

1W SINGLE AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

KIA6278P/S/F are suitable for the audio power amplifier of portable radio cassette.

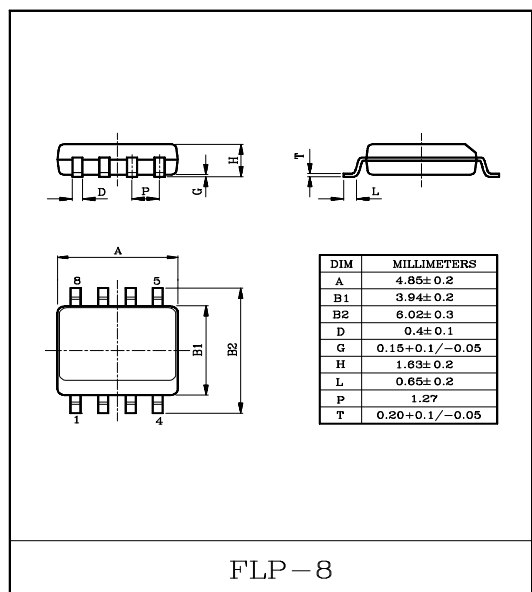
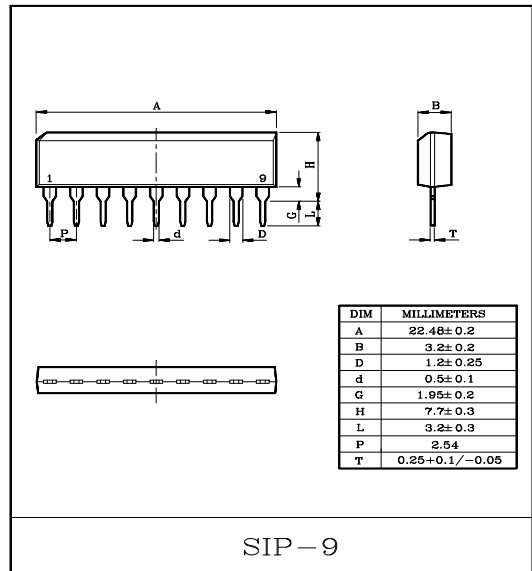
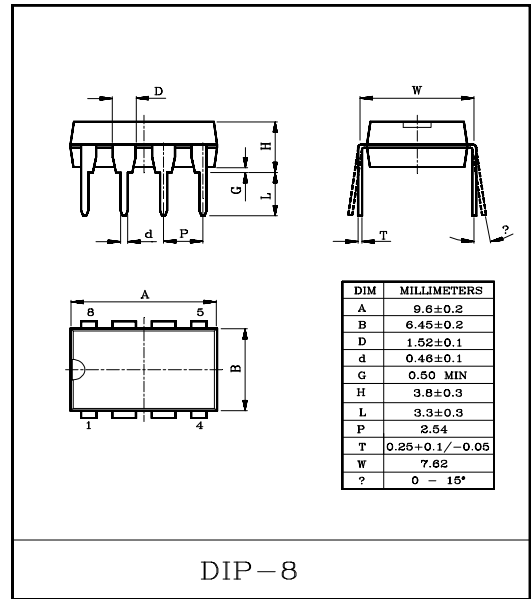
FEATURES

- Very few external parts counts (only three capacitor)
- Low Quiescent Current
: $I_{CCQ}=6.6\text{mA(Typ.)}$ ($V_{CC}=6\text{V}$)
- Wide operating supply voltage range.
: $V_{CC}=2\sim 10\text{V}$
- Output Power
: $P_{OUT}=720\text{mW(Typ.)}$ ($V_{CC}=6\text{V}$, $R_L=4\Omega$, THD=10%)
- Voltage Gain : $G_V=40\text{dB(Typ.)}$

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | RATING | UNIT |
|---|-----------|---------------|------------------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | 14 | V |
| Power Dissipation (Peakage Limitation) (Note) | KIA6278P | 900 | mW |
| | KIA6278S | 950 | |
| | KIA6278F | 400 | |
| Operating Temperature | T_{opr} | $-25\sim 75$ | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | T_{stg} | $-55\sim 150$ | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Note : Derated above $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ in the proportion of $7.2\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$.



KIA6278P/S/F

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC}=6V$, $f=1kHz$, $R_g=600\Omega$, $R_L=4\Omega$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | TEST CIRCUIT | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------------|---|------|------|------|------------|
| Quiescent Current | I_{CCQ} | - | $V_{CC}=3V$, $V_{IN}=0V$ | - | 5.5 | - | mA |
| | | | $V_{CC}=6V$, $V_{IN}=0V$ | - | 6.6 | 15 | |
| | | | $V_{CC}=9V$, $V_{IN}=0V$ | - | 7.5 | 18 | |
| Output Power | P_{OUT} | - | $V_{CC}=3V$, $R_L=4\Omega$, THD=10% | - | 120 | - | mW |
| | | | $V_{CC}=6V$, $R_L=4\Omega$, THD=10% | 500 | 720 | - | |
| | | | $V_{CC}=6V$, $R_L=8\Omega$, THD=10% | 300 | 450 | - | |
| | | | $V_{CC}=9V$, $R_L=8\Omega$, THD=10% | 800 | 1100 | - | |
| | | | $V_{CC}=9V$, $R_L=16\Omega$, THD=10% | 450 | 610 | - | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | - | $P_{OUT}=100mW$ | - | 0.3 | 1.0 | % |
| Voltage Gain | G_V | - | $V_{IN}=0.5mV_{rms}$ | 37 | 40 | 43 | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage | V_{NO} | - | $R_g=10k\Omega$, BW=20Hz~20kHz | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | mV_{rms} |
| Ripple Rejection Ratio | R.R. | - | $f_{RIP}=100Hz$, $V_{RIP}=0.3V_{rms}$ Without C_{RIP} | - | 25 | - | dB |
| Input Resistance | R_{IN} | - | | - | 27 | - | $k\Omega$ |

TYPICAL VOLTAGE OF EACH TERMINAL (KIA6278S)

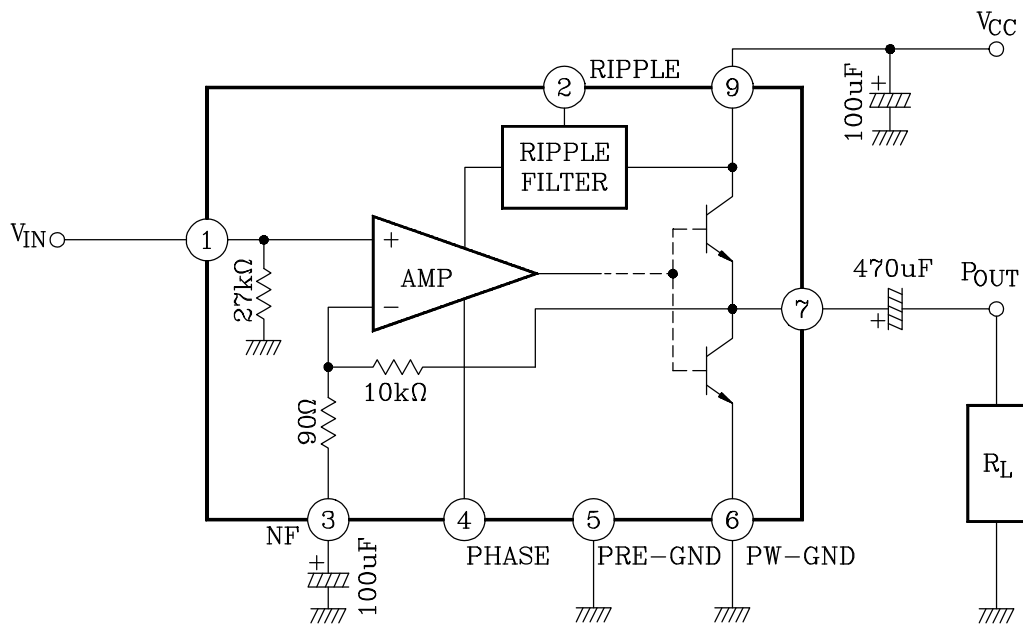
($V_{CC}=6V$, $T_a=25^\circ C$, by test circuit)

(unit:V)

| TERMINAL NO. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|--------------|---|------|------|------|---|---|------|----|-----|
| DC Voltage | 0 | 2.40 | 0.62 | 0.64 | 0 | 0 | 2.61 | NC | 6.0 |

KIA6278P/S/F

TEST CIRCUIT & BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note : The V_{CC} of KIA6278S is pin ⑨.
The V_{CC} of KIA6278P/F are pin ⑧.

KIA6278P/S/F

PRECAUTION FOR USE AND APPLICATION

1) Input Stage

The input stage of power amplifier (Equivalent circuit) is comprised of a PNP differential pair (Q2 and Q3) preceded by a PNP emitter follower (Q1) which allows DC referencing of the source signal to ground.

This eliminates the need for an input coupling capacitor. However, in case the brush noise of volume becomes a problem, provide serially a coupling capacitor to the input side.

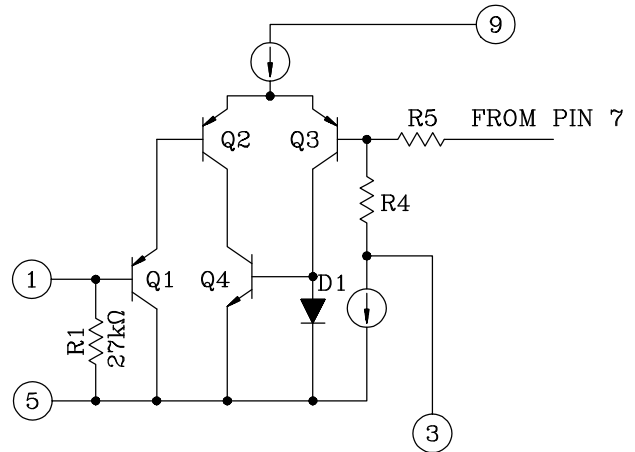


Fig. 1

2) Adjustment of Voltage Gain

The voltage gain is fixed at $G_V=40\text{dB}$ by the resistors (R4 and R5) in IC, however, its reduction is possible through adding R_f as shown in Fig 2. In this case, the voltage gain is obtained by the following Equation.

$$G_V = 20 \log \frac{R_5 + R_4 + R_f}{R_4 + R_f}$$

It is recommended to use this IC with the voltage gain of $G_V=28\text{dB}$ or over.

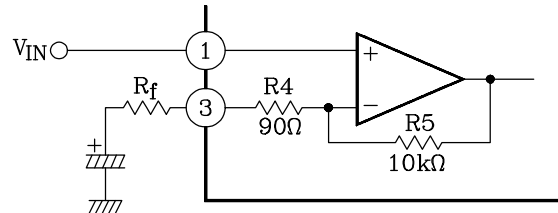


Fig. 2

3) Ripple Rejection Ratio

Adding C_{RIP} to terminal 2 as shown Fig 3, the Ripple Rejection ratio is improved from -25dB Typ. to -45dB Typ. (in case of $C_{RIP}=100\mu\text{F}$). Refer to R.R. vs. f characteristics.

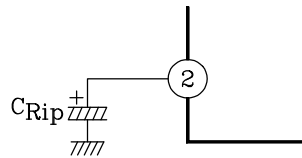


Fig. 3

KIA6278P/S/F

