## SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET INDUSTRIAL USE

## DESCRIPTION

The 2SK3305 is N-Channel DMOS FET device that features a low gate charge and excellent switching characteristics, and designed for high voltage applications such as switching power supply, AC adapter.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 SK3305 | TO-220AB |
| 2 SK3305-S | TO-262 |
| 2 2SK3305-ZJ | TO-263 |

(TO-220AB)

- Gate voltage rating: $\pm 30 \mathrm{~V}$
- Low on-state resistance

RDS(on) $=1.5 \Omega \mathrm{MAX} .(\mathrm{VGS}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ID}=2.5 \mathrm{~A})$

- Avalanche capability ratings


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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA $=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| CHARACTERISTICS | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drain Leakage Current | loss | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=500 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Gate to Source Leakage Current | Igss | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | $\pm 100$ | nA |
| Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage | $V_{G S(0 f f)}$ | V DS $=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{lo}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.5 |  | 3.5 | V |
| Forward Transfer Admittance | \| yis | | $\mathrm{V} \mathrm{DS}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ld}=2.5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1.0 | 3.0 |  | S |
| Drain to Source On-state Resistance | Ros(on) | $\mathrm{VGS}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{lo}=2.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 1.3 | 1.5 | $\Omega$ |
| Input Capacitance | Ciss | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 700 |  | pF |
| Output Capacitance | Coss |  |  | 115 |  | pF |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance | Crss |  |  | 6 |  | pF |
| Turn-on Delay Time | tdo(on) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{D D}=150 \mathrm{~V}, \operatorname{ID}=2.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}(0 \mathrm{On})}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{RG}_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{RL}=60 \Omega \end{aligned}$ |  | 16 |  | ns |
| Rise Time | tr |  |  | 3 |  | ns |
| Turn-off Delay Time | toloff) |  |  | 33 |  | ns |
| Fall Time | tf |  |  | 5.5 |  | ns |
| Total Gate Charge | QG | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ID}=5.0 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 13 |  | nC |
| Gate to Source Charge | Qgs |  |  | 4 |  | nC |
| Gate to Drain Charge | Qgi |  |  | 4.5 |  | nC |
| Body Diode Forward Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{D})}$ | $\mathrm{IF}=5.0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{VGS}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.9 |  | V |
| Reverse Recovery Time | trr | $\mathrm{IF}=5.0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=50 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{S}$ |  | 0.6 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Reverse Recovery Charge | Qrı |  |  | 3.3 |  | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME


TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = $\mathbf{2 5}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

Figure1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA


Figure3. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA


Vos - Drain to Source Voltage - V
Figure5. DRAIN CURRENT vs.
GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE


Figure2. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE


Figure4. DRAIN CURRENT vs.
DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE


Vos - Drain to Source Voltage - V

Figure6. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH


Figure7. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT


Figure9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE
C
Ros(on) - Drain to Source On-state Resistance RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

Figure8. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE


Figure10. GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE


Figure11. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.


Figure13. CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

Vos - Drain to Source Voltage - V
Figure15. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT


Figure12. SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE


Vsd - Source to Drain Voltage - V
Figure14. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS


Figure16. DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS


Figure17. SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY vs STARTING CHANNEL TEMPERATURE


Figure18. SINGLE AVALANCHE CURRENT vs INDUCTIVE LOAD


## PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

1) TO-220AB (MP-25)

2) TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)

3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)


EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT


Remark Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

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