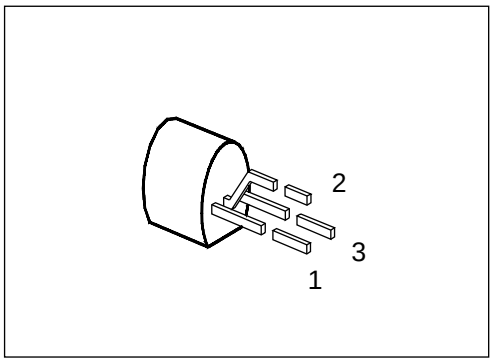
SIEMENS

## PNP Silicon Transistors With High Reverse Voltage

**BF 421**
**BF 423**

- High breakdown voltage
- Low collector-emitter saturation voltage
- Low capacitance
- Complementary types: BF 420, BF 422 (NPN)




| Type | Marking | Ordering Code | Pin Configuration 1 | 2 | 3 | Package[1] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BF 421<br>BF 423 | – | Q62702-F532<br>Q62702-F496 | E | C | B | TO-92 |

### Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Values BF 421 | BF 423 | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Collector-emitter voltage | $V_{CE0}$ | – | 250 | V |
| Collector-emitter voltage $R_{BE}$ = 2.7 k | $V_{CER}$ | 300 | – | |
| Collector-base voltage | $V_{CB0}$ | 300 | 250 | |
| Emitter-base voltage | $V_{EB0}$ | 5 | | |
| Collector current | $I_C$ | 50 | | mA |
| Peak base current | $I_{BM}$ | 100 | | |
| Total power dissipation, $T_C$ = 88 ˚C | $P_{tot}$ | 830 | | mW |
| Junction temperature | $T_j$ | 150 | | ˚C |
| Storage temperature range | $T_{stg}$ | – 65 … + 150 | | |

### Thermal Resistance

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Junction - ambient | $R_{th\ JA}$ | ≤ 150 | K/W |
| Junction - case[2] | $R_{th\ JC}$ | ≤ 75 | |

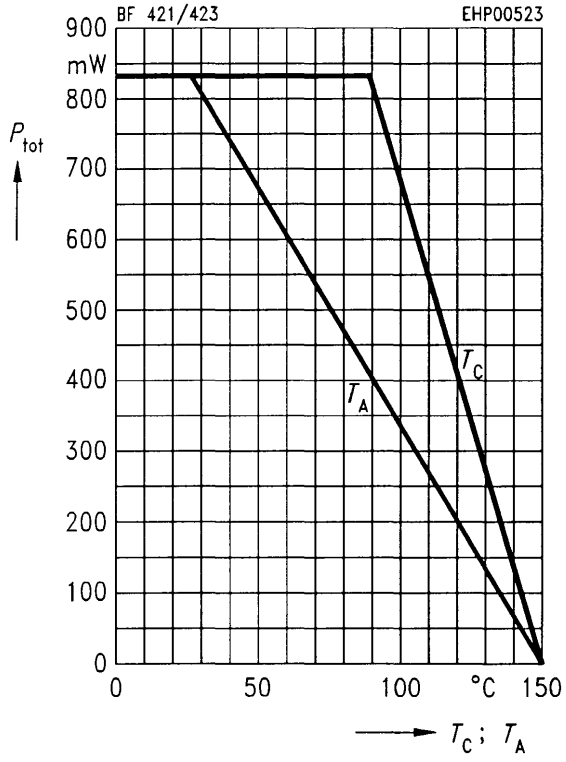
1) For detailed information see chapter Package Outlines.
2) Mounted on Al heat sink 15 mm × 25 mm × 0.5 mm.

**Electrical Characteristics**
at $T_A$ = 25 ˚C, unless otherwise specified.

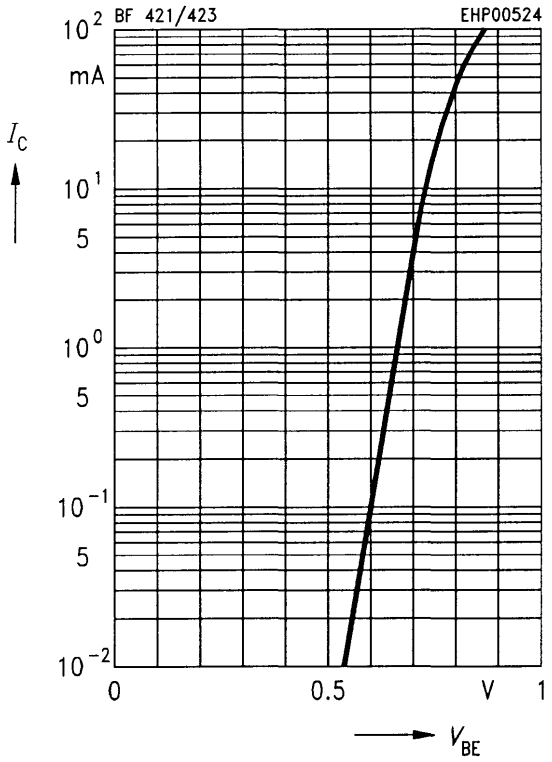
| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| **DC characteristics** | | | | | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage<br>$I_C$ = 1 mA BF 423 | $V_{(BR)CE0}$ | 250 | – | – | V |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage<br>$I_C$ = 10 µA, $R_{BE}$ = 2.7 k BF 421 | $V_{(BR)CER}$ | 300 | – | – | |
| Collector-base breakdown voltage<br>$I_C$ = 10 µA BF 421<br>BF 423 | $V_{(BR)CB0}$ | <br>300<br>250 | <br>–<br>– | <br>–<br>– | |
| Emitter-base breakdown voltage, $I_E$ = 10 µA | $V_{(BR)EB0}$ | 5 | – | – | |
| Collector cutoff current<br>$V_{CB}$ = 200 V | $I_{CB0}$ | – | – | 10 | nA |
| Collector cutoff current<br>$V_{CE}$ = 200 V, $R_{BE}$ = 2.7 kΩ, $T_A$ = 150 ˚C | $I_{CER}$ | – | – | 10 | µA |
| Emitter cutoff current, $V_{EB}$ = 5 V | $I_{EB0}$ | – | – | 10 | |
| DC current gain<br>$I_C$ = 100 µA, $V_{CE}$ = 20 V<br>$I_C$ = 25 mA, $V_{CE}$ = 20 V | $h_{FE}$ | <br>15<br>50 | <br>–<br>– | <br>–<br>– | – |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage[1)]<br>$I_C$ = 25 mA, $T_j$ =150 ˚C | $V_{CEsatRF}$ | – | – | 20 | V |
| **AC characteristics** | | | | | |
| Transition frequency<br>$I_C$ = 20 mA, $V_{CE}$ = 10 V, $f$ = 20 MHz | $f_T$ | – | 100 | – | MHz |
| Output capacitance<br>$V_{CB}$ = 30 V, $f$ = 1 MHz | $C_{obo}$ | – | 0.8 | – | pF |

[1)] Pulse test: $t \leq 300$ µs, $D \leq 2$ %.

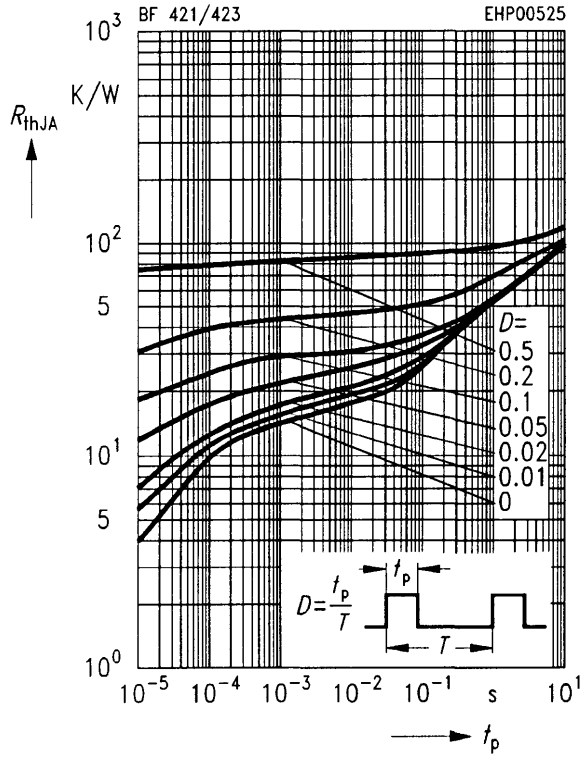
**Total power dissipation** $P_{tot} = f(T_A; T_C)$



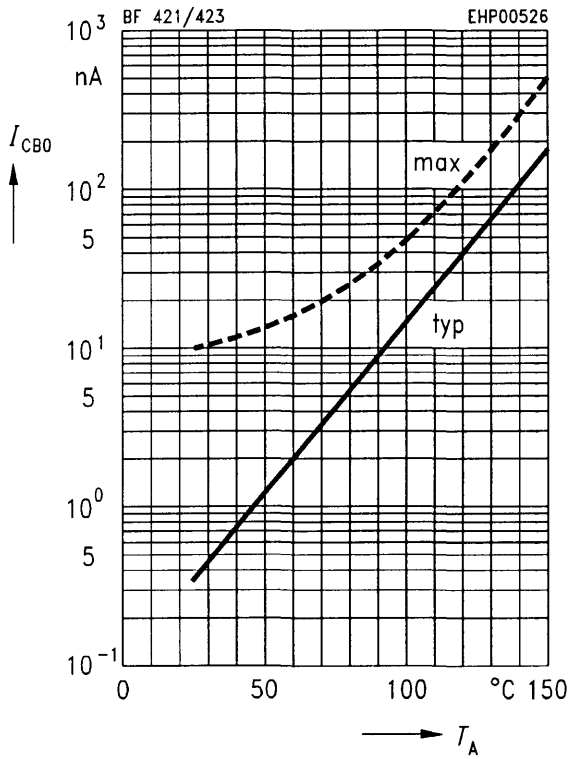

**Collector current** $I_C = f(V_{BE})$
$V_{CE}$ = 20 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C



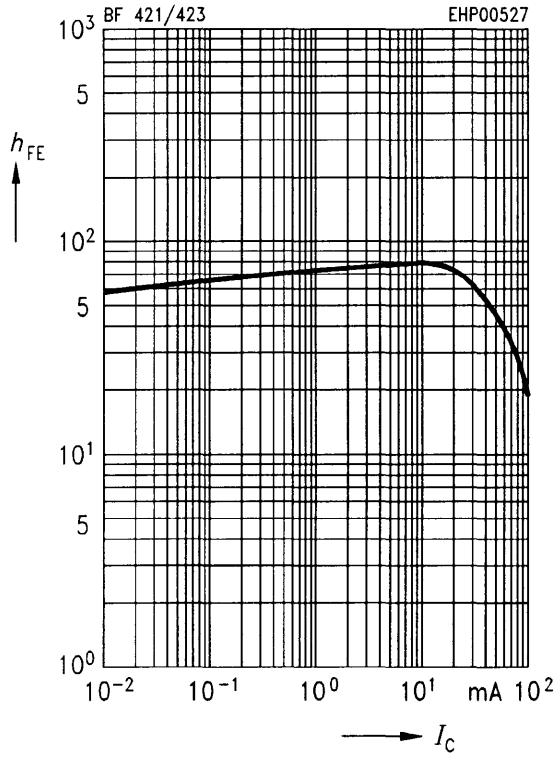

**Permissible pulse load** $R_{thJA} = f(t_p)$



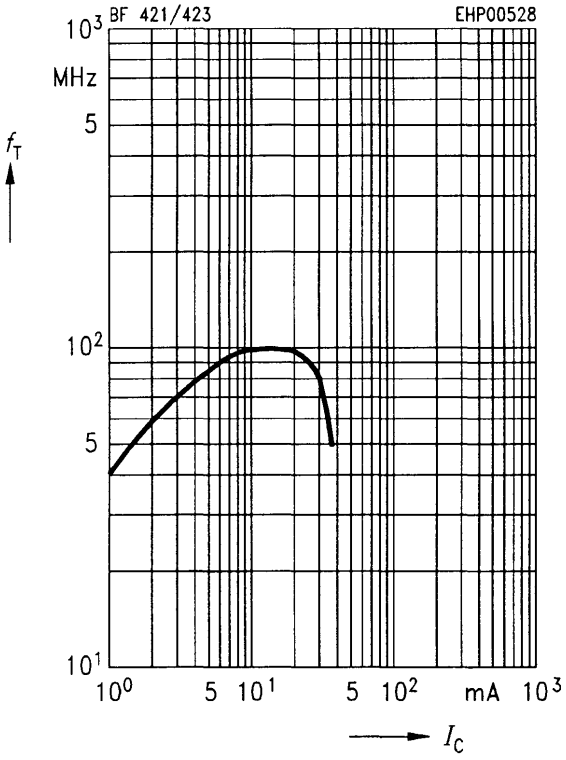

**Collector cutoff current** $I_{CB0} = f(T_A)$
$V_{CB}$ = 200 V



**DC current gain** $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$
$V_{CE}$ = 20 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C




**Transition frequency** $f_T = f(I_C)$
$V_{CE}$ = 10 V, $f$ = 20 MHz




**Output capacitance** $C_{obo} = f(V_{CB})$
$I_C$ = 0, $f$ = 1 MHz