

FDD6688S

30V N-Channel PowerTrench® SyncFET™

General Description

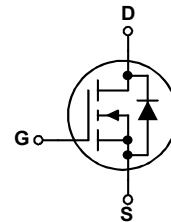
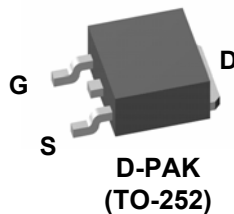
The FDD6688S is designed to replace a single TO-252 MOSFET and Schottky diode in synchronous DC:DC power supplies. This 30V MOSFET is designed to maximize power conversion efficiency, providing a low $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The FDD6688S includes an integrated Schottky diode using Fairchild's monolithic SyncFET technology.

Applications

- DC/DC converter
- Motor Drives

Features

- 88 A, 30 V. $R_{DS(ON)} = 5.1 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 6.3 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
- Low gate charge (31 nC typical)
- Fast switching
- High performance trench technology for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	
I_D	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 3)	88	A
	– Pulsed (Note 1a)	100	
P_D	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1)	69	W
		3.1	
		1.3	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to $+150$	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	1.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	40	
	(Note 1b)	96	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
FDD6688S	FDD6688S	D-PAK (TO-252)	13"	12mm	2500 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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Drain-Source Avalanche Ratings (Note 2)

W_{DSS}	Drain-Source Avalanche Energy	Single Pulse, $V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_D = 21\text{ A}$		501		mJ
I_{AR}	Drain-Source Avalanche Current				21	A

Off Characteristics

BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 15\text{ mA}$, Referenced to 25°C		30		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			500	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body Leakage	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			± 100	nA

On Characteristics (Note 2)

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	1	1.4	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 15\text{ mA}$, Referenced to 25°C		-0.3		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 18.5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_D = 16.5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 18.5\text{ A}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		4.0 4.7 6.0	5.1 6.3 7.5	m Ω
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_D = 18.5\text{ A}$		72		S

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		3290		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			900		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			300		pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ mV}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1.6		Ω

Switching Characteristics (Note 2)

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_D = 1\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_{GEN} = 6\text{ }\Omega$		13	23	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			13	23	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			31	50	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			64	103	ns
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_D = 18.5\text{ A}$		58	81	nC
Q_g	Total Gate Charge at $V_{GS}=5\text{ V}$			31	44	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge			8		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge			10		nC

Electrical Characteristics (continued) T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings						
V _{SD}	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _S = 4.4 A (Note 2)		400	700	mV
t _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F = 18.5 A, dI _F /dt = 300 A/μs		28		ns
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			30		nC
I _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Current			2.1		A

Notes:8

- R_{θJA} is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. R_{θJC} is guaranteed by design while R_{θCA} is determined by the user's board design.



a) R_{θJA} = 40°C/W when mounted on a 1in² pad of 2 oz copper



b) R_{θJA} = 96°C/W when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

- Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300μs, Duty Cycle < 2.0%

- Maximum current is calculated as:
$$\sqrt{\frac{P_D}{R_{DS(ON)}}}$$

where P_D is maximum power dissipation at T_C = 25°C and R_{DS(on)} is at T_{J(max)} and V_{GS} = 10V. Package current limitation is 21A

Typical Characteristics

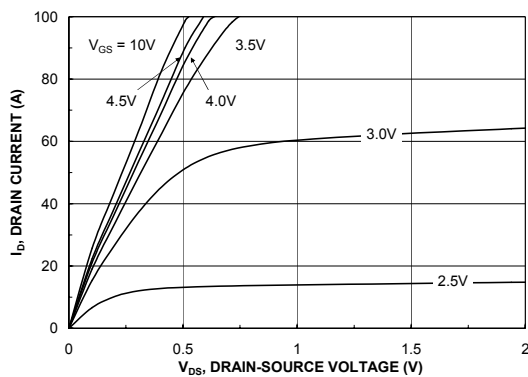


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

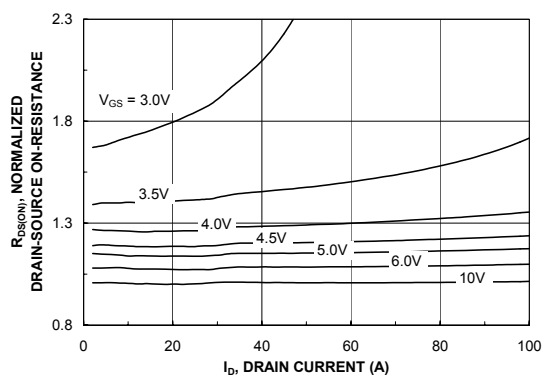


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

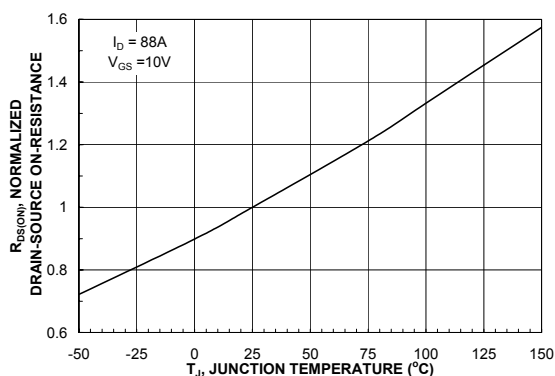


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

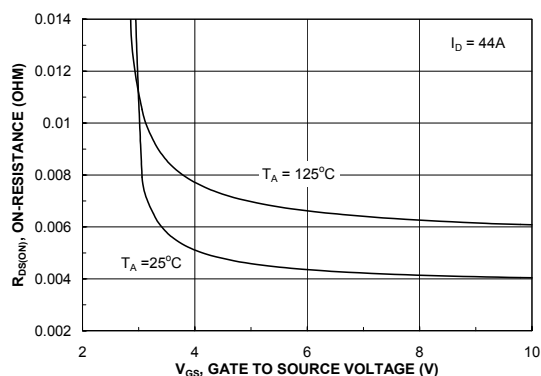


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

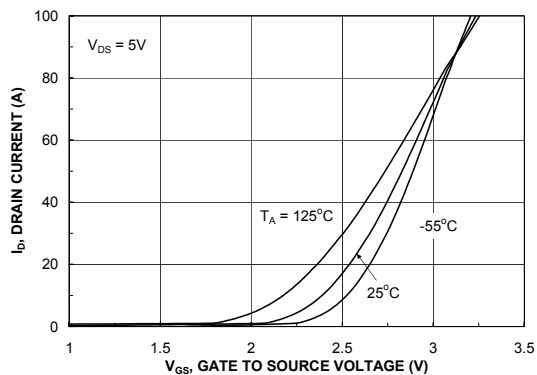


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

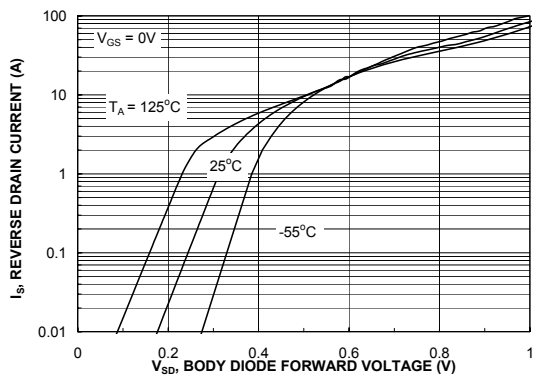


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature

Typical Characteristics

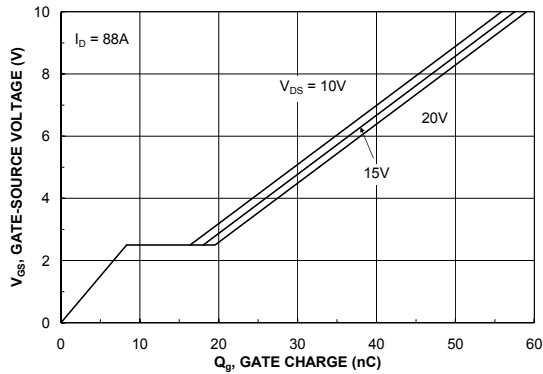


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

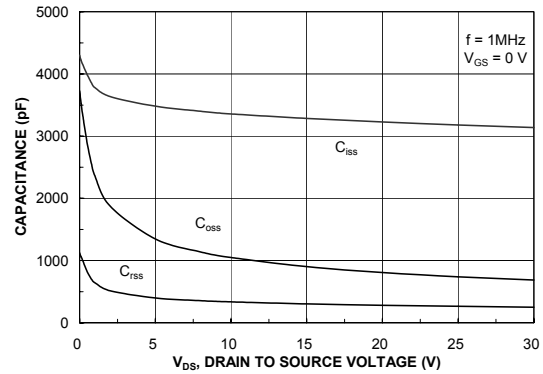


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics

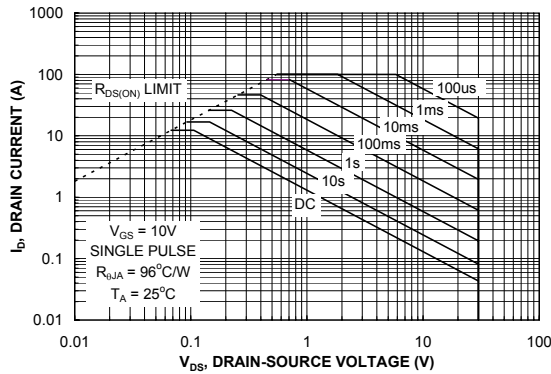


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

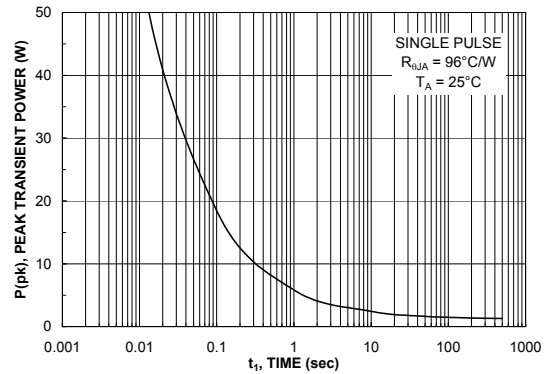


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

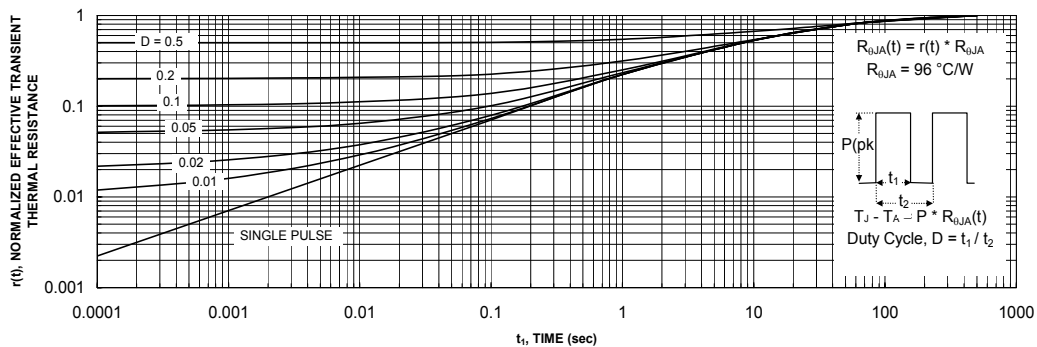


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1b.
Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky Body Diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 12 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDD6688S.

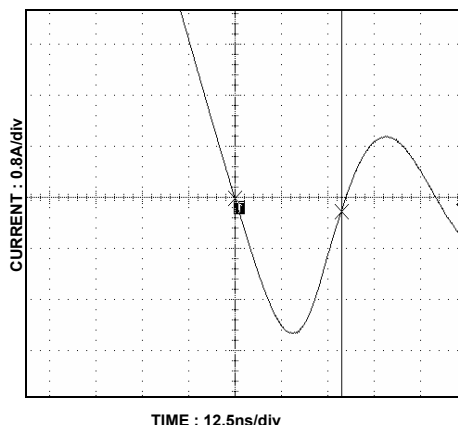


Figure 12. FDD6688S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

For comparison purposes, Figure 13 shows the reverse recovery characteristics of the body diode of an equivalent size MOSFET produced without SyncFET (FDD6688).

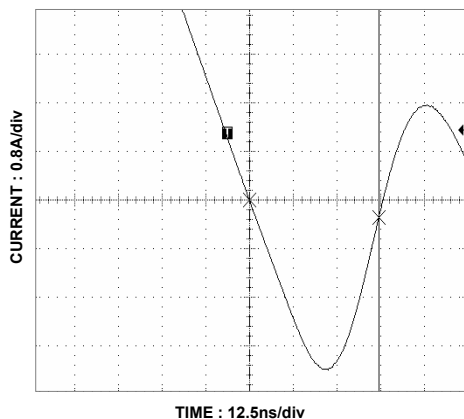


Figure 13. Non-SyncFET (FDD6688) body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

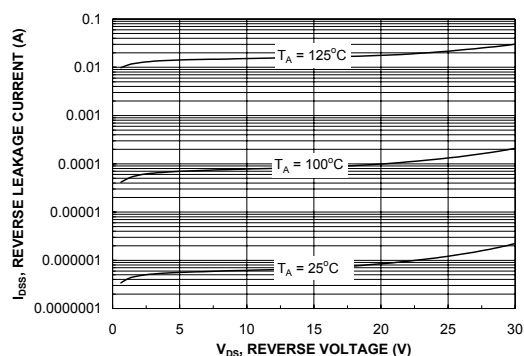


Figure 14. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage and temperature.

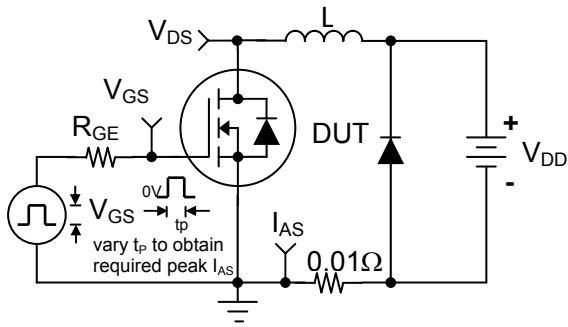


Figure 15. Unclamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

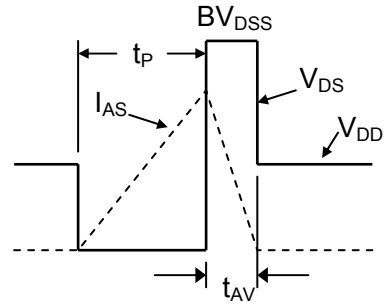


Figure 16. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

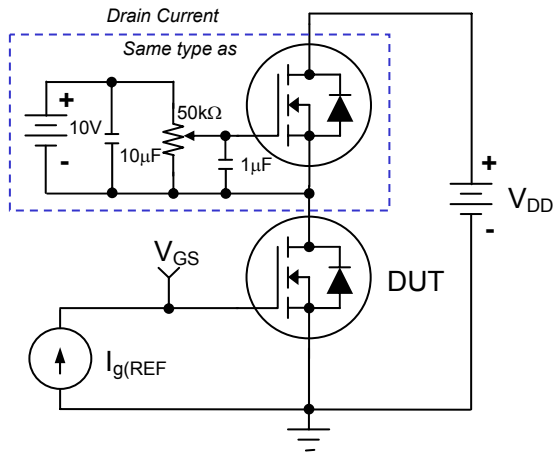


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

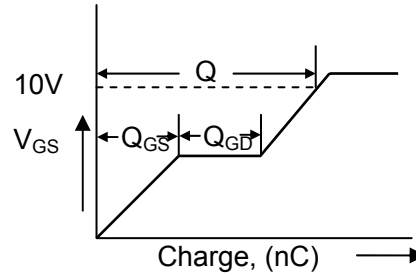


Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveform

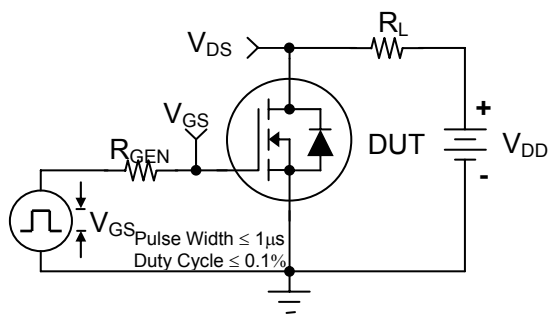


Figure 19. Switching Time Test Circuit

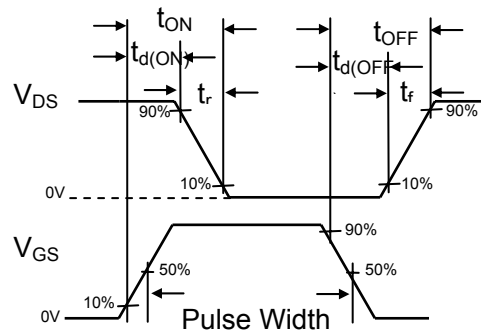


Figure 20. Switching Time Waveforms

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