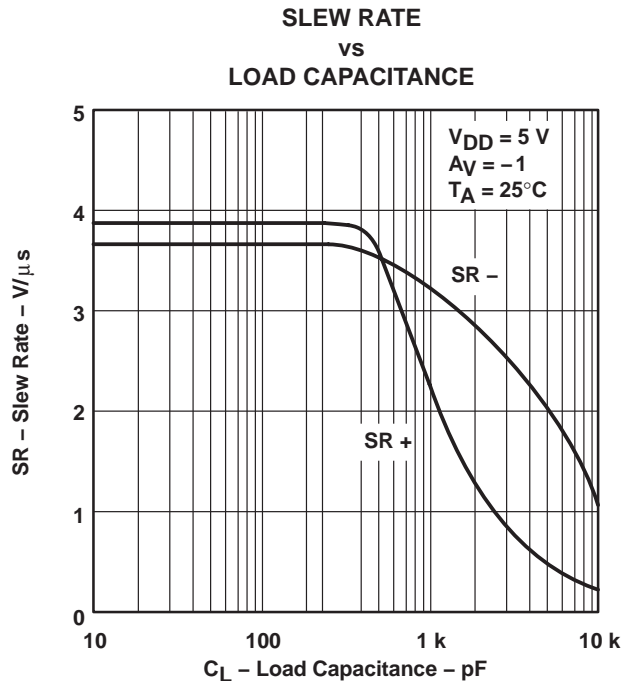
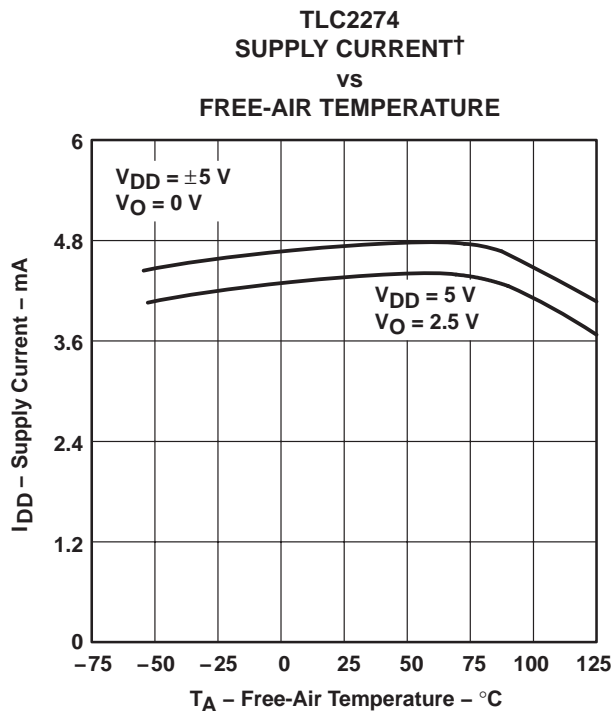
Figure 34

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

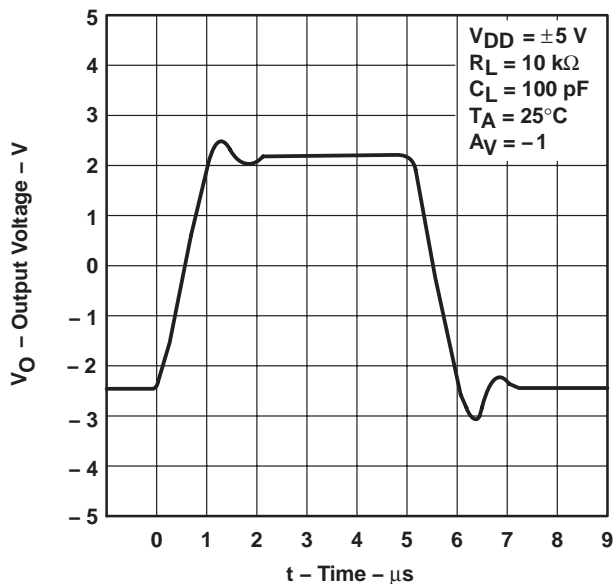


Figure 43

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

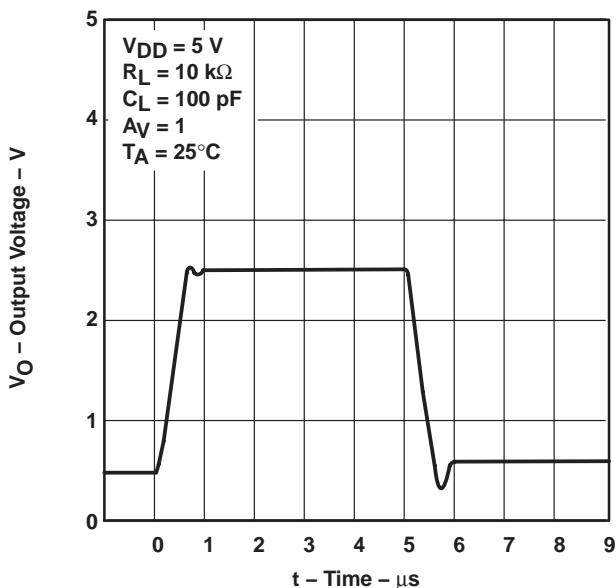


Figure 44

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

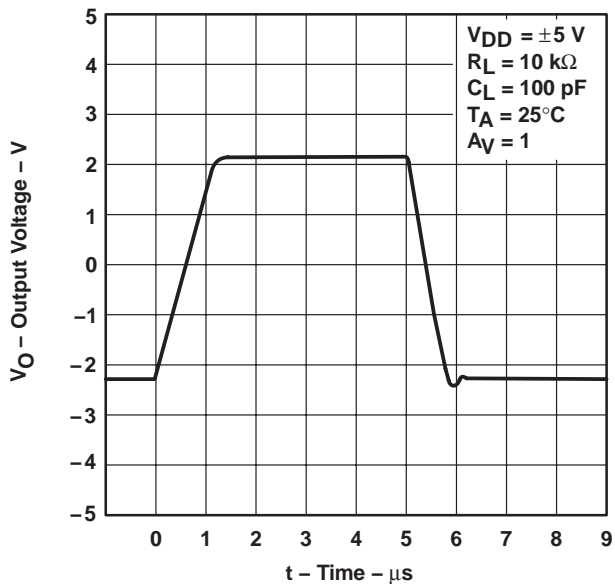


Figure 45

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE



Figure 46

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 47

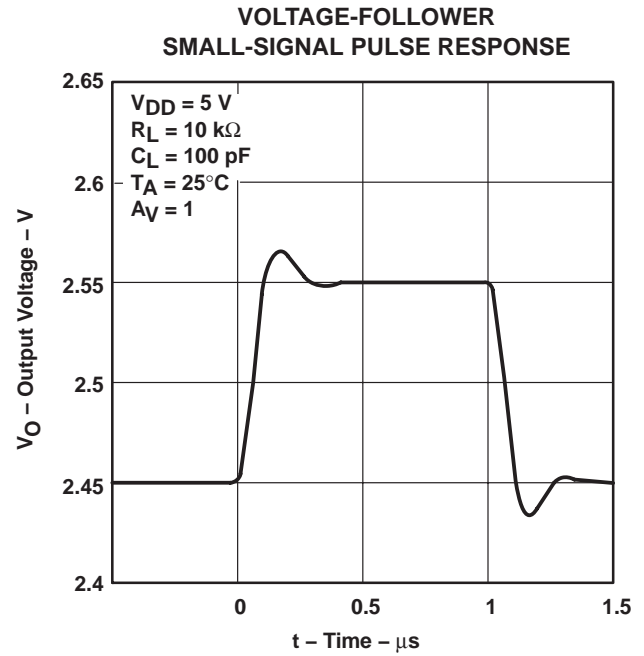


Figure 48

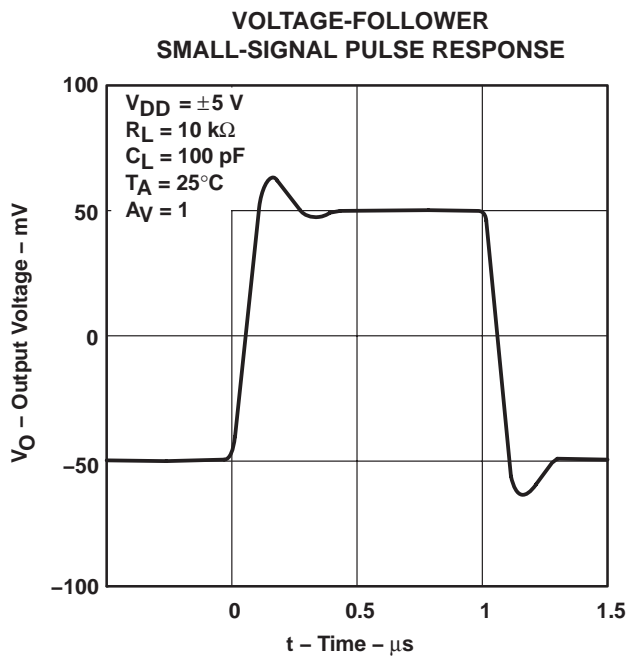


Figure 49

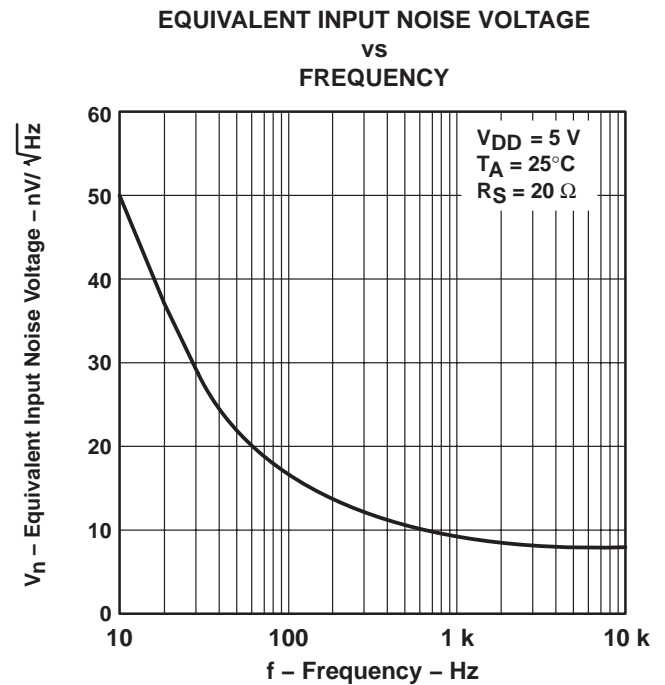


Figure 50

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
 vs
 FREQUENCY**

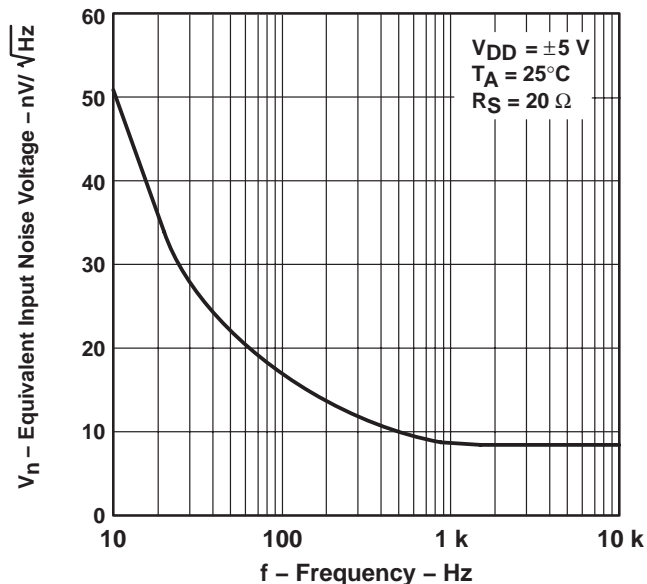


Figure 51

**NOISE VOLTAGE
 OVER A 10 SECOND PERIOD**

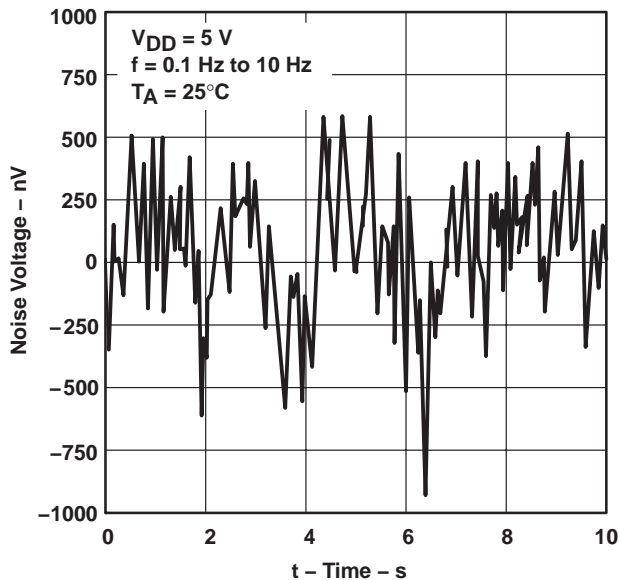


Figure 52

**INTEGRATED NOISE VOLTAGE
 vs
 FREQUENCY**

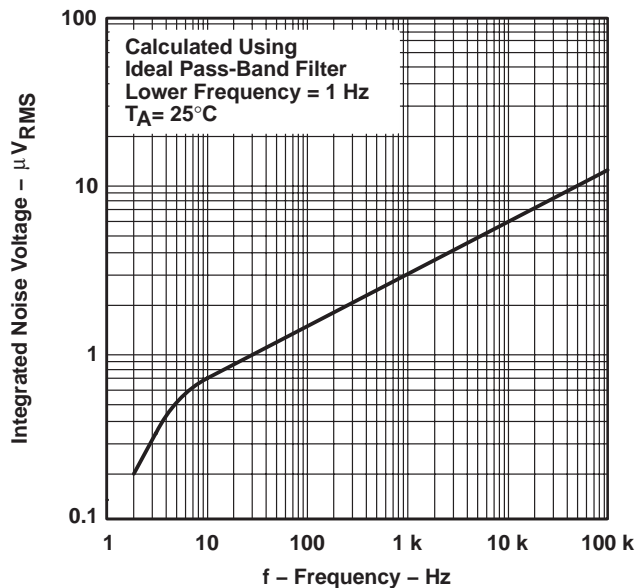


Figure 53

**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE
 vs
 FREQUENCY**

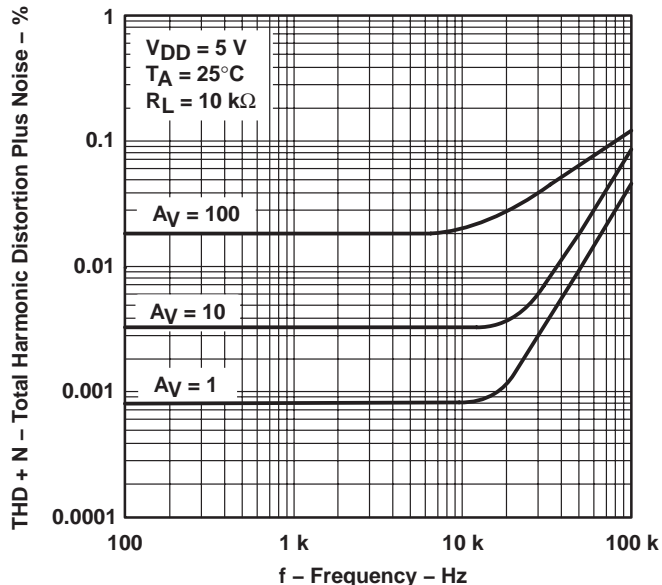


Figure 54

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT
 VS
 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

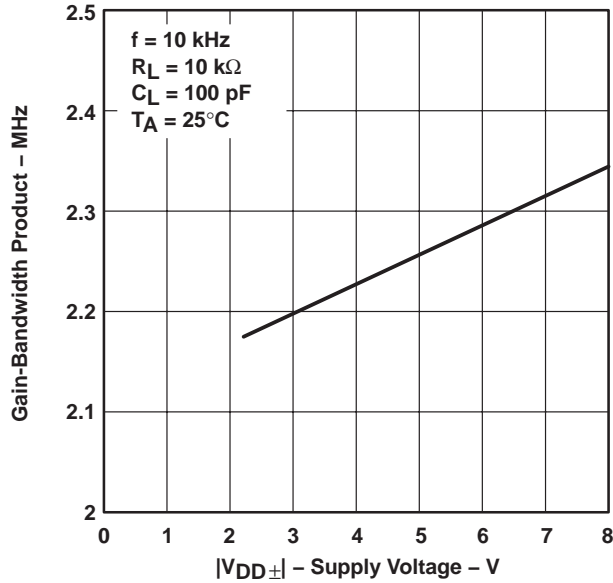


Figure 55

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT†
 VS
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

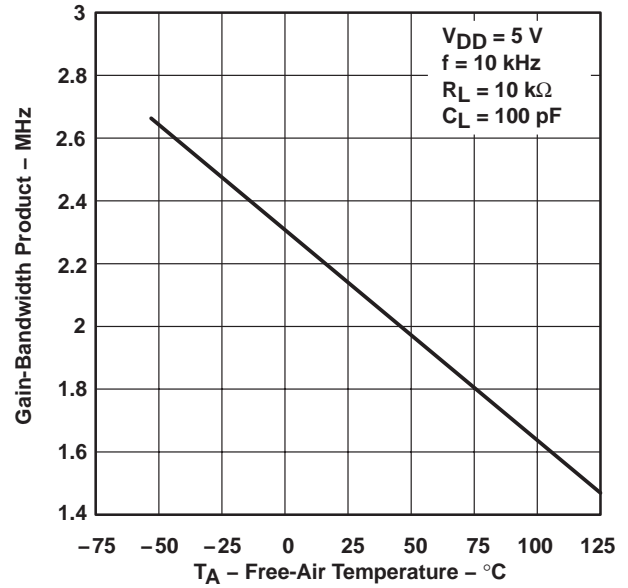


Figure 56

PHASE MARGIN
 VS
 LOAD CAPACITANCE

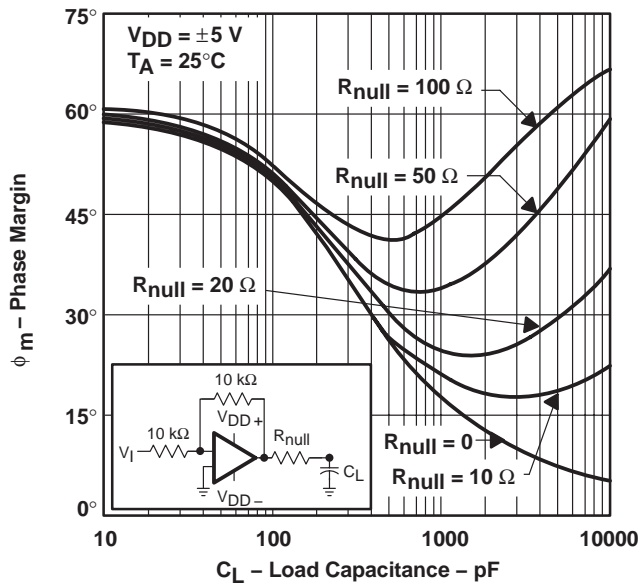


Figure 57

GAIN MARGIN
 VS
 LOAD CAPACITANCE

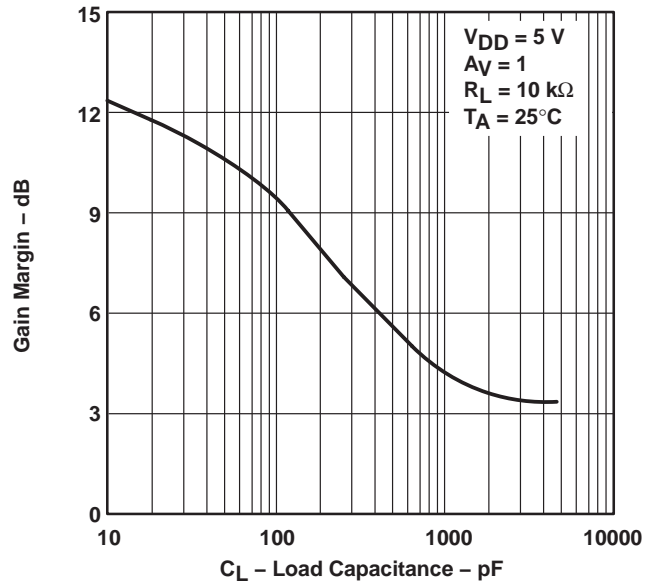


Figure 58

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TLC227x, TLC227xA Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS190G – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MAY 2004

APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 59 were generated using the TLC227x typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

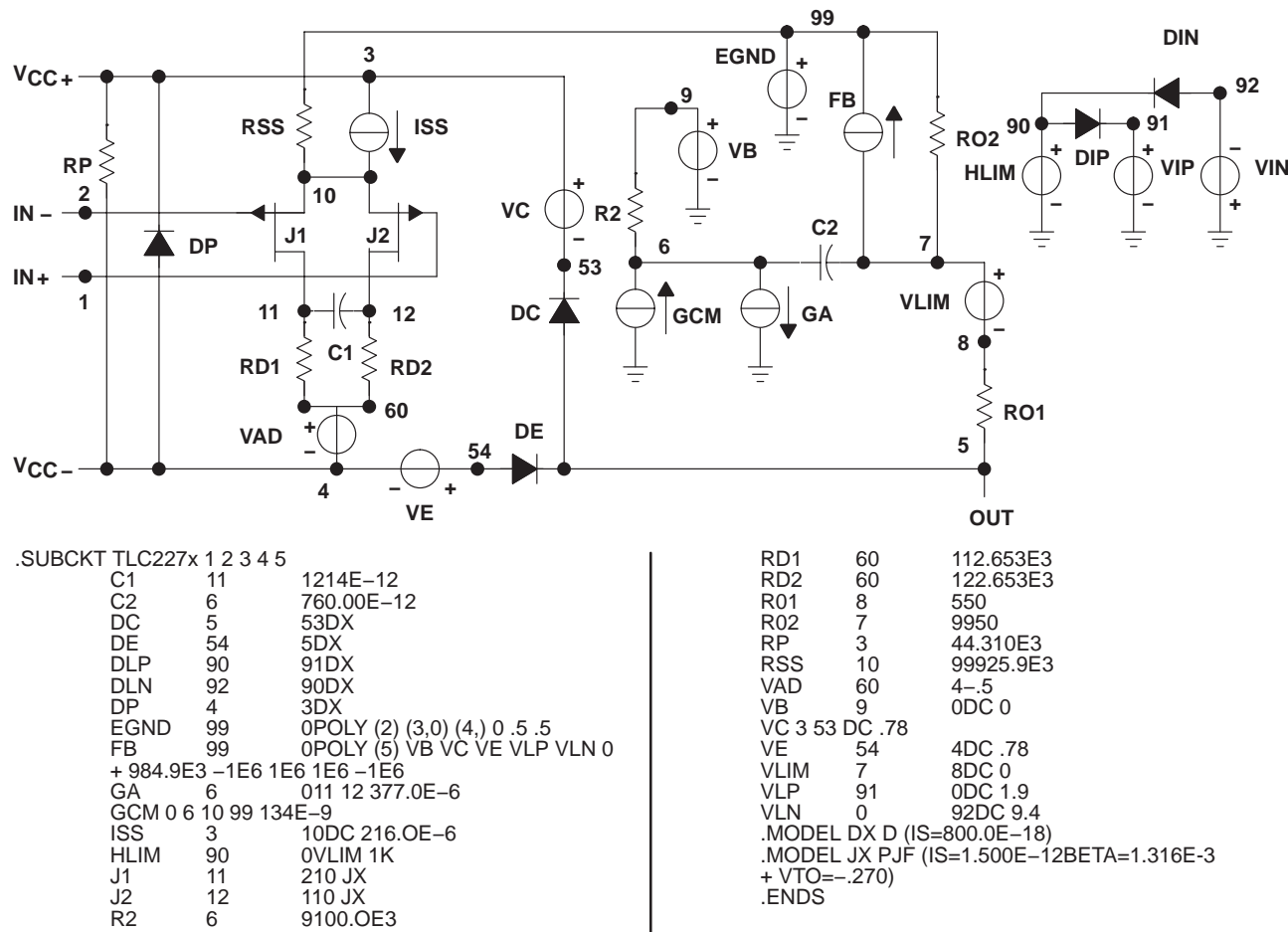


Figure 59. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

PSpice and *Parts* are trademarks of MicroSim Corporation.

Macromodels, simulation models, or other models provided by TI, directly or indirectly, are not warranted by TI as fully representing all of the specification and operating characteristics of the semiconductor product to which the model relates.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
		Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments
Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265