

**2N1613, 2N2102**

File Number **106**

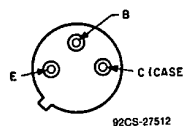
**Medium-Power Silicon  
N-P-N Planar Transistors**

For Small-Signal Applications  
In Industrial and Commercial Equipment

**2N2102 Features:**

- Gain bandwidth product ( $f_T$ ) = 120 MHz (typ.);  
useful in applications from dc to 20 MHz
- High breakdown voltage:  
 $V_{IBR(CSO)} = 120$  V min. at  $I_C = 0.1$  mA
- Low saturation voltages:  
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.5$  V max. at  $I_C = 150$  mA  
 $V_{BE(sat)} = 1.1$  V max. at  $I_C = 150$  mA
- Beta ( $h_{FE}$ ) controlled over 5 decades of  $I_C$

TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS



JEDEC TO-205AD

The RCA-2N1613 and 2N2102 are silicon n-p-n planar transistors intended for a wide variety of small-signal and medium-power applications in military and industrial equipment. They feature exceptionally low noise, low leakage, high switching speed, and high pulsed beta.

RCA-2N2102 is a direct replacement for the 2N1613. In addition, because of its junction design, the 2N2102 has higher breakdown-voltage ratings, higher dissipation ratings, lower saturation voltages, higher sustaining voltages, and lower output capacitance.

These transistors are supplied in the JEDEC TO-205AD hermetic package.

**Features for Both Types:**

- For operation at junction temperature up to 200°C
- Planar construction for low noise and low leakage
- Low output capacitance

**MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:**

	2N2102	2N1613	
* $V_{CBO}$ .....	120	75	V
* $V_{CER(sus)}$ $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$ .....	80	50	V
* $V_{CEO(sus)}$ .....	65	—	V
* $V_{EBO}$ .....	7	7	V
* $I_C$ .....	1*	1	A
* $P_T$ :			W
At $T_C \leq 25^\circ C$ .....	5	3	
At $T_A \leq 25^\circ C$ .....	1	0.8	W
At $T_C > 25^\circ C$ .....	2.86	17.1	mW/°C
At $T_A > 25^\circ C$ .....	5.7	4.57	mW/°C
* $T_J, T_{sig}$ .....	-65 to +200		°C
* $T_L$ (During soldering): At distance $\geq 1/16$ in. (1.58 mm) from seating plane for 10 s max. ....	300		°C

\* In accordance with JEDEC registration data format.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, At Case Temperature ( $T_C$ ) = 25°C unless otherwise specified

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS				LIMITS				UNITS
	Voltage V dc		Current mA dc		2N1613		2N2102		
	$V_{CB}$	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$I_B$	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
* $I_{CBO}$ At $T_C=150^\circ C$	60				—	0.01	—	0.002	$\mu A$
* $I_{EBO}$ $V_{EB}=5 V$			0		—	0.01	—	0.002	$\mu A$
* $h_{FE}$		10	0.01		—	—	10	—	
		10	0.1		20	—	20	—	
		10	10 <sup>a</sup>		35	—	35	—	
		10	150 <sup>a</sup>		40	120	40	120	
		10	500 <sup>a</sup>		20	—	25	—	
At $T_C=-55^\circ C$		10	10 <sup>a</sup>		20	—	20	—	
* $V_{RT}$ $V_{EB}=1.5 V, I_E=0$					—	—	120	—	V
* $V_{(BR)CBO}$ $I_E=0$			0.1		75	—	120	—	V
* $V_{(BR)EBO}$ $I_E=0.1 mA$			0		7	—	7	—	V
* $V_{CEO(sus)}$			100 <sup>a</sup>	0	—	—	65	—	V
* $V_{CER(sus)}$ $R_{BE}=10 \Omega$			100 <sup>a</sup>		50	—	80	—	V
* $V_{BE(sat)}$			150 <sup>a</sup>	15	—	1.3	—	1.1	V
* $V_{CE(sat)}$			150 <sup>a</sup>	15	—	1.5	—	0.5	V
* $h_{fe}$ $f=1 kHz$		5	1		30	100	30	100	
		10	5		35	150	35	150	
* $ h_{fe} $ $f=20 MHz$		10	50		3	—	3	—	
* $h_{ib}$ $f=1 kHz$	5		1		24	34	24	34	$\Omega$
	10		5		4	8	4	8	
* $h_{rb}$ $f=1 kHz$	5		1		—	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	—	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	
	10		1		—	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	—	—	
	10		5		—	—	—	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	
* $h_{ob}$ $f=1 kHz$	5		1		0.05	0.5	0.01	0.5	$\mu mho$
	10		5		0.05	0.5	0.01	1	
* $C_{ob}$ $I_E=0$	10				—	25	—	15	pF
* $C_{ib}$ $V_{EB}=0.5 V$			0		—	80	—	80	pF
* NF BW=1 Hz Ref.sig.freq.=1 kHz $R_G=510 \Omega$ (2N1613) $Z_G=1000 \Omega$ (2N2102)	10		0.3		—	12	—	6	dB
* $t_d + t_r + t_f^b$					—	30	—	30	ns
$R_{\theta JC}$					—	58.3	—	35	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$					—	219	—	175	

\* In accordance with JEDEC registration data format.

<sup>a</sup> Pulsed, pulse duration=300  $\mu s$ , duty factor=1.8% (2N2102)  $\leq$  2% (2N1613). <sup>b</sup> See Fig. 14.

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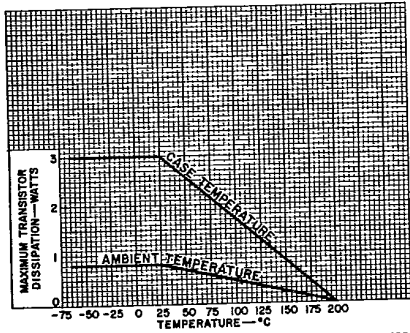


Fig. 1 - Rating chart for 2N1613.

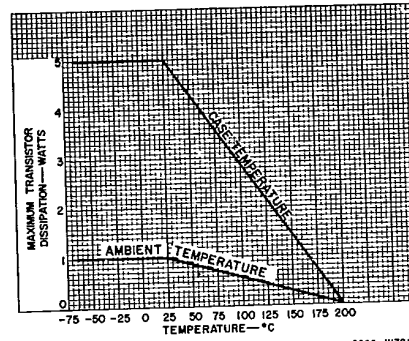


Fig. 2 - Rating chart for 2N2102.

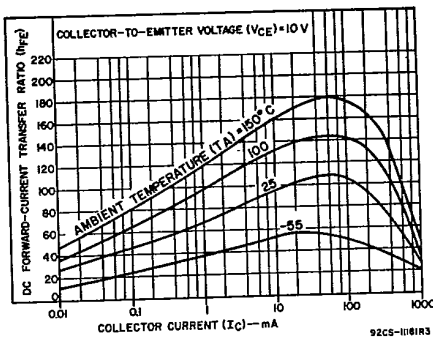


Fig. 3 - Typical dc beta characteristics for both types.

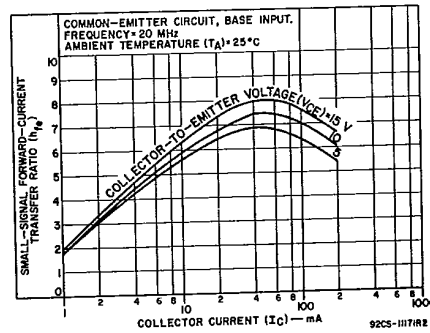


Fig. 4 - Typical small-signal beta characteristics for both types.

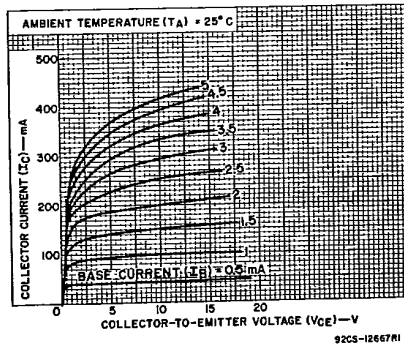


Fig. 5 - Typical output characteristics for both types.

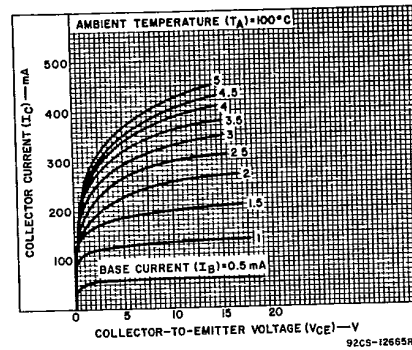


Fig. 6 - Typical output characteristics for both types at  $T_A = 100^\circ C$ .

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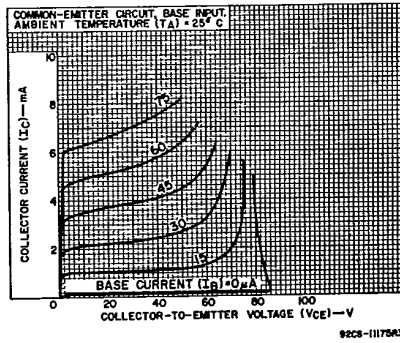


Fig. 7 - Typical high-current output characteristics for both types.

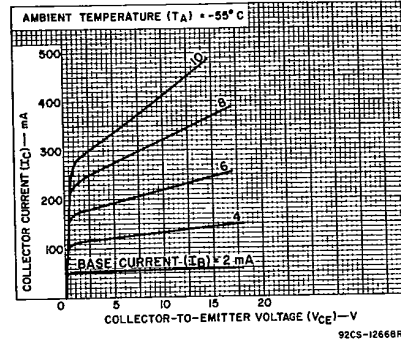


Fig. 8 - Typical output characteristics for both types at T<sub>A</sub> = -55° C.

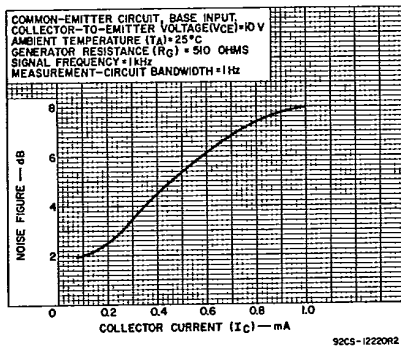


Fig. 9 - Typical noise figure characteristics for both types.

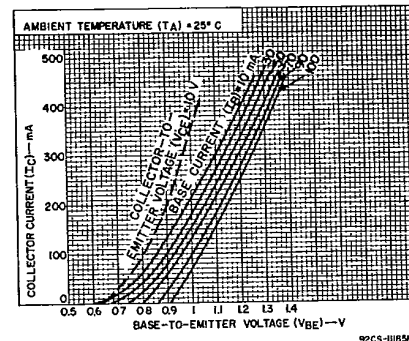


Fig. 10 - Typical transfer characteristics for both types.

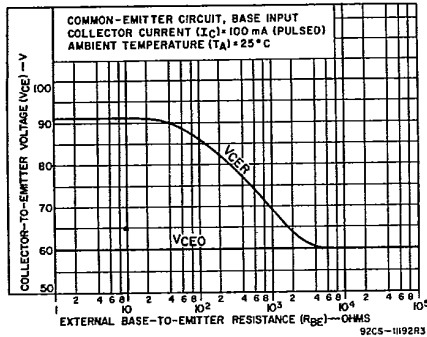


Fig. 11 - Typical sustaining voltage vs. base-to-emitter resistance for 2N1613.

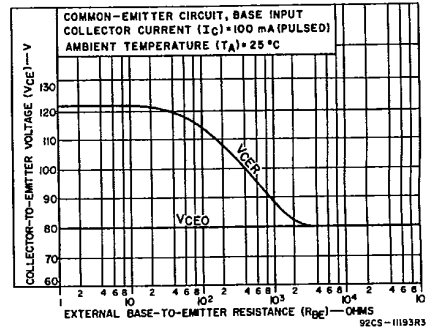


Fig. 12 - Typical sustaining voltage vs. base-to-emitter resistance for 2N2102.

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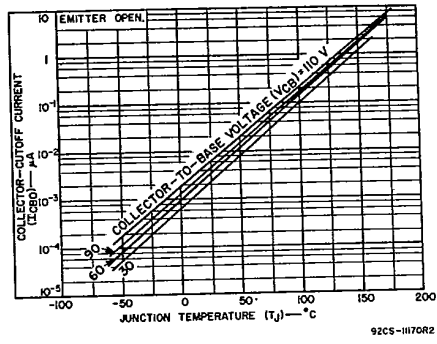


Fig. 13 - Typical leakage characteristics for both types.

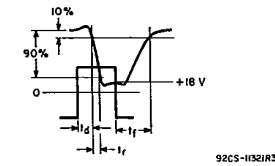
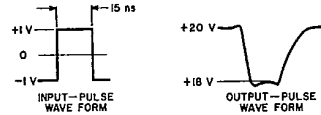
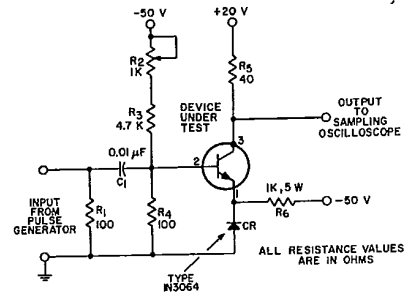


Fig. 14 - Circuit for measurement of switching time, and associated waveforms.