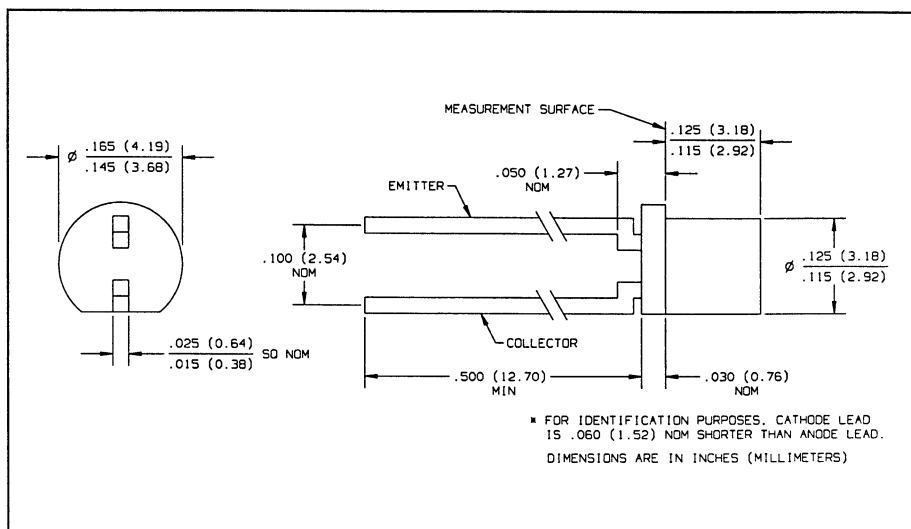
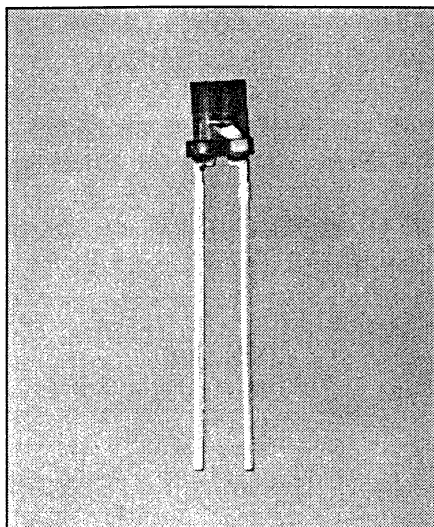


NPN Silicon Phototransistor Type OP506W



Features

- Wide receiving angle
- T-1 package style
- Small package size for space limited applications

Description

The OP506W consists of an NPN silicon phototransistor molded in a blue tinted plastic package. The wide receiving angle provides relatively even reception over a large area. This device is 100% production tested using infrared light for close correlation with Optek's GaAs and GaAlAs emitters. Lead spacing is 0.100" (2.54 mm).

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

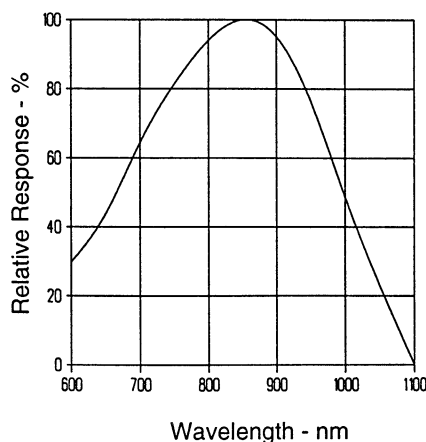
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30 V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5.0 V
Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 sec. with soldering iron]	$260^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$
Power Dissipation	100 mW ⁽²⁾

Notes:

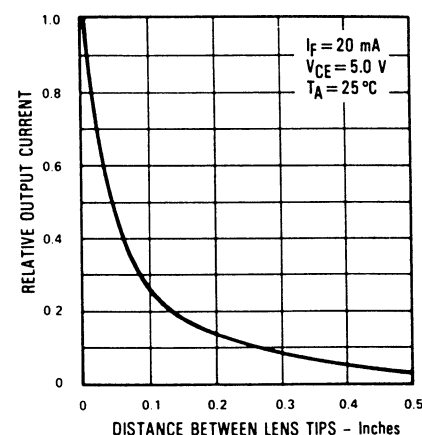
- (1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 sec. max. when flow soldering. Max. 20 grams force may be applied to leads when soldering.
- (2) Derate linearly 1.33 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above 25°C .
- (3) Light source is an unfiltered GaAs LED with a peak emission wavelength of 935 nm and a radiometric intensity level which varies less than 10% over the entire lens surface of the phototransistor being tested.
- (4) To calculate typical collector dark current in μA , use the formula $I_{CED} = 10^{(0.04 T_A - 3.4)}$ where T_A is ambient temperature in $^\circ\text{C}$.

Typical Performance Curves

Typical Spectral Response



Coupling Characteristics



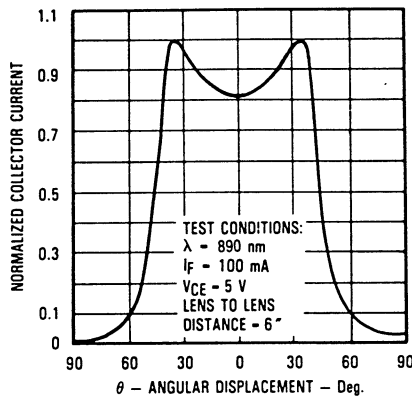
Type OP506W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

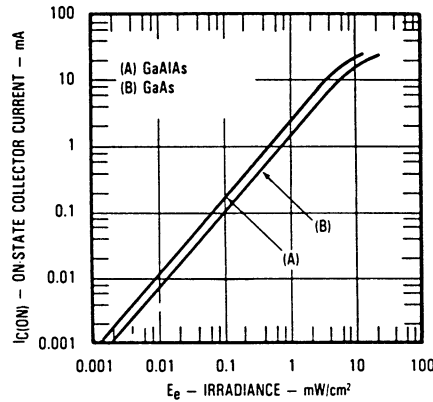
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$I_{C(ON)}$	On-State Collector Current	100			μA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$, $E_e = 0.75\text{ mW/cm}^2$ ⁽³⁾
I_{CEO}	Collector Dark Current			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $E_e = 0$
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	30			V	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)ECO}$	Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	5.0			V	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CE(SAT)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage			0.40	V	$I_C = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $E_e = 0.75\text{ mW/cm}^2$ ⁽³⁾

Typical Performance Curves

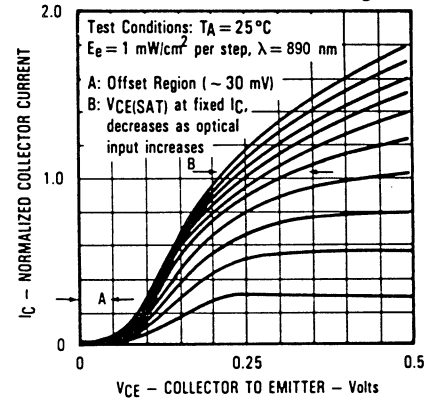
Normalized Collector Current vs. Angular Displacement



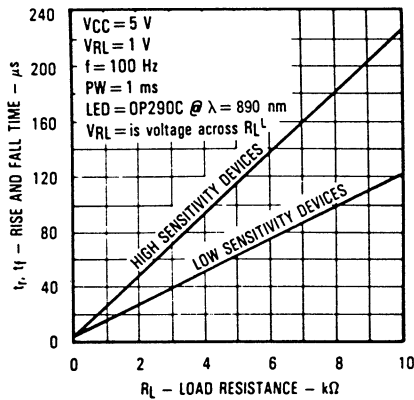
On-State Collector Current vs Irradiance



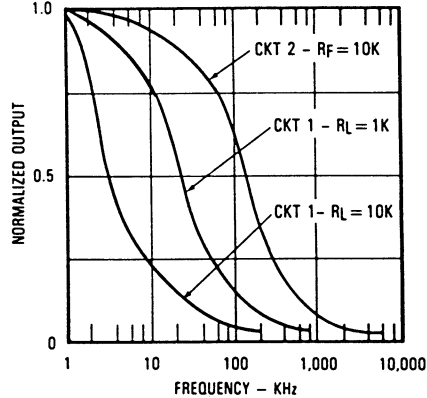
Normalized Collector Current vs Collector-to-Emitter Voltage



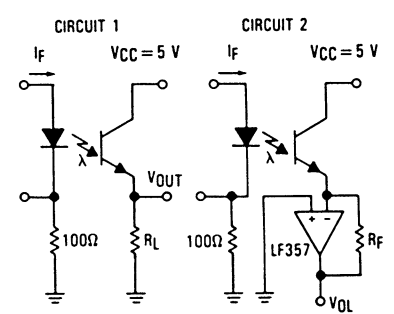
Rise and Fall Time vs Load Resistance



Normalized Output vs Frequency



Switching Time Test Circuit



Test Conditions:
Light source is pulsed LED with t_r and $t_f \leq 500\text{ ns}$.
 I_f is adjusted for $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ Volt}$.

Optek reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve design and to supply the best product possible.

Optek Technology, Inc.

1215 W. Crosby Road

Carrollton, Texas 75006

(972)323-2200

Fax (972)323-2396