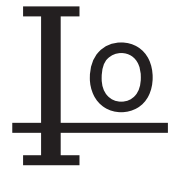


SR520 THRU SR5100



5.0 AMP SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS



FEATURES

- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability
- * High reliability
- * High surge current capability
- * Epitaxial construction

MECHANICAL DATA

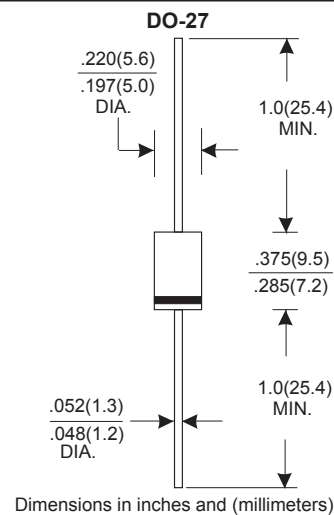
- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 1.10 grams

VOLTAGE RANGE

20 to 100 Volts

CURRENT

5.0 Amperes



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

TYPE NUMBER	SR520	SR530	SR540	SR550	SR560	SR580	SR5100	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	14	21	28	35	42	56	70	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current								
See Fig. 1	5.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	150							A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 5.0A	0.55			0.70		0.85		V
Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta=25°C				5.0				mA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage Ta=100°C				50				mA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)				380				pF
Typical Thermal Resistance RθJA (Note 2)				10				°C/W
Operating Temperature Range Tj	-65 — +125			-65 — +150				°C
Storage Temperature Range Tstg				-65 — +150				°C

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient Vertical PC Board Mounting 0.5"(12.7mm) Lead Length.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (SR520 THRU SR5100)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

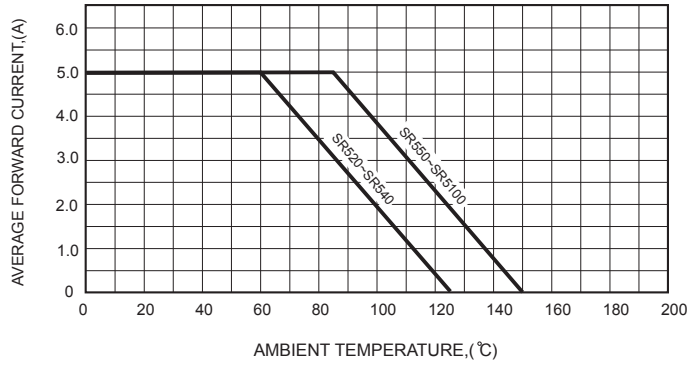


FIG.3-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

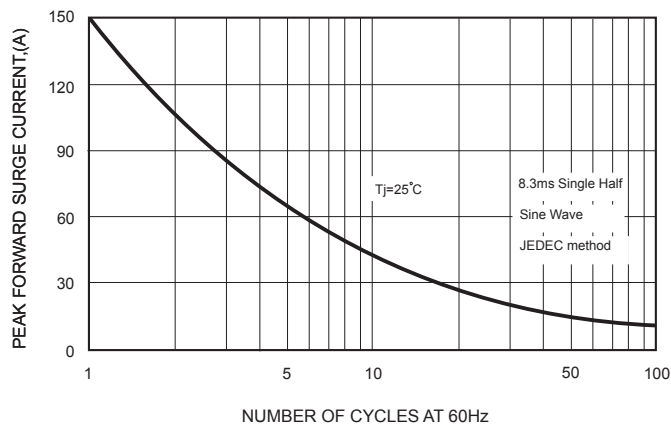


FIG.4-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

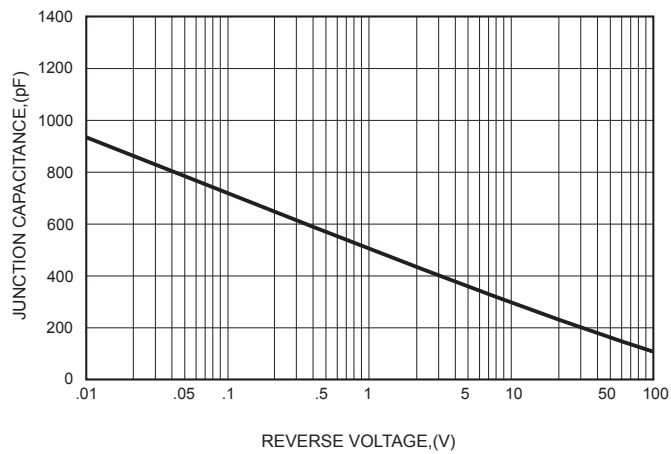


FIG.2-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

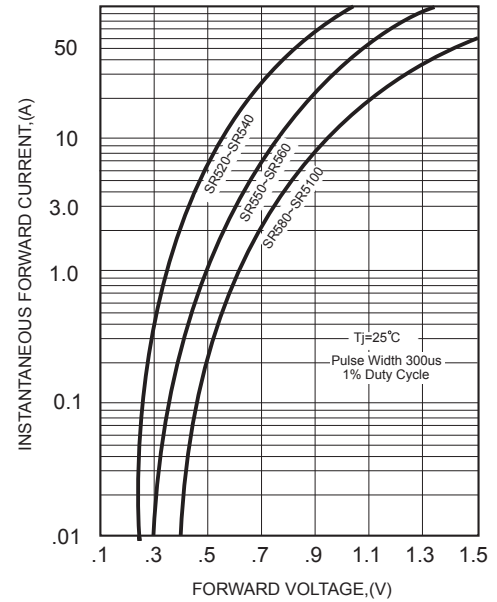


FIG.5 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

