

Triacs

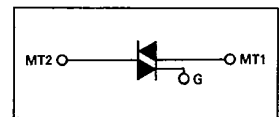
Silicon Bidirectional Triode Thyristors

... designed primarily for industrial and military applications for full wave control of ac loads in applications such as light dimmers, power supplies, heating controls, motor controls, welding equipment and power switching systems.

- Glass Passivated Junctions and Center Gate Fire
- Press Fit, Stud, Isolated Stud Packages
- Gate Triggering Guaranteed In All 4 Modes

**T6401
 T6411
 T6421
 Series**

**TRIACs
 30 AMPERES RMS
 200 thru 800 VOLTS**



MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|---------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage, Note 1 ($T_J = -65$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$) Gate Open | VDRM | | Volts |
| T6401B, T6411B, T6421B | | 200 | |
| T6401D, T6411D, T6421D | | 400 | |
| T6401M, T6411M, T6421M | | 600 | |
| T6401N, T6411N, T6421N | | 800 | |
| On-State Current RMS (Conduction Angle = 360°) $T_C \leq +65^\circ\text{C}$ | I _{T(RMS)} | 30 | Amps |
| Peak Non-Repetitive Surge Current (One Full Cycle, 60 Hz) | I _{TSM} | 300 | Amps |
| Circuit Fusing ($T_J = -65$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$, $t = 1.25$ to 10 ms) | I ² t | 450 | A ² s |
| Peak Gate Power (Pulse Width = $1 \mu\text{s}$) | P _{GM} | 40 | Watts |
| Average Gate Power | P _{G(AV)} | 0.75 | Watt |
| Peak Gate Current Pulse Width $\leq 1 \mu\text{s}$) | I _{GTM} | 2 | Amps |
| Operating Case Temperature Range | T _C | -65 to +100 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Stud Torque | — | 30 | in. lb. |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----|------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | R _{θJC} | 0.8 | °C/W |
| Stud | | 0.9 | |
| Isolated Stud | | 1 | |

Note 1. Ratings apply for open gate conditions. Thyristor devices shall not be tested with a constant current source for blocking capability such that the voltage applied exceeds the rated blocking voltage.

**CASE 263-04
 STYLE 2
 T6401
 PRESS FIT**

**CASE 310-02
 STYLE 2
 T6411
 STUD**

**CASE 311-02
 STYLE 2
 T6421
 ISOLATED STUD**

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T6401 • T6411 • T6421 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and Either Polarity of MT2 to MT1, unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Peak Forward or Reverse Blocking Current (Rated V_{DRM} or V_{RRM} , gate open) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | I_{DRM}, I_{RRM} | — — | — — | 10 4 | μA mA |
| Maximum On-State Voltage (Either Direction) - ($I_T = 100\text{ A Peak}$) | V_{TM} | — | 2.1 | 2.5 | Volts |
| Gate Trigger Current (Continuous dc), Note 1 ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc}$, $R_L = 30\text{ Ohms}$) $V_{MT2(+)}, V_{G(+)}; V_{MT2(-)}, V_{G(-)}$ $V_{MT2(+)}, V_{G(-)}; V_{MT2(-)}, V_{G(+)}$ | I_{GT} | — — | 20 35 | 50 80 | mA |
| Gate Trigger Voltage (Continuous dc) (All Trigger Modes) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc}$, $R_L = 30\text{ Ohms}$) ($V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$, $R_L = 125\text{ Ohms}$, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$) | V_{GT} | — 0.2 | 1.35 — | 2.5 — | Volts |
| Holding Current ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc}$, Gate Open) ($I_T = 150\text{ mA}$) | I_{HO} | — | — | 60 | mA |
| Gate Controlled Turn-On Time ($V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$, $I_{TM} = 45\text{ A}$, $I_{GT} = 200\text{ mA}$, Rise Time = $0.1\ \mu\text{s}$) | t_{gt} | — | 1.7 | 3 | μs |
| Critical Rate of Rise of Commutation Voltage, On-State Conditions ($di/dt = 16\text{ A/ms}$, Gate Unenergized, $V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$, $I_{T(RMS)} = 30\text{ A}$, $T_C = \text{Rated Value from Figure 1}$) | $dv/dt(c)$ | 3 | 20 | — | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage ($V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$, Exponential Rise, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$) T6401B, T6411B, T6421B T6401D, T6411D, T6421D T6401M, T6411M, T6421M T6401N, T6411N, T6421N | dv/dt | 40 25 20 20 | — — — — | — — — — | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |

Note 1. All voltage polarities referenced to main terminal 1.



FIGURE 1 - CURRENT DERATING

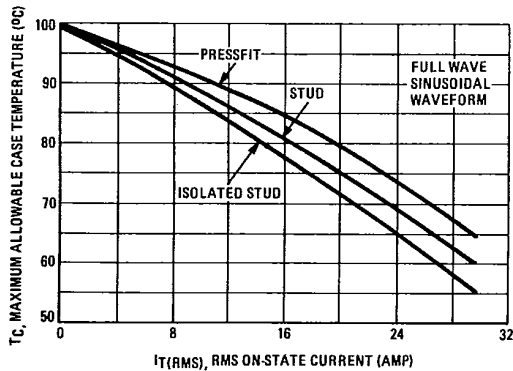


FIGURE 2 - POWER DISSIPATION

