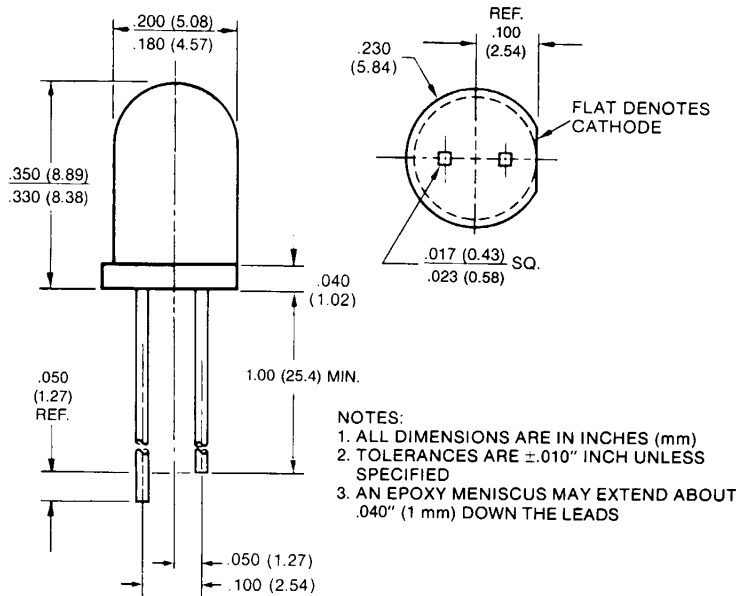




T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ (5 mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

PURE GREEN HLMP-D600 TINTED
PURE GREEN HLMP-D640 CLEAR
SOFT ORANGE HLMP-D400 TINTED
SOFT ORANGE HLMP-D401 TINTED

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



C1062F

DESCRIPTION

These T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ LEDs are widely used as general purpose indicators. The pure green lamps are made with a GaP LEDs on a GaP substrate. The soft orange are made with GaAsP LEDs on a GaP substrate. They are encapsulated in epoxy packages and are designed to provide superior light output and a wide viewing angle.

FEATURES

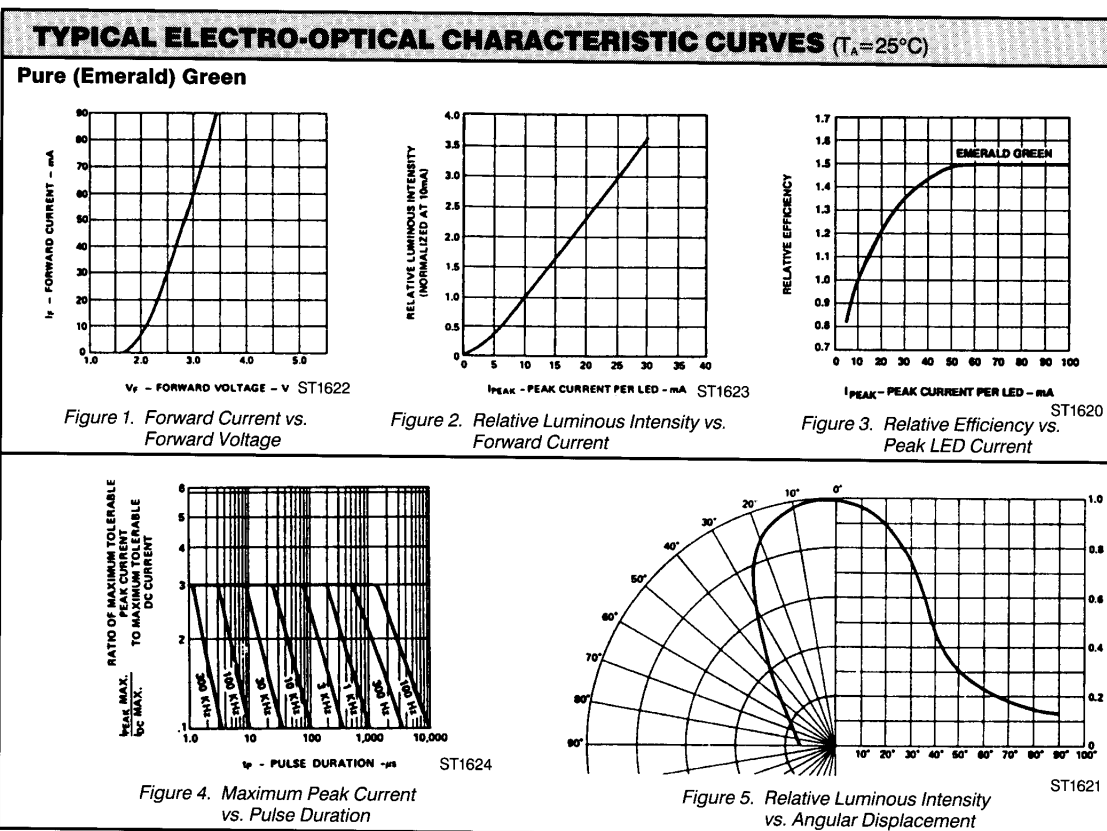
- Popular T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ package
- Low drive current
- Solid state reliability
- Wide viewing angle
- Choice of pure green or soft orange colors

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)

DC forward current (I_F)	40 mA
Operating temperature range	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	-40°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$
Lead soldering time (at $\frac{1}{16}$ inch from the bottom of lamp)	5 seconds @ 260°C
Peak forward current (I_P) (at $f=1.0$ KHz, Duty factor= 1/10)	200 mA
Power dissipation (P_D)	110 mW
Recommended operating current (I_F Rec)	20 mA

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)					
PART NUMBER HLMP-	D600	D640*	D400	D401	TEST CONDITIONS
Luminous intensity (mcd)					$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
minimum	1.0	6.7	2.1	4.0	
typical	3.0	60	3.5	7.0	
Forward voltage (V_F)					$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
minimum			1.5	1.5	
typical	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.9	
maximum	2.7	3.0	2.4	2.4	
Peak wavelength (nm)	560	560	612	612	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Spectral line half width (nm)	24	24	40	40	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Reverse breakdown voltage (V_R)	5	5	5	5	$I_F = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
Viewing angle ($^\circ$)	60	24	60	60	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$

*NOTE: HLMP-D640 test condition is $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$



TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Soft Orange

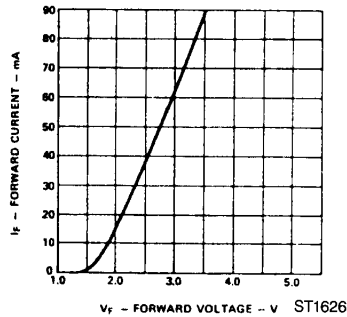


Figure 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

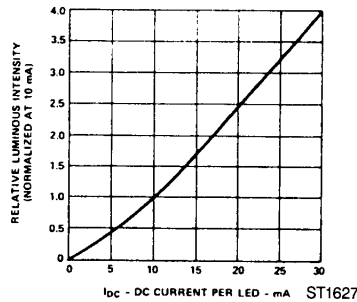


Figure 2. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

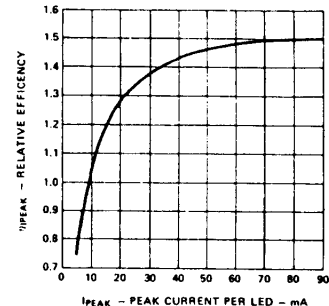


Figure 3. Relative Efficiency vs. Peak LED Current

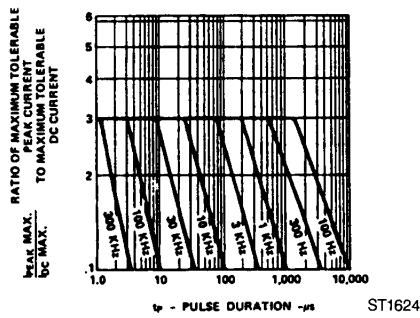


Figure 4. Maximum Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration

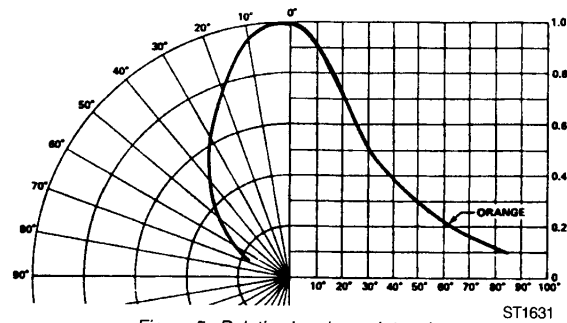


Figure 5. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

Green Orange

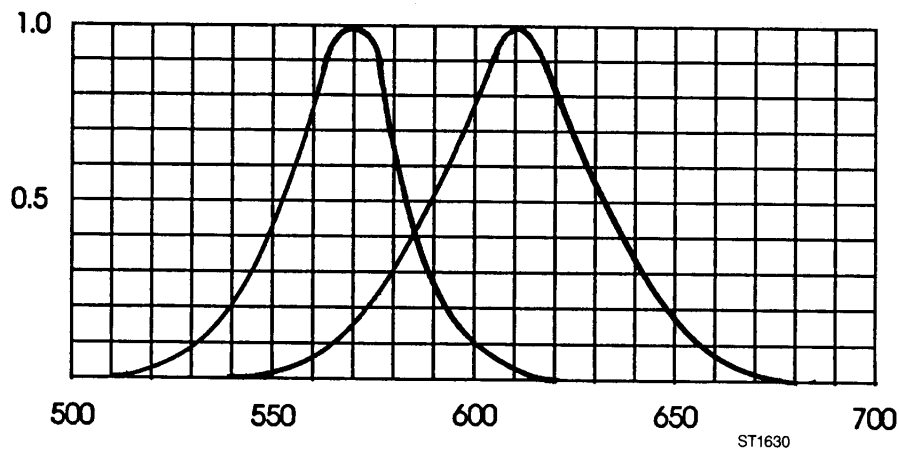


Fig. 6. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength-nm