## NE555

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

### SINGLE TIMER

### DESCRIPTION

The Contek NE555 is a highly stable timer integrated circuit. It can be operated in Astable mode and Monostable mode. With monostable operation, the time delay is controlled by one external and one capacitor. With a stable operation, the frequency and duty cycle are accurately controlled with two external resistors and one capacitor.

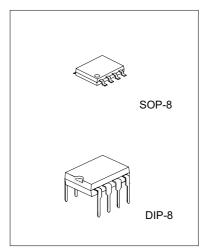
### FEATURES

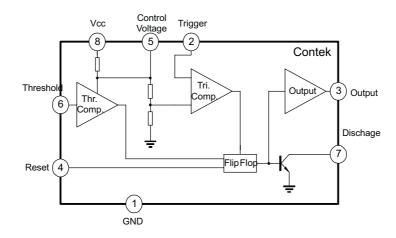
\*High current driver capability(=200mA) \*Adjustable duty cycle \*Timing from μSec to Hours \*Turn off time less than 2 μSec.

### **APPLICATIONS**

\*Precision timing \*Pulse generation \*Time delay generation

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**







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#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(Ta=25 C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	16	V	
Power Dissipation	Pd	600	mW	
Lead Temperature	Tlead	300	С	
Operating Temperature	Topr	0 to 70	С	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-65 to 150	С	

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Ta=25 C, Vcc=5~15V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	Vcc		4.5		16	V
Supply Current	lcc	Vcc=5V,RL=		3	6	mA
(Note 1)		Vcc=15V,RL=		7.5	15	mA
Timing Error(monostable)						
Initial Accurary(Note 2)	Accur	Ra=1k to 100kμΩ		1.0	3.0	%
Drift with Temperature	$\Delta t / \Delta T$	C=0.1µF		50		ppm/ C
Drift with Supply Voltage	Δt/ΔVcc			0.1	0.5	%/V
Timing Error(astable)						
Initial Accurary(Note 2)	ACCUR	Ra=1k to 100kμΩ		2.25		%
Drift with Temperature	$\Delta t / \Delta T$	C=0.1µF		150		ppm/ C
Drift with Supply Voltage	Δt/ΔVcc	•		0.3		%/V
Control Voltage	Vc	Vcc=15V	9.0	10.0	11.0	V
		Vcc=5V	2.6	3.33	4.0	V
Threshold Voltage	Vth	Vcc=15V		10.0		V
		Vcc=5V		3.33		V
Threshold Current(Note 3)	Ітн			0.1	0.25	μA
Trigger Voltage	Vtr	Vcc=5V	1.1	1.67	2.2	V
		Vcc=15V	4.5	5	5.6	V
Trigger Current	ltr	Vtr=0		0.01	2.0	μA
Reset Voltage	Vrst		0.4	0.7	1.0	V
Reset Current	Irst			0.1	0.4	mA
Low Output Voltage		Vcc=15V				
		lsink=10mA		0.06	0.25	V
	Vol	Isink=50mA		0.3	0.75	V
		Vcc=5V				
		lsink=5mA		0.05	0.35	V
High Output Voltage		Vcc=15V				
		Isource=200mA		12.5		V
	Vон	Isource=100mA	12.75	13.3		V
		Vcc=5V				
		Isource=100mA	2.75	3.3		V
Rise Time of Output	tR			100		nSec
Fall Time of Output	tF			100		nSec
Dischage Leakage Current	Ilkg			20	100	nA

Note 1:Supply current when output is high is typically 1mA less at Vcc 5V.

Note 2:Tested at Vcc=5.0V and Vcc=15V.

Note 3:this will determine the maximum value of RA+RB for 15V operation, The maximum total is R=20M  $\Omega$ , and for 5V operation the maximum total is R=6.7M  $\Omega$ .



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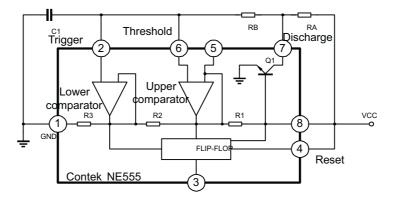
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### APPLICATION CIRCUIT

**NE555** 



#### APPLICATION NOTES

The application circuit shows astable mode configuration.

Pin 6 (Threshold) is tied to Pin 2 (Trigger) and Pin 4 (reset) is tied to Vcc (Pin 8). The external capacitor C1 of Pin 6 and Pin 2 charges through RA,RB and dischages through RB only. In the internal circuit of Contek NE555, one input of the upper comparator is at voltage of 2/3Vcc(R1=R2=R3),another input is connected to Pin 6.As soon as C1 is charging to higher than 2/3Vcc, transistor Q1 is turned ON and discharge C1 to collector voltage of transistor Q1. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is reset and output is low. One input of lower comparator is at voltage of 1/3Vcc, discharge transistor Q1 turn off and C1 charges through RA and RB. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is set output high. That is, when C1 charges through RA and RB, output is high and when C1 discharge through RB, output is low. The charge time(output is high) t1 is 0.6 9 3 (RA+RB) C1 and the discharge time (output is low) T2 is 0.6 9 3 RB\*C1.

$$\ln \frac{Vcc - \frac{1}{3}Vcc}{Vcc - \frac{2}{3}Vcc} = 0.693$$

Thus the total period time T is given by

T=T1+T2=0.693(RA+2RB)\*C1.

Then the frequency of astable mode is given by

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1.44}{(RA + RB) * C1}$$
  
The duty cycle is given by  
$$D. C. = \frac{T2}{T} = \frac{RB}{RA + 2RB}$$

T1=0.693\*(RA+RB)\*C1 T2=0.693\*RB\*C1



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