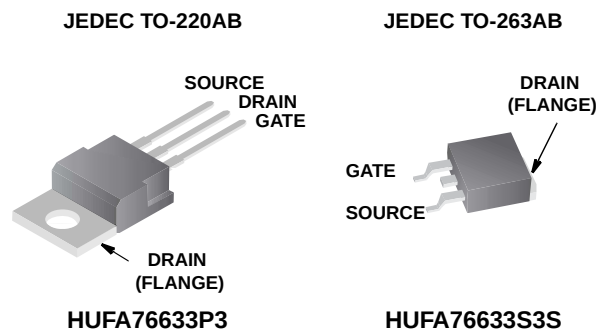
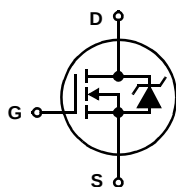


**38A, 100V, 0.036 Ohm, N-Channel, Logic
Level UltraFET® Power MOSFET**
Packaging

Symbol

Features

- Ultra Low On-Resistance
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.035\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.036\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 5V$
- Simulation Models
 - Temperature Compensated PSPICE® and SABER™ Electrical Models
 - Spice and SABER Thermal Impedance Models
 - www.fairchildsemi.com
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- UIS Rating Curve
- Switching Time vs R_{GS} Curves

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HUFA76633P3	TO-220AB	76633P
HUFA76633S3S	TO-263AB	76633S

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix T to obtain the variant in tape and reel, e.g., HUFA76633S3ST.

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

	HUFA76633P3, HUFA76633S3S	UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DSS} 100	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (Note 1)	V_{DGR} 100	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GS} ± 16	V
Drain Current		
Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 5V$)	I_D 38	A
Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$) (Figure 2)	I_D 39	A
Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 5V$)	I_D 27	A
Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 4.5V$) (Figure 2)	I_D 27	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM} Figure 4	
Pulsed Avalanche Rating	UIS Figures 6, 17, 18	
Power Dissipation	P_D 145	W
Derate Above $25^\circ C$	0.97	W/ $^\circ C$
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG} -55 to 175	$^\circ C$
Maximum Temperature for Soldering		
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s	T_L 300	$^\circ C$
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief TB334	T_{pkg} 260	$^\circ C$

NOTES:

1. $T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: <http://www.aecouncil.com/>

Reliability data can be found at: <http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/discrete/reliability/index.html>.

All Fairchild semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

HUFA76633P3, HUFA76633S3S

Electrical Specifications $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OFF STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV _{DSS}	I _D = 250μA, V _{GS} = 0V (Figure 12)	100	-	-	V	
		I _D = 250μA, V _{GS} = 0V , T _C = -40 ⁰ C (Figure 12)	90	-	-	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 95V, V _{GS} = 0V	-	-	1	μA	
		V _{DS} = 90V, V _{GS} = 0V, T _C = 150 ⁰ C	-	-	250	μA	
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = ±16V	-	-	±100	nA	
ON STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	V _{GS} = V _{DS} , I _D = 250μA (Figure 11)	1	-	3	V	
Drain to Source On Resistance	r _{DS(ON)}	I _D = 39A, V _{GS} = 10V (Figures 9, 10)	-	0.029	0.035	Ω	
		I _D = 27A, V _{GS} = 5V (Figure 9)	-	0.030	0.036	Ω	
		I _D = 27A, V _{GS} = 4.5V (Figure 9)	-	0.031	0.037	Ω	
THERMAL SPECIFICATIONS							
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R _{θJC}	TO-220 and TO-263	-	-	1.03	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	R _{θJA}		-	-	62	°C/W	
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (V _{GS} = 4.5V)							
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	V _{DD} = 50V, I _D = 27A V _{GS} = 4.5V, R _{GS} = 4.7Ω (Figures 15, 21, 22)	-	-	185	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}		-	12	-	ns	
Rise Time	t _r		-	110	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	43	-	ns	
Fall Time	t _f		-	58	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t _{OFF}		-	-	150	ns	
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (V _{GS} = 10V)							
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	V _{DD} = 50V, I _D = 39A V _{GS} = 10V, R _{GS} = 5.1Ω (Figures 16, 21, 22)	-	-	95	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}		-	7.5	-	ns	
Rise Time	t _r		-	55	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	63	-	ns	
Fall Time	t _f		-	83	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t _{OFF}		-	-	220	ns	
GATE CHARGE SPECIFICATIONS							
Total Gate Charge	Q _{g(TOT)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 10V	V _{DD} = 50V, I _D = 27A, I _{g(REF)} = 1.0mA (Figures 14, 19, 20)	-	56	67	nC
Gate Charge at 5V	Q _{g(5)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 5V		-	30	37	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	Q _{g(TH)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 1V		-	2	2.4	nC
Gate to Source Gate Charge	Q _{gs}			-	6	-	nC
Gate to Drain “Miller” Charge	Q _{gd}			-	15	-	nC
CAPACITANCE SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	V _{DS} = 25V, V _{GS} = 0V, f = 1MHz (Figure 13)	-	1820	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	415	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}		-	115	-	pF	

Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 27\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 13\text{A}$	-	-	1.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = 27\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	113	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q_{RR}	$I_{SD} = 27\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	425	nC

Typical Performance Curves

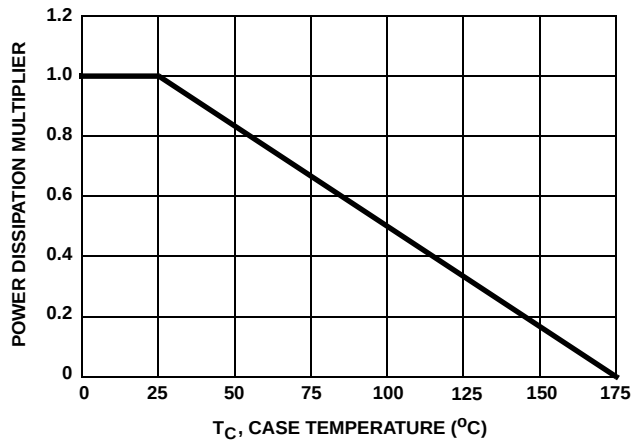


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs CASE TEMPERATURE

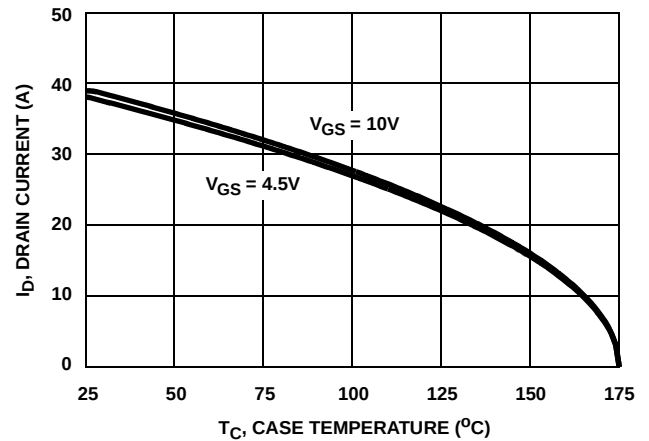


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

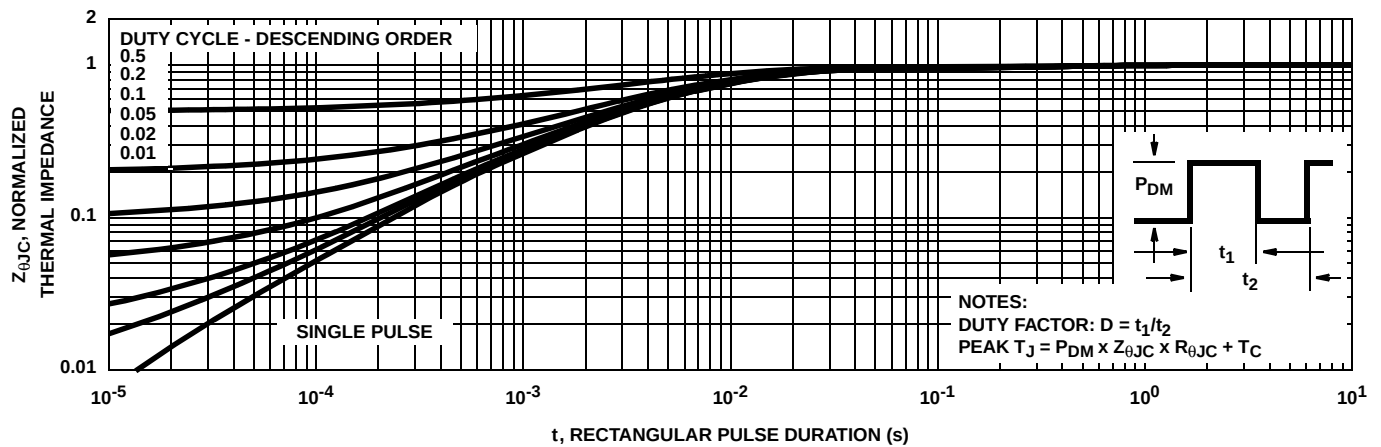


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

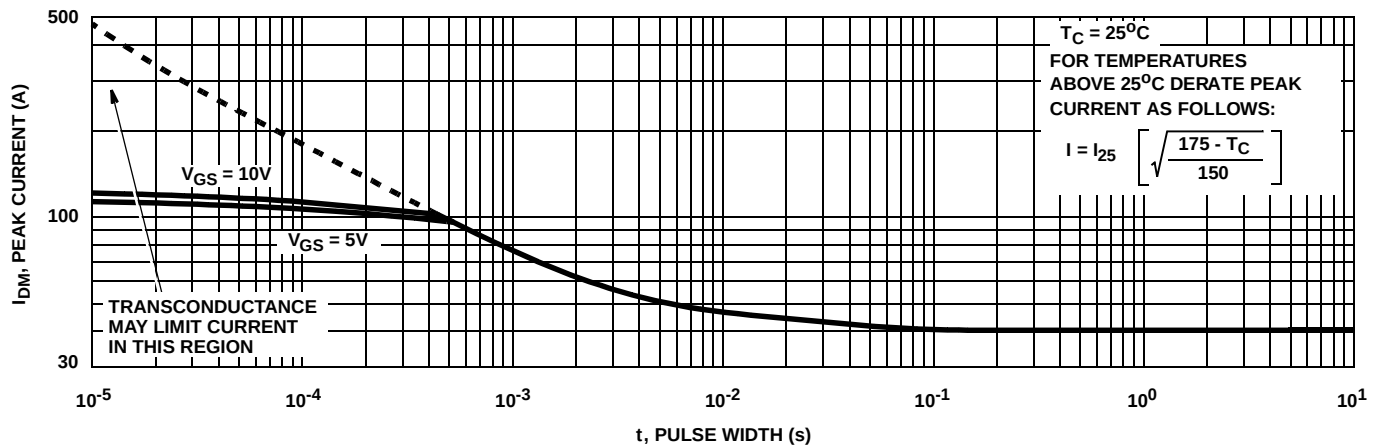


FIGURE 4. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

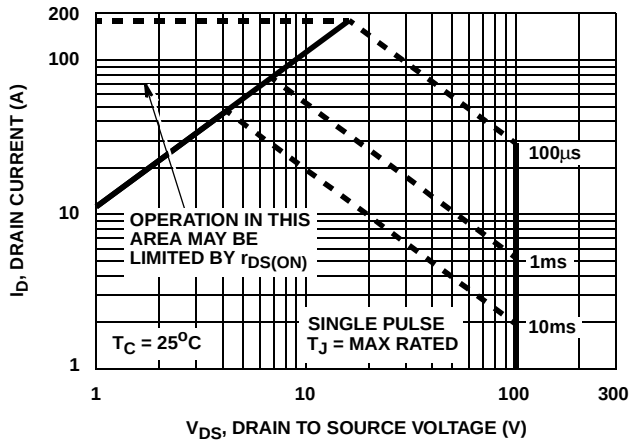
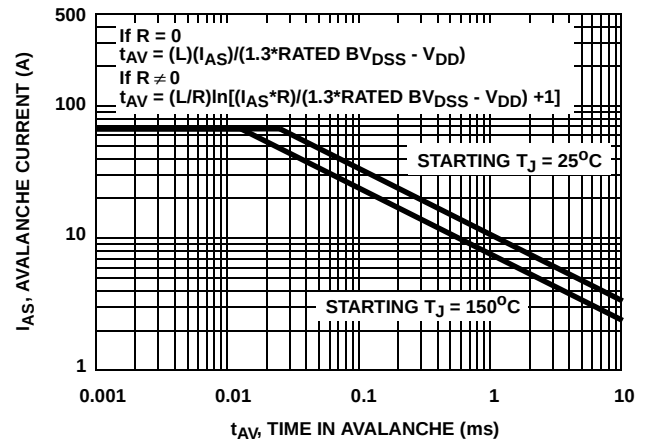


FIGURE 5. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

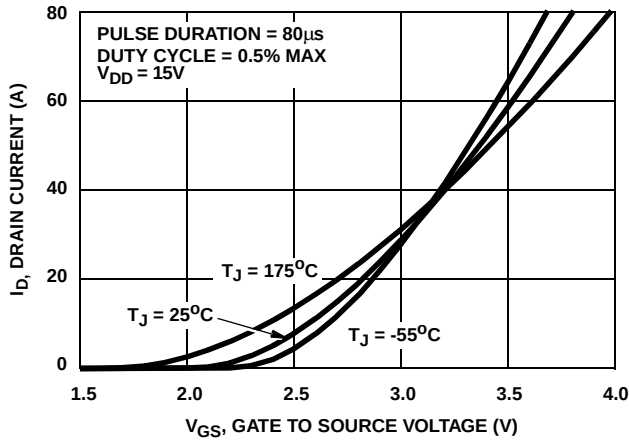


FIGURE 7. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

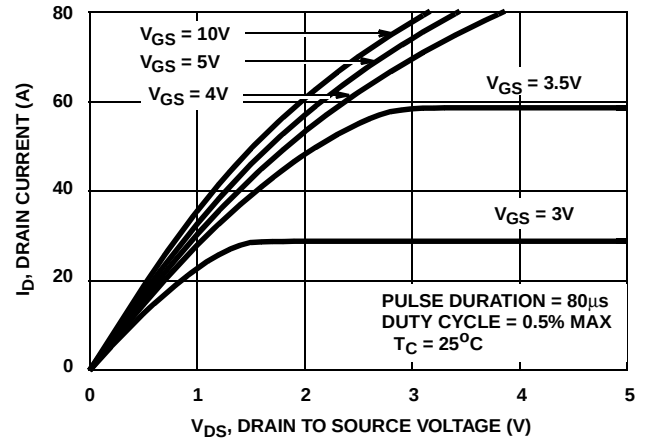


FIGURE 8. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

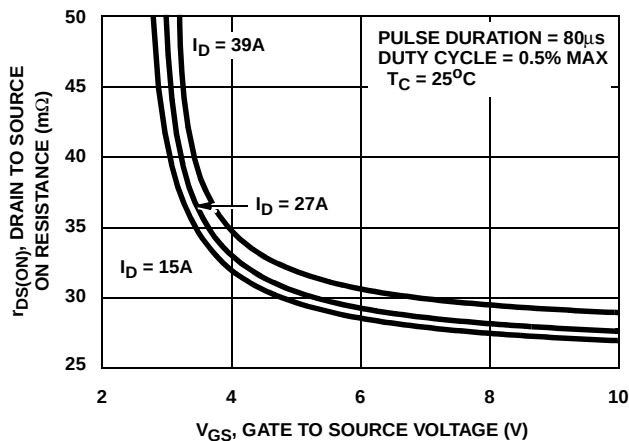


FIGURE 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs. GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT

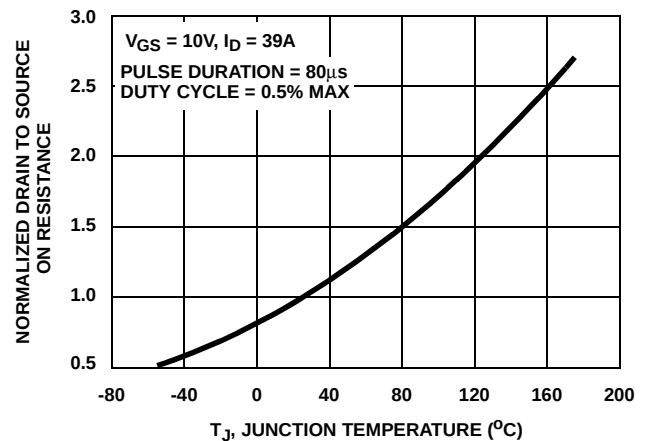


FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs. JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

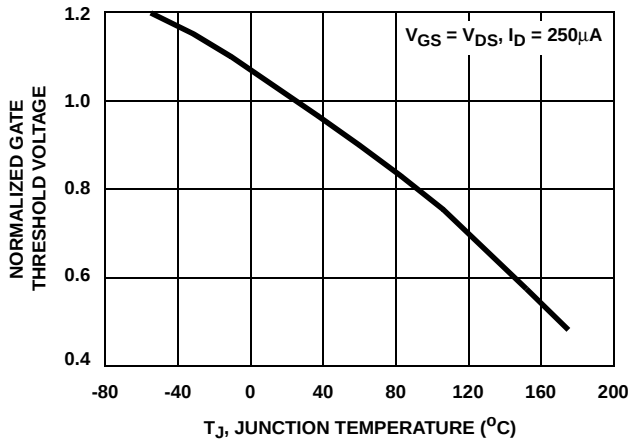


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

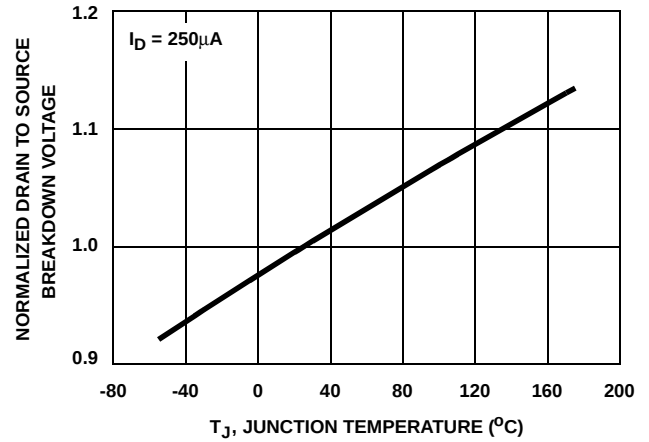


FIGURE 12. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

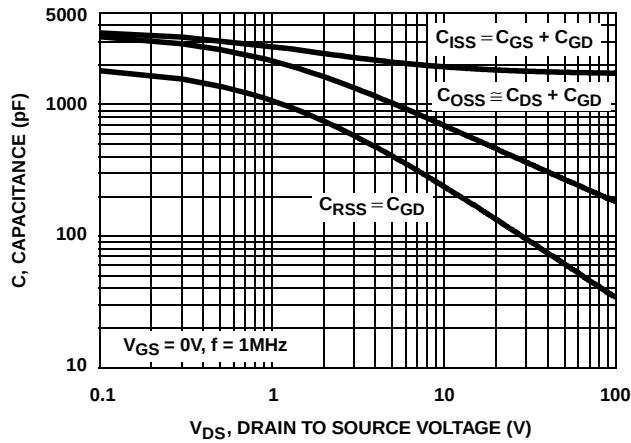
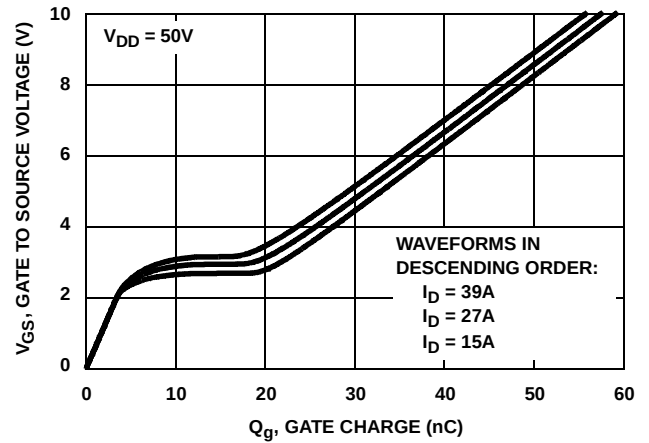


FIGURE 13. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

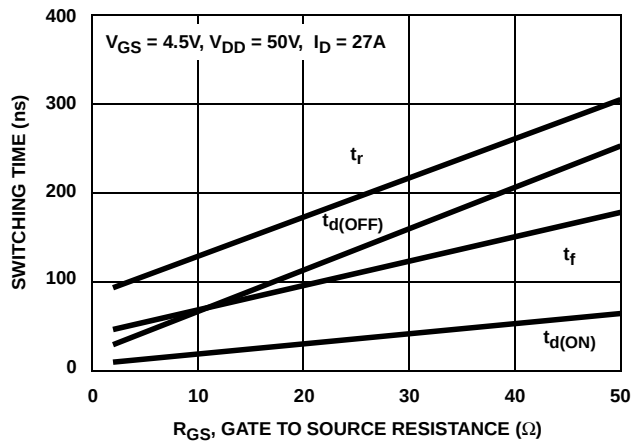


FIGURE 15. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

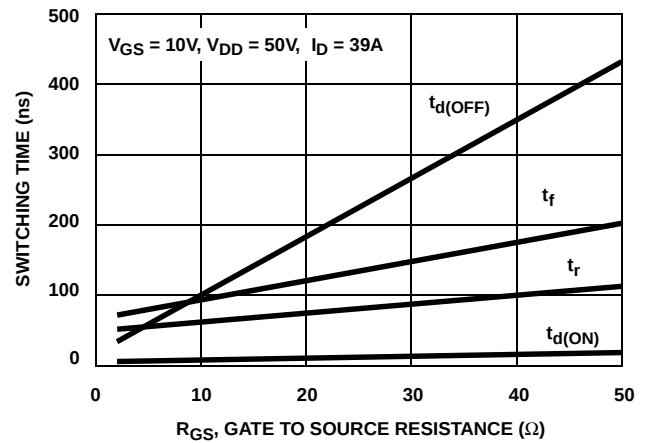


FIGURE 16. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

Test Circuits and Waveforms

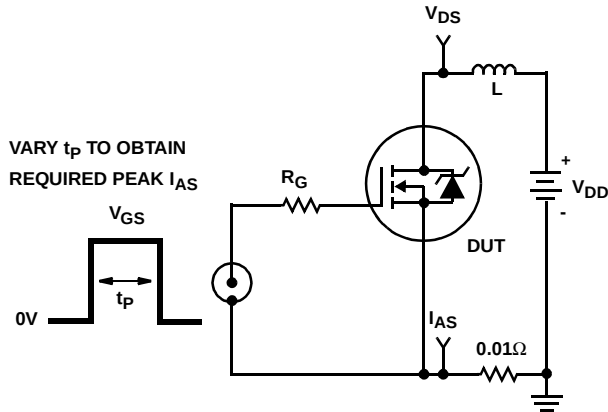


FIGURE 17. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

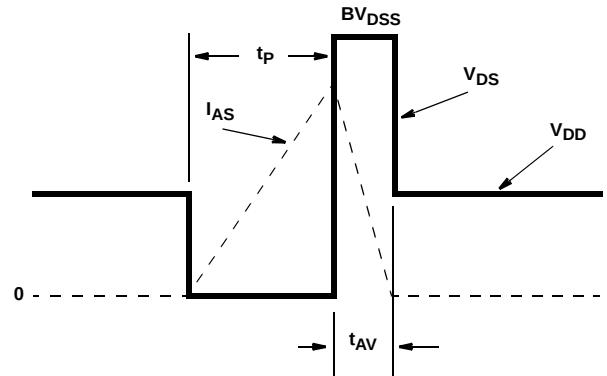


FIGURE 18. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

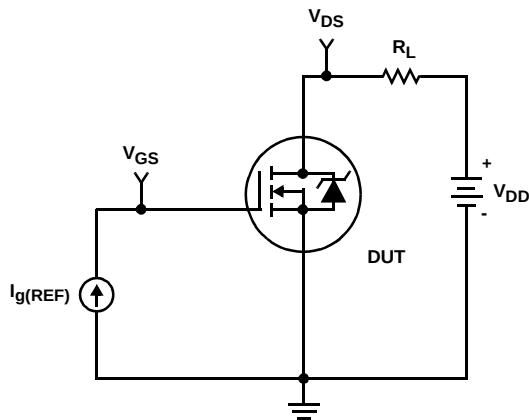


FIGURE 19. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

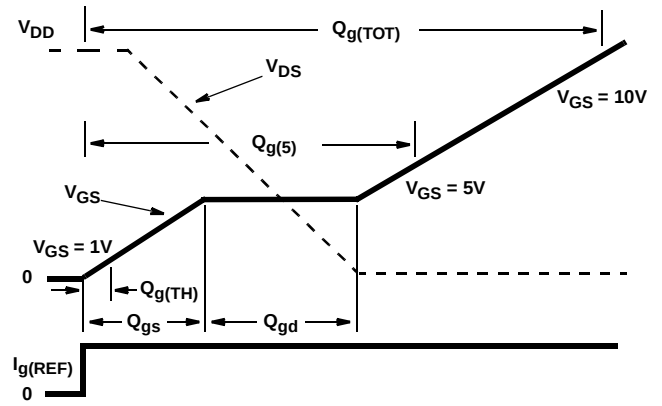


FIGURE 20. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

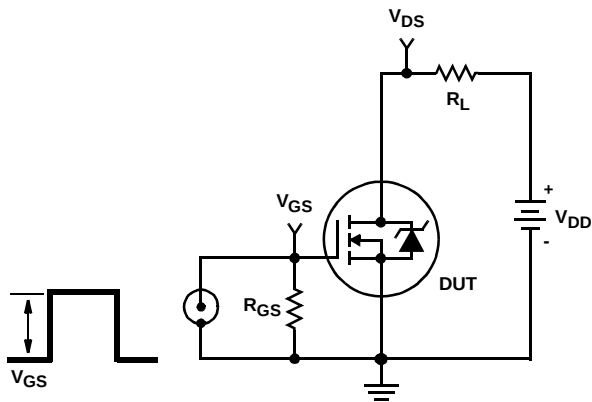


FIGURE 21. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



FIGURE 22. SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORM

PSPICE Electrical Model

.SUBCKT HUFA76633 2 1 3 ; rev 10 September1999

CA 12 8 3.50e-9
CB 15 14 3.50e-9
CIN 6 8 1.70e-9

DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD
DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD
DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD

EBREAK 11 7 17 18 120.7
EDS 14 8 5 8 1
EGS 13 8 6 8 1
ESG 6 10 6 8 1
EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1
EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1

IT 8 17 1

LDRAIN 2 5 1.00e-9
LGATE 1 9 5.17e-9
LSOURCE 3 7 2.13e-9

MMED 16 6 8 8 MMEDMOD
MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD
MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD

RBREAK 17 18 RBREAKMOD 1
RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 2.04e-2
RGATE 9 20 2.15
RLDRAIN 2 5 10
RLGATE 1 9 51.7
RLSOURCE 3 7 21.3
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 4.85e-3
RVTHRES 22 8 RVTHRESMOD 1
RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1

S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD

VBAT 22 19 DC 1

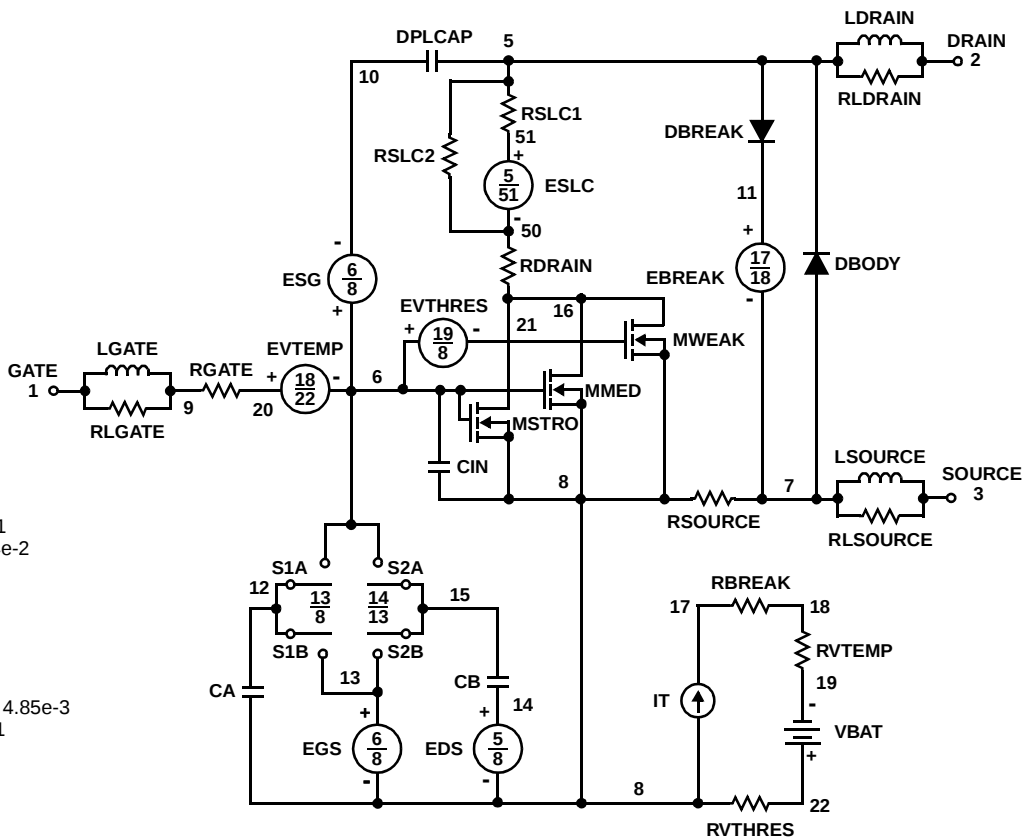
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={ (V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51))) * (PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*79),3.5)) }

.MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 1.96e-12 RS = 3.87e-3 TRS1 = 9.93e-4 TRS2 = 4.97e-6 CJO = 1.53e-9 TT = 7.41e-8 M = 0.50)
.MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 3.12e-1 TRS1 = 1.07e-3 TRS2 = 0)
.MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 1.97e-9 IS = 1e-3 QM = 0.87)
.MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.73 KP = 2.80 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 2.15)
.MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.04 KP = 80 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u)
.MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.50 KP = 0.10 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 21.5 RS = 0.1)
.MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 9.74e-4 TC2 = -3.71e-7)
.MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 9.71e-3 TC2 = 2.90e-5)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 2.17e-3 TC2 = 1.27e-6)
.MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-3 TC2 = 0)
.MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -2.08e-3 TC2 = -6.82e-6)
.MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -1.52e-3 TC2 = -1.21e-7)

.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -6.00 VOFF = -1.50)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -1.50 VOFF = -6.00)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -0.50 VOFF = 0.0)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 0.0 VOFF = -0.50)

.ENDS

NOTE: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.



SABER Electrical Model

REV 10 September 1999

template hufa76633 n2,n1,n3

electrical n2,n1,n3

```
{
var i iscl
d..model dbodymod = (is = 1.96e-12, cjo = 1.53e-9, tt = 7.41e-8, m = 0.50)
d..model dbreakmod = ()
d..model dplcapmod = (cjo = 1.97e-9, is = 1e-30, m = 0.87 )
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.73, kp = 2.8, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n, vto = 2.04, kp = 80, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.50, kp = 0.1, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -6.00, voff = -1.50)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -1.50, voff = -6.00)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -0.50, voff = 0.0)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = 0.0, voff = -0.50)
```

c.ca n12 n8 = 3.50e-9

c.cb n15 n14 = 3.50e-9

c.cin n6 n8 = 1.70e-9

d.dbody n7 n71 = model=dbodymod

d.dbreak n72 n11 = model=dbreakmod

d.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod

i.it n8 n17 = 1

l.ldrain n2 n5 = 1e-9

l.lgate n1 n9 = 5.17e-9

l.lsource n3 n7 = 2.13e-9

m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u

m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u

m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u

res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1 = 9.74e-4, tc2 = -3.71e-7

res.rbody n71 n5 = 3.87e-3, tc1 = 9.93e-4, tc2 = 4.97e-6

res.rdbreak n72 n5 = 3.12e-1, tc1 = 1.07e-3, tc2 = 0

res.rdrain n50 n16 = 20.40e-3, tc1 = 9.71e-3, tc2 = 2.90e-5

res.rgate n9 n20 = 2.15

res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10

res.rlgate n1 n9 = 51.7

res.rlsource n3 n7 = 21.3

res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1e-6, tc1 = 2.17e-3, tc2 = 1.27e-6

res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3

res.rsource n8 n7 = 4.85e-3, tc1 = 1.00e-3, tc2 = 0

res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1 = -1.52e-3, tc2 = 1.21e-7

res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1 = -2.08e-3, tc2 = -6.82e-6

spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 120.7

spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1

spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1

spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1

spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1

spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1

sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod

sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod

sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod

sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod

v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1

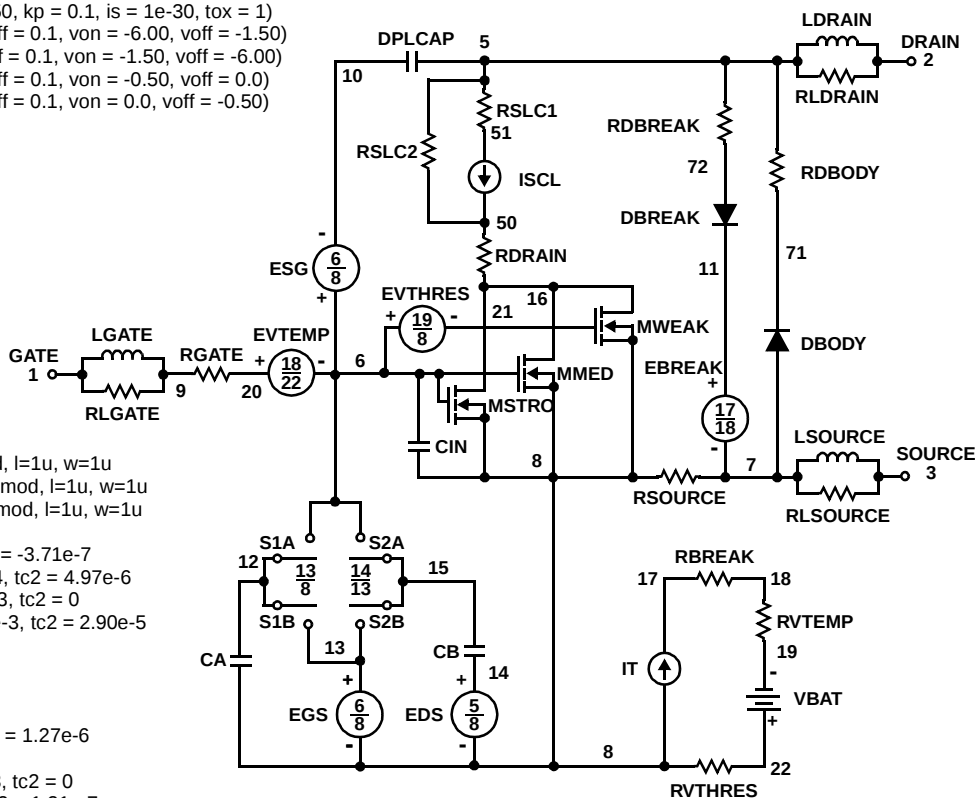
equations {

i (n51->n50) +=iscl

iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/79))** 3.5))

}

}



SPICE Thermal Model

REV 9 September1999

HUFA76633T

CTHERM1 th 6 2.90e-3
 CHERM2 6 5 1.25e-2
 CHERM3 5 4 1.00e-2
 CHERM4 4 3 6.50e-3
 CHERM5 3 2 2.75e-2
 CHERM6 2 tl 12.55

RHERM1 th 6 7.04e-3
 RHERM2 6 5 1.75e-2
 RHERM3 5 4 4.94e-2
 RHERM4 4 3 2.77e-1
 RHERM5 3 2 4.18e-1
 RHERM6 2 tl 5.54e-2

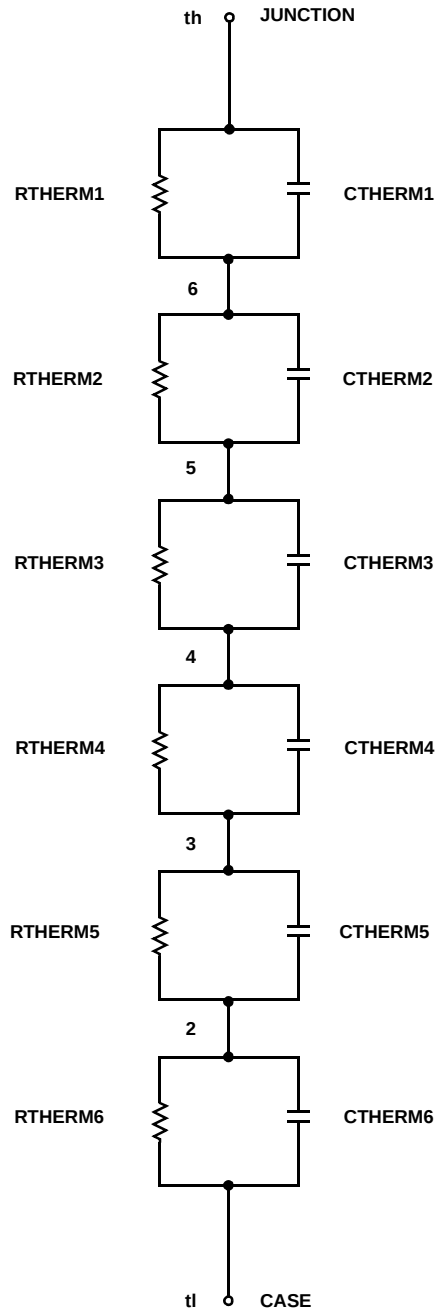
SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model HUFA76633T

```
template thermal_model th tl
thermal_c th, tl
{
    ctherm.ctherm1 th 6 = 2.90e-3
    ctherm.ctherm2 6 5 = 1.25e-2
    ctherm.ctherm3 5 4 = 1.00e-2
    ctherm.ctherm4 4 3 = 6.50e-3
    ctherm.ctherm5 3 2 = 2.75e-2
    ctherm.ctherm6 2 tl = 12.55
```

```

rtherm.rtherm1 th 6 = 7.04e-3
rtherm.rtherm2 6 5 = 1.75e-2
rtherm.rtherm3 5 4 = 4.94e-2
rtherm.rtherm4 4 3 = 2.77e-1
rtherm.rtherm5 3 2 = 4.18e-1
rtherm.rtherm6 2 tl = 5.54e-2
}
```



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Bottomless TM	FAST ^r TM	OPTOPLANAR TM	STAR*POWER TM	
CoolFET TM	FRFET TM	PACMAN TM	Stealth TM	
CROSSVOLT TM	GlobalOptoisolator TM	POP TM	SuperSOT TM -3	
DenseTrench TM	GTO TM	Power247 TM	SuperSOT TM -6	
DOME TM	HiSeC TM	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT TM -8	
EcoSPARK TM	ISOPLANAR TM	QFET TM	SyncFET TM	
E ² CMOS TM	LittleFET TM	QS TM	TinyLogic TM	
EnSigna TM	MicroFET TM	QT Optoelectronics TM	TruTranslation TM	
FACT TM	MicroPak TM	Quiet Series TM	UHC TM	
FACT Quiet Series TM	MICROWIRE TM	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	UltraFET [®]	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

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