SCES434 - MARCH 2003

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+<sup>™</sup> Family
- Pinout Optimizes DDR-II DIMM PCB Layout
- Configurable as 25-Bit 1:1 or 14-Bit 1:2 Registered Buffer
- Chip-Select Inputs Gate the Data Outputs from Changing State and Minimizes System Power Consumption
- Output Edge-Control Circuitry Minimizes Switching Noise in an Unterminated Line
- Supports SSTL\_18 Data Inputs
- Differential Clock (CLK and CLK) Inputs

## Supports LVCMOS Switching Levels on the Control and RESET Inputs

- RESET Input Disables Differential Input Receivers, Resets All Registers, and Forces All Outputs Low
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
   5000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

### description/ordering information

This 25-bit 1:1 or 14-bit 1:2 configurable registered buffer is designed for 1.7-V to 1.9-V  $V_{CC}$  operation. In the 1:1 pinout configuration, only one device per DIMM is required to drive nine SDRAM loads. In the 1:2 pinout configuration, two devices per DIMM are required to drive 18 SDRAM loads.

•

All inputs are SSTL\_18, except the LVCMOS reset (RESET) and LVCMOS control (Cn) inputs. All outputs are edge-controlled circuits optimized for unterminated DIMM loads and meet SSTL\_18 specifications.

The SN74SSTU32864 operates from a differential clock (CLK and CLK). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high and CLK going low.

The C0 input controls the pinout configuration of the 1:2 pinout from register-A configuration (when low) to register-B configuration (when high). The C1 input controls the pinout configuration from 25-bit 1:1 (when low) to 14-bit 1:2 (when high). C0 and C1 should not be switched during normal operation. They should be hard-wired to a valid low or high level to configure the register in the desired mode. In the 25-bit 1:1 pinout configuration, the A6, D6, and H6 terminals are driven low and should not be used.

The device supports low-power standby operation. When RESET is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock, and reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) inputs are allowed. In addition, when RESET is low, all registers are reset and all outputs are forced low. The LVCMOS RESET and Cn inputs always must be held at a valid logic high or low level.

The two V<sub>REF</sub> pins (A3 and T3), are connected together internally by approximately 150  $\Omega$ . However, it is necessary to connect only one of the two V<sub>REF</sub> pins to the external V<sub>REF</sub> power supply. An unused V<sub>REF</sub> pin should be terminated with a V<sub>REF</sub> coupling capacitor.

ТА	PACKAGE		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
0°C to 70°C	LFBGA – GKE	Tape and reel	SN74SSTU32864GKER	SU864

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Widebus+ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



Copyright © 2003, Texas Instruments Incorporated

### description/ordering information (continued)

The device also supports low-power active operation by monitoring both system chip select (DCS and CSR) inputs and will gate the Qn outputs from changing states when both DCS and CSR inputs are high. If either DCS or CSR input is low, the Qn outputs function normally. The RESET input has priority over the DCS and CSR control and forces the output low. If the DCS control functionality is not desired, the CSR input can be hard-wired to ground, in which case, the setup-time requirement for  $\overline{DCS}$  is the same as for the other D data inputs.

To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied, RESET must be held in the low state during power up.

GKE PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

	1		2	3	4	5	6
Α		$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
в	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
С	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
D	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Е	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
F	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
G	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
н	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
J	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
κ	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
L	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
М	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Ν	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Ρ	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
R	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Т		$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

### terminal assignments for 1:1 register (C0 = 0, C1 = 0)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	D1 (DCKE)	NC	VREF	Vcc	Q1 (QCKE)	DNU
в	D2	D15	GND	GND	Q2	Q15
С	D3	D16	VCC	Vcc	Q3	Q16
D	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4 (QODT)	DNU
Е	D5	D17	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q5	Q17
F	D6	D18	GND	GND	Q6	Q18
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	Q7 ( <u>QCS</u> )	DNU
J	CLK	CSR	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
κ	D8	D19	GND	GND	Q8	Q19
L	D9	D20	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q9	Q20
М	D10	D21	GND	GND	Q10	Q21
Ν	D11	D22	VCC	VCC	Q11	Q22
Р	D12	D23	GND	GND	Q12	Q23
R	D13	D24	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q13	Q24
т	D14	D25	V <sub>REF</sub>	Vcc	Q14	Q25

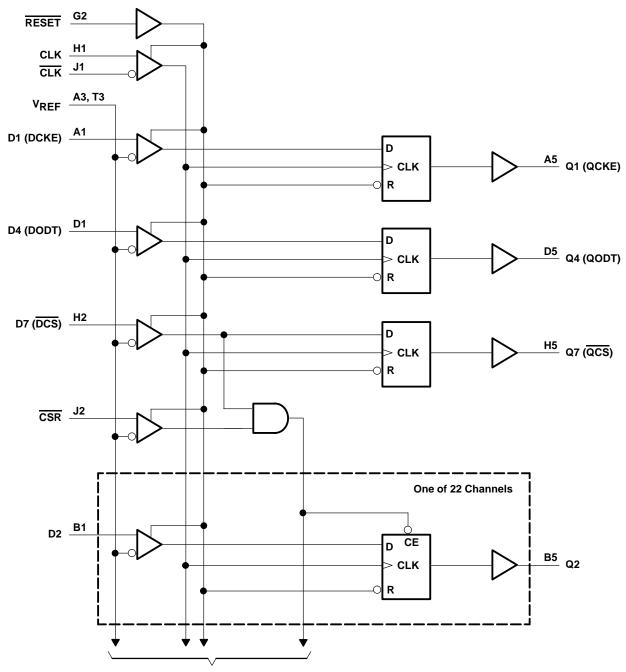
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC - No internal connection

DNU - Do not use



SCES434 - MARCH 2003



logic diagram for 1:1 register configuration (positive logic)

To 21 Other Channels (D3, D5, D6, D8-D25)



SCES434 – MARCH 2003

```
GKE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)
```

1	2	3	4	5	6

Α	
в	$\bigcirc$
С	$\bigcirc$
D	$\bigcirc$
Е	$\bigcirc$
F	$\bigcirc$
G	$\bigcirc$
н	$\bigcirc$
J	$\bigcirc$
κ	OOOOOOO
L	$\bigcirc$
м	$\bigcirc$
Ν	$\bigcirc$
Ρ	OOOOOOO
R	$\bigcirc$
т	000000

terminal assignments for	r 1:2 register A	(C0 = 0, C1 = 1)
--------------------------	------------------	------------------

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	D1 (DCKE)	NC	VREF	Vcc	Q1A (QCKEA)	Q1B (QCKEB)
в	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B
С	D3	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q3A	Q3B
D	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4A (QODTA)	Q4B (QODTB)
Е	D5	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q5A	Q5B
F	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	<u>Q7A</u> (QCSA)	Q7B (QCSB)
J	CLK	CSR	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
κ	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B
L	D9	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q9A	Q9B
М	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B
Ν	D11	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q11A	Q11B
Р	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B
R	D13	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q13A	Q13B
т	D14	DNU	VREF	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q14A	Q14B

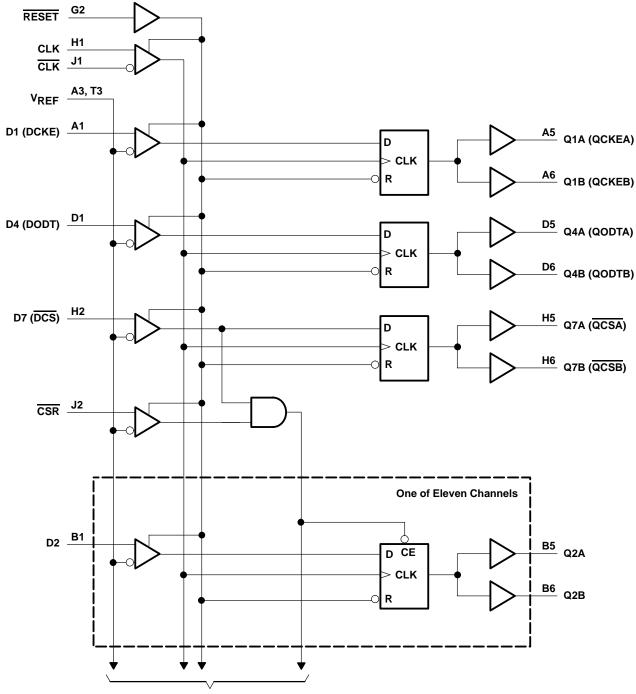
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC – No internal connection

DNU – Do not use



SCES434 - MARCH 2003



logic diagram 1:2 register-A configuration (positive logic)

To 10 Other Channels (D3, D5, D6, D8–D14)



=5434 - MARCH 2003

```
GKE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)
```

```
1 2 3 4 5 6
```

Α	
в	$\bigcirc$
С	$\bigcirc$
D	$\bigcirc$
Е	$\bigcirc$
F	OOOOOOO
G	$\bigcirc$
н	$\bigcirc$
J	OOOOOOO
κ	OOOOOOO
L	$\bigcirc$
М	OOOOOOO
Ν	OOOOOOO
Ρ	0000000
R	0000000
т	0000000
	۱

•••								
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Α	D1	NC	VREF	VCC	Q1A	Q1B		
в	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B		
С	D3	DNU	VCC	Vcc	Q3A	Q3B		
D	D4	NC	GND	GND	Q4A	Q4B		
Е	D5	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q5A	Q5B		
F	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B		
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0		
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	<u>Q7A</u> (QCSA)	<u>Q7B</u> (QCSB)		
J	CLK	CSR	VCC	Vcc	NC	NC		
κ	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B		
L	D9	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q9A	Q9B		
М	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B		
Ν	D11 (DODT)	DNU	Vcc	Vcc	Q11A (QODTA)	Q11B (QODTB)		
Ρ	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B		
R	D13	DNU	VCC	Vcc	Q13A	Q13B		
т	D14 (DCKE)	DNU	VREF	VCC	Q14A (QCKEA)	Q14B (QCKEB)		
	Each pin nam	e in parenthese	es indicates the	DDR-II DIMM	signal name			

terminal assignments for 1:2 register B (C0 = 1, C1 = 1)

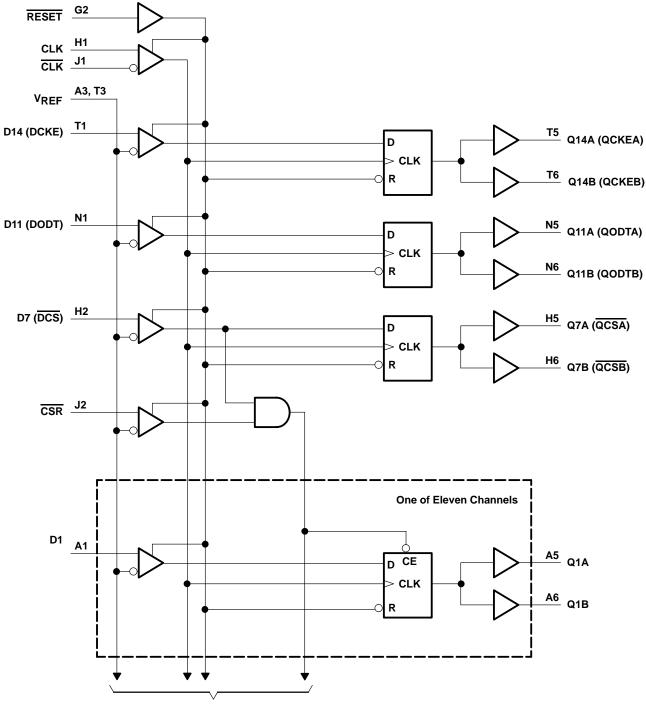
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC – No internal connection

DNU – Do not use



SCES434 - MARCH 2003



logic diagram 1:2 register-B configuration (positive logic)

To 10 Other Channels (D2-D6, D8-D10, D12-D13)



SCES434 - MARCH 2003

#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

TERMINAL NAME	DESCRIPTION	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
GND	Ground	Ground input
VCC	Power-supply voltage	1.8 V nominal
VREF	Input reference voltage	0.9 V nominal
CLK	Positive master clock input	Differential input
CLK	Negative master clock input	Differential input
C0, C1	Configuration control inputs – Register A, Register B, 1:1, 1:2 select	LVCMOS inputs
RESET	Asynchronous reset input – resets registers and disables V <sub>REF</sub> data and clock differential-input receivers	LVCMOS input
D1–D25	Data inputs – clocked in on the crossing of the rising edge of CLK and the falling edge of $\overline{CLK}$	SSTL_18 inputs
CSR, DCS	Chip select inputs – disables D1-D25 $^{\dagger}$ outputs switching when both inputs are high	SSTL_18 inputs
DODT	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control.	SSTL_18 input
DCKE	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control.	SSTL_18 input
Q1–Q25‡	Data outputs that are suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS outputs
QCS	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
QODT	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
QCKE	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
NC	No internal connection	
DNU	Do not use – inputs are in standby-equivalent mode, and outputs are driven low.	

<sup>†</sup> Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8–D25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0 Data inputs = D2, D3 D5, D6, D8–D14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1

Data inputs = D1–D6, D8–D10, D12, D13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.

<sup>‡</sup> Data outputs = Q2, Q3, Q5, Q6, Q8–Q25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0 Data outputs = Q2, Q3 Q5, Q6, Q8–Q14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1

Data outputs = Q1–Q6, Q8–Q10, Q12, Q13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.



	FUNCTION TABLES						
	INPUTS						
RESET	DCS	CSR	CLK	CLK	Dn	Qn	
н	L	Х	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L	
н	L	Х	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	н	н	
н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L	
н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Н	н	
н	Н	Н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>	
н	Х	Х	L or H	L or H	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>	
L	X or floating	L					

	INPUTS							
RESET	CLK	CLK	DCKE, DCS, DODT	QCKE, QCS, QODT				
Н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Н	Н				
н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L				
н	L or H	L or H	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>				
L	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	L				

#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to 2.5 V
Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> )	±50 mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$	±50 mA
Continuous current through each V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3)	36°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. This value is limited to 2.5 V maximum.

3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



SCES434 - MARCH 2003

#### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		1.7		1.9	V
VREF	Reference voltage		$0.49 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.51 \times V_{CC}$	V
VI	Input voltage		0		VCC	V
VIH	AC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR	V <sub>REF</sub> +250 mV			V
VIL	AC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR			VREF-250 mV	V
VIH	DC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR	V <sub>REF</sub> +125 mV			V
VIL	DC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR			VREF-125 mV	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	RESET, Cn	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$			V
VIL	Low-level input voltage	RESET, Cn			$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range	CLK, CLK	0.675		1.125	V
V <sub>I(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak input voltage	CLK, CLK	600			mV
IOH	High-level output current				-8	<b>m</b> A
IOL	Low-level output current				8	mA
Т <sub>А</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		0		70	°C

NOTE 4: The RESET and Cn inputs of the device must be held at valid logic voltage levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential inputs must not be floating unless RESET is low. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS* Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



SCES434 - MARCH 2003

#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

F	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		Vcc	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VOH		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.7 V to 1.9 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	2		V	
		$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.7 V	1.2			v	
VOL		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.7 V to 1.9 V			0.2	V	
VOL		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA		1.7 V			0.5	v
lı	All inputs <sup>‡</sup>	VI = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.9 V			±5	μA
ICC	Static standby	RESET = GND	$I_{0} = 0$	1.9 V			100	μA
	Static operating	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = V_{CC}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)}$	0-0	1.5 V			40	mA
	Dynamic operating – clock only	$\frac{\text{RESET}}{\text{CLK}} = \frac{V_{CC}}{V_{IC}}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle		1.8 V		28		μA/ MHz
ICCD	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:1 configuration	RESET = <u>VCC</u> , VI = VIH(AC) or VIL(AC), CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,	I <mark>O</mark> = 0			18		μΑ/ clock
	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:2 configuration	One data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle				36		MHz/ D input
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline Chip-select-enabled \\ low-power active \\ mode - clock only \end{array}  \hline \hline RESET = \underbrace{V_{CC}}_{CC}, \ V_I = V_{IH(AC)} \ or \ V_{IL(AC)}, \\ CLK \ and \ CLK \ switching \ 50\% \ duty \ cycle \end{array}$					27		μA/ MHz
ICCDLP	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – 1:1 configuration	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = \underline{V_{CC}}, V_I = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,	I <sup>O</sup> = 0	1.8 V		2		μΑ/ clock
	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – 1:2 configuration					2		MHz/ D input
	Data inputs, CSR	VI = VREF ± 250 mV			2.5	3	3.5	
Ci	CLK, CLK	V <sub>ICR</sub> = 0.9 V, V <sub>I(PP)</sub> = 600 mV	1.8 V	2		3	pF	
	RESET	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND				2.5		

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C. <sup>‡</sup> Each V<sub>REF</sub> pin (A3 or T3) should be tested independently, with the other (untested) pin open.

#### timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1 and Note 5)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
fclock	Clock frequency			500	MHz	
tw	Pulse duration, Cl	_K, CLK high or low	1		ns	
tact	Differential inputs		10	ns		
t <sub>inact</sub>	Differential inputs inactive time (see Note 7)				ns	
	Setup time	DCS before CLK <sup>↑</sup> , $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ , $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ high; $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ before CLK <sup>↑</sup> , $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ , $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ high	0.7			
t <sub>su</sub>		DCS before CLK↑, CLK↓, CSR low	0.5		ns	
		DODT, DCKE, and Data before CLK $\uparrow$ , $\overline{CLK}\downarrow$	0.5			
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	DCS, DODT, DCKE, and Data after CLK $\uparrow$ , CLK $\downarrow$	0.5		ns	

NOTES: 5. All input slew rates are 1 V/ns ±20%.

 V<sub>REF</sub> must be held at a valid input level and data inputs must be held low for a minimum time of t<sub>act</sub> max, after RESET is taken high.
 V<sub>REF</sub>, data, and clock inputs must be held at valid voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of t<sub>inact</sub> max, after RESET is taken low.



#### switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.1 V		UNIT
		(6611 61)	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			500		MHz
t <sub>pdm</sub> †	CLK and CLK	Q	1.4	2.5	ns
t <sub>pdmss</sub> †	CLK and CLK	Q		2.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> RPHL <sup>†</sup>	RESET	Q		3	ns

<sup>†</sup> Includes 350-ps test-load transmission-line delay

#### output slew rates over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

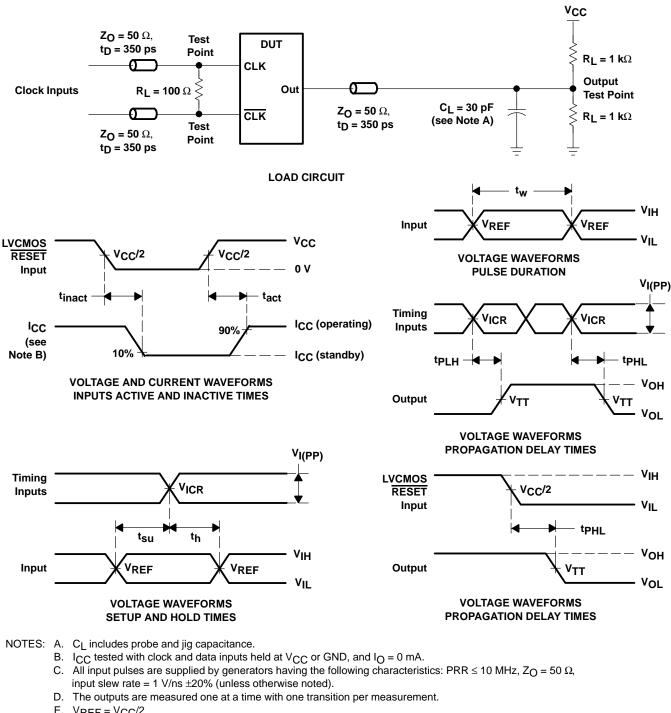
PARAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.1 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	
dV/dt_r	20%	80%	1.9	4.9	V/ns
dV/dt_f	80%	20%	1.9	4.9	V/ns
dV/dt_∆§	20% or 80%	80% or 20%		1	V/ns

§ Difference between dV/dt\_r (rising edge rate) and dV/dt\_f (falling edge rate)

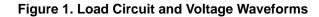


SCES434 - MARCH 2003





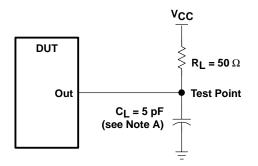
- E.  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$
- F. VIH = VREF + 250 mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIH = VCC for LVCMOS input.
- G. VIL = VREF 250 mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIL = GND for LVCMOS input.
- H.  $V_{I(PP)} = 600 \text{ mV}$
- I. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

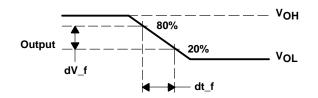




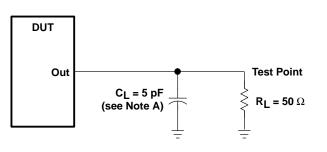
SCES434 - MARCH 2003

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



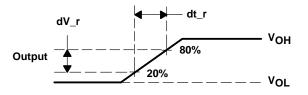


LOAD CIRCUIT HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



LOAD CIRCUIT LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT

# **VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT

NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , input slew rate = 1 V/ns  $\pm$  20% (unless otherwise specified).

Figure 2. Output Slew-Rate Measurement Information





### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN74SSTU32864GKER	ACTIVE	LFBGA	GKE	96	1000	None	/	Level-3-220C-168 HR
SN74SSTU32864ZKER	ACTIVE	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	. /	Level-3-250C-1WEEK

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - May not be currently available - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

None: Not yet available Lead (Pb-Free).

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean "Pb-Free" and in addition, uses package materials that do not contain halogens, including bromine (Br) or antimony (Sb) above 0.1% of total product weight.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDECindustry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:**The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

GKE (R-PBGA-N96)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation CC.
  - D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 96 ZKE package (drawing 4204493) for lead-free.



ZKE (R-PBGA-N96)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation CC.

D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 96 GKE package (drawing 4188953) for tin-lead (SnPb).



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
		Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address:

Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2005, Texas Instruments Incorporated