

File Number 1576

IRF610, IRF611, IRF612, IRF613

## Power MOS Field-Effect Transistors

### N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Power Field-Effect Transistors

2.0A and 2.5A, 150V-200V

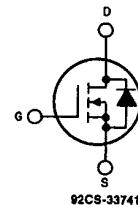
 $r_{DS(on)} = 1.5 \Omega$  and  $2.4 \Omega$ **Features:**

- SOA is power-dissipation limited
- Nanosecond switching speeds
- Linear transfer characteristics
- High input impedance
- Majority carrier device

The IRF610, IRF611, IRF612 and IRF613 are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

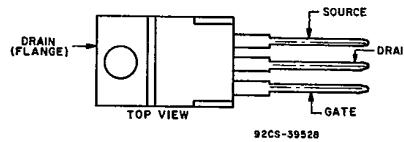
The IRF-types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-220AB plastic package.

#### N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



#### TERMINAL DIAGRAM

##### TERMINAL DESIGNATION



JEDEC TO-220AB

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRF610	IRF611	IRF612	IRF613	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain - Source Voltage (1)	200	150	200	150
$V_{DGR}$	Drain - Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) (1)	200	150	200	150
$I_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0
$I_D$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current	1.5	1.5	1.25	1.25
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current (3)	10	10	8.0	8.0
$V_{GS}$	Gate - Source Voltage		$\pm 20$		V
$P_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Max. Power Dissipation	20	(See Fig. 14)		W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.16	(See Fig. 14)		W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{LM}$	Inductive Current, Clamped		(See Fig. 15 and 16) L = 100 $\mu\text{H}$		A
$T_J$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	10	10	8.0	
$T_{stg}$			-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6 mm) from case for 10s)			$^\circ\text{C}$

## IRF610, IRF611, IRF612, IRF613

Electrical Characteristics @  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
$V_{BDS}$ Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRF610	200	-	-	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	
	IRF612	-	-	-	V	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	-	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS} \cdot I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	
	ALL	-	-	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$	
$I_{GSS}$ Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	-	-	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$	
	ALL	-	-	-	nA		
$I_{GSR}$ Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	-	-	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$	
	ALL	-	-	-	nA		
$I_{DSS}$ Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	
	ALL	-	-	1000	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{D(on)}$ On State Drain Current ②	IRF610	2.5	-	-	A		
	IRF611	-	-	-	A		
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain Source On State Resistance ②	IRF612	-	1.0	1.5	$\Omega$		
	IRF613	-	1.5	2.4	$\Omega$		
$G_{fs}$ Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	0.8	1.3	-	S (W)	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on) \text{ max}} \cdot I_D = 1.25\text{A}$	
	ALL	-	135	150	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	
$C_{iss}$ Input Capacitance	ALL	-	60	80	pF	See Fig. 10	
	ALL	-	16	25	pF		
$C_{oss}$ Output Capacitance	ALL	-	16	25	pF		
	ALL	-	16	25	pF		
$C_{rss}$ Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	-	16	25	pF		
	ALL	-	16	25	pF		
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn On Delay Time	ALL	-	8.0	15	ns	$V_{DD} = 0.5\text{V} V_{DSS}, I_D = 1.25\text{A}, Z_o = 50\Omega$	
	ALL	-	15	25	ns	See Fig. 17	
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn Off Delay Time	ALL	-	10	15	ns	(MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
	ALL	-	10	15	ns		
$t_f$ Fall Time	ALL	-	8.0	15	ns		
	ALL	-	8.0	15	ns		
$Q_g$ Total Gate Charge (Gate Source Plus Gate Drain)	ALL	-	5.0	7.5	nC	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 3.0\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0.8\text{V}$ Max. Rating	
	ALL	-	5.0	7.5	nC	See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
$Q_{gs}$ G-to Source Charge	ALL	-	2.0	-	nC		
	ALL	-	2.0	-	nC		
$Q_{gd}$ Gate Drain ('Miller' ) Charge	ALL	-	3.0	-	nC		
	ALL	-	3.0	-	nC		
$L_D$ Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	-	3.5	-	nH	Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device inductances
	ALL	-	4.5	-	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to center of die	
$L_S$ Internal Source Inductance	ALL	-	7.5	-	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad	LD
	ALL	-	7.5	-	nH		LS

## Thermal Resistance

$R_{thJC}$ Junction to Case	ALL	-	-	6.4	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	
$R_{thCS}$ Case-to Sink	ALL	-	1.0	-	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
$R_{thJA}$ Junction to Ambient	ALL	-	-	80	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Free Air Operation

## Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

$I_S$ Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRF610	-	-	2.5	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier
	IRF611	-	-	2.0	A	
$I_{SM}$ Pulse Source Current (Body Diode)	IRF610	-	-	10	A	
	IRF611	-	-	8.0	A	
$V_{SD}$ Diode Forward Voltage	IRF610	-	-	2.0	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 2.5\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
	IRF611	-	-	2.0	V	
$I_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	-	290	-	ns	$I_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 2.5\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
	ALL	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{C}$	
$Q_{RR}$ Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{C}$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 2.5\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
	ALL	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{C}$	
$t_{on}$ Forward Turn on Time	ALL	-	Intrinsic turn on time is negligible. Turn on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S - L_D$	-	-	
	ALL	-		-	-	

①  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . ② Pulse Test. Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ . Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

③ Repetitive Rating. Pulse width limited

by max. junction temperature

See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

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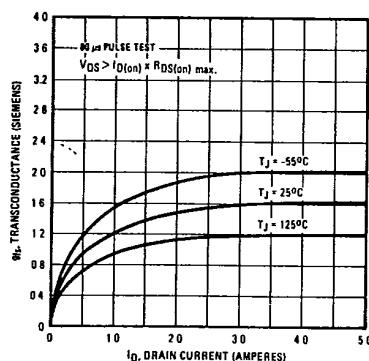


Fig. 6 – Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

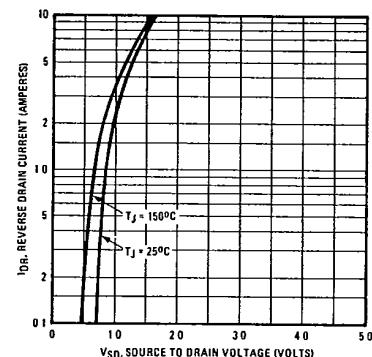


Fig. 7 – Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

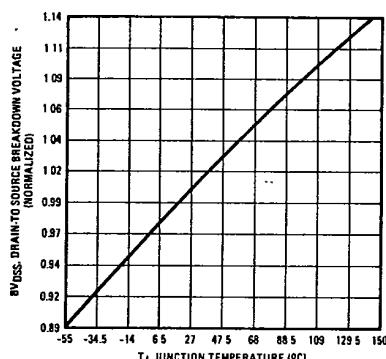


Fig. 8 – Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

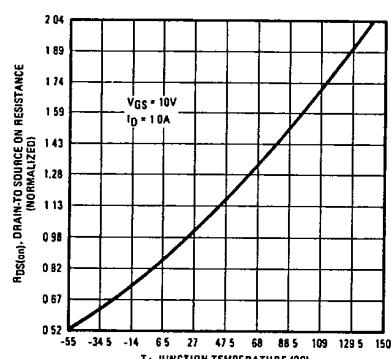


Fig. 9 – Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

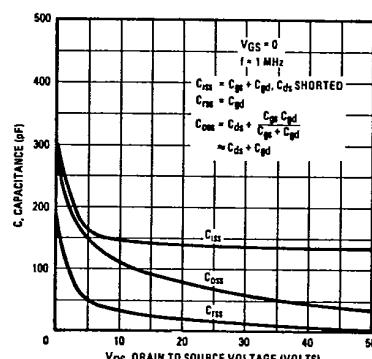


Fig. 10 – Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

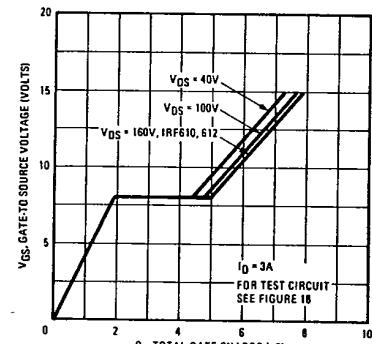


Fig. 11 – Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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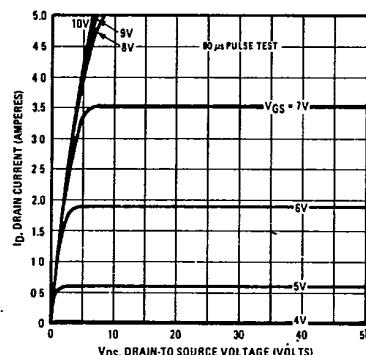


Fig. 1 – Typical Output Characteristics

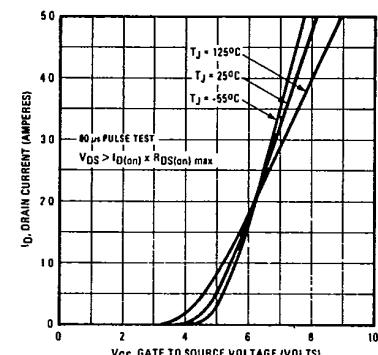


Fig. 2 – Typical Transfer Characteristics

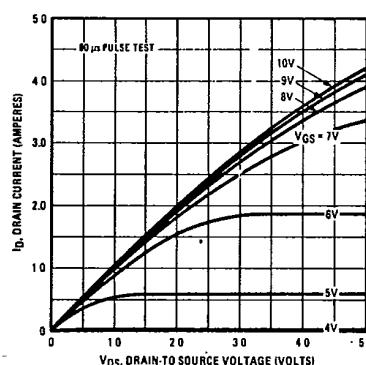


Fig. 3 – Typical Saturation Characteristics

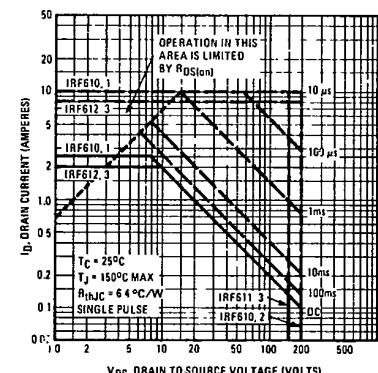


Fig. 4 – Maximum Safe Operating Area

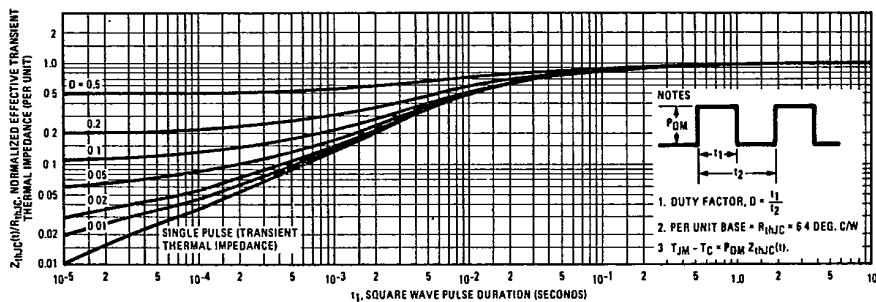


Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

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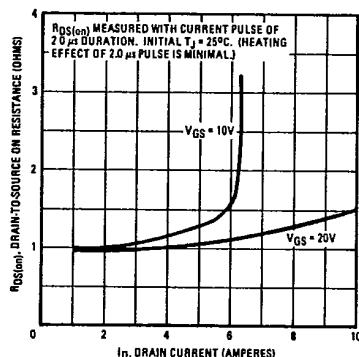


Fig. 12 — Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

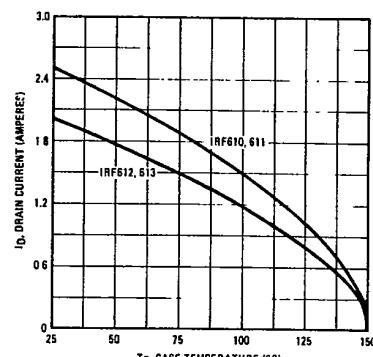


Fig. 13 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

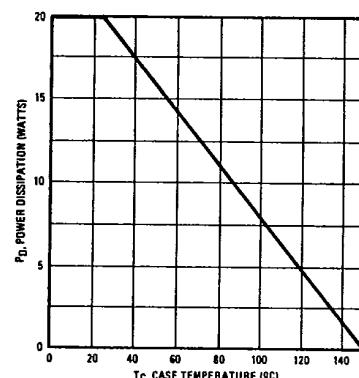


Fig. 14 — Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

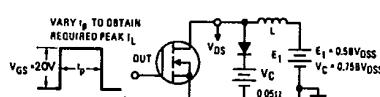


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit



Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

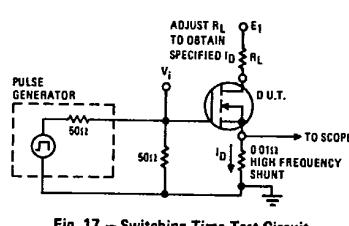


Fig. 17 — Switching Time Test Circuit

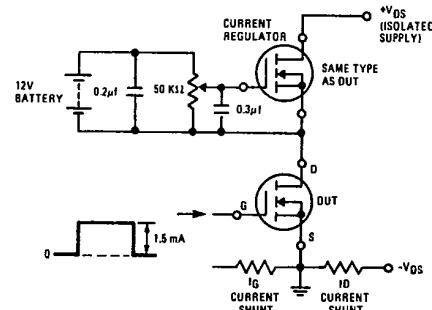


Fig. 18 — Gate Charge Test Circuit