

IRF320, IRF321, IRF322, IRF323

File Number 1569

Power MOS Field-Effect Transistors**N-Channel Enhancement-Mode
Power Field-Effect Transistors**

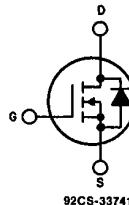
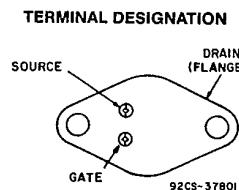
2.5A and 3.0A, 350V-400V

 $r_{DS(on)} = 1.8 \Omega$ and 2.5Ω **Features:**

- SOA is power-dissipation limited
- Nanosecond switching speeds
- Linear transfer characteristics
- High input impedance
- Majority carrier device

The IRF320, IRF321, IRF322 and IRF323 are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

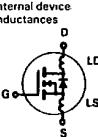
The IRF-types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AA steel package.

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE**TERMINAL DIAGRAM****JEDEC TO-204AA****Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	IRF320	IRF321	IRF322	IRF323	Units
V_{DS} Drain - Source Voltage (1)	400	350	400	350	V
V_{GDR} Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) (1)	400	350	400	350	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.5	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current (3)	12	12	10	10	A
V_{GS} Gate - Source Voltage			± 20		V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation		40	(See Fig. 14)		W
I_{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped	12	12	10	10	A
T_J T_{stg} Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range			-55 to 150		°C
Lead Temperature	(300 (0.063 in (1.6mm) from case for 10s))				°C

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
BV_{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRF320	400	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$	
	IRF322	350	—	—	V	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$	
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	-100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$	
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{Max. Rating}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$	
		—	—	1000	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$\text{I}_{\text{D(on)}}$ On-State Drain Current ②	IRF320 IRF321	3.0	—	—	A	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > \text{I}_{\text{D(on)}} \times R_{\text{DS(on)}} \text{ max.}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$	
	IRF322 IRF323	2.5	—	—	A		
$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$ Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	IRF320 IRF321	—	1.5	1.8	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 1.5\text{A}$	
	IRF322 IRF323	—	1.8	2.5	Ω		
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	1.0	2.0	—	S (W)	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > \text{I}_{\text{D(on)}} \times R_{\text{DS(on)}} \text{ max.}, I_D = 1.5\text{A}$	
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	450	600	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	100	200	pF	See Fig. 10	
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	20	40	pF		
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$ Turn On Delay Time	ALL	—	20	40	ns	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 0.5\text{ BV}_{\text{DSS}}, I_D = 1.5\text{A}, Z_0 = 50\Omega$ See Fig. 17	
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	25	50	ns	(MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$ Turn Off Delay Time	ALL	—	50	100	ns		
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	25	50	ns		
Q_g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate Drain)	ALL	—	12	15	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 4\text{ mA}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 0.8\text{ Max. Rating}$ See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
Q_{gs} Gate-Source Charge	ALL	—	6.0	—	nC		
Q_{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	6.0	—	nC		
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	5.0	—	nH	Measured between the contact screw on header that is closer to source and gate pins and center of die.	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device inductances 
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	12.5	—	nH	Measured from the source pin, 6 mm (0.25 in) from header and source bonding pad.	

Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction to Case	ALL	—	—	3.12	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	0.1	—	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased.
R_{thJA} Junction-to Ambient	ALL	—	—	30	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Free Air Operation

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

I_S Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRF320 IRF321	—	—	3.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier. 
	IRF322 IRF323	—	—	2.5	A	
I_{SM} Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	IRF320 IRF321	—	—	12	A	
	IRF322 IRF323	—	—	10	A	
V_{SD} Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRF320 IRF321	—	—	1.6	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 3.0\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
	IRF322 IRF323	—	—	1.5	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 2.5\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr} Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	—	450	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 3.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR} Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	—	3.1	—	μC	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 3.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
t_{on} Forward Turn on Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C . ② Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature
See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

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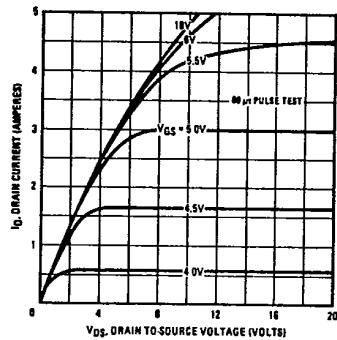


Fig. 1 – Typical Output Characteristics

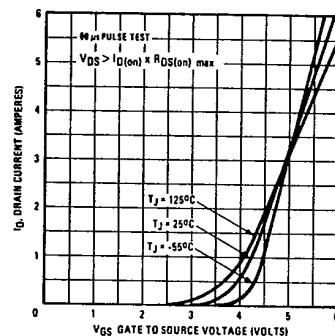


Fig. 2 – Typical Transfer Characteristics

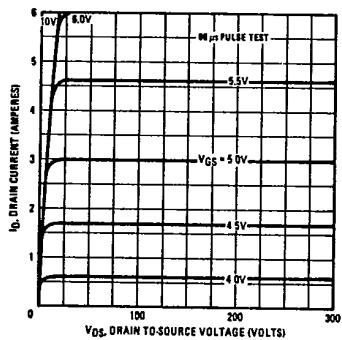


Fig. 3 – Typical Saturation Characteristics

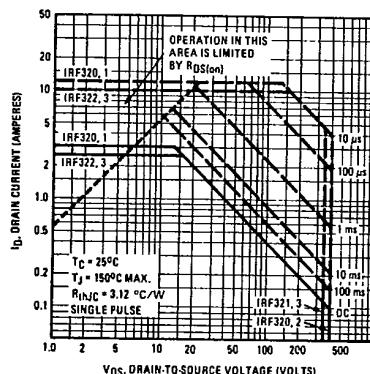


Fig. 4 – Maximum Safe Operating Area

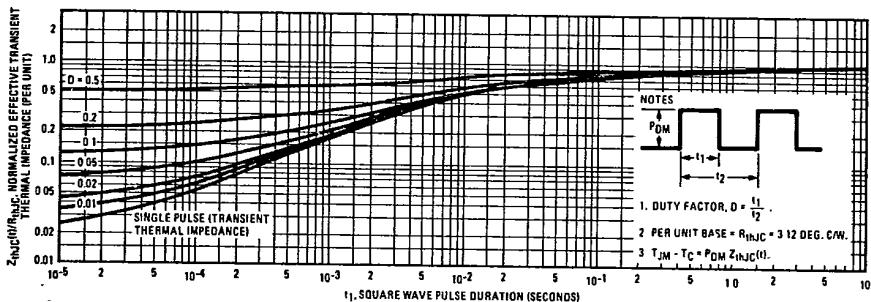


Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

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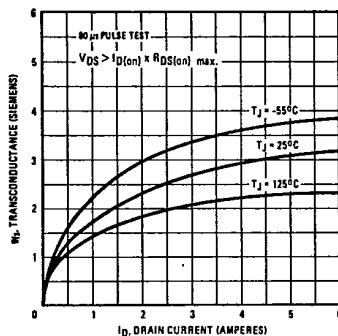


Fig. 6 — Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

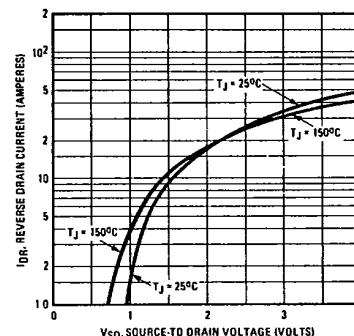


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

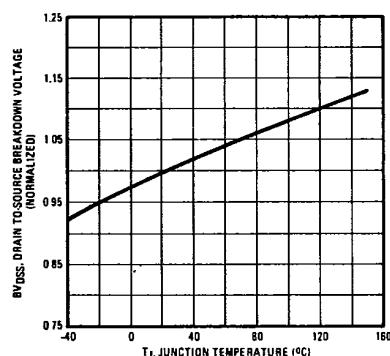


Fig. 8 — Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

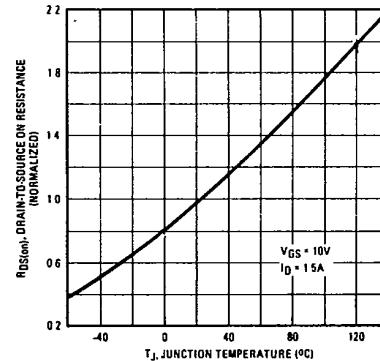


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

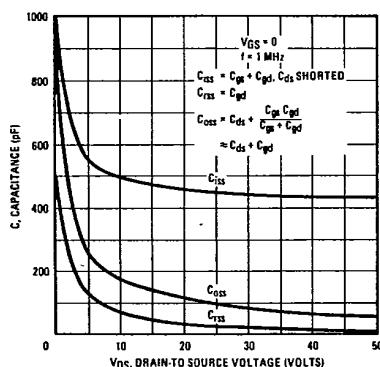


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

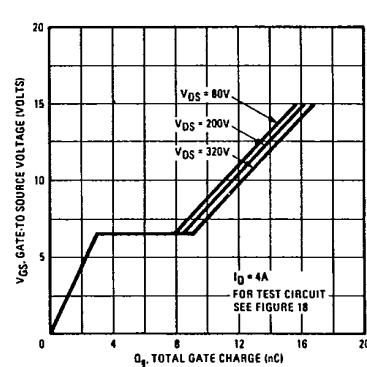


Fig. 11 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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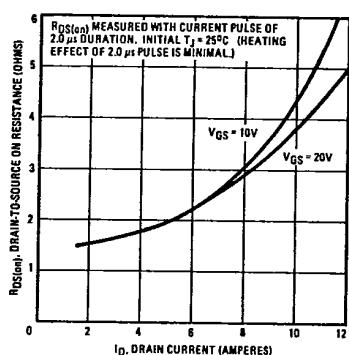


Fig. 12 — Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

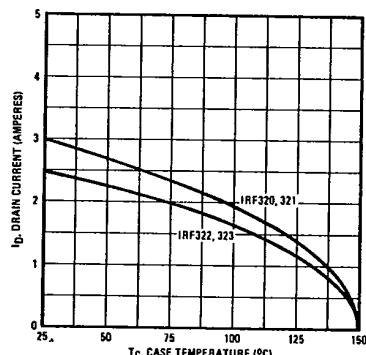


Fig. 13 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

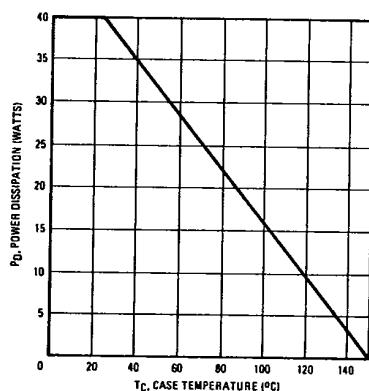


Fig. 14 — Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

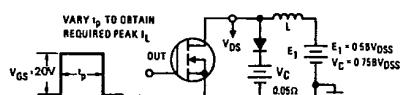


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit



Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

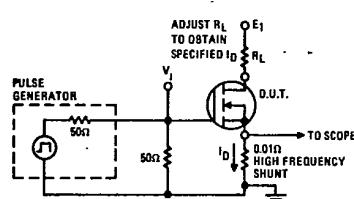


Fig. 17 — Switching Time Test Circuit

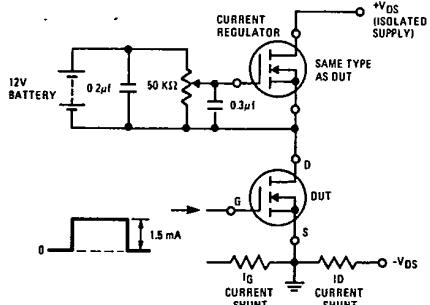


Fig. 18 — Gate Charge Test Circuit