General Purpose Transistors

NPN Silicon



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MAXIMUM RATINGS

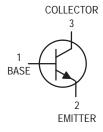
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Collector-Emitter Voltage	VCEO	32	Vdc	
Collector-Base Voltage	V _{CBO}	32	Vdc	
Emitter-Base Voltage	V _{EBO}	5.0	Vdc	
Collector Current — Continuous	IC	100	mAdc	

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Total Device Dissipation FR-5 Board ⁽¹⁾ T _A = 25°C	PD	225	mW	
Derate above 25°C		1.8	mW/°C	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	556	°C/W	
Total Device Dissipation Alumina Substrate, (2) T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	300 2.4	mW mW/°C	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	417	°C/W	
Junction and Storage Temperature	T _J , T _{stg}	–55 to +150	°C	

(1) FR-5 = $1.0 \times 0.75 \times 0.062$ in.

(2) Alumina = $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.024$ in. 99.5% alumina.





SOT-23 (TO-236AB) CASE 318 STYLE 6

DEVICE MARKING



x = Monthly Date Code

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping		
BCW32LT1	SOT-23	3000 Units / Reel		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS			•		•
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I _C = 2.0 mAdc, V _{EB} = 0)	V(BR)CEO	32	_	_	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage (I _C = 10 μAdc, I _E = 0)	V(BR)CBO	32	_	_	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I _E = 10 μ Adc, I _C = 0)	V(BR)EBO	5.0	_	_	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CB} = 32 Vdc, I _E = 0) (V _{CB} = 32 Vdc, I _E = 0, T _A = 100°C)	I _{CBO}	_	_ _	100 10	nAdc μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Current Gain (I _C = 2.0 mAdc, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc)	hFE	200	_	450	_
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 10 mAdc, I _B = 0.5 mAdc)	VCE(sat)	_	_	0.25	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage (I _C = 2.0 mAdc, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc)	VBE(on)	0.55	_	0.70	Vdc
SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS				-	
Output Capacitance (I _E = 0, V _{CB} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 MHz)	C _{obo}	_	_	4.0	pF
Noise Figure (I _C = 0.2 mAdc, V_{CE} = 5.0 Vdc, R _S = 2.0 k Ω , f = 1.0 kHz, BW = 200 Hz)	NF	_	_	10	dB

TYPICAL NOISE CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C)$

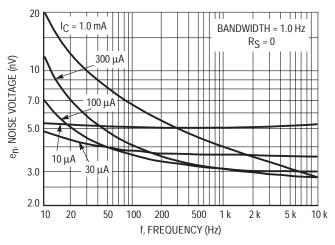


Figure 1. Noise Voltage

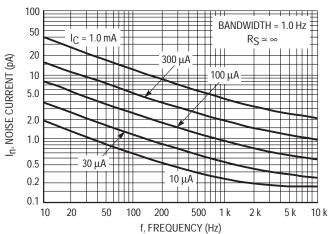


Figure 2. Noise Current

NOISE FIGURE CONTOURS

 $(V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C)$

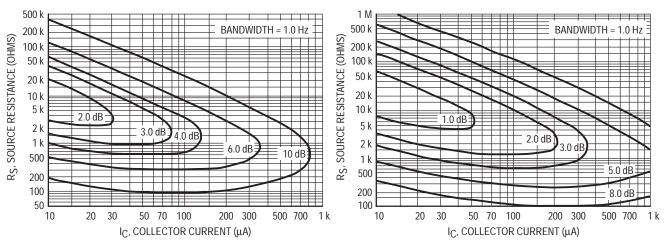


Figure 3. Narrow Band, 100 Hz

Figure 4. Narrow Band, 1.0 kHz

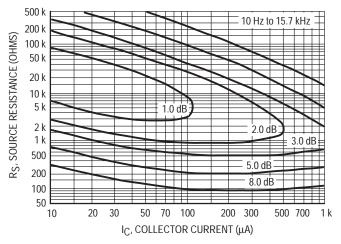


Figure 5. Wideband

Noise Figure is defined as:

$$NF = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{e_n^2 + 4KTR_S + I_n^2 R_S^2}{4KTR_S} \right)^{1/2}$$

e_n = Noise Voltage of the Transistor referred to the input. (Figure 3)

I = Noise Current of the Transistor referred to the input.

n (Figure 4)

 $K = Boltzman's Constant (1.38 x 10^{-23} j/^{\circ}K)$

T = Temperature of the Source Resistance (°K)

R = Source Resistance (Ohms)

S

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

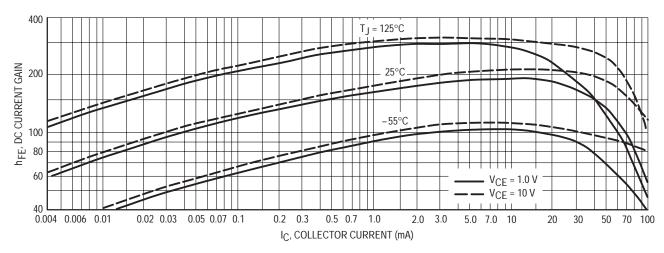


Figure 6. DC Current Gain

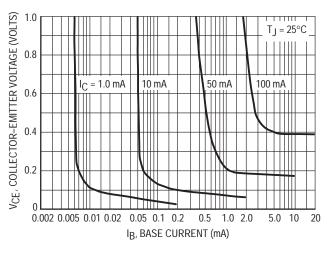


Figure 7. Collector Saturation Region

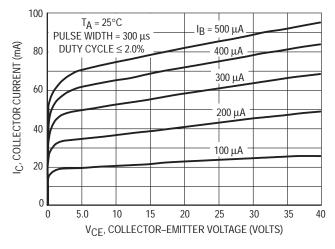


Figure 8. Collector Characteristics

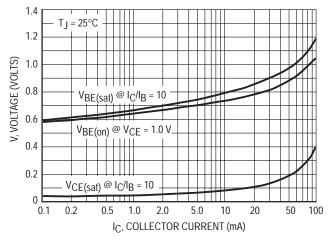


Figure 9. "On" Voltages

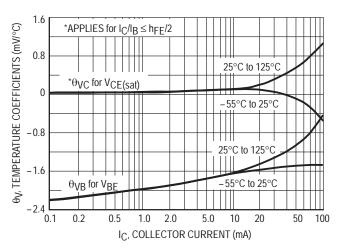


Figure 10. Temperature Coefficients

TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

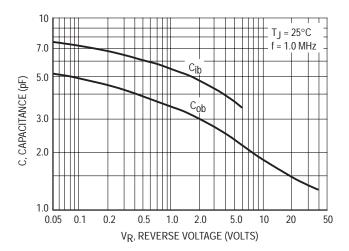


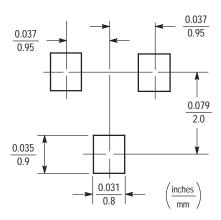
Figure 11. Capacitance

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-23

SOT-23 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT–23 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT–23 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{556^{\circ}C/W} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 556°C/W for the SOT-23 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT-23 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

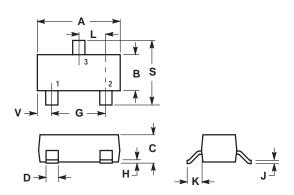
The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes.
 Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.
- * Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-23 (TO-236AB)

CASE 318-08 **ISSUE AF**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.1102	0.1197	2.80	3.04
В	0.0472	0.0551	1.20	1.40
С	0.0350	0.0440	0.89	1.11
D	0.0150	0.0200	0.37	0.50
G	0.0701	0.0807	1.78	2.04
Н	0.0005	0.0040	0.013	0.100
J	0.0034	0.0070	0.085	0.177
K	0.0140	0.0285	0.35	0.69
L	0.0350	0.0401	0.89	1.02
S	0.0830	0.1039	2.10	2.64
٧	0.0177	0.0236	0.45	0.60

- STYLE 6:
 PIN 1. BASE
 2. EMITTER
 3. COLLECTOR

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